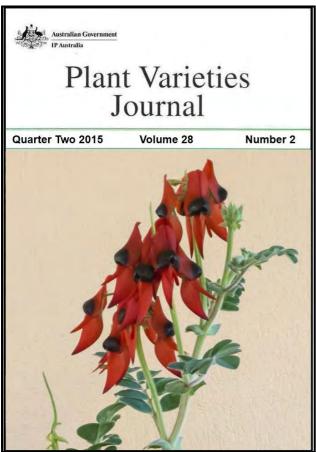
Plant Varieties Journal Vol. 28 Number 2

# **Plant Breeders Rights**

# Plant Varieties Journal - Optimised for Sreen Viewing



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Plant Varieties Journal

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**IPAustralia** 

Quarter Two 2015

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# **Part 1 (General Information)**

Part 1 of *Plant Varieties Journal* provides the link with the General Information about the Plant Breeder's Rights Scheme, the procedures for objections and revocations, UPOV developments, important changes, official notices etc. The General Information pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 28 Issue 2) are listed below:

- Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS)
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# **Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS)**

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (<a href="https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/">https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/</a>) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

In the beginning of April 2005, all QPs have officially been notified of this new system giving them access to IVDS with their individual user name and password. The main purpose of the system is to harmonise variety descriptions at both national and international level and make the PBR application process as smooth and efficient as possible.

The IVDS allows QPs to fill in descriptions on-line by accessing relevant test guidelines and selecting specific characteristics with their various states of expressions from the options provided. The IVDS incorporated all of the approved UPOV test guidelines (and some national equivalents where a UPOV test guideline is not available) into interactive forms with easy to use drop-down menus. QPs can "build" their own additional/special characteristics if they are not available in the guideline. The IVDS also accepts statistical information.

The IVDS emphasises the use of "grouping characteristics" in selecting comparator varieties. Finally, it allows QPs to lodge the completed variety descriptions on-line. There is a minimum typing involved in the process.

The PBRO anticipates that the QPs had the opportunity to familiarise themselves with IVDS during the testing and demonstration phase (August – Dec 2004) and could operate the system comfortably. There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of IVDS, which will assist the QPs to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBRO is ready to help QPs, if they encounter any problem. Please send an e-mail to <a href="mailto:pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au">pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au</a> if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

# **Objections and Revocations**

Objections to Applications and Requests for Revocation of a Grant or of a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived from Another Plant Variety

The Plant Breeder's Rights scheme is administered consistent with the model law of the *International Convention for the Protection of New Plant Varieties 1991* (UPOV 91), that is, applicants are entitled to protection, in the absence of proof to the contrary.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is not required to advocate for the views, assertions, and opinions of persons challenging an application for plant breeder's rights. Those objecting to applications, requesting revocation of a grant, or seeking a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety should provide sufficient probative evidence to enable the Secretary to be satisfied of their validity of their claims. It cannot be stressed too strongly that all available evidence ought to accompany the application for objection/revocation/declaration at the outset.

Occasionally the PBRO receives comments on applications. The PBRO seeks to give effect to the processes set out in the PBR Act. The Act provides for a formal objection process, and comments are not formal objections. Where members of the public genuinely believe their commercial interests would be affected and that PBR for a proposed variety ought not to be granted, they are encouraged to use the Act's processes, eg. lodging an objection. Comments are simply informal information from the public to a governmental decision maker. The PBRO will generally not engage in further communication with the commentator regarding their comment, although the comment may be valuable in alerting the PBRO to an important matter of which it was previously unaware.

# **Objections to Applications**

A person may make objections to applications for PBR if (i) their commercial interests would be affected adversely, and (ii) the application will not fulfil all the conditions required by the Plant Breeder's Rights Act.

Objections to applications must be lodged with the Registrar no later than six months after the date the description of the variety is published in this journal. The objector must provide evidence of adverse affect on their commercial interests and that the application should not be granted.

The Registrar of the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is required to give a copy of the objection to the applicant. The objection is also available to the general public on request. The applicant has the opportunity to respond to the evidence presented. The Registrar then decides whether or not the objection will be upheld and, subsequently, whether the application will be granted. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further dialogue regarding an objection or to communicate reasons why an objection is not upheld. If an objection is upheld it will be notified in this journal.

A payment of \$100 is required on lodgement of the objection. Additional costs of \$75 per hour for work undertaken in relation to the objection will be billed to the objector.

# Requests for Revocation, (where an individual's interests are affected) of:

- · a Grant
- · a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived

A person may, when their interests are affected adversely, apply for the revocation of:

- · a grant of PBR; or
- · a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety.

The person requesting revocation is required to lodge a revocation payment fee of \$500. The person seeking revocation of a grant or declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant, must provide conclusive evidence of adverse affect on their interests and that the grant should be revoked.

The PBRO also accepts information regarding revocation of grants and declarations of essentially derived plant varieties. Such information must demonstrate conclusively that a grant or declaration should not have been made. All written information will be acknowledged. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further communication regarding information provided.

# **Report on Breeding Issues**

A report providing greater clarification of certain 'difficult' and sometimes controversial plant breeding issues has been finalised by a panel of experts. The report defines 'discovery', 'selective propagation' and 'eligible breeding' methodologies as well as canvassing questions and answers to a range of situations. The principal areas covered are the source population and associated issues relating to ownership, location, homogeneity, parentage, boundaries, and selection from variable material. The issue of essentially derived varieties and the relationship between the first and the second breeder(s) is also explored. The <u>final report</u> of the expert panel is available now.

# **Use of Overseas Data**

# **Overseas Testing/Data**

The PBR Act allows DUS data produced in other countries (overseas data) be used in lieu of conducting a comparative trial in Australia provided certain conditions are met; relating to the filing of applications, sufficiency of the data and the likelihood that the candidate variety will express the distinctive characteristic(s) in the same way when grown locally. Briefly the overseas data could be considered where:

- The first PBR application relating to the candidate variety has been lodged overseas, and
- the variety has previously been test grown in a UPOV member country using official UPOV test guidelines and test procedures, (i.e. equivalent to a comparative trial in Australia) and
- either, all the most similar varieties of common knowledge (including those in Australia) have been included in the overseas DUS trial, or
- the new overseas variety is so clearly distinct from all the Australian varieties of common knowledge that further DUS test growing is not warranted, and
- sufficient data and descriptive information is available to publish a description of the variety in an accepted format in Plant Varieties Journal; and to satisfy the requirements of the PBR Act.

#### Taxa that must be trailled in Australia

It is the policy of PBR office to not accept overseas data for the following taxa due to the wide genotype by environment interactions that have been previously experienced. Varietal descriptions from overseas trials have consistently been different from those obtained from trials grown under Australian conditions. Consequently, for the following taxon a full PBR trial must be conducted in Australia:

#### Solanum tuberosum Potato

The Qualified Person, in consultation with the agent/applicant, and perhaps other specialists and taxonomists, will need to evaluate the overseas data, test report and photographs to see if the application does fulfil all PBR Office requirements, and then advise the agent/applicant:

- either, to submit Part 2 incorporating a description for publication, any additional data and photographs and to pay the examination fee;
- or, to conduct a DUS trial in Australia, recommending to the applicant/agent which additional varieties of common knowledge to include;

• or, submit Part 2 including additional data (information about similar varieties in Australia to show that they are clearly distinct from the candidate variety that a further DUS test growing including the similar varieties is not warranted and that the variety displays the distinctive characteristics when grown in Australia)

Please note that the PBR office does not obtain overseas DUS test reports on behalf of applicants. It is the sole responsibility of the applicants to obtain these reports directly from the relevant overseas testing authorities. Where applicants already have the report they are advised to submit a certified true copy of the report with the Part 1 application. Applicants, or those duly authorised, may certify the copy.

If you do not have the test report available at the time of Part-1 application then you are advised to submit the Part-1 application without the test report. However, you should make arrangements to procure the DUS test report directly from the relevant testing authority. When the report becomes available, a certified copy should be supplied to the QP and the PBR office.

When the trial is based on an UPOV technical guideline and test report in an official UPOV language (English, German or French), it can be lodged in support of the application. In other cases the test reports must be in English.

The applicant/agent and Qualified Person should use the overseas test report to complete Part 2 of the application, making a decision on how to proceed in view of the completeness of the information, the comparators (if any) used in the overseas DUS trial and their knowledge of similar Australian varieties that may not have been included in the overseas test report.

If a description is based on an overseas test report, Australian PBR will not be granted until after the decision to grant PBR in the country producing the DUS test is made. The final decision on the acceptability of overseas data rests with the PBR office.

# **PBR Infringement**

Grantees should be aware of recent revisions to infringement provisions of the <u>Plant</u> <u>Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (see section 54) and related provisions of the Federal Court Rules (see order 58 rule 27) both of which can be found at the <u>ComLaw site</u>

# **On-line Database for PBR Varieties**

The PBR Office has a comprehensive service for Internet users ~ a searchable database for all Australian PBR varieties, both past and present. The database features a detailed description and image for every variety granted full rights and basic information for other PBR varieties. Searches by genus, species, common name, variety name and titleholder are some of its many advantages. Varieties for which an application has been lodged but not yet accepted in the PBR scheme are not included in this database. Please browse the Plant Breeder's Rights on-line database and provide your feedback.

# **Cumulative Index to Plant Varieties Journal**

The cumulative index to the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> has been updated to include variety information from all hardcopy versions up to volume 16 issue 3. After that issue the Plant Varieties Journal is only published in the electronic format and there is no need for a cumulative index, as the variety information can be easily searched in the PBR <u>online database</u> and also by downloading the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> electronically.

The final updated version of the cumulative index is available in PBR website. This document has information up to Plant Varieties Journal volume 16 issue 3. The PBR office recommends use its PBR online database to get most updated information on variety registration. The online database is updated on a weekly basis.

# **Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights**

Applications are accepted from the original breeder of a new variety (from their employer if the breeder is an employee) or from a person who has acquired ownership from the original breeder. Overseas breeders need to appoint an agent to represent their interests in Australia. Interested parties should contact the PBR office and an accredited Qualified Person experienced in the plant species in question.

# Steps in Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights

- Obtain from the breeder a signed Authorisation to act as their agent in Australia for the variety in question if your role is as the Australian agent of an overseas breeder;
- Complete Part 1 of the application form, supplying a photograph of the new variety, paying the application fee, nominating an accredited 'Qualified Person' and, if the variety is an Australian species, despatch as soon as possible a herbarium specimen;
- Engage the services of the nominated accredited 'Qualified Person' to plan and supervise the <u>comparative growing trial</u>;
- Conduct a comparative growing trial to demonstrate Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability (<u>DUS</u>), complete <u>Part 2</u> of the application form and paying the <u>examination fee</u>;
- Deposit propagating material in a Genetic Resources Centre.
- Examination of the application by the PBR Office, which may include a field examination of the comparative growing trial; and including
- Publication of a description and photograph comparing the new variety with similar varieties in Plant Varieties Journal, followed by a six-month period for objection or comment.
- Upon successful completion of all the requirements, resolution of objections (if any) and payment of <u>certificate fee</u>, the applicant(s) receive a Certificate of Plant Breeder's Rights.

# **Requirement to Supply Comparative Varieties**

Once an application has been accepted by the PBR office, it is covered by provisional protection. Also it immediately becomes a 'variety of common knowledge' and thus may be required by others as a comparator for their applications with a higher application number.

Applicants are reminded that they are required to release propagative material for comparative testing provided that the material is used for no other purpose and all material relating to the variety is returned when the trial is complete. The expenses incurred in the provision of material for comparative trials are borne by those conducting the trials.

As the variety is already under provisional protection, any use outside the conditions outlined above would qualify as an infringement and would be dealt with under section 53 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*.

Applicants having difficulties procuring varieties for use in comparative trials are urged to contact the PBR office immediately

# **UPOV Developments**

The African Intellectual Property Organization (OAPI) became the second intergovernmental organization and the seventy-second member to join the International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) when Mr. Paulin Edou Edou, Director General of OAPI, deposited the instrument of accession of OAPI to the UPOV Convention with the Secretary-General of UPOV, Mr. Francis Gurry, on June 10, 2014.

The purpose of UPOV is to provide and promote an effective system of plant variety protection, with the aim of encouraging the development of new varieties of plants, for the benefit of society (see FAQs at <a href="http://www.upov.int/about/en/faq.html">http://www.upov.int/about/en/faq.html</a>).

OAPI operates a plant variety protection system which covers the territory of its 17 member States: Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Senegal and Togo. The headquarters of OAPI are in Yaoundé, Cameroon (see <a href="http://www.oapi.int/">http://www.oapi.int/</a>).

"The accession of OAPI is a milestone in the history of UPOV and promises to help strengthen the system of plant variety protection around the world and to broaden international cooperation in this area," Gurry said.

#### The members of UPOV are:

African Intellectual Property Organization (as of July 10, 2014), Albania, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Estonia, European Union, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Oman, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan and Viet Nam. (Total 72)

Further Information on UPOV and its activities is available on the website located at <a href="http://www.upov.int">http://www.upov.int</a>

The adopted UPOV Technical Guidelines (TG) for testing different plant species are now available for this website at

http://www.upov.int/en/publications/tg-rom/index.html

# **European Developments**

Community plant variety rights within the European Union are administered by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO) in Angers, France. With more than 2,600 applications per year, the CPVO receives the highest number of requests for variety protection among the members of UPOV. The CPVO provides for one application, one examination and one title of protection that is valid and enforceable in all 27 members of the European Union.

The potential applicants for Plant Variety Rights within European Union are requested to consult <u>Notes for Applicants</u> published by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO). This note aims to answer legal, administrative and financial questions that one may have when requesting Community plant variety rights. Further information is available from CPVO website.

# Obligation under the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants 1991 (UPOV91)

Consistent with Australia's membership of UPOV 1991, the criteria for the granting of protection under the <u>Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (PBRA) is that the variety: has a breeder; is new, distinct, uniform and stable; has an acceptable name; and that application formalities are completed and relevant fees payed.

Applicants for protection need to be aware of the existence of any other Australian legislation, which could impact on their intended use of the registered variety. Administrators of other Australian legislation may have an interest in applications for registration notified in this journal.

It is feasible for a new variety to be registered under the PBRA, but, as the PBRA coexists with other laws of the land, the exercise of the breeder's right may be restricted by such legislation. For example, current legislation may prohibit the use of that variety in food, or, the growing of that variety as a noxious weed.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) advises that it is the responsibility of the applicant and of administrators of legislation to take these matters up directly between the responsible parties and not with the PBRO.

# **Instructions to Qualified Persons**

Instruction to Qualified Persons: Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) for Preparing Detailed Description for Plant Varieties Journal

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (<a href="https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/">https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/</a>) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

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The IVDS allows QPs to fill in descriptions on-line by accessing relevant test guidelines and selecting specific characteristics with their various states of expressions from the options provided. The IVDS incorporated all of the approved UPOV test guidelines (and some national equivalents where a UPOV test guideline is not available) into interactive forms with easy to use drop-down menus. QPs can "build" their own additional/special characteristics if they are not available in the guideline. The IVDS also accepts statistical information.

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The PBRO anticipates that the QPs had the opportunity to familiarise themselves with IVDS during the testing and demonstration phase (August – Dec 2004) and could operate the system comfortably. There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of IVDS, which will assist the QPs to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBRO is ready to help QPs, if they encounter any problem. Please send an e-mail to <a href="mailto:pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au">pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au</a> if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

# The detailed descriptions are accepted only in the IVDS format.

Also, please note that the after finalising the description through IVDS, the QPs will still need to submit the signed hardcopies of the Part 2 documentations in order to complete the application process. Please contact the PBRO (pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au) for further information.



Discovery House, Phillip ACT 2606 PO Box 200, Woden ACT 2606 Australia

Phone: 1300 651 010 Website: www.ipaustralia.gov.au

# **Official Notice**

# Declaration of the days from 1 January 2015, until 1 January 2016, when the Designs Office, the Patent Office, the PBR Office and the Trade Marks Office are taken not to be open for business

The close-down provisions in the Designs, Olympic Insignia protection, Patents, Plant Breeder's Rights and Trade Marks legislation provide for the effect of Designs Office, the Patent Office, the PBR Office and the Trade Marks Office not being open for business.

On 19 November 2014, the Director General of IP Australia declared under the close-down provisions the days when the Canberra offices will not be open for business. A copy of the declaration is attached.

The Canberra offices will not be open for business on the following days in the period **1 January 2015 to 1 January 2016**.

# **All the Canberra offices:**

All Saturdays and Sundays in the period

# The Canberra office

Thursday, 1 January 2015

Monday, 26 January 2015

Monday, 9 March 2015

Friday, 3 April 2015

Monday, 6 April 2015

Rew Year's Day

Australia Day

Canberra Day

Good Friday

Easter Monday

Monday, 8 June 2015 Queen's Birthday Holiday Monday, 28 September 2015 Family & Community Day

Monday, 5 October 2015 Labour Day

Friday, 25 December 2015 to

Friday, 1 January 2016 Christmas Close Down



Discovery House, Phillip ACT 2606 PO Box 200, Woden ACT 2606 Australia

Phone: 1300 651 010 Website: www.ipaustralia.gov.au

For more information on the effect of the close-down provisions, please see the Official Notices of 23 March 2007 titled *Intellectual Property Legislation Amendment Regulations 2007 (No. 1)* and *The new close-down provisions in the trade marks legislation* available on IP Australia's website through the page <a href="https://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/resources/officialnotices.shtml">www.ipaustralia.gov.au/resources/officialnotices.shtml</a>.

**Contact:** IP Australia **Phone:** 1300 651 010

Web: www.ipaustralia.gov.au



Part 2 Public Notices (Acceptances, Descriptions, Grants, and Variations etc)

This part of the *Plant Varieties Journal* provides public notices on Acceptances, Variety Descriptions, Grants and Variations etc. The Part 2 Public Notices pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 28 Issue 2) are listed below:

- Home
- Acceptances
- Variety Descriptions
- Grants
- Denomination Changed
- Synonym Changed
- Assignment of Rights
- Change or Nomination of Agent
- Applications Withdrawn
- Grants Surrendered
- Grants Expired
- Grants Revoked
- Corrigenda

# **ACCEPTANCE**

The following varieties are under provisional protection from the date of acceptance:

Prunus salicina hybrid

PRUNUS - INTERSPECIFIC PLUM

#### 'Plumred VIII'

Application No: 2014/285 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus armeniaca

APRICOT

#### 'Golden Gem'

Application No: 2014/282 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus persica var nucipersica

**NECTARINE** 

#### 'Autumn Pearl'

Application No: 2014/284 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus persica var nucipersica

**NECTARINE** 

#### 'Sierra Pearl'

Application No: 2014/286 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

#### Prunus persica

#### **PEACH**

# 'Summer Princess' syn August Princess

Application No: 2014/288 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus persica var nucipersica

#### **NECTARINE**

#### 'Pearlwhite VII'

Application No: 2014/289 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus persica var nucipersica

#### **NECTARINE**

#### 'Pearl Time'

Application No: 2014/290 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus persica

#### **PEACH**

## 'June Time'

Application No: 2014/291 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus salicina hybrid

#### PRUNUS - INTERSPECIFIC PLUM

# 'Plumsweet VI' syn Honey Red Dino

Application No: 2014/292 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus salicina hybrid

#### PRUNUS - INTERSPECIFIC PLUM

#### 'Blackred XII'

Application No: 2014/293 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Arachis hypogaea

PEANUT, GROUND NUT

#### 'Tamrun OL11'

Application No: 2015/023 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Texas AgriLife Research.

Agent: G. Crumpton and Sons and Company P/L, Crawford, QLD.

Arachis hypogaea

PEANUT, GROUND NUT

# 'EC-98 (AO)'

Application No: 2015/024 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: El Carmen S.A..

Agent: G. Crumpton and Sons and Company P/L, Crawford, QLD.

Arachis hypogaea

PEANUT, GROUND NUT

#### **'CP99'**

Application No: 2015/025 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: El Carmen S.A..

Agent: G. Crumpton and Sons and Company P/L, Crawford, QLD.

Prunus persica var nucipersica

**NECTARINE** 

#### 'Pearlwhite XVI'

Application No: 2014/283 Accepted: 01 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lowell Glen Bradford.

Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Ficus carica

FIG

# 'AusSequoia'

Application No: 2013/015 Accepted: 02 Apr 2015 Applicant: **The Regents of the University of California**. Agent: **NU LEAF I.P. PTY LTD**, Mildura, VIC.

Punica granatum

**POMEGRANATE** 

# 'Orange Blossom Special'

Application No: 2014/026 Accepted: 09 Apr 2015

Applicant: Plant Introductions, Inc..

Agent: Flemings Nurseries Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

Lampranthus hybrid

# 'Blueberry Rumble'

Application No: 2015/042 Accepted: 14 Apr 2015

Applicant: The Great Australian Succulent Company Pty Ltd, Picton, NSW.

Solanum tuberosum

**POTATO** 

#### 'Cimega'

Application No: 2015/074 Accepted: 23 Apr 2015

Applicant: **Danespo A/S**.

Agent: Agtec Agriculture, Sydney Markets, NSW.

Solanum tuberosum

**POTATO** 

## 'Linata'

Application No: 2015/073 Accepted: 23 Apr 2015

Applicant: **Danespo A/S**.

Agent: Agtec Agriculture, Sydney Markets, NSW.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

#### 'Beckom'

Application No: 2015/072 Accepted: 24 Apr 2015

Applicant: Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Glen Osmond, SA.

Hydrangea paniculata

**HYDRANGEA** 

# 'Rendia' syn Diamondrouge

Application No: 2015/064 Accepted: 24 Apr 2015

Applicant: Jean Renault.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

#### 'Salmarinas'

Application No: 2014/262 Accepted: 27 Apr 2015 Applicant: **Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel B.V.**. Agent: **Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd**, Daylesford, VIC.

Cucumis melo

**MELON** 

#### 'Sense 191'

Application No: 2015/057 Accepted: 27 Apr 2015 Applicant: **Nunhems B.V., Laboratoire ASL**.

Agent: Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.

Ozothamnus hybrid

**RICEFLOWER** 

# 'Cosmic'

Application No: 2015/038 Accepted: 28 Apr 2015

Applicant: Aussie Colours Pty Ltd.

Agent: InnoV8 Botanics Pty Ltd, Karana Downs, QLD.

#### Lomandra hybrid

# MATT RUSH, MATT RUSH

#### 'LM600'

Application No: 2014/248 Accepted: 29 Apr 2015 Applicant: **Ozbreed Pty Limited**, Richmond, NSW.

Festuca arundinacea

TALL FESCUE

#### 'Easton'

Application No: 2013/197 Accepted: 29 Apr 2015 Applicant: **Grasslands Innovation Limited**. Agent: **Griffith Hack**, Brisbane, QLD.

Daucus carota

**CARROT** 

# 'RUBYPRINCE'

Application No: 2015/078 Accepted: 29 Apr 2015

Applicant: Nunhems B.V..

Agent: Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.

Vitis vinifera

**GRAPE VINE** 

# 'Tawny Seedless' syn Tawny

Application No: 2015/020 Accepted: 29 Apr 2015

Applicant: Lombardi Genetics (Pty) Ltd.

Agent: **FB Rice**, Sydney, NSW.

Lagerstroemia indica

CRAPE MYRTLE

# 'indyvio'

Application No: 2015/056 Accepted: 30 Apr 2015

Applicant: Christian Gaurrat.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

#### Lagerstroemia indica

#### CRAPE MYRTLE

# 'indybra'

Application No: 2015/055 Accepted: 30 Apr 2015

Applicant: Christian Gaurrat.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Dietes bicolor

LARGE WILD IRIS, FAIRY IRIS, SPANISH IRIS

#### 'DI2'

Application No: 2015/048 Accepted: 30 Apr 2015 Applicant: **Ozbreed Pty Limited**, Richmond, NSW.

Prunus salicina x avium x nucipersica

INTERSPECIFIC PLUM

# 'LittleChum'

Application No: 2015/049 Accepted: 30 Apr 2015

Applicant: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Agent: Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, Vic.

Lagerstroemia indica

CRAPE MYRTLE

# 'indycam'

Application No: 2015/053 Accepted: 30 Apr 2015

Applicant: Christian Gaurrat.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Lagerstroemia indica

CRAPE MYRTLE

## 'indyfus'

Application No: 2015/054 Accepted: 30 Apr 2015

Applicant: Christian Gaurrat.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Solanum tuberosum

#### **POTATO**

#### 'Bute'

Application No: 2014/251 Accepted: 01 May 2015 Applicant: **Caithness Potatoes Holding BV, UK**. Agent: **South Australian Seeds Pty Ltd**, Virginia, SA.

Prunus armeniaca

**APRICOT** 

# 'MC5' syn Marvell

Application No: 2015/041 Accepted: 05 May 2015

Applicant: SMS Unlimited, LLC.

Agent: Leslie Mitchell, Shepparton, VIC.

Solanum lycopersicum

**TOMATO** 

#### 'NUN 09085'

Application No: 2015/076 Accepted: 05 May 2015

Applicant: Nunhems B.V..

Agent: Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.

Fragaria x ananassa

**STRAWBERRY** 

# 'DrisStrawFortyTwo'

Application No: 2015/086 Accepted: 06 May 2015 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.**.

Agent: AJ Park, Canberra, ACT.

Solanum lycopersicum

TOMATO

#### 'FOUNDATION'

Application No: 2015/077 Accepted: 06 May 2015

Applicant: Nunhems B.V..

Agent: Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.

Nemesia stumosa x fruticans

#### **NEMESIA**

#### 'Innemlitor'

Application No: 2015/069 Accepted: 07 May 2015 Applicant: Innovaplant Zierpflanzen GmbH & Co KG. Agent: Haars Nursery Pty Ltd, Somerville, VIC.

Hordeum vulgare

**BARLEY** 

#### 'LG Alestar'

Application No: 2015/081 Accepted: 07 May 2015

Applicant: Limagrain Europe s.a..

Agent: Elders Rural Services Australia Ltd, Ballarat, VIC.

Grevillea hybrid

**GREVILLEA** 

#### 'RR01'

Application No: 2015/075 Accepted: 07 May 2015

Applicant: Tarawood Nursery.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Clarendon, NSW.

Nemesia stumosa x fruticans

**NEMESIA** 

## 'Innemlitva'

Application No: 2015/070 Accepted: 07 May 2015 Applicant: Innovaplant Zierpflanzen GmbH & Co KG. Agent: Haars Nursery Pty Ltd, Somerville, VIC.

Nemesia stumosa x fruticans

**NEMESIA** 

#### 'Innemliche'

Application No: 2015/067 Accepted: 07 May 2015 Applicant: Innovaplant Zierpflanzen GmbH & Co KG.

Agent: Haars Nursery Pty Ltd, Somerville, VIC.

Nemesia stumosa x fruticans

**NEMESIA** 

#### 'Innemliban'

Application No: 2015/066 Accepted: 07 May 2015 Applicant: **Innovaplant Zierpflanzen GmbH & Co KG**. Agent: **Haars Nursery Pty Ltd**, Somerville, VIC.

Lablab purpureus

LABLAB BEAN

#### 'SSLL-042'

Application No: 2015/084 Accepted: 11 May 2015 Applicant: **Selected Seeds Pty Ltd**, Pittsworth, QLD.

Lablab purpureus

LABLAB BEAN

#### 'LLW-015'

Application No: 2015/092 Accepted: 12 May 2015

Applicant: Blue Ribbon Seed & Pulse Exporters Pty Ltd, Australian Premium Seeds Holdings Pty

Ltd, Kenmore, QLD.

Lablab purpureus

LABLAB BEAN

#### 'LLW-014'

Application No: 2015/091 Accepted: 12 May 2015

Applicant: Blue Ribbon Seed & Pulse Exporters Pty Ltd, Australian Premium Seeds Holdings Pty

Ltd, Kenmore, QLD.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

# 'Verodita'

Application No: 2015/093 Accepted: 13 May 2015 Applicant: **Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel B.V.**. Agent: **Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd**, Daylesford, VIC.

#### Alstroemeria hybrid

#### PERUVIAN LILY

#### 'Kondubai'

Application No: 2015/094 Accepted: 15 May 2015

Applicant: Konst Breeding B.V..

Agent: Ball Australia, Keysborough, VIC.

Alstroemeria hybrid

#### PERUVIAN LILY

#### 'Koncheerio'

Application No: 2015/095 Accepted: 15 May 2015

Applicant: Konst Breeding B.V..

Agent: Ball Australia, Keysborough, VIC.

Olearia axillaris

#### **OLEARIA**

#### 'olaxlul9'

Application No: 2015/037 Accepted: 19 May 2015

Applicant: David Robert Henry Lullfitz, Bullsbrook, WA.

Olearia axillaris

#### **OLEARIA**

#### 'olaxlul6'

Application No: 2015/035 Accepted: 19 May 2015

Applicant: David Robert Henry Lullfitz, Bullsbrook, WA.

Hibbertia racemosa

# STALKED GUINEA FLOWER

# 'hiralul2' syn Racey Rambler

Application No: 2015/034 Accepted: 19 May 2015

Applicant: David Robert Henry Lullfitz, Bullsbrook, WA.

#### Agapanthus orientalis

#### AGAPANTHUS, AFRICAN LILY

# 'Golden Drop'

Application No: 2015/007 Accepted: 19 May 2015

Applicant: Chris Roebuck.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Olearia axillaris

**OLEARIA** 

#### 'olaxlul4'

Application No: 2015/036 Accepted: 19 May 2015

Applicant: David Robert Henry Lullfitz, Bullsbrook, WA.

Prunus armeniaca

APRICOT

# 'SC2' syn Sol Cot

Application No: 2015/030 Accepted: 26 May 2015

Applicant: SMS Unlimited, LLC.

Agent: Leslie Mitchell, Shepparton, VIC.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

#### 'EXFILES'

Application No: 2015/032 Accepted: 27 May 2015 Applicant: **Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel B.V.**. Agent: **Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd**, Daylesford, VIC.

Daphne odora x bholua

WINTER DAPHNE

# 'DapJur01'

Application No: 2015/101 Accepted: 27 May 2015

Applicant: Mark Jury.

Agent: Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd, Silvan, VIC.

#### Lactuca sativa

#### **LETTUCE**

# 'Crispita II'

Application No: 2015/061 Accepted: 29 May 2015

Applicant: Syngenta Participations AG.

Agent: Syngenta Australia Pty. Ltd., Lynbrook, VIC.

Lactuca sativa

#### **LETTUCE**

#### 'Metalia'

Application No: 2015/108 Accepted: 01 Jun 2015

Applicant: Nunhems B.V..

Agent: Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.

Spinacia oleracea

#### **SPINACH**

#### 'Volans'

Application No: 2015/109 Accepted: 01 Jun 2015

Applicant: Nunhems B.V..

Agent: Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.

Spinacia oleracea

#### **SPINACH**

## 'Antalia'

Application No: 2015/110 Accepted: 01 Jun 2015

Applicant: Nunhems B.V..

Agent: Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.

Coprosma repens

#### MIRROR PLANT

# 'CopJoh02'

Application No: 2015/102 Accepted: 02 Jun 2015 Applicant: **John Woods Nurseries Limited**.

Agent: Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd, Silvan, VIC.

Dietes grandiflora

# LARGE WILD IRIS, FAIRY IRIS, SPANISH IRIS

#### 'DI1'

Application No: 2015/047 Accepted: 02 Jun 2015 Applicant: **Ozbreed Pty Limited**, Richmond, NSW.

Rosa hybrid

**ROSE** 

## 'GRAmary'

Application No: 2015/090 Accepted: 03 Jun 2015

Applicant: John C. Gray and Sylvia E. Gray, Brindabella Country Gardens.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Rosa hybrid

**ROSE** 

# 'GRAyllw'

Application No: 2015/089 Accepted: 03 Jun 2015

Applicant: John C. Gray and Sylvia E. Gray, Brindabella Country Gardens.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Rosa hybrid

**ROSE** 

#### 'GRAaus'

Application No: 2015/087 Accepted: 03 Jun 2015

Applicant: John C. Gray and Sylvia E. Gray, Brindabella Country Gardens.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Rosa hybrid

**ROSE** 

## 'GRAred'

Application No: 2015/098 Accepted: 03 Jun 2015

Applicant: John C. Gray and Sylvia E. Gray, Brindabella Country Gardens.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Medicago littoralis

STRAND MEDIC

#### 'PM-250'

Application No: 2015/122 Accepted: 10 Jun 2015

Applicant: MINISTER FOR AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND FISHERIES (Acting through the South

Australian Research and Development Institute), Adelaide, SA.

Musa acuminata

**BANANA** 

# 'QUT GN3'

Application No: 2015/062 Accepted: 10 Jun 2015

Applicant: Queensland University of Technology, Brisbane, QLD.

Musa acuminata

**BANANA** 

# 'QUT GN4'

Application No: 2015/079 Accepted: 10 Jun 2015

Applicant: Queensland University of Technology, Brisbane, QLD.

Musa acuminata

BANANA

# 'QUT GN2'

Application No: 2015/063 Accepted: 10 Jun 2015

Applicant: Queensland University of Technology, Brisbane, QLD.

Musa acuminata

**BANANA** 

# 'QUT GN5'

Application No: 2015/080 Accepted: 10 Jun 2015

Applicant: Queensland University of Technology, Brisbane, QLD.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

# 'Scepter'

Application No: 2015/103 Accepted: 10 Jun 2015

Applicant: Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Pmb 1 Glen Osmond, SA.

Abutilon hybrid

CHINESE LANTERN

#### 'Passion'

Application No: 2015/106 Accepted: 11 Jun 2015 Applicant: **NuFlora International Pty Ltd**.

Agent: Touch of Class Planrs Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

#### 'Cutlass'

Application No: 2015/104 Accepted: 11 Jun 2015

Applicant: Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Pmb 1 Glen Osmond, SA.

Citrus reticulata

**MANDARIN** 

## 'JS'

Application No: 2015/116 Accepted: 11 Jun 2015 Applicant: **J&K Skilton Investment Trust**. Agent: **Variety Access Pty Ltd**, Torbanlea, QLD.

Metrosideros collina

**CHRISTMAS BUSH** 

# 'Fireworks'

Application No: 2015/107 Accepted: 15 Jun 2015 Applicant: **Joshua Waterworth**, Beerwah, QLD.

Solanum tuberosum

#### **POTATO**

#### 'Corina'

Application No: 2015/131 Accepted: 19 Jun 2015

Applicant: Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd, Attwood, VIC.

Glycine max

**SOYBEAN** 

#### 'Coochin'

Application No: 2015/060 Accepted: 23 Jun 2015

Applicant: John Rose, Junabee, QLD.

Glycine max

**SOYBEAN** 

#### 'Jimbour'

Application No: 2015/059 Accepted: 23 Jun 2015

Applicant: John Rose, Junabee, QLD.

Glycine max

**SOYBEAN** 

### 'Canning'

Application No: 2015/046 Accepted: 23 Jun 2015

Applicant: John Rose, Junabee, QLD.

Solanum tuberosum

**POTATO** 

### 'Aurea' syn Z-04-W15

Application No: 2015/151 Accepted: 24 Jun 2015 Applicant: **Station de Recherde du Comite Nord**. Agent: **Zerella Holdings Pty Ltd**, Virginia, SA.

#### Guichenotia macrantha

### LARGE FLOWERED GUICHENOTIA, YANCHEP BELLS

### 'PencilGL'

Application No: 2015/003 Accepted: 26 Jun 2015 Applicant: **George A. Lullfitz**, Wanneroo, WA.

Acer palmatum

CUT LEAF GREEN JAPANESE MAPLE

### 'CHACER01'

Application No: 2015/132 Accepted: 26 Jun 2015 Applicant: **Simon Chartres**, Toolangi, VIC.

# **Variety Descriptions**

Common (Genus Species)	<u>Variety</u>	Title Holder
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	AlsDun01	Ian Duncalf
Peanut (Arachis hypogaea)	EC-98 (AO)	El Carmen S.A.
Peanut (Arachis hypogaea)	Tamrun OL11	Texas AgriLife Research
Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa)	СНҮ	Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd
Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa)	СНА	Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd
Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa)	CHG MS77	Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd
Mirror Plant (Coprosma repens)	JWNCOPPS	John Woods Nurseries
Mirror Plant (Coprosma repens)	CopJoh02	John Woods Nurseries Limited
Couchgrass (Cynodon dactylon)	UQ-490	The University of Queensland; State of Queensland acting through the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry
Couchgrass (Cynodon dactylon)	UQ-545	The University of Queensland; State of Queensland acting through the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry
Couchgrass (Cynodon dactylon)	UQ-539	The University of Queensland; The State of Queensland acting through its Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry
Cocksfoot (Dactylis glomerata)	Drover	Sheldon Agri Pty Ltd
Carrot (Daucus carota)	Snow Man	Nunhems B.V.
Desmanthus (Desmanthus bicornutus)	JCU 4	James Cook University
<u>Desmanthus</u>	Page 39	of 380

(Desmanthus leptophyllus)	JCU 1	James Cook University
Desmanthus (Desmanthus virgatus)	JCU 2	James Cook University
Desmanthus (Desmanthus virgatus)	JCU 3	James Cook University
<u>Desmanthus</u> ( <u>Desmanthus</u> <u>virgatus</u> )	JCU 5	James Cook University
Endophyte (Epichloe coenophiala)	PTK647	DLF Trifolium A/S
Endophyte - Fescue (Epichloe festucae var Iolli)	E815	DLF Trifolium A/S
Fungal Endophyte - Meadow Fescue (Epichloe siegelii)	Нарре	DLF Trifolium A/S
Chinese Hibiscus (Hibiscus rosa- sinensis)	Tonga Wind	Aris Horticulture Incorporated
Chinese Hibiscus (Hibiscus rosa- sinensis)	Tobago Wind	Aris Horticulture Incorporated
Chinese Hibiscus (Hibiscus rosa- sinensis)	Cayman Wind	Aris Horticulture Incorporated
Chinese Hibiscus (Hibiscus rosa- sinensis)	Bonaire Wind	Aris Horticulture Incorporated
Chinese Hibiscus (Hibiscus rosa- sinensis)	Samoa Wind	Aris Horticulture Incorporated
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	MEA 04053- 099	Malteurop Australia Pty Ltd
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	La Trobe	Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd and Grains Research and Development Corporation
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)	DIP 6992	VILMORIN
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)	Capoeira	Vilmorin
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)	Glendana	Enza Zaden Beheer B.V.
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)	THIMBLE	Nunhems B.V.
Lettuce (Lactuca	Page 40	

sativa)	WINTERFELL	Nunhems B.V.
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)	Green Moon	Vilmorin
<u>Lettuce (Lactuca</u> <u>sativa)</u>	Sandpiper	Enza Zaden Beheer B.V.
Leucaena (Leucaena pallida x Leucaena leucocephala)	BL-12	The University of Queensland, Meat & Livestock Australia Limited
Apple Rootstock (Malus domestica x Malus robusta)	G.41	Cornell Research Foundation, Inc.
Lucerne (Medicago sativa)	STM5	Cal/West Seeds
Lucerne (Medicago sativa)	SARDI 10 Series 2	Minister of Agriculture, Food and Fisheries acting through SARDI
Cape Daisy (Osteospermum hybrid)	SAKOST8194	Sakata Ornamentals Europe A/S
Phalaris (Phalaris aquatica)	Grazier	Sheldon Agri Pty Ltd
Philodendron (Philodendron sp.)	Phil01	Rob Pilling
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	GRA102471	Harry Schreuders
Tomato (Solanum lycopersicum)	FOUNDATION	Nunhems B.V.
Tomato (Solanum lycopersicum)	Dreamer	Nunhems B.V.
Buffalo Grass (Stenotaphrum secundatum)	GR28	Geoffrey Ridge
Buffalo Grass (Stenotaphrum secundatum)	Noble Green	Mark Bombardiere
Sturt's desert pea (Swainsona formosa)	FlindersFlame	Flinders Partners Pty Limited
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	Ridley3402	Mountain Blue Orchards Pty Ltd
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	Ridley 4514	Mountain Blue Orchards Pty Ltd
Cowpea (Vigna unguiculata)	BRC-011	GeneGro Pty Ltd
Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)	Sheegene 13	Sheehan Genetics LLC
	Page 41	

Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)	Blanc Seedless	Luribay Business, Inc
Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)	Sheegene 17	Sheehan Genetics LLC
Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)	Sheegene-1	Sheehan Genetics LLC
Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)	Sheegene 18	Sheehan Genetics LLC

### Barley (Hordeum vulgare)

Variety: 'MEA 04053-099'

N/A Synonym:

Application

2014/169

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

24-Jul-2014

Received: Accepted: 19-Aug-2014

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Malteurop Australia Pty Ltd

Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0883133480 Fax: 0883134355

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



### Barley (Hordeum vulgare)

Variety: 'La Trobe'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2013/224

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate no:

N/A

Received:

02-Sep-2013

Accepted:

20-Sep-2013

**Granted:** 

N/A

Description published in

. Plant

Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

**Title** Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd and Grains

**Holder:** Research and Development Corporation

Agent: N/A

**Telephone:** 0392174138 **Fax:** 0392174161

View the detailed description of this variety.



# **Buffalo Grass (Stenotaphrum secundatum)**

Variety: 'GR28' Synonym: N/A

Application

2014/200

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

N I / A

no:

N/A

Received:

29-Aug-2014

Accepted:

08-Sep-2014

**Granted:** 

N/A

Description published in

. Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

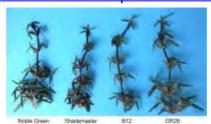
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Geoffrey Ridge

**Agent:** Turfgrass Scientific Services

**Telephone**: 0298727833 **Fax**: 0298727855

View the detailed description of this variety.



# **Buffalo Grass (Stenotaphrum secundatum)**

Variety: 'Noble Green'

N/A Synonym:

Application

2014/199

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

29-Aug-2014

Received: Accepted:

08-Sep-2014

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

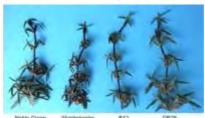
**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Mark Bombardiere

Turfgrass Scientific Services Pty Ltd Agent:

**Telephone**: 0298727833 0298727855 Fax:

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



### Cape Daisy (Osteospermum hybrid)

Variety: 'SAKOST8194' Yellow Glow Synonym:

Application

2014/201

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 29-Aug-2014 09-Sep-2014 Accepted:

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Sakata Ornamentals Europe A/S

Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd Agent:

**Telephone:** 0245683878 Fax: 0245683878

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



### Carrot (Daucus carota)

Variety: 'Snow Man'

N/A Synonym:

Application

2014/298

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 27-Nov-2014 Accepted: 13-Jan-2015

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published in

Volume 28, Issue 2 **Plant** 

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Nunhems B.V. Agent: Shelston IP **Telephone**: 0297771111 Fax: 0292414666

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



### Chinese Hibiscus (Hibiscus rosa-sinensis)

Variety: 'Tonga Wind'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2013/082

no:

2010700

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

14/7

**Received:** 08-Apr-2013 **Accepted:** 16-May-2013

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Aris Horticulture Incorporated

**Agent:** Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0247541422 **Fax**: 0247544260

View the detailed description of this variety.



### Chinese Hibiscus (Hibiscus rosa-sinensis)

Variety: 'Tobago Wind'

N/A Synonym:

Application

2013/081

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

08-Apr-2013

Accepted:

16-May-2013

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Aris Horticulture Incorporated

Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd Agent:

**Telephone**: 0247541422 Fax: 0247544260

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



### Chinese Hibiscus (Hibiscus rosa-sinensis)

Variety: 'Cayman Wind'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2013/079

no:

2010/07

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

IV/A

Received:

08-Apr-2013

Accepted:

16-May-2013

Granted:

N/A

Description published in

. Plant

Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Aris Horticulture Incorporated

**Agent:** Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0247541422 **Fax**: 0247544260

View the detailed description of this variety.



### Chinese Hibiscus (Hibiscus rosa-sinensis)

Variety: 'Bonaire Wind'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2013/078

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

IV/A

**Received:** 08-Apr-2013 **Accepted:** 16-May-2013

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Aris Horticulture Incorporated

**Agent:** Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0247541422 **Fax**: 0247544260

View the detailed description of this variety.



### Chinese Hibiscus (Hibiscus rosa-sinensis)

Variety: 'Samoa Wind'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2013/080

no:

2013/000

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

**Received:** 08-Apr-2013 **Accepted:** 16-May-2013

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Aris Horticulture Incorporated

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0247541422 **Fax**: 0247544260

View the detailed description of this variety.



### Cocksfoot (Dactylis glomerata)

Variety: 'Drover' N/A Synonym:

Application

2006/338

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

18-Dec-2006

Received: Accepted:

05-Feb-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Sheldon Agri Pty Ltd

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0269484497 Fax: 0269484494

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



## Couchgrass (Cynodon dactylon)

Variety: 'UQ-490'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2014/313

no:

2011/010

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

**Received:** 11-Dec-2014 **Accepted:** 05-Feb-2015

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title The University of Queensland; State of Queensland

Holder: acting through the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries

and Forestry

Agent: UniQuest Pty Limited

**Telephone**: 0733654037 **Fax**: 0733654433

View the detailed description of this variety.



### Couchgrass (Cynodon dactylon)

Variety: 'UQ-545'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2014/314

no:

2014/314

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

**Received:** 11-Dec-2014 **Accepted:** 05-Feb-2015

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title The University of Queensland; State of Queensland

Holder: acting through the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries

and Forestry

Agent: UniQuest Pty Limited

**Telephone**: 0733654037 **Fax**: 0733654433

View the detailed description of this variety.



### Couchgrass (Cynodon dactylon)

Variety: 'UQ-539'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2014/145

no:

2014/143

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

14//

**Received:** 10-Jul-2014 **Accepted:** 23-Dec-2014

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title The University of Queensland; The State of Queensland acting through its Department of Agriculture, Fisheries

and Forestry

Agent: UniQuest Pty Limited

**Telephone:** 0733651103 **Fax:** 0733651177

View the detailed description of this variety.



### Cowpea (Vigna unguiculata)

Variety: 'BRC-011'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2015/039

no:

2013/03

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

10-Mar-2015

Received: 10
Accepted: 16

16-Mar-2015

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: GeneGro Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

**Telephone**: 0738245440 **Fax**: 0738245445

View the detailed description of this variety.



# Desmanthus (Desmanthus bicornutus)

Variety: 'JCU 4'
Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2011/146

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

**Received:** 30-Jun-2011 **Accepted:** 19-Oct-2011

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

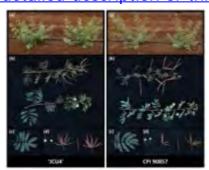
Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: James Cook University

Agent: Nick Kempe
Telephone: 1300304634
Fax: 0733196136

### View the detailed description of this variety.



# Desmanthus (Desmanthus leptophyllus)

Variety: 'JCU 1' Synonym: N/A

Application

2011/145

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: Accepted: 30-Jun-2011 19-Oct-2011

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: James Cook University

Agent: Nick Kempe Telephone: 1300304634 Fax: 0733196136

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



# Desmanthus (Desmanthus virgatus)

Variety: 'JCU 2' N/A Synonym:

Application

2011/144

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

30-Jun-2011

Received: Accepted:

17-Oct-2013

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

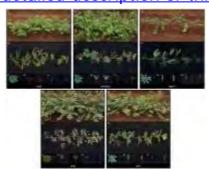
Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: James Cook University

Agent: Nick Kempe Telephone: 1300304634 Fax: 0733196136

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



# Desmanthus (Desmanthus virgatus)

Variety: 'JCU 3' N/A Synonym:

Application

2011/147

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

30-Jun-2011

Accepted:

17-Feb-2014

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

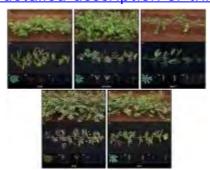
Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: James Cook University

Agent: Nick Kempe Telephone: 1300304634 Fax: 0733196136

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



# Desmanthus (Desmanthus virgatus)

Variety: 'JCU 5' Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2011/143

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

IV/A

**Received:** 30-Jun-2011 **Accepted:** 17-Oct-2013

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: James Cook University

Agent: Nick Kempe
Telephone: 1300304634
Fax: 0733196136

### View the detailed description of this variety.



### Endophyte (Epichloe coenophiala)

Variety: 'PTK647' Synonym: N/A

Application

2015/027

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

27-Jan-2015

Accepted:

17-Mar-2015

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: DLF Trifolium A/S

N/A Agent:

**Telephone**: 0394620340 0394620275 Fax:

View the detailed description of this variety.









### Endophyte - Fescue (Epichloe festucae var Iolli)

Variety: 'E815' N/A Synonym:

**Application** 

2015/029

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

27-Jan-2015

Received: Accepted:

17-Mar-2015

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: DLF Trifolium A/S

Agent: N/A

**Telephone:** 0394620340 Fax: 0394620275

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



# Fungal Endophyte - Meadow Fescue (Epichloe siegelii)

Variety: 'Happe' Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2015/028

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 27-Jan-2015 Accepted:

17-Mar-2015

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: DLF Trifolium A/S

Agent: N/A

**Telephone**: 0394620340 Fax: 0394620275

View the detailed description of this variety.





# Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)

Variety: 'Sheegene 13'

**Synonym:** Timco

**Application** 

2010/154

no:

0:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

20-Jul-2010

Received: Accepted:

08-Nov-2010

Granted:

N/A

Description published in

. Plant

Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Sheehan Genetics LLC

**Agent:** Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0359683599 **Fax**: 0359683599

View the detailed description of this variety.



### Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)

Variety: 'Blanc Seedless'

N/A Synonym:

**Application** 

2008/185

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

18-Jun-2008

Received:

Accepted:

17-Dec-2008

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Luribay Business, Inc

Watermark Patent and Trade Mark Attorneys Agent:

Telephone: 0398191664 Fax: 0398196010

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



### Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)

Variety: 'Sheegene 17'

**Synonym:** Great Green Seedless

**Application** 

2013/044

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

IV/ A

**Received:** 11-Feb-2013 **Accepted:** 26-Feb-2013

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Sheehan Genetics LLC

**Agent:** Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0359683599 **Fax**: 0359683599

View the detailed description of this variety.



# Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)

Variety: 'Sheegene-1' **Kaylee Seedless** Synonym:

Application

2012/163

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

31-Aug-2012

Received: Accepted:

15-Nov-2012

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Sheehan Genetics LLC

Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

**Telephone**: 0359683599 Fax: 0359683599

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



# Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)

Variety: 'Sheegene 18'
Synonym: Kelly Seedless

Application

2014/092

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

status:

N/A

no:

11/7

**Received:** 21-May-2014 **Accepted:** 02-Jun-2014

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Sheehan Genetics LLC

**Agent:** Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0359683599 **Fax**: 0359683599

View the detailed description of this variety.



### Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa)

Variety: 'CHY' Synonym: N/A

Application

2014/238

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 13-Oct-2014 Accepted:

02-Dec-2014

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0754999249 Fax: 0754999249

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



## Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa)

Variety: 'CHA' Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2014/237

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

13-Oct-2014

Received:

Accepted:

02-Dec-2014

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0754999249 Fax: 0754999249

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



## Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa)

Variety: 'CHG MS77'

N/A Synonym:

Application

2014/236

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: Accepted:

13-Oct-2014

02-Dec-2014

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0754999249 Fax: 0754999249

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



# Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'DIP 6992'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2011/222

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: Accepted:

11-Oct-2011 08-May-2012

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

**Title** 

**VILMORIN** 

Holder: Agent:

CLAUSE PACIFIC (Henderson Seeds Group Pty Ltd

Trading as Clause Pacific)

**Telephone**: 0388505400

Fax: 0388505444

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'Capoeira'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2014/022

no:

Current ,

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

05-Feb-2014

Received: Accepted:

24-Feb-2014

**Granted:** 

N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Vilmorin

Agent: Shelston IP Telephone: 0297771111

**Fax:** 0292414666

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'Glendana'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2014/252

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

1477

**Received:** 22-Oct-2014 **Accepted:** 18-Nov-2014

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

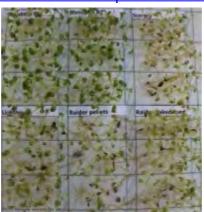
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Enza Zaden Beheer B.V.

**Agent:** Fisher Adams Kelly

**Telephone**: 0732292655 **Fax**: 0732210597

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'THIMBLE'

N/A Synonym:

Application <sub>2014/168</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 22-Jul-2014 21-Aug-2014 Accepted:

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published in

Volume 28, Issue 2 **Plant** 

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Nunhems B.V. Agent: Shelston IP **Telephone**: 0297771111 Fax: 0292414666

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



# Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'WINTERFELL'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2014/177

no:

2014/1/

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

IN/A

**Received:** 08-Aug-2014 **Accepted:** 01-Sep-2014

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Nunhems B.V.

Agent: Shelston IP

Telephone: 0297771111

Fax: 0292414666

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'Green Moon'

N/A Synonym:

Application

2014/239

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

14-Oct-2014

Accepted:

11-Nov-2014

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Vilmorin

Shelston IP Agent: **Telephone**: 0297771111

Fax: 0292414666

View the detailed description of this variety.



# Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'Sandpiper'

N/A Synonym:

Application

2014/094

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

22-May-2014

Received: Accepted: 20-Aug-2014

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published in

Volume 28, Issue 2 **Plant** 

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Enza Zaden Beheer B.V.

Agent: Fisher Adams Kelly

**Telephone**: 0732292655 0732210597 Fax:

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Leucaena (Leucaena pallida x Leucaena leucocephala)

Variety: 'BL-12' N/A Synonym:

Application

2014/112

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

17-Jun-2014

Received: Accepted:

23-Dec-2014

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

The University of Queensland, Meat & Livestock **Title** 

Australia Limited Holder:

UniQuest Pty Limited Agent:

Telephone: N/A Fax: N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Lucerne (Medicago sativa)

Variety: 'STM5' Synonym: N/A

Application

2010/049

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

status:

N/A

no:

Received:

18-Mar-2010

Accepted:

21-Apr-2010

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Cal/West Seeds

PGG Wrightson Seeds (Australia) Pty Ltd Agent:

**Telephone**: 0353347871 0353347892 Fax:

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



## Lucerne (Medicago sativa)

Variety: 'SARDI 10 Series 2'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2013/311

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

**Received:** 09-Dec-2013 **Accepted:** 31-Jan-2014

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

**Title** Minister of Agriculture, Food and Fisheries acting

Holder: through SARDI

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0883039572

Fax: N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Mirror Plant (Coprosma repens)

Variety: 'JWNCOPPS'
Synonym: Pacific Sunset

**Application** 

2013/119

no:

.

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

24-May-2013

Received: Accepted:

17-Jun-2013

Granted:

N/A

Description published in

. Plant

Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: John Woods Nurseries

**Agent:** Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0397379568 **Fax**: 0397379899

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Mirror Plant (Coprosma repens)

Variety: 'CopJoh02'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2015/102

no:

\_\_\_\_\_

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

**Received:** 12-May-2015 **Accepted:** 02-Jun-2015

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

**Title Holder:** John Woods Nurseries Limited **Agent:** Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0397379568 **Fax**: 039379899

View the detailed description of this variety.



# Peanut (Arachis hypogaea)

Variety: 'EC-98 (AO)'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2015/024

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

ACCLITE

Certificate

N/A

no:

03-Feb-2015

Received: Accepted:

01-Apr-2015

**Granted:** 

N/A

Description published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: El Carmen S.A.

**Agent:** G. Crumpton and Sons and Company P/L

**Telephone**: 0741623547 **Fax**: 0741624582

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Peanut (Arachis hypogaea)

Variety: 'Tamrun OL11'

N/A Synonym:

**Application** 

2015/023

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

03-Feb-2015

Received: Accepted:

01-Apr-2015

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Texas AgriLife Research

G. Crumpton and Sons and Company P/L Agent:

Telephone: 0741623547 0741624582 Fax:

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



## Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

Variety: 'AlsDun01'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2012/205

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

. . . . .

**Received:** 01-Oct-2012 **Accepted:** 19-Dec-2012

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Ian Duncalf

**Agent:** Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0397379568 **Fax**: 0397379899

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Phalaris (Phalaris aquatica)

Variety: 'Grazier' N/A Synonym:

Application

2006/334

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

18-Dec-2006

Accepted:

05-Feb-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Sheldon Agri Pty Ltd

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0269484497 Fax: 0269484494

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>







## Philodendron (Philodendron sp.)

Variety: 'Phil01' Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2013/300

no:

•

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

**Received:** 26-Nov-2013 **Accepted:** 20-Dec-2013

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Rob Pilling

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Limited

**Telephone**: 0245772977 **Fax**: 0245877728

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'GRA102471'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2013/157

no:

. .

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

IV/ A

**Received:** 09-Jul-2013 **Accepted:** 30-Jul-2013

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Harry Schreuders

**Agent:** Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0397822777 **Fax**: 0397822576

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'Ridley3402'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2013/194

no:

\_

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

11-Aug-2013

Accepted:

26-Aug-2013

**Granted:** 

N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Mountain Blue Orchards Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

**Telephone**: 0266248258 **Fax**: 0266246070

View the detailed description of this variety.



## Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'Ridley 4514'

N/A Synonym:

**Application** 

2014/220

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

23-Sep-2014

Received: Accepted:

22-Jul-2015

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published in

**Plant** 

Volume 28, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Mountain Blue Orchards Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266248258 Fax: 0266246070

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



## Sturt's desert pea (Swainsona formosa)

Variety: 'FlindersFlame'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2014/253

no:

\_----

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

**Received:** 23-Oct-2014 **Accepted:** 03-Dec-2014

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Flinders Partners Pty Limited

Agent: N/A

**Telephone**: 0882017716 **Fax**: 0882017888

<u>View the detailed description of this variety.</u>



## Tomato (Solanum lycopersicum)

Variety: 'FOUNDATION'

Synonym: N/A

**Application** 

2015/077

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

IV/A

Received:

15-Apr-2015

Accepted:

06-May-2015

Granted:

N/A

Description published in

. Plant

Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Nunhems B.V.

Agent: Shelston IP

Telephone: 0297771111

Fax: 0292414666

View the detailed description of this variety.



# Tomato (Solanum lycopersicum)

Variety: 'Dreamer'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2012/207

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

**Received:** 28-Sep-2012 **Accepted:** 23-Oct-2012

**Granted:** N/A

Description published in

Plant Volume 28, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Nunhems B.V.

Agent: Shelston IP

Telephone: 0297771111

Fax: 0292414666

View the detailed description of this variety.



Details of Application			
Application Number	2010/032		
Variety Name	'G.41'		
Genus Species	Malus domestica <b>x</b> Malus robusta		
Common Name	Apple Rootstock		
Synonym	Nil		
Accepted Date	25 May 2010		
Applicant	Cornell Research Foundation, Inc., Ithaca, New York		
Agent	Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC		
Qualified Person	Graham Fleming		
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial		
Overseas Testing	United States Patent and Trademarks Office		
Authority			
Overseas Data	USPP17,139		
Reference Number			
Descriptor	Apple Rootstock (Malus) UPOV TG/163/3		
Conditions	Characters verified under local conditions in Taggerty, VIC.		

#### Origin and Breeding

Controlled Pollination: The new variety G.41 of apple rootstock originated in 1975 when pollen from a *Malus robusta* 'Robusta 5' apple tree was applied to emasculated flowers of a *Malus domestica* 'Malling 27' apple tree at the New York Agricultural Experiment Station, Cornell University, Geneva, NY. In the fall of 1975, approximately 500 seeds resulting from this pollination were selected from mature fruit derived from this cross. The present variety differs from its maternal parent 'Malling 27' because it produces a tress that is 30% of the seedling size where as 'Malling 27' produces a tree 20% of the seedling size. It differs from its pollen parent 'Robusta 5' because it has a higher yield capacity and 'Robusta 5' doesnt have a dwarfing habit, it produces a tree the same size as a seedling. Breeder: Cummins; James, Aldwinckle; Herbert, Robinson; Terence, Fazio; Gennaro.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	habit	dwarfing

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name Comments				
'Malling 9'	'Malling 9' is similar to 'G.41' as both have dwarfing			
characteristics				

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'G.41'	'Malling 9'		
	*Plant: vigour	weak	weak		
	Plant: number of shoots	medium	few		
	*Plant: habit of shoot	spreading	spreading		
<b>V</b>	*Shoot: pubescence	weak	strong		
	Shoot: position of bud relative to axis	adpressed	slightly held out		
	*Shoot: colour of growing tip	greenish	reddish		
	*Leaf blade: incisions of margin	serrate	crenate		
	Leaf blade: pubescence on lower side	weak to medium	weak		
~	*Time of: beginning of bud burst	medium to late	early		

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'G.41'	'Malling 9'		
Plant: resistance to fire blight	present	absent		
Plant: yield efficiency	high	high		
Plant: resistance to Crown Rot:	present	-		
Plant: resistance to woolly apple aphid	present	absent		

## **Prior Applications and Sales:**

Carretory		Command Chadres	Name Amplied
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2009	Granted	'G 41'
Russia	2011	Applied	'G.41'
South Africa	2009	Applied	'G.41'
Turkey	2011	Applied	'G.41'
New Zealand	2011	Granted	'G.41'
Brazil	2011	Applied	'G.41'
Argentina	2011	Granted	'G.41'
Uruguay	2011	Applied	'G.41'
USA	2005	Granted	'G.41'
Mexico	2011	Applied	'G.41'

First sold in the USA in 2007.

Description: Rebecca Fleming, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2014/169
Variety Name	'MEA 04053-099'
Genus Species	Hordeum vulgare
Common Name	Barley
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	19 Aug 2014
Applicant	Malteurop Australia Pty Ltd, Geelong North, VIC
Agent	Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd, Adelaide, SA
Qualified Person	Amanda Box
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial
Location	Charlick Experimental Research Station, Strathalbyn, South
	Australia
Descriptor	Barley ( <i>Hordeum vulgare</i> ) UPOV TG/19/10
Period	July 2014 to December 2014
Conditions	The seeding rate was 60kg/ha, corresponding to
	approximately 150 seeds per square metre. Each replicate
	contained approximately 600 plants.
Trial Design	Between 3 and 12 replicates of each genotype were sown on
	the 3rd of July 2014 in un-randomised columns of 6 rows by
	38.4 metres.
Measurements	Fifty randomly selected plants for each genotype were
	assessed individually for each trait according to the UPOV
	TG/19/10.
RHS Chart - edition	N/A

#### Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: MEA04053-099 was developed as a controlled cross between two F1 populations: F1 (A) a cross between 'Picola' and a breeder's line and F1 (B) a cross between 'Sloop SA' and a breeder's line. Twenty seven F1 plants were used to produce a population of 115 doubled haploid plants. These were planted as double rows in the field in New Zealand in 2007/08 and evaluated for agronomic characteristics and suitability to Australian conditions. Forty seven were selected for harvest. Selected on grain quality, 39 were micro malted and 7 of the doubled haploids showed good malting potential. Seed of these were sent to AQIS, Waite Campus, Adelaide, South Australia. No issues were observed and the 7 doubled haploids were included in Malteurop trials managed by the University of Adelaide and planted as double rows at Charlick Experimental Research Station in 2009. Three doubled haploids were selected and were included in yield trials at three locations in 2010. Grain yield, grain size, overall disease profile, agronomic performance and malting quality were used as the basis to promote 04053-099 through trials in 2010, 2011 and 2012. Yield trials comprised of replicated designs grown at 15 locations across South Australia, Victoria and New South Wales, and up to 18 NVT locations across Australia in 2011 and 2012. Offtypes will be removed from 04053-099 grown in 2015 at Charlick Experimental Research Station, Strathalbyn, South Australia to produce foundation pure seed. Breeder: Anna Marie Andersen, Malteurop New Zealand Ltd.

				d for grou	iping varieties t	to identify the most similar
		ommon Knowledge t Part   Context			State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Lowest lear	ves	hairine	ss of leaf sheath		absent	
Awns		anthoc	yanin colouration	of tips	present	
Ear		numbe	r of rows		two	
Grain		malting	g quality		present	
Season		type			spring type	
Most Simil	ar Varie	ties of	Common Knowl	edge ide	ntified (VCK)	
Name			Commen	its		
'Fairview'			malting q	uality ba	rley	
'Gairdner'			malting q	uality ba	rley	
Varieties of	f Comm	on Kno	wledge identifie	d and su	bsequently exc	<u>cluded</u>
Variety	Disting	guishing	g Characteristics		of Expression i date Variety	in State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'SloopSA'	Plant		growth habit	prostra		erect
'SloopSA'			presen	t	absent	
'SloopSA'	Time o	f	ear emergence	mediu	m to late	early
'SloopSA'			presen	t	absent	
'SloopSA'	Plant		length		o medium	long
'Picola'	Plant		growth habit	prostra	nte	semi-prostrate
'Picola'	Time o			mediu	m to late	medium
'Picola'	Awn		length	very lo	ong	long

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'MEA 04053-099'	'Fairview'	'Gairdner'
*Plant: growth habit	prostrate	semi-prostrate	semi-prostrate to prostrate
*Lowest leaves: hairiness of leaf sheaths	absent	absent	absent
*Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	present	present	present
*Flag leaf: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of auricles	very weak	medium	medium
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	low to medium	absent or very low	medium

Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong	medium to strong	weak
*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	late	medium to late
*Awns: anthocyanin colouration of tips	present	present	present
*Awns: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of tips	very weak	medium	medium
*Ear: glaucosity	weak	absent or very weak	weak to medium
Ear: attitude	erect to semi-erect	erect	semi-erect to horizontal
*Plant: length	short to medium	short	short to medium
*Ear: number of rows	two	two	two
Ear: shape	parallel	parallel	parallel
*Ear: density	medium	medium	lax to medium
Ear: length	medium	medium	long
*Awn: length	very long	long	long
Rachis: length of first segment	short to medium	medium	medium to long
Rachis: curvature of first segment	weak	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
	parallel to weakly divergent	parallel to weakly divergent	parallel to weakly divergent
Median spikelet: length of glume and its awn relative to grain	equal	longer	equal
*Grain: rachilla hair type	long	long	short
*Grain: husk	present	present	present
Grain: anthocyanin colouration of nerves of lemma	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Grain: spiculation of inner lateral nerves of dorsal side of lemma	very weak to weak	strong	weak
*Grain: hairiness of ventral furrow	absent	absent	present
Grain: disposition of lodicules	clasping	clasping	clasping
Kernel: colour of aleurone layer	whitish	whitish	whitish

*Season: type	spring type	spring type	spring type			
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG						
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'MEA 04053-099' 'Fairview' 'Gairdn						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'MEA 04053-099'	'Fairview'	'Gairdner'			

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'MEA 04053-099'	'Fairview'	'Gairdner'	
Plant: length (cm)				
Mean	50.00	48.71	49.32	
Std. Deviation	0.17	1.60	3.20	
LSD/sig	1.16	P≤0.01	ns	
Ear: number of grains per	spike	-		
Mean	29.30	27.00	29.66	
Std. Deviation	0.57	1.35	1.81	
LSD/sig	0.79	P≤0.01	ns	
Ear: length (mm)				
Mean	84.00	82.57	99.00	
Std. Deviation	2.32	4.87	8.43	
LSD/sig	3.47	ns	P≤0.01	
Awns: length (mm)		-	_	
Mean	127.58	97.60	90.40	
Std. Deviation	0.75	4.37	6.00	
LSD/sig	2.62	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	

# **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Amanda Box, The University of Adelaide, Waite Campus, Adelaide, SA.

Details of Application		
Application Number	2013/224	
Variety Name	'La Trobe'	
Genus Species	Hordeum vulgare	
Coon Name	Barley	
Synonym	Nil	
Accepted Date	20 Sep 2013	
Applicant	Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd, Attwood, VIC and	
	Grains Research and Development Corporation, Kingston,	
	ACT	
Agent	N/A	
Qualified Person	David Collins	
Details of Comparative	- Trial	
Location	Wongan Hills Research Station WA.	
Descriptor	Barley Hordeum vulgare (TG/19/10)	
Period	May to Dec 2014.	
Conditions	Trial site duplex light grey sand (pH 4.5 in CaCl2)/yellow	
	mottled clay. Site sprayed with Sprayseed at 2.0 l/ha and	
	Boxer Gold at 2.5 l/ha on 19 May 14. Trial sown on 19 May	
	14 with Macro Pro Plus at 90 kg/ha and TD with 50 kg/ha	
	urea at tillering. Trial sprayed with Jaguar on the 13 Jun 14.	
Trial Design	Randomised block design with 2 replicates. Plots 1.42 m	

#### Origin and Breeding

RHS Chart - edition

N/A

Measurements

Selection from source material: Single plant selections were taken from the variety 'Hindmarsh' in November 2006. Seed of the individual plants was multiplied in the suer of 2006/7, and grown in un-replicated yield trials in Victoria during 2007. Multienvironment replicated yields were conducted in Victoria during 2008. Grain samples of individual lines from both the 2007 and 2008 trials were subject to physical and micromalt quality assessment. Lines were also assessed for a range of disease resistances, including Cereal Cyst Nematode. Selected lines were provided by the Department of Primary Industries, Victoria to InterGrain Pty Ltd for evaluation across a broader range of environments and for a greater range of malt quality parameters. InterGrain evaluated the line 'LaTrobe', in national trials in 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012 during which time it was established that malt of the line 'LaTrobe' produced significantly lower levels of wort betaglucan in the mashing process than the parental source variety Hindmarsh. The anthocyanin pigmentation heterogeneity Hindmarsh versus homogeneity of this characteristic in 'LaTrobe' was observed in field trials during 2012. Breeders: David Moody and David Watson, Department of Environment and Primary Industries Victoria, Horsham, VIC.

wide and 20 m long (7 rows x 220 spacing).

random. One measurement per plant.

Measurements taken from 10 specimens per plot, selected at

Choice of Comparators	_Characteristics used for gro	ouping varieties to identify the most similar	
Variety of Coon Knowled	dge		
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Plant	growth habit	erect	
Ear	presence of awns	present	
Ear	number of grain rows	two	
Most Similar Varieties	of Coon Knowledge identit	fied (VCK)	
Name	Comments		
'Hindmarsh'	two grain rows, awned	two grain rows, awned ear.	
'Dash'	two grain rows, awned ear.		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'La Trobe'	'Dash'	'Hindmars h'
*Plant: growth habit	erect	erect	erect
*Lowest leaves: hairiness of leaf sheaths	absent	absent	absent
*Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	present	present	present
*Flag leaf: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of auricles	very weak	medium to strong	medium to strong
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	very low to low	very low to low	very low to low
Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	weak to medium	weak to medium	medium to strong
*Time of: ear emergence	early	medium	early
*Awns: anthocyanin colouration of tips	present	present	present
*Awns: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of tips	very weak to weak	weak	medium to strong
*Ear: glaucosity	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak to medium
Ear: attitude	recurved	semi-recurved to recurved	semi-recurved to recurved
*Plant: length	short to medium	medium to long	short to medium
*Ear: number of rows	two	two	two
Ear: shape	tapering	tapering	parallel
*Ear: density	lax to medium	lax to medium	lax to medium
Ear: length	medium	medium to long	medium

*Awn: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium
*Sterile spikelet: attitude	parallel to weakly divergent	parallel	parallel to weakly divergent
Median spikelet: length of glume and its awn relative to grain	shorter	equal	shorter
*Grain: rachilla hair type	short	long	short
*Grain: husk	present	present	present
Grain: anthocyanin colouration of nerves of lea	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Grain: spiculation of inner lateral nerves of dorsal side of lea	absent or very weak	medium to strong	absent or very weak
*Grain: hairiness of ventral furrow	absent	absent	absent
*Season: type	spring type	spring type	spring type
Characteristics Additional to the Descripton	r/TC		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'La Trobe'	'Dash'	'Hindmars h'
Time of: maturity	early	late	early
Grain: disposition of lodicules	clasping	clasping	frontal
Ear: rachilla length	medium to	short to	short to medium
Ear. raciilia lengui	long	medium	
Statistical Table			
	'La Trobe'	'Dash'	'Hindmars h'
Organ/Plant Part: Context	La Hobe		
	La 1100c		
Plant: mature height (cm)	57.17	63.48	56.75
Plant: mature height (cm) Mean		63.48 3.20	56.75 3.80
Plant: mature height (cm) Mean	57.17		
Plant: mature height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	57.17 4.07	3.20	3.80
Plant: mature height (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: length (mm)	57.17 4.07	3.20	3.80
Plant: mature height (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: length (mm)  Mean	57.17 4.07 3.18	3.20 P≤0.01	3.80 ns
Plant: mature height (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: length (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation	57.17 4.07 3.18	3.20 P≤0.01 46.74	3.80 ns 42.94
Plant: mature height (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: length (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig	57.17 4.07 3.18 48.73 11.54	3.20 P≤0.01 46.74 7.43	3.80 ns 42.94 9.50
Plant: mature height (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: length (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: width (mm)	57.17 4.07 3.18 48.73 11.54 8.55	3.20 P≤0.01 46.74 7.43 ns	3.80 ns 42.94 9.50 ns
Plant: mature height (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: length (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: width (mm)	57.17 4.07 3.18 48.73 11.54 8.55	3.20 P≤0.01 46.74 7.43 ns	3.80 ns 42.94 9.50 ns
Plant: mature height (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: length (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: width (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig	57.17 4.07 3.18 48.73 11.54 8.55	3.20 P≤0.01 46.74 7.43 ns 6.35 0.99	3.80 ns 42.94 9.50 ns 5.43 1.24
Plant: mature height (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: length (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: width (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation (mm)  LSD/sig	57.17 4.07 3.18 48.73 11.54 8.55	3.20 P≤0.01 46.74 7.43 ns	3.80 ns 42.94 9.50 ns
Plant: mature height (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: length (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: width (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: width (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation (mm)  LSD/sig  Ear: length (mm)	57.17 4.07 3.18 48.73 11.54 8.55 5.80 1.18 0.93	3.20 P≤0.01 46.74 7.43 ns 6.35 0.99	3.80 ns 42.94 9.50 ns 5.43 1.24 ns
Plant: mature height (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: length (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: width (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flag leaf: width (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation (mm)	57.17 4.07 3.18 48.73 11.54 8.55 5.80 1.18 0.93	3.20 P≤0.01 46.74 7.43 ns 6.35 0.99 ns	3.80 ns 42.94 9.50 ns 5.43 1.24 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flag leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flag leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flag leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation (mm) LSD/sig Ear: length (mm)	57.17 4.07 3.18 48.73 11.54 8.55 5.80 1.18 0.93	3.20 P≤0.01 46.74 7.43 ns 6.35 0.99	3.80 ns 42.94 9.50 ns 5.43 1.24 ns

Mean	60.56	62.34	56.00
Std. Deviation	5.26	11.38	4.24
LSD/sig	6.02	ns	ns

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications}}{Nil} \ \ \textbf{and Sales}$

Description: David Collins, Northam, WA

<b>Details of Application</b>			
Application Number	2014/200		
Variety Name	'GR28'		
Genus Species	Stenotaphrum secundatum		
Common Name	Buffalo Grass		
Synonym	Nil		
Accepted Date	08 Sep 2014		
Applicant	Geoffrey Ridge, 71 Blacktown Road, Freemans Reach, NSW		
Agent	Turfgrass Scientific Services		
Qualified Person	Peter McMaugh		
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial		
Location	71 Blacktown Road, Freemans Reach NSW 2756		
Descriptor	National Descriptor for Buffalo Grass (PBR BUFF)		
Period	September 2013 - September 2014		
Conditions Grown in open ground in full sunlight. Mown at 50mm and fert			
	and irrigated as required.		
Trial Design	<b>Frial Design</b> Single large blocks of each variety with a minimum block size of 5 square metres.		
Measurements Measurements were made on 30 stolons harvested from e			
	along the edges growing out over bear ground. Each stolon had a		
minimum of six mature nodes. Measurements made on fourth ma			
	node and internode.		
RHS Chart - edition	1985		

## Origin and Breeding

Single sprig selection: this variety was clonally selected and grown from a single sprig of an unnamed Buffalo Grass from a land development at Harrington Waters near Taree, NSW. General growth in sun and shade indicated exceptional shade tolerance and generally good winter colour. The growth was moderate both in vertical extension and lateral spread making selection for domestic use attractive when compared to more rampant varieties. Further propagation was done from a single selected stolon. Selection criteria: Internode length and leaf length and width. Breeder: Geoffrey Ridge, 71 Blacktown Road, Freemans Reach, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar
Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	vigour	medium
Leaf blade	attitude	horizontal
Leaf blade	surface	glabrous
Flower	stigma colour	purple

## Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Noble Green'	
'B12'	also known Sapphire
'Shademaster'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
•			State of Expression in State of Expression in Candidate Variety Comparator Variety		Comments
'Sir Walter'	Internode	length	short to medium	long	
'Kings Pride'	Internode	length	short to medium	long	
'SS100'	Flower	stigma colour	purple		also known Palmetto
'Kakadu'		ratio of length/width		high	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'GR28'	'B12'	'Noble	'Shademaster'
			Green'	
Plant: vigour	medium	weak to	medium	medium to
		medium		strong
Plant: height	short to medium	medium	short to	medium
			medium	
Internode: length	short to medium	medium	medium	medium
Internode: width	narrow	medium	medium	medium
Internode: colour	141A	199A	141B	186C
(exposed) (RHS colour chart)				
Internode: colour	135A	137A	137A	137B
(unexposed) (RHS colour				
chart)				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	short to medium	medium	short	short to medium
Leaf blade: length			SHOIT	
Leaf blade: width	medium	medium	narrow	medium
Leaf blade: ratio of	low to medium	medium	low to	low to medium
length/width			medium	
Leaf blader aurface	glabrous	glabrous	glabrous	glabrous
Leaf blade: surface	glaorous	gravious	glaolous	gravious
Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute	acute
Leaf blade: attitude	horizontal	semi-erect	horizontal	horizontal
Leaf blade: colour (RHS	143A	137A	137A	137B
colour chart)				
Leaf blade, beininger	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: hairiness				
Stolon: degree of	medium	medium	medium	medium to
branching				strong
-	short	short to	short	short
Leaf: length of sheath		medium		
Stolon: length of longest	medium	medium	medium	medium
runner				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I	1	1	1

Flower: anther colour	yellow	yellow	yellow	yellow
Flower: stigma colour	purple	purple	purple	purple
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'GR28'	'B12'	'Noble Green'	'Shademaster'
Internode: length (mm)			Green	
Mean	38.18	46.46	45.58	46.03
Std. Deviation	5.70	7.80	10.45	8.80
LSD/sig	5.66	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Internode: width (mm)	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>		-
Mean	2.88	3.22	3.55	3.41
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.35	0.28	0.25
LSD/sig	0.18	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf sheath: length (mm)				
Mean	16.64	20.17	17.60	17.91
Std. Deviation	1.60	2.99	2.35	2.60
LSD/sig	1.65	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Leaf blade: length (mm)				
Mean	19.09	27.17	14.53	18.91
Std. Deviation	2.18	7.10	1.65	2.99
LSD/sig	2.77	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf blade: width (mm)				
Mean	7.07	6.44	5.58	7.05
Std. Deviation	0.73	1.37	0.81	1.37
LSD/sig	0.75	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf blade: length/width ra	atio	·	·	
Mean	2.71	4.29	2.63	2.76
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.97	0.34	0.70
LSD/sig	0.43	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Stolon: lateral shoot length	n (mm)			
Mean	11.97	11.87	11.90	14.23
Std. Deviation	0.18	0.68	0.99	0.97
LSD/sig	0.53	ns	ns	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Peter McMaugh, Turfgrass Scientific Services Pty Ltd, Carlingford, NSW.

<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2014/199
Variety Name	'Noble Green'
Genus Species	Stenotaphrum secundatum
Common Name	Buffalo Grass
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	08 Sep 2014
Applicant	Mark Bombardiere, Maroota, NSW
Agent	Turfgrass Scientific Services Pty Ltd, Carlingford, NSW
Qualified Person	Peter McMaugh
<b>Details of Comparativ</b>	e Trial
Location	71 Blacktown Road, Freemans Reach NSW 2756
Descriptor	National Descriptor for Buffalo Grass (PBR BUFF)
Period	September 2013 - September 2014
Conditions	Grown in open ground in full sunlight. Mown at 50mm and
	fertilised and irrigated as required.
Trial Design	Single large blocks of each variety with a minimum block size of 50 square metres.
Measurements	Measurements were made on 30 stolons harvested from each block
	along the edges growing out over bare ground. Each stolon had a
	minimum of six mature nodes. Measurements made on fourth
	mature node and internode.
RHS Chart - edition	1985

Single sprig selection: this variety was clonally selected and grown from a single sprig of an unnamed Buffalo Grass at Maroota, NSW until sufficient material was available for observations. The parental material was characterised by medium leaf size and short internode length. The variety was observed for four years until sufficient confidence was obtained that it was a viable commercial variety due to good winter colour retention. The variety was then vegetatively propagated further at 402 Pitt Town Bottoms Road, Pitt Town to confirm its uniformity and stability. Selection criteria: leaf width and length and generally short growth. Breeder: Mark Bombardiere, 1710 Wisemans Ferry Road, Maroota, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of
		Varieties
Plant	vigour	medium
Leaf blade	attitude	horizontal
Leaf blade	surface	glabrous
Flower	stigma colour	purple

Name	Comments
'GR28'	
'B12'	also known Sapphire
'Shademaster'	

Variety	Distinguisl Character	istics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sir Walter'	Internode	length	medium	long	
'Kings Pride'	Internode	length	medium	long	
'SS100'	Flower	stigma colour	purple	white	also known Palmetto
'Kakadu'	Leaf blade	ratio of length/width	low to medium	high	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Noble Green'	'B12'	'GR28'	'Shademaster'
E .	medium	weak to	medium	medium to
Plant: vigour		medium		strong
Plant: height	short to medium	medium	short to medium	medium
Internode: length	medium	medium	short to medium	medium
Internode: width	medium	medium	narrow	medium
Internode: colour (exposed) (RHS colour chart)	141B	199A	141A	186C
Internode: colour (unexposed) (RHS colour chart)	137A	137A	135A	137B
Leaf blade: length	short	medium	short to medium	short to medium
Leaf blade: width	narrow	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: ratio of length/width	low to medium	medium	low to medium	low to medium
Leaf blade: surface	glabrous	glabrous	glabrous	glabrous
Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute	acute
Leaf blade: attitude	horizontal	semi-erect	horizontal	horizontal
Leaf blade: colour (RHS colour chart)	137A	137A	143A	137B
Leaf blade: hairiness	absent	absent	absent	absent
Stolon: degree of branching	medium	medium	medium	medium to strong
Leaf: length of sheath	short	short to medium	short	short
Stolon: length of longest runner	medium	medium	medium	medium

	yellow	yellow	yellow	yellow
Flower: anther colour		yenow	yenow	yenow
Flower: stigma colour	purple	purple	purple	purple
Statistical Table				
<b>Organ/Plant Part: Context</b>	'Noble Green'	<b>'B12'</b>	'GR28'	'Shademaster'
Internode: length (mm)				
Mean	45.58	46.46	38.18	46.03
Std. Deviation	10.45	7.80	5.70	8.80
LSD/sig	5.66	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Internode: width (mm)				
Mean	3.55	3.22	2.88	3.41
Std. Deviation	0.28	0.35	0.20	0.25
LSD/sig	0.18	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf sheath: length (mm)				
Mean	17.60	20.17	16.64	17.91
Std. Deviation	2.35	2.99	1.60	2.60
LSD/sig	1.65	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Leaf blade: length (mm)				
Mean	14.53	27.17	19.09	18.91
Std. Deviation	1.65	7.10	2.18	2.99
LSD/sig	2.77	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: width (mm)				
Mean	5.58	6.44	7.07	7.05
Std. Deviation	0.81	1.37	0.73	1.37
LSD/sig	0.75	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: length/width ra	atio			
Mean	2.63	4.29	2.71	2.76
Std. Deviation	0.34	0.97	0.20	0.70
LSD/sig	0.43	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Stolon: lateral shoot length	(mm)			
Mean	11.90	11.87	11.97	14.23
Std. Deviation	0.99	0.68	0.18	0.97
LSD/sig	0.53	ns	ns	P≤0.01
·				

# **Prior Applications and Sales**

Prior application: nil.

First sold in Australia in Mar 2014.

Description: Peter McMaugh, Turfgrass Scientific Services Pty Ltd, Carlingford, NSW.

<b>Details of Application</b>			
Application Number	2014/201		
Variety Name	'SAKOST8194'		
Genus Species	Osteospermum hybrid		
Common Name	Cape Daisy		
Synonym	Yellow Glow		
Accepted Date	09 Sep 2014		
Applicant	Sakata Ornamentals Europe A/S, Marslev, Denmark		
Agent	Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd, Yellow Rock, NSW		
Qualified Person	Tim Angus		
Location	Oasis Nurseries, Yellow Rock, NSW		
Descriptor	UPOV TG 176/4		
Period	August - November 2012		
Conditions	Comparative Trial conducted in outside commercial production area, rooted cuttings (propagated from stock plants grown at Winmalee) potted into 140mm standard pots in commercial potting mix, nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertiliser application, plant protection treatments applied as necessary.		
Trial Design	Plants selected at random from commercial production		
Measurements	Taken from 10 plants at random		
RHS Chart - edition	2001		

Controlled pollination: seed parent proprietary breeding line "205057" x pollen parent proprietary breeding line "205056" in a planned breeding program. Seed parent is characterised by disc floret colour apricot. Pollen parent is characterised by flower colour orange yellow, disk florets dark brown, plant habit semi erect. Selection criteria: foliage colour, plant habit, flower habit, flower colour. Selection was done at Marslev, Denmark in European winter of 2006-2007. Propagation: by vegetative tip cuttings, no off types occurred in at least eight successive vegetative generations during the selection process and in numerous vegetative generations since selection. 'SAKOST8194' will be commercially propagated by vegetative tip cuttings. Breeder: Neils G. Kristensen, Odensevej 82, 5290 Marslev, Denmark.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
	number of colour on upper sides	one
Ray Floret	main colour of upper side	yellow

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name	Comments		
'Saksisgolye'			

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SAKOST8194'	'Saksisgolye'
*Plant: attitude of shoots	semi-erect	semi-erect
*Shoot: length	medium	short
Leaf: length including petiole	medium	very short to short
Leaf: width	medium	medium
Leaf: indentation of margin	medium to deep	shallow
*Leaf: variegation	absent	absent
Leaf: intensity of green colour of upper side	medium	medium
Young flower head: main colour of upper side of ray floret (RHS Colour Chart)	12A	
*Flower head: paracorolla	absent	absent
*Flower head: number of ray florets	medium	medium
*Flower head: diameter	small	small to medium
*Ray floret: length	medium	medium
*Ray floret: width	narrow	medium to broad
Ray floret: shape of apex (excluding incisions)	obtuse	
*Ray floret: inward rolling of longitudinal margins	absent on all flowers	absent on all flowers
Ray floret: colour of basal zone (RHS Colour Chart)	12A	feint N77B
*Ray floret: number of colours on upper side (base excluded)	one	one
*Ray floret: main colour on upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	12A	12A/B
Ray floret: colour distribution on upper side (varieties with one color on upper side only)	even	even
*Ray floret: colour group of middle zone on lower side	yellow with brown stripe	yellow brown
Disc: diameter	small	medium to large

*Disc: colour	yellow green	dark grey green
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**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2012	Granted	'SAKOST8194'
USA	2012	Applied	'SAKOST8194'

First sold in The Netherlands under in March 2011.

 $Description: \ \textbf{Tim Angus}, Lower \ Hutt, \ Wellington, \ New \ Zealand.$ 

Details of Application					
Application Number	2014/298				
Variety Name	'Snow Man'				
Genus Species	Daucus carota				
Common Name	Carrot				
Synonym	Nil				
Accepted Date	13 Jan 2015				
Applicant	Nunhems B.V. Haelen, The N	Vetherlands.			
Agent	Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.				
Qualified Person	John Oates				
Details of Comparativ	<u>re Trial</u>				
Location	Clyde, Victoria				
Descriptor	Carrot (Daucus carota) TG/49	9/7			
Period	Weeks 10 - 22 Autumn 2015				
Conditions		oam, and overhead irrigation as			
	required.				
Trial Design	_	v Man' 1000 plants in two			
		hite Satin'5000 plants per two			
		replications			
Measurements	As per UPOV Technical Guid	lelines			
RHS Chart - edition	2001				
0'' 10 "					
Origin and Breeding	TOTAL COLUMN TOTAL				
		own parent lines. Conventional			
Haelwn, the Netherland		ssing. Breeder: Nunhems B.V.			
naeiwii, ule ivelileilaile	is.				
Chaiga of Comparate	tors Characteristics used for	recurring variaties to identify the most similar			
Variety of Common K		grouping varieties to identify the most similar			
	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
8	shape in longitudinal section	narrow obtriangular			
	tip	strongly pointed			
	external colour	white			
NOUL	CACCITICIT COLOUI	WILL			
Most Similar Varietie	es of Common Knowledge ide	ntified (VCK)			
Name	Comments	mineu († Cix)			
Trank	Comments				

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Snow Man'	'White Satin'	
Foliage: width of crown	broad	medium	
Leaf: attitude	erect to semi-erect	erect to semi-erect	
*Leaf: length	short to medium	medium to long	

'White Satin'

*Leaf: division	fine	fine
*Leaf: intensity of green colour	dark	dark
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration of petiole	absent	absent
*Root: length	short to medium	medium to long
*Root: width	very narrow to narrow	medium
*Root: ratio width/length	small	medium
*Root: shape in longitudinal section	narrow obtriangular	narrow obtriangular to narrow oblong
*Root: shape of shoulder	flat to rounded	flat
*Root: tip	strongly pointed	strongly pointed
*Root: external colour	white	white
Root: intensity of external colour	very light	very light to light
Root: anthocyanin colouration of skin of shoulder	absent	absent
*Root: extent of green colour of skin of shoulder	absent or very small	absent or very small
Root: ridging of surface	medium to strong	weak to medium
*Root: diameter of core relative to total diameter	medium	small
*Root: colour of core	orange	yellow
Root: intensity of colour of core	light	very light
*Root: colour of cortex	white	yellow
Root: intensity of colour of cortex	very light	very light to light
Root: colour of core compared to colour of cortex	darker	same
*Root: extent of green colouration of interior	absent or very small	absent or very small
Root: protrusion above soil	absent or very slight	absent or very slight
Root: weight	small	medium
<u> </u>		1

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Snow Man'	'White Satin'	
>	Root: skin colour (RHS colour chart)	160D	12C	
	Root: core colour (RHS colour chart)	165C	162A	
>	Root: cortex colour (RHS colour chart)	155B	160B	

# **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
The Netherlands	2014	Applied	'Snow Man'
EU	2014	Applied	'Snow Man'

First sold in USA in August 2013.

Description: John Oates, Merimbula, NSW.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2013/082
Variety Name	'Tonga Wind'
Genus Species	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis
Common Name	Chinese Hibiscus
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	16 May 2013
Applicant	Aris Horticulture Incorporated, Barberton, USA
Agent	Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd, Winmalee, NSW
Qualified Person	Tim Angus
Details of Comparative	Trial
Location	Yellow Rock, NSW, Australia
Descriptor	TG/HIBIS (Hibiscus) (proj. 1)
Period	April to November 2014
Conditions	Comparative trial conducted in outside variety testing area at Yellow Rock with rooted cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 140 mm standard pots in commercial potting mix; nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertiliser application; plant protection sprays applied as required.
Trial Design	Candidate and comparator varieties in separate blocks
Measurements	selected at random from 10 plants
RHS Chart - edition	2007

Controlled pollination: The new variety 'Tonga Wind' developed from controlled pollinations between unnamed seedling YB-2450 (maternal parent) and unpatented seedling Calypso Orange (paternal parent) carried out between September 2007 to December 2007 in Alva, Florida, USA. The new variety was selected from a seedling population on 2nd September 2008; selection criteria included plant habit, flower colour, and time to flowering. First vegetative propagation occurred in February 2009 in Alva, Florida. Over many generations, at least 12, the new variety has been shown to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Wendy Bergman, Aris Horticulture Incorporated, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	woody
Flower	type	single
Flower	colour group	medium red

Name	Comments
'Baja Breeze'	
'Arion'	
'Brilliant Red'	

Varieties of Co	Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguish Characteri	_	in Candidate Variety	_	Comments	
'Brilliant Red'		colour of lower side	red orange	red		
'Brilliant Red'	flower	size	smaller	larger		
'Arion'	leaf blade	incision	serrate	crenate		
'Arion'	μ	colour of lower side	close to 42B	close to 45B/C		

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Tonga Wind'	'Baja Breeze'
Plant: growth habit	woody	woody
Plant: branching	medium	sparse to medium
Branch: attitude	upright	upright
Branch: colour	greenish brown	greenish brown
Branch: hair	absent	absent
Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium to long
Leaf blade: width	narrow to medium	medium to broad
Leaf blade: intensity of colour on green upper side	medium	medium to dark
Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
Leaf blade: hair	absent	absent
Leaf blade: shape	obovate	obovate
Leaf blade: shape of base	rounded	rounded
Leaf blade: shape of apex	broad acute	broad acute
Leaf blade: undulation of margin	present	present
Leaf blade: incisions of margin	present	present
Leaf blade: type of incisions of margin	serrate	serrate
Leaf blade: depth of incisions of margin	shallow to medium	medium to deep
Flower: type	single	single
Flower: diameter	medium to large	medium
Flower: colour group	medium red	medium red
Flower: number of colours	two	two
Flower: overlapping of petals	strong	medium to strong

	Flower: fragrance	absent	absent
	Petal: length	medium	medium
	Petal: width	medium	narrow to medium
	Petal: shape	fan	fan
	Petal: colour of upper side (excluding eye zone)	present	present
	Petal: colour of eye zone (RHS colour chart)	59A	59A
	Petal: size of eye zone	small to medium	small to medium
Y	Petal: colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	close to 42B and 14C	45B/C
	Petal: serration	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: undulation of margin	medium	medium to strong
	Staminal column: length	medium	medium
>	Stigma: colour (RHS colour chart)	close to 46A	59A
	Column: colour (RHS colour chart)	45B	45B

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedUSA2011Granted'Tonga Wind'

First sold in USA in Jan 2011.

Description: Tim Angus, Wellington, New Zealand.

Details of Application	T		
Application Number	2013/081		
Variety Name	'Tobago Wind'		
Genus Species	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis		
Common Name	Chinese Hibiscus		
Synonym	Nil		
Accepted Date	16 May 2013		
Applicant	Aris Horticulture Incorporated, Barberton, USA		
Agent	Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd, Winmalee, NSW		
Qualified Person	Tim Angus		
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	Trial		
Location	Yellow Rock, NSW, Australia.		
Descriptor	TG/HIBIS (Hibiscus )(proj. 1)		
Period	April to November 2014		
Conditions	Comparative trial conducted in outside variety testing area Yellow Rock with rooted cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 140 mm standard pots in commercial pott mix; nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid fe fertiliser application; plant protection sprays applied required.		
Trial Design	Candidate and comparator varieties in separate blocks		
Measurements	selected at random from 10 plants		
RHS Chart - edition	2007		

Controlled pollination: The new variety 'Tobago Wind' developed from controlled pollinations between unnamed seedling YB-2256 (maternal parent) and unnamed seedling YB-2195 (paternal parent) carried out between October 2004 to December 2004 in Alva, Florida, USA. The new variety was selected from a seedling population on 23rd August 2005; selection criteria included plant habit, flower colour, and time to flowering. First vegetative propagation occurred in January 2006 in Alva, Florida. Over many generations, at least 25, 'Tobago Wind' the new variety has been shown to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Wendy Bergman, Aris Horticulture Incorporated, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

	<u> </u>	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	woody
Flower	type	single
Flower	colour group	white or near white

Name	Comments	
'Boreas White'		
'Cool Wind'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded  Variety Distinguishing State of Expression in State of Expression in Comments							
•	Distingui Characte	_	_	Comparator Variety	Comments		
'Cool Wind'		throat colour	darker pink	lighter pink			
'Cool Wind'	flower throat colour	size	larger	smaller			

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Tobago Wind'	'Boreas White'
	Plant: growth habit	woody	woody
	Plant: height	medium	short to medium
	Plant: branching	medium	sparse to medium
	Branch: attitude	upright	upright
	Branch: colour	green	green
	Branch: hair	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: intensity of colour on green upper side	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: hair	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: shape	ovate	ovate
	Leaf blade: shape of base	rounded	rounded
	Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	broad acute
	Leaf blade: undulation of margin	present	present
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	present	present
~	Leaf blade: type of incisions of margin	serrate	crenate
~	Leaf blade: depth of incisions of margin	medium	shallow
	Leaf blade: lobing	absent	absent
	Flower: type	single	single
	Flower: diameter	medium	medium
	Flower: colour group	white or near white	white or near white
	Flower: number of colours	mono colour	mono colour
~	Flower: overlapping of petals	weak	medium

	Flower: fragrance	absent	absent
>	Petal: width	medium	very narrow
	Petal: shape	fan	fan
	Petal: colour of upper side (excluding eye zone)	present	present
~	Petal: colour of eye zone (RHS colour chart)	N57A	53A
	Petal: size of eye zone	medium to large	medium
>	Petal: colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	NN155B	2D
	Petal: serration	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
V	Petal: undulation of margin	weak to medium	medium to strong
	Petal: fading of colour	absent	absent
>	Staminal column: length	medium to long	short
>	Stigma: colour (RHS colour chart)	9A	12B
~	Column: colour (RHS colour chart)	158A	main colour 46A

Prior Applications and Sales Country Year Name Applied **Current Status** 'Tobago Wind' 2011 USA Granted

First sold in USA in Jan 2011.

Description: Tim Angus, Wellington, New Zealand.

2013/079	
'Cayman Wind'	
Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	
Chinese Hibiscus	
Nil	
16 May 2013	
Aris Horticulture Incorporated, Barberton, USA	
Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd, Winmalee, NSW	
Tim Angus	
<u> </u>	
Trial	
Yellow Rock, NSW, Australia	
TG/HIBIS (proj. 1)	
April to November 2014	
Comparative trial conducted in outside variety testing area at Yellow Rock with rooted cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 140 mm standard pots in commercial potting mix; nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertiliser application; plant protection sprays applied as required.	
Candidate and comparator varieties in separate blocks	
s selected at random from 10 plants	
2007	

Controlled pollination: The new variety Cayman Wind developed from controlled pollinations between unpatented seedling named Captiva Wind, code YB-2047 (maternal parent) and unpatented seedling Calypso Orange, code YB-2336 (paternal parent) carried out between September 2007 to December 2007 in Alva, Florida, USA. The new variety was selected from a seedling population on 3rd September 2008; selection criteria included plant habit, flower colour, and time to flowering. First vegetative propagation occurred in February 2009 in Alva, Florida. Over many generations, at least 12, the new variety has been shown to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Wendy Bergman, Aris Horticulture Incorporated, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context		State of Expression in Group of Varietic	
Plant	growth habit	woody	
Flower	type	single	
Flower	diameter	medium	

Name	Comments
'Montego Wind'	
'Baja Breeze'	
'Pink Veriscolour'	

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Montego Wind'	leaf blade	incisions	serrate	crenate	
'Montego Wind'	1	colour of upper side	54A	30C	
'Pink Versicolour'	flower	throat colour	red	pink	
'Pink Versicolour'	flower	time to flowering	later	earlier	

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Cayman Wind'	'Baja Breeze'
	Plant: growth habit	woody	woody
	Plant: branching	medium to dense	sparse to medium
	Branch: attitude	upright	upright
Y	Branch: colour	green	greenish brown
	Branch: hair	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium to long
	Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	medium to broad
	Leaf blade: intensity of colour on green upper side	medium to dark	medium to dark
	Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: hair	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: shape	obovate	obovate
	Leaf blade: shape of base	rounded	rounded
	Leaf blade: shape of apex	broad acute	broad acute
	Leaf blade: undulation of margin	present	present
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	present	present
	Leaf blade: type of incisions of margin	serrate	serrate
	Leaf blade: depth of incisions of margin	medium to deep	medium to deep
	Leaf blade: lobing	absent	absent
	Flower: type	single	single
	Flower: diameter	medium	medium
	Flower: colour group	pink	medium red
	Flower: number of colours	monocolour	two

	Flower: overlapping of petals	strong	medium to strong
	Flower: fragrance	absent	absent
	Petal: length	medium	medium
	Petal: width	medium	narrow to medium
	Petal: shape	fan	fan
	Petal: colour of upper side (excluding eye zone)	present	present
>	Petal: colour of eye zone (RHS colour chart)	45A	59A
	Petal: size of eye zone	small to medium	small to medium
>	Petal: colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	53D	45B/C
	Petal: serration	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
>	Petal: undulation of margin	weak	medium to strong
	Staminal column: length	medium	medium
>	Stigma: colour (RHS colour chart)	closer to 46A	59A
>	Column: colour (RHS colour chart)	47C	45B

Prior Applications and Sales Country Year **Current Status** Name Applied 'Cayman Wind' USA 2011 Granted

First sold in USA in Jan 2011.

Description: Tim Angus, Wellington, New Zealand

Details of Application				
Application Number	2013/078			
Variety Name	'Bonaire Wind'			
Genus Species	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis			
Common Name	Chinese Hibiscus			
Synonym	Nil			
Accepted Date	16 May 2013			
Applicant	Aris Horticulture Incorporated, Barberton, USA			
Agent	Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd, Winmalee, NSW			
Qualified Person	Tim Angus			
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	Trial			
Location	Yellow Rock, NSW, Australia			
Descriptor	TG/HIBIS (Hibiscus ) (proj. 1)			
Period	April to November 2014			
Conditions  Comparative trial conducted in outside variety testing area Yellow Rock with rooted cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 140 mm standard pots in commercial pott mix; nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid fe fertiliser application; plant protection sprays applied required.				
Trial Design	Candidate and comparator varieties in separate blocks			
Measurements	selected at random from 10 plants			
RHS Chart - edition	2007			

Controlled pollination: The new variety 'Bonaire Wind' developed from controlled pollinations between unnamed seedling code YB-1528 (maternal parent) and unnamed seedling code YB-2364 (paternal parent) carried out between September 2007 to December 2007 in Alva, Florida, USA. The new variety was selected from a seedling population on 3rd September 2008; selection criteria included plant habit, flower colour, and time to flowering. First vegetative propagation occurred in January 2009 in Alva, Florida. Over many generations, at least 12, the new variety has been shown to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Wendy Bergman, Aris Horticulture Incorporated, USA.

Choice of Comparators	S Characteristics used fo	r grouping varieties to identify the most similar					
Variety of Common Kn	owledge						
Organ/Plant Part	Organ/Plant Part   Context   State of Expression in Group of Varieties						
Flower	colour group	yellow					
Plant	growth habit	woody					
Flower	type	single					
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)  Name Comments							
	Comments						
	Comments						

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
·		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments		
'Sunny Wind'	flower throat	colour	white	red		

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Bonaire Wind'	'Chiffon Breeze'
	Plant: growth habit	woody	woody
	Plant: branching	medium	medium
	Branch: attitude	upright	upright
	Branch: colour	green	green
	Branch: hair	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: length	short to medium	medium
	Leaf blade: width	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
	Leaf blade: intensity of colour on green upper side	medium	medium to dark
	Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: hair	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: shape	obovate	obovate
	Leaf blade: shape of base	rounded	rounded
	Leaf blade: shape of apex	broad acute	acute
>	Leaf blade: undulation of margin	absent	present
>	Leaf blade: type of incisions of margin	crenate	serrate
	Leaf blade: depth of incisions of margin	shallow	shallow to medium
	Leaf blade: lobing	absent	absent
	Flower: type	single	single
	Flower: diameter	medium	medium
	Flower: colour group	yellow	yellow
	Flower: number of colours	two	two
>	Flower: overlapping of petals	weak to medium	strong
	Flower: fragrance	absent	absent
	Petal: length	medium	medium
	Petal: width	narrow to medium	medium

>	D t 1 1 C (DIIC 1 1 t)	2D with red tone about mid vein	36D
	Petal: size of eye zone	medium to large	medium
>	Petal: colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	13C and 14D	16D and N34C
	Petal: serration	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
>	Petal: undulation of margin	strong	weak
	Petal: fading of colour	present	-
	Staminal column: length	medium	short to medium
~	Stigma: colour (RHS colour chart)	closest to 40A	N30B
	Column: colour (RHS colour chart)	13D	13D

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Bonaire Wind'	Chiffon Breeze
~	Petal: shape	spathulate like	fan
~	Anther: colour	yellow	red

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedUSA2011Granted'Bonaire Wind'

First sold in USA in Jan 2011.

Description: Tim Angus, Wellington, New Zealand.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2013/080
Variety Name	'Samoa Wind'
Genus Species	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis
Common Name	Chinese Hibiscus
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	16 May 2013
Applicant	Aris Horticulture Incorporated, Barberton, USA
Agent	Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd, Winmalee, NSW
Qualified Person	Tim Angus
Details of Comparative	Trial
Location	Yellow Rock, NSW, Australia
Descriptor	TG/HIBIS (Hibiscus )(proj. 1)
Period	April to November 2014
Conditions	Comparative trial conducted in outside variety testing area Yellow Rock with rooted cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 140 mm standard pots in commercial potting mix; nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertiliser application; plant protection sprays applied as required.
Trial Design	Candidate and comparator varieties in separate blocks
Measurements	selected at random from 10 plants
RHS Chart - edition	2007

Controlled pollination: The new variety 'Samoa Wind' developed from controlled pollinations between unnamed seedling YB-1528 (maternal parent) and unpatented seedling Calypso Orange, code YB-2336 (paternal parent) carried out between September 2007 to December 2007 in Alva, Florida, USA. The new variety was selected from a seedling population on 2nd September 2008; selection criteria included plant habit, flower colour, and time to flowering. First vegetative propagation occurred in February 2009 in Alva, Florida. Over many generations, at least 12, the new variety has been shown to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Wendy Bergman, Aris Horticulture Incorporated, USA.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	woody
Flower	type	single
Flower	diameter	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Origin and Breeding

Name	Comments
'Cayman Wind'	
'Baja Breeze'	
'Candy Wind'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded								
Variety	Distinguishing		State of	State of	Comments			
	Characteristics		Expression in	Expression in				
			Candidate	Comparator				
			Variety	Variety				
Candy Wind'	flower colour		darker pink	lighter pink				

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Samoa Wind'	'Baja Breeze'	'Cayman Wind'
Plant: growth habit	woody	woody	woody
Plant: branching	sparse to medium	medium to dense	medium to dense
Branch: attitude	upright	upright	upright
Branch: colour	green	greenish brown	green
Branch: hair	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: length	short to medium	medium to long	medium to long
Leaf blade: width	medium	medium to broad	medium to broad
Leaf blade: intensity of colour on green upper side	medium to dark	medium to dark	medium to dark
Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: hair	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: shape	obovate	obovate	obovate
Leaf blade: shape of base	rounded	rounded	rounded
Leaf blade: shape of apex	broad acute	broad acute	broad acute
Leaf blade: undulation of margin	absent	present	present
Leaf blade: incisions of margin	present	present	present
Leaf blade: type of incisions of margin	serrate	serrate	serrate
Leaf blade: depth of incisions of margin	medium	medium to deep	medium to deep
Leaf blade: lobing	absent	absent	absent
Flower: type	single	single	single
Flower: diameter	medium	medium	medium
Flower: colour group	pink	medium red	pink
Flower: number of colours	mono colour	two	mono colour
Flower: overlapping of petals	medium to strong	medium to strong	strong
Flower: fragrance	absent	absent	absent

	Petal: length	medium to long	medium	medium
	Petal: width	medium	narrow to medium	medium
	Petal: shape	fan	fan	fan
□ eye	Petal: colour of upper side (excluding zone)	present	present	present
<b>▽</b> chai		46C	59A	45A
	Petal: size of eye zone	small	small to medium	small to medium
cha	Petal: colour of lower side (RHS colour rt)	47D	45B/C	53D
	Petal: serration	•	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
>	Petal: undulation of margin	very weak to weak	medium to strong	weak
	Staminal column: length	medium	medium	medium
>	Stigma: colour (RHS colour chart)	closest to 45A	59A	closest to 46A
>	Column: colour (RHS colour chart)	N30C	45B	47C

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedUSA2011Granted'Samoa Wind'

First sold in USA in Jan 2011.

Description: Tim Angus, Wellington, New Zealand.

Details of Application	
<b>Application Number</b>	2006/338
Variety Name	'Drover'
Genus Species	Dactylis glomerata
Common Name	Cocksfoot
Synonym	n/a
Accepted Date	5 February 2007
Applicant	Sheldon Agri Pty Ltd, Tooma, QLD.
Agent	n/a
Qualified Person	James Saunders
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial
Location	Tooma, NSW
Descriptor	Cocksfoot, Dactylis glomerata, UPOV TG/31/8
Period	2014-2015
Conditions	Open trial on river flat alluvial soil. With overhead irrigation. Annual average rainfall 29 inches. Mediterranean climate.
	Date of sowing 1 May 2014.
Trial Design	3 replicates of 4 varieties in 60 plant per replicates plus 2
	replicates of four varieties each of 10m of row.
Measurements	Visual assessment and quantitative measurements as UPOV
	guideline
Origin and Breeding	

Open pollination: Surviving plants of an old cocksfoot trial, that consisted of individual plants of 'Wana', 'Porto' 'Kara' and 'Currie' plants were selected and grown out in 2002 and a poly cross was made. These plants were monitored for uniformity and stability and plants that did not exhibit this uniformity and stability "off types" were removed. The resulting population was then grown out again in 2003 and again monitored for uniformity and stability and any "off types" removed. The 2003 generation seed was then grown out again and monitored for uniformity and stability. No "off types" were present. 'Drover' differed from its parental varieties by having greater persistence.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

[				
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	ploidy	tetraploid		
Plant	growth habit	semi-upright		
Plant	foliage fineness	medium to coarse		
Flag leaf	length	medium to long		
Flag leaf	width	medium to wide		
	·	·		

Name	9	Comments
'Curri	ie'	
'Porto	)'	

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Drover'	'Currie'	'Porto'
	Ploidy:	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
	Foliogo: finances			medium to coarse
	Plant: tendency to form inflorescences	strong	strong	strong
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	dark	dark	dark
Y	*Plant: time of inflorescence emergence	<i>-</i>	medium to late	late
□ eme	Plant: growth habit at inflorescence ergence	semi-upright	semi-upright	semi-upright
□ infl	*Stem: length of longest stem including orescence	medium to long		medium to long
	$\Psi \Gamma 1 = 1 = f, 1 = 41.$			medium to long
	*E1 - 1 - £,: 141-			medium to wide

**Statistical Table** 

Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Drover'	'Currie'	'Porto'
Plant height: longest stem to top	of inflorescence(m	<b>.</b>	•
Mean	744.72	752.96	768.00
Std. Deviation	98.50	109.62	86.30
LSD/sig	81.11	ns	ns
Flag leaf: width(mm)	•	•	'
Mean	9.79	9.38	10.00
Std. Deviation	2.18	2.07	2.03
LSD/sig	0.45	ns	ns
Flag leaf: length(mm)			
Mean	153.98	138.45	189.42
Std. Deviation	44.57	41.40	51.56
LSD/sig	8.22	ns	P<=0.01
Plant: No. of plants in flowering	( at 197 days from	sowing)	
Mean	7.17	3.67	0.00
Std. Deviation	0.98	0.58	0.00
LSD/sig	2.42	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: Seed retention 6 weeks after	ter seed formation	(%)	
Mean	64.00	12.00	5.00
Std. Deviation	0.48	0.33	0.22
LSD/sig	3.67	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales: Nil**

Description: James Saunders, Melbourne, VIC

Details of Application	1		
Details of Application	0014/010		
Application Number	2014/313		
Variety Name	'UQ-490'		
Genus Species	Cynodon dactylon		
Common Name	Couchgrass		
Synonym			
Accepted Date	05 February 2015		
Applicant	The University of Queensland, Brisbane, QLD and State of		
	Queensland acting through the Department of Agriculture,		
	Fisheries and Forestry, Brisbane, QLD.		
Agent	UniQuest Pty Limited, Brisbane, QLD		
Qualified Person	Matthew Roche		
Qualifica 1 ci son			
Details of Comparative	a Triel		
Location	Jimboomba Turf, Allenview, QLD		
	Couch grass Cynodon dactylon National descriptor PBR		
Descriptor	COUCH COUCH		
D 1			
Period	27 February 2014 to 27 November 2014		
Conditions	Harvested slabs of the above turf varieties were collected		
	from the respective farms on 27 February 2014. Thirty (30)		
	individual 100 mm diameter plugs were removed from the		
	slabs of turf for each variety and planted in the prepared		
	ground that was free from weeds and green couch		
	contamination. Weed control was maintained by pre-		
	emergence oxadiazon, nutrition was maintained by slow		
	release fertiliser (18-10-9) and encroachment between plants		
	was controlled periodically by use of non-systemic herbicide.		
	Plants were irrigated to maintain unstressed growth using a		
	centre pivot.		
Trial Design	Thirty (30) spaced plants of each variety were arranged in six		
	(6) randomised blocks with five (5) plants per plot; 1.5 m		
	between plots, 1.5 m between plants within plots.		
Measurements	Data was collected as per the recommendations by Roche		
	(2013). Single diameter of spread measurements were taken		
	per plant (8 May 2014); two stolons per plant were collected		
	8 May 2014 and stolon and leaf characteristics were		
	measured; two flowering tillers were collected per plant 25		
	November 2014 and over 2 days leaf characteristics were		
	measured; inflorescence density (no. per 0.25 m²) and average		
	sward height per plant were acquired 25 November 2014 (271		
	DPP); exposed leaf and stolon colour using the Royal		
	Horticultural Society (RHS) colour chart, along with digital		
	photos were taken 8 May 2014. Reference: Roche, M.B.		
	(2013) Characterisation of vegetative Bermuda grasses		
	(Cynodon spp.) for turf use in Australia, MPhil thesis,		
	University of Queensland, St Lucia, QLD.		
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (fifth edition)		

Selection followed by open pollination: Australian Mediterranean Zone Cynodons (AMC). The AMC are a group of Bermuda grasses that are adapted to sandy soils and a Mediterranean climate (therefore dry summers) in southern and south-western Australia. Approximately 215 AMC's and an additional 800 Australian Bermuda grass ecotypes collected from other climatic zones were collected and propagated as heterogeneous swards (ecotypes) in a glasshouse. The best performing plants from each ecotype based on turf grass quality were selected and planted in pots in an open compound at University of Queensland St Lucia, QLD where they were screened for nitrogen use efficiency. In all, over 1000 bermuda grasses were propagated in the pots from a small piece of stolon that ensured that each sward was genetically homogeneous. The grasses in these pots were kept seedless and maintained as pure genetic stocks for further experiments. From these pots each grass was vegetatively propagated and planted in a series of field experiments, in some cases including rainout shelters to select for drought resistance. In all 7 experiments were conducted for drought resistance over a 5 year period which led to the selection of a number of AMC including 'EcoTurf 490' ('UQ-490') which had outstanding drought resistance. The research conducted during this selection process has been described and published in a number of high ranking international plant science journals. 'UQ-490' differs from its source populations in being highly drought tolerant. Breeders: Dr Christopher Lambrides, Dr Yi Zhou and Prof Shu Fukai.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar	
Variety of Common Knowledge	

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	ploidy	tetraploid		
Plant	type	mat forming		
Plant	height	short		
Culm	length	short		
Stolon	internode thickness	medium to thick		

Name	Comments	
'Riley's Everygreen'	trademarked as 'Conquest'®. Material obtained from National Turfgrass Collection (Genetics Resource Centre n- GRC)	
'Hatfield'	material obtained from National Turfgrass Collection (GRC)	
'Grand Prix'	material obtained from Tinamba Turf.	
'C1'	trademarked as 'Legend'®. Material obtained from Tinamba Turf.	
'Oz-E-Green'	Trademarked as 'OZ Tuff'®. Material sourced from Australian Lawn Concepts.	
'UQ-539'	PBR variety (application no. 2014/145) from the same applicant	
'UQ-545'	PBR variety (application no. 2014/314) from the same applicant.	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
Variety	Disting Charac	0		State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments	
'Winter- green'	Plant	drought tolerance	<i>C</i> 3	susceptible.		

# $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

	an/Plant Part: itext	'UQ-490'	'C1'	'Riley's Evergreen'	'UQ-539'	'UQ-545'	'Grand Prix'	'Hatfield'	'Oz-E- Green'
	Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
>	Plant: habit	prostrate creeping, highly rhizomatou s	prostrate creeping, rhizomatous	prostrate creeping, rhizomatous	prostrate creeping, highly rhizomatous	prostrate creeping, highly rhizoma- tous	prostrate creeping, rhizoma -ous	prostrate creeping, rhizoma- tous	prostrate creeping, rhizoma- tous
	Plant: type	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat-forming	mat- forming	mat- forming
	Plant: height	short	short	short	short	short	short	short	short
	Plant: longevity	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial
	Plant: spreading		laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes
	Stolon: nodes	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	Compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves
<b>▽</b> leng	Stolon: internode	medium	medium- short	long	short	medium	short	medium- short	medium- short
□ thicl	Stolon: internode kness	medium- thick	medium- thin	medium	medium- thick	medium- thick	medium- thick	medium- thick	medium
		147B	N199B	N199A	N199A	146A	N199A	N199B	200B
	Culm: length	short	short	short	short	short	short	short	short
	Leaf blade: shape	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular
V	Leaf blade: length	long	long	medium	long	long- medium	medium	medium	medium
<b>V</b>	Leaf blade: width	medium- wide	narrow	medium- wide	medium- wide	medium- wide	narrow	narrow	narrow
~	Leaf blade: colour	>191A	137B	137B	147A	137C	147B	137B	137A
	Ligule: appearance	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs	short white	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs

	Inflorescence: type	with (3,4 or 5) short spicate	(2,3,4 or 5) short	(3,4 or 5) short spicate	(3,4 or 5) short spicate	digitate with (2,3,4 or 5) short spicate racemes	digitate with (3,4 or 5) short spicate racemes	digitate with (3,4 or 5) short spicate racemes	digitate with (2, 3 or 4) short spicate racemes
of pe	Inflorescence: length eduncle	short	short	short	short	short	short	short	short
	Inflorescence: imum number pikes	five	five	five	five	four	four	five	four
mini of sp	mum number	three	two	three	three	two	two	three	two
	Culms: habit	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent
□ appe	Leaf sheath:	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth
prese	Leaf blade: entation	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded
	Leaf blade: apex	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute
□ anth		purple	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple
□ beha	Plant: reproductive	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'UQ-490'	'C1'	'Riley's Evergreen'	'UQ-539'	l'I I ( )-545'	'Grand Prix'	l'Haffield'	'Oz-E- Green'
Plant: drought tolerance	highly tolerant	susceptible	_		highly tolerant	susceptible	susceptible	susceptible

# **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'UQ-490'	'C1'	'Riley's Evergreen'	'UQ-539'	'UQ-545'	'Grand Prix'	'Hatfield'	'Oz-E- Green'
✓ Plant: diameter of space	ed plants aft	er 70 days pos	t planting (mn	n)	•	-	-	
Mean	1227.70	1300.30	1829.00	527.50	1269.70	615.70	1291.70	469.70
Std. Deviation	396.50	363.90	512.40	196.30	345.70	252.90	291.40	235.40
LSD/sig.	261.80	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
☑ Stolon: length of fourth	internode f	rom stolon tip(	(mm)					
Mean	46.30	40.40	63.70	22.70	45.50	22.10	36.50	20.60
Std. Deviation	10.80	8.00	11.80	7.0	11.50	5.90	6.00	5.90
LSD/sig.	5.7	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
	rth internode	e from stolon t	ip (mm)					
Mean	1.72	1.28	1.29	1.54	1.46	1.47	1.40	1.25
Std. Deviation	0.30	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.30	0.20	0.20
LSD/sig.	0.14	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
✓ Stolon: length of leaf b	lade on four	th visible node	from stolon ti	p(mm)				

Mean	12.80	8.80	12.70	13.00	13.40	5.40	8.60	6.70
Std. Deviation	5.80	3.00	3.10	4.80	6.40	3.00	2.30	2.20
LSD/sig.	2.8	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
✓ Inflorescence: length of	f blade on fo	urth leaf on flo	owering tillers	(mm)				
Mean	44.10	35.60	25.20	32.00	28.60	23.00	22.50	22.20
Std. Deviation	12.10	10.80	6.20	4.80	8.00	5.80	7.00	5.70
LSD/sig.	6.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☑ Inflorescence: width of	blade on for	ırth leaf on flo	wering tillers(	mm)				
Mean	2.63	2.19	2.14	2.67	2.44	1.94	1.80	2.03
Std. Deviation	0.40	0.30	0.30	0.40	0.40	0.30	0.30	0.30
LSD/sig.	0.20	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☑ Inflorescence: density (	No. of inflo	rescences / m <sup>2</sup>	)					
Mean	17.90	240.10	261.00	30.20	24.40	20.20	99.90	36.60
Std. Deviation	15.70	121.80	105.80	11.10	17.10	11.00	82.50	26.00
LSD/sig.	85.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
☑ Sward: unmown height	271 days po	st planting(mr	n)					
Mean	175.00	183.70	223.80	140.00	166.00	112.80	121.10	150.00
Std. Deviation	31.80	27.50	24.40	24.40	33.10	35.10	27.50	33.10
LSD/sig.	28.2	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns

# **Prior Applications and Sales:** Nil.

Description: Matthew Roche, Australian Sports Turf Consultants, Brisbane, QLD.

TD 4 11 41	T
Details of Application	
Application Number	2014/314
Variety Name	'UQ-545'
Genus Species	Cynodon dactylon
Common Name	Couchgrass
Synonym	
Accepted Date	05 February 2015
Applicant	The University of Queensland, Brisbane, QLD and State of
	Queensland acting through the Department of Agriculture,
	Fisheries and Forestry, Brisbane, QLD.
Agent	UniQuest Pty Limited, Brisbane, QLD
Qualified Person	Matthew Roche
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Location	Jimboomba Turf, Allenview, QLD
Descriptor	Couch grass Cynodon dactylon National descriptor PBR
2 coci ipiui	COUCH
Period	27 February 2014 to 27 November 2014
Conditions	Harvested slabs of the above turf varieties were collected
Conditions	from the respective farms on 27 February 2014. Thirty (30)
	individual 100 mm diameter plugs were removed from the
	slabs of turf for each variety and planted in the prepared
	ground that was free from weeds and green couch
	contamination. Weed control was maintained by pre-
	emergence oxadiazon, nutrition was maintained by slow
	release fertiliser (18-10-9) and encroachment between plants
	was controlled periodically by use of non-systemic herbicide.
	Plants were irrigated to maintain unstressed growth using a
	centre pivot.
Trial Design	Thirty (30) spaced plants of each variety were arranged in six
2 2 40 - 8 - 2	(6) randomised blocks with five (5) plants per plot; 1.5 m
	between plots, 1.5 m between plants within plots.
Measurements	Data was collected as per the recommendations by Roche
	(2013). Single diameter of spread measurements were taken
	per plant (8 May 2014); two stolons per plant were collected
	8 May 2014 and stolon and leaf characteristics were
	measured; two flowering tillers were collected per plant 25
	November 2014 and over 2 days leaf characteristics were
	measured; inflorescence density (no. per 0.25 m²) and average
	sward height per plant were acquired 25 November 2014 (271
	DPP); exposed leaf and stolon colour using the Royal
	Horticultural Society (RHS) colour chart, along with digital
	photos were taken 8 May 2014. Reference: Roche, M.B.
	(2013) Characterisation of vegetative Bermuda grasses
	(Cynodon spp.) for turf use in Australia, MPhil thesis,
	University of Queensland, St Lucia, QLD.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (fifth edition)

Selection followed by open pollination: Australian Mediterranean Zone Cynodons (AMC). The AMC are a group of Bermuda grasses that are adapted to sandy soils and a Mediterranean climate (therefore dry summers) in southern and south-western Australia. Approximately 215 AMC's and an additional 800 Australian Bermuda grass ecotypes collected from other climatic zones were collected and propagated as heterogeneous swards (ecotypes) in a glasshouse. The best performing plants from each ecotype based on turf grass quality were selected and planted in pots in an open compound at The University of Queensland St Lucia, QLD where they were screened for nitrogen use efficiency. In all, over 1000 bermuda grasses were propagated in the pots from a small piece of stolon that ensured that each sward was genetically homogeneous. The grasses in these pots were kept seedless and maintained as pure genetic stocks for further experiments. From these pots each grass was vegetatively propagated and planted in a series of field experiments, in some cases including rainout shelters to select for drought resistance. In all 7 experiments were conducted for drought resistance over a 5 year period which led to the selection of a number of AMC including 'EcoTurf 545' ('UQ-545') which had outstanding drought resistance. The research conducted during this selection process has been described and published in a number of high ranking international plant science journals. 'UQ-545' differs from its source populations in being highly drought tolerant. Breeders: Dr Christopher Lambrides, Dr Yi Zhou and Prof Shu Fukai.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

· writer or common ran						
Organ/Plant Part	Context	<b>State of Expression in Group of Varieties</b>				
Plant	ploidy	tetraploid				
Plant type		mat forming				
Plant	height	short				
Culm length short		short				
Stolon	internode thickness medium to thick					

Name	Comments				
'Riley's Everygreen'	trademarked as 'Conquest'®. Material obtained from				
	National Turfgrass Collection(Genetic Resources Centre - GRC)				
'Hatfield'	material obtained from National Turfgrass				
	Collection(GRC)				
'Grand Prix'	material obtained from Tinamba Turf.				
'C1'	trademarked as 'Legend'®. Material obtained from				
	Tinamba Turf.				
'Oz-E-Green'	trademarked as 'OZ Tuff'®. Material sourced from				
	Australian Lawn Concepts.				
'UQ-539'	PBR variety (application no. 2014/145) from the same				
	applicant				
'UQ-490'	PBR variety (application no. 2014/313) from the same				
	applicant.				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded								
Variety	Distinguishing			State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments			
'Winter- green'	Plant	drought tolerance	<i>C</i> ,	susceptible.				

# $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'UQ-545'	'C1'	'Riley's Evergreen'	'UQ-539'	'UQ-490'	'Grand Prix'	'Hatfield'	'Oz-E- Green'
Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
Plant: habit	prostrate creeping, highly rhizomatous	prostrate creeping, rhizomatous	prostrate creeping, rhizomatous	prostrate creeping, highly rhizomatous	creeping,	prostrate creeping, rhizoma -ous	prostrate creeping, rhizoma- tous	prostrate creeping, rhizoma- tous
Plant: type	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat-forming	mat- forming	mat- forming
Plant: height	short	short	short	short	short	short	short	short
Plant: longevity	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial
Plant: spreading	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes
Stolon: nodes	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	Compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	d nodes with 3	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	nodes with 3	compoun d nodes with 3 subtendin g leaves
Stolon: internode length	medium	medium- short	long	short	medium	short	medium- short	medium- short
Stolon: internode thickness	medium- thick	medium- thin	medium	medium- thick	medium- thick	medium- thick	medium- thick	medium
Stolon: colour when exposed to sunlight	146A	N199B	N199A	N199A	147B	N199A	N199B	200B
Culm: length	short	short	short	short	short	short	short	short
	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular
Leaf blade: length	long-medium	long	medium	long	long	medium	medium	medium
	medium- wide	narrow	medium- wide	medium- wide	medium- wide	narrow	narrow	narrow
Leaf blade:	137C	137B	137B	>191A	137C	147B	137B	137A

colour								
Ligule:	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs		hairs	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs
Inflorescence:	digitate with (2,3 or 4) short spicate racemes	digitate with (2,3,4 or 5) short spicate racemes	digitate with (3,4 or 5) short spicate racemes	digitate with (3,4 or 5)	or 5) short	digitate with (2,3 or 4) short spicate racemes	digitate with (3,4 or 5) short spicate racemes	digitate with (2, 3 or 4) short spicate racemes
Inflorescence: length of peduncle	short	short	short	short	short	short	short	short
Inflorescence: maximum number of spikes	four	five	five	five	five	four	five	four
Inflorescence: minimum number of spikes	two	two	three	three	three	two	three	two
Culms: habit	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumben t	decumbent	decumbent	decumben t
Leaf sheath: appearance	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth
Leaf blade: presentation	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded
Leaf blade: apex	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute
Inflorescence: anthers	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple
Plant: reproductive behaviour	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreedi ng	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreedi ng

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'UQ-545'	PC T	'Riley's Evergreen'	'UQ-539'	'UQ-490'	'Grand Prix'	"Haffield"	'Oz-E- Green'
Plant: drought tolerance	highly tolerant	<u>.</u>	susceptible	highly tolerant		susceptible	susceptible	susceptible

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'UQ-545'	'C1'	'Riley's Evergreen'	'UQ-539'	PT 17 1_7 1001	'Grand Prix'		'Oz-E- Green'
☑ Plant: diameter of spaced plants after 70 days post planting (mm)								
Mean	1269.70	1300.30	1829.00	527.50	1227.70	615.70	1291.70	469.70
Std. Deviation	345.70	363.90	512.40	196.30	396.50	252.90	291.40	235.40
LSD/sig.	261.8	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
☑ Stolon: length of fourth internode from stolon tip(mm)								

Mean	45.50	40.40	63.70	22.70	46.30	22.10	36.50	20.60
Std. Deviation	11.50	8.00	11.80	7.00	10.80	5.90	6.00	5.90
LSD/sig.	5.7	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
✓ Stolon: diameter o	f fourth internoc	le from stolon	tip (mm)	-		-		
Mean	1.46	1.28	1.29	1.54	1.72	1.47	1.40	1.25
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.30	0.30	0.20	0.20
LSD/sig.	0.14	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01
☑ Stolon: length of le	eaf blade on fou	rth visible nod	e from stolon t	ip(mm)				
Mean	13.40	8.80	12.70	13.00	12.80	5.40	8.60	6.70
Std. Deviation	6.40	3.00	3.10	4.80	5.80	3.00	2.30	2.20
LSD/sig.	2.80	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☑ Inflorescence: leng	gth of blade on f	ourth leaf on fl		s(mm)				
Mean	28.60	35.60	25.20	32.00	44.10	23.00	22.50	22.20
Std. Deviation	8.00	10.80	6.20	7.90	12.10	5.80	7.00	5.70
LSD/sig.	6.6	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns
✓ Inflorescence: wid	th of blade on fo	ourth leaf on fl	owering tillers	(mm)				
Mean	2.44	2.19	2.14	2.67	2.63	1.94	1.80	2.03
Std. Deviation	0.40	0.30	0.30	0.40	0.40	0.30	0.30	0.30
LSD/sig.	0.20	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☑ Inflorescence: den	sity (No. of inflo	orescences / m <sup>2</sup>	2)					
Mean	24.40	240.10	261.00	30.20	17.90	20.20	99.90	36.60
Std. Deviation	17.10	121.80	105.80	11.10	15.70	11.00	82.50	26.00
LSD/sig.	85.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
✓ Sward: unmown h	eight 271 days p	ost planting(m	ım)					
Mean	166.00	183.70	223.80	140.00	175.00	112.80	121.10	150.00
Std. Deviation	33.10	27.50	24.40	24.40	31.80	35.10	27.50	33.10
LSD/sig.	28.2	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns

Description: Matthew Roche, Australian Sports Turf Consultants, Brisbane, QLD.

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<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2014/145
Variety Name	'UQ-539'
Genus Species	Cynodon dactylon
Common Name	Couchgrass
Synonym	
Accepted Date	23 December 2014
Applicant	The University of Queensland, Brisbane, QLD and State of
	Queensland acting through the Department of Agriculture,
	Fisheries and Forestry, Brisbane, QLD.
Agent	UniQuest Pty Limited, Brisbane, QLD
Qualified Person	Matthew Roche
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Location	Jimboomba Turf, Allenview, QLD
Descriptor	Couch grass Cynodon dactylon National descriptor PBR
Descriptor	COUCH
Period	27 February 2014 to 27 November 2014
Conditions	Harvested slabs of the above turf varieties were collected
Conditions	from the respective farms on 27 February 2014. Thirty (30)
	individual 100 mm diameter plugs were removed from the
	slabs of turf for each variety and planted in the prepared
	ground that was free from weeds and green couch
	contamination. Weed control was maintained by pre-
	emergence oxadiazon, nutrition was maintained by slow
	release fertiliser (18-10-9) and encroachment between plants
	was controlled periodically by use of non-systemic herbicide.
	Plants were irrigated to maintain unstressed growth using a
	centre pivot.
Trial Design	Thirty (30) spaced plants of each variety were arranged in six
That Design	(6) randomised blocks with five (5) plants per plot; 1.5 m
	between plots, 1.5 m between plants within plots.
Measurements	Data was collected as per the recommendations by Roche
ivicusui cinciits	(2013). Single diameter of spread measurements were taken
	per plant (8 May 2014); two stolons per plant were collected
	8 May 2014 and stolon and leaf characteristics were
	measured; two flowering tillers were collected per plant 25
	November 2014 and over 2 days leaf characteristics were
	measured; inflorescence density (no. per 0.25 m <sup>2</sup> ) and average
	sward height per plant were acquired 25 November 2014 (271
	DPP); exposed leaf and stolon colour using the Royal
	Horticultural Society (RHS) colour chart, along with digital
	photos were taken 8 May 2014. Reference: Roche, M.B.
	(2013) Characterisation of vegetative Bermuda grasses
	(Cynodon spp.) for turf use in Australia, MPhil thesis,
	University of Queensland, St Lucia, QLD.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (fifth edition)
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Selection followed by open pollination: Australian Mediterranean Zone Cynodons (AMC). The AMC are a group of Bermuda grasses that are adapted to sandy soils and a Mediterranean climate (therefore dry summers) in southern and south-western Australia. Approximately 215 AMC's and an additional 800 Australian Bermuda grass ecotypes collected from other climatic zones were collected and propagated as heterogeneous swards (ecotypes) in a glasshouse. The best performing plants from each ecotype based on turf grass quality were selected and planted in pots in an open compound at The University of Queensland St Lucia, QLD where they were screened for nitrogen use efficiency. In all, over 1000 bermuda grasses were propagated in the pots from a small piece of stolon that ensured that each sward was genetically homogeneous. The grasses in these pots were kept seedless and maintained as pure genetic stocks for further experiments. From these pots each grass was vegetatively propagated and planted in a series of field experiments, in some cases including rainout shelters to select for drought resistance. In all 7 experiments were conducted for drought resistance over a 5 year period which led to the selection of a number of AMC including 'EcoTurf 539' ('UQ-539') which had outstanding drought resistance. The research conducted during this selection process has been described and published in a number of high ranking international plant science journals. 'UQ-539' differs from its source populations in being highly drought tolerant. Breeders: Dr Christopher Lambrides, Dr Yi Zhou and Prof Shu Fukai.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar
Variety of Common Knowledge

Variety of Common Knowled	ige
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<i>J</i>	U	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	tetraploid
Plant	type	mat forming
Plant	height	short
Culm	length	short
Stolon	internode thickness	medium to thick

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments		
'Riley's Evergreen'	trademarked as 'Conquest'®. Material obtained from		
-	National Turfgrass Collection(Genetic Resources Centre)		
'Hatfield'	material obtained from National Turfgrass Collection		
	(GRC)		
'Grand Prix'	material obtained from Tinamba Turf.		
'C1'	trademarked as 'Legend'®. Material obtained from		
	Tinamba Turf.		
'Oz-E-Green'	Trademarked as 'OZ Tuff'®. Material sourced from		
	Australian Lawn Concepts.		
'UQ-490'	PBR variety (application No: 2014/313) from the same		
	applicant		
'UQ-545'	PBR variety (application no.: 2014/314) from the same		
	applicant.		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded								
Variety	Distinguishing			State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments			
'Winter- green'		drought tolerance	0 3	susceptible.				

# $\frac{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}{one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.}$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'UQ-539'	'C1'	'Riley's Evergreen'	'UQ-490'	'UQ-545'	'Grand Prix'	'Hatfield'	'Oz-E- Green'
Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
Plant: habit	prostrate creeping, highly rhizomatous	prostrate creeping, rhizomatous	prostrate creeping, rhizomatous	creeping, highly	prostrate creeping, highly rhizomatous	prostrate creeping, rhizoma- tous	prostrate creeping, rhizoma- tous	prostrate creeping, rhizoma- tous
Plant: type	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming	mat- forming
Plant: height	short	short	short	short	short	short	short	short
Plant: longevity	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial
Plant: spreading	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	stolons and	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	laterally by stolons and rhizomes
Stolon: nodes	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	nodes with 3	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	nodes with 3	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves	compound nodes with 3 subtending leaves
Stolon: internode length	short	medium- short	long	medium	medium	short	medium- short	medium- short
Stolon: internode thickness	medium- thick	medium- thin	medium		medium- thick	medium- thick	medium- thick	medium
Stolon: colour when exposed to sunlight	N199A	N199B	N199A	147B	146A	N199A	N199B	200B
Culms: length	short	short	short	short	short	short	short	short
Leaf blade: shape	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular	linear- triangular
Leaf blade: length	long	long	medium		long-medium	Ŭ	medium	medium
Leaf blade: width	medium- wide	narrow	medium- wide		medium- wide	narrow	narrow	narrow
Leaf blade: colour	147B	137B	137B	>191A	137C	147B	137B	137A
Ligule: appearance	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs	of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs	of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs	dense row of short white hairs
Inflorescence: type	digitate with (3,4 or 5)	digitate with (2,3,4	digitate with (3,4 or 5)				digitate with (3,4 or	digitate with (2, 3

	short spicate racemes	or 5) short spicate racemes	short spicate racemes	_	racemes	spicate	5) short spicate racemes	or 4) short spicate racemes
Inflorescence: length of peduncle	short	short	short	short	short	short	short	short
Inflorescence: maximum number of spikes	five	five	five	five	four	four	five	four
Inflorescence: minimum number of spikes	three	two	three	three	two	two	three	two
Culms: habit	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent	decumbent
Leaf sheath: appearance	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth
Leaf blade: presentation	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded	folded
Leaf blade: apex	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute
Inflorescence: anthers	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple	purple
Plant: reproductive behaviour	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreeding	outbreedin g

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'UQ-539'	 'Riley's Evergreen'	'UQ-490'	"I ( )_545'	'Grand Prix'	'Hattiald'	'Oz-E- Green'
Plant: drought tolerance	highly tolerant	 _		highly tolerant	susceptible	susceptible	susceptible

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'UQ-539'	'C1'	'Riley's Evergreen'	'UQ-490'	'UQ-545'	'Grand Prix'	'Hatfield'	'Oz-E- Green'
✓ Plant: diameter of spaced plants after 70 days post planting (mm)								
Mean	527.50	1300.30	1829.00	1227.70	1269.70	615.70	1291.70	469.70
Std. Deviation	196.30	363.90	512.40	396.50	345.70	252.90	291.40	235.40
LSD/sig.	261.8	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☑ Stolon: length of fou	rth internode fro	om stolon tip(r	nm)					
Mean	22.70	40.40	63.70	46.30	45.50	22.10	36.50	20.60
Std. Deviation	7.00	8.00	11.80	10.80	11.50	5.90	6.00	5.90
LSD/sig.	5.7	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns
✓ Stolon: diameter of f	ourth internode	from stolon tij	p (mm)					
Mean	1.54	1.28	1.29	1.72	1.46	1.47	1.40	1.25
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.30	0.20	0.30	0.20	0.20
LSD/sig.	0.14	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☑ Stolon: length of leaf blade on fourth visible node from stolon tip(mm)								
Mean	13.00	8.80	12.70	12.80	13.40	5.40	8.60	6.70
Std. Deviation	4.80	3.00	3.10	5.80	6.40	3.00	2.30	2.20

LSD/sig.	2.8	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☑ Inflorescence: length of blade on fourth leaf on flowering tillers(mm)								
Mean	32.00	35.60	25.20	44.10	28.60	23.00	22.50	22.20
Std. Deviation	7.90	10.80	6.20	12.10	8.00	5.80	7.00	5.70
LSD/sig.	6.6	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
✓ Inflorescence: width of	f blade on fourth	leaf on flowe	ring tillers(mn	n)				
Mean	2.67	2.19	2.14	2.63	2.44	1.94	1.80	2.03
Std. Deviation	0.40	0.30	0.30	0.40	0.40	0.30	0.30	0.30
LSD/sig.	0.20	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☑ Inflorescence: density	(No. of infloresc	ences / m <sup>2</sup> )						
Mean	30.20	240.10	261.00	17.90	24.40	20.20	99.90	36.60
Std. Deviation	11.10	121.80	105.80	15.70	17.10	11.00	82.50	26.00
LSD/sig.	85.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
	t 271 days post p	olanting(mm)						
Mean	140.00	183.70	223.80	175.00	166.00	112.80	121.10	150.00
Std. Deviation	24.40	27.50	24.40	31.80	33.10	35.10	27.50	33.10
LSD/sig.	28.2	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	ns

Description: Matthew Roche, Australian Sports Turf Consultants, Brisbane, QLD.

Details of Amplication	
Details of Application	2015/020
Application Number	2015/039
Variety Name	'BRC-011'
Genus Species	Vigna unguiculata
Common Name	Cowpea
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	16 Mar 2015
Applicant	GeneGro Pty Ltd, Alexandra Hills, QLD
Agent	N/A
Qualified Person	Don Loch
Location	Birkdale, QLD (Latitude 27°30'S, longitude 153°14'E,
	elevation 18 masl)
Descriptor	National descriptor for Cowpea (PBR COWP)
Period	1 Jan to 18 Apr 2015
Conditions	Seed sown on 1 Jan 2015 in 40 x 40 mm tubes (one seedling
Conditions	per tube); watered with a slurry of cowpea <i>Bradyrhizobium</i>
	inoculant (Group I) on 8 Jan 2015. Seedlings planted out on a
	red volcanic (krasnozem or ferrosol) soil on 14 Jan 2015;
	weed control by pre-emergence pendimethalin (Rifle 440)
	prior to planting; 313 kg/ha of blended fertiliser (N:P:K:S =
	12.8:14.2:11.9:6.4) applied after planting on 15 Jan 2015 to
	give 40 kg N, 44 kg P, 37 kg K, and 20 kg S per hectare;
	supplementary irrigation applied as required to maintain
	unstressed growth. Sprayed with pirimicarb (Piramor WG) +
	methomyl (Lannate L) on 24 Feb, 4 Mar and 16 Mar 2015,
	with imidacloprid (Spectrum 200SC) + chlorantraniliprole
	(Acelepryn) on 19 Mar, 3 Apr and 13 Apr 2015 to control
	aphids and to protect flowers and pods from sucking bugs
	(Riptortus serripes, Melanacanthus scutellaris, Nezara
	viridula) and bean podborer larvae (Maruca vitrata), and with
	clofentezine (Apollo SC) + abamectin (Gremlin) + propargite
	(Betamite 300WG) on 3,6 and 13 Apr 2015 to control broad
	mite (Polyphagotarsonemus latus).
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 3 cultivars ('BRC-011', 'Ebony PR',
	'BlackStallion') arranged in 6 randomised blocks with 5
	plants per plot in a single row plus 2 guard plants at each end
	of a plot (total: 42 plants per cultivar); 40 cm between plants
	in the row.
Measurements	Seedling leaves (one seed leaf from each of 30 plants per
	variety) measured 7 days after sowing (8 Jan 2015). Days to
	flowering determined progressively for each plot (22 Feb - 7
	Mar 2015). Numbers of lateral branches counted on each of
	the 30 datum plants per entry on 13 Mar 2015; leaf
	characteristics measured on 6-13 Mar 2015 (one trifoliate leaf
	per plant sampled from the 5th visible node below the tip of a
	strong lateral branch); flowers (standard petal width)
	measured on 12-13 Mar 2015; pod measurements (one
	The state of the s

	inflorescence and 2 pods per plant) taken on 13-16 Mar 2015					
	('BRC-011' and 'BlackStallion') and 18 Apr 2015 ('Ebony					
	PR'); and mature seed size determined from samples (one pe					
	plot) taken on 13-16 Mar 2015 ('BRC-011' and					
	'BlackStallion') and 18 Apr 2015 ('Ebony PR'). Analyses of					
	variance (ANOVAs) conducted with Genstat Release 12;					
	differences significant at the 1% level quantified using					
	Fisher's protected LSDs. Broadmite-affected pod and seed					
	data for 'Ebony PR' not presented because it could not be					
	considered as representative of unstressed plant growth.					
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (5th edition)					

Spontaneous mutation: 'BRC-011' was discovered by the breeder as a single whiteflowered plant growing among light reddish mauve flowered plants (the normal phenotype for the parent variety) in an experimental plot of 'Ebony PR' cowpea in 2008. The selected plant was transplanted and propagated repeatedly by seed at Birkdale (QLD) and later at Walkamin (QLD) for 4 generations to confirm its morphological and productive attributes and genetic stability. Seed multiplication of 'BRC-011' began in 2015 at Gatton (QLD). Breeder: Donald S. Loch, Alexandra Hills, QLD.

**Choice of Comparators** Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	indeterminate
Plant	twining tendency	present
Mature pod	length	medium
Seed	shape	rhomboid
Seed	colour of eye	white

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name	Comments				
'Ebony PR'	Parent of 'BRC-011' (PBR application no: 1996/159; certificate no: 921; terminated 28 Apr 2015)				
'BlackStallion'	Early-maturing black-seeded Caloona-type variety (PBR application no: 2007/284; certificate no: 3788)				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

•	Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characte	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Red	Seed	colour	dark reddish brown	orange	
Caloona'					

# $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BRC-011'	'BlackStallion'	'Ebony PR'
Plant: growth habit	spreading	spreading	spreading
Plant: growth type	indeterminate	indeterminate	indeterminate
Plant: twining tendency	present	present	present
Plant: degree of twining	strong to very strong	strong to very strong	medium
Plant: vigour	strong to very strong	strong	medium
Plant: number of lateral branches (before canopy closure)	medium	medium	high
Leaf: markings	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: texture	medium	medium	medium
Petiole: anthocyanin colouration at point of attachment of leaf	absent	present	present
Petiole: anthocyanin colouration at point of attachment of stem	absent	absent	present
Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	deltoid	ovate
Terminal leaflet: length	medium	short	medium
Terminal leaflet: width	medium	narrow	medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour of upper side	medium	medium	medium
Plant: days to flower	55	54	65
Inflorescence: position relative to canopy	above	level	above
Inflorescence: standard petal colour (freshly open flower) -RHS	155C	84A-B	N80D
Standard petal: width	medium	medium	medium
Peduncle: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium
Immature pod: anthocyanin colouration	absent	present	present
Mature pod: attitude	pendulous	pendulous	pendulous
Mature pod: curvature	slightly curved	slightly curved	slightly curved
Mature pod: length	medium	medium	medium
Mature pod: maximum width	medium	medium	medium
Mature pod: thickness of wall	medium	medium	medium

Mature pod: shattering	absent	absent	absent
Mature pod: colour (exposed to sun) -RHS	159A-B	161B-C	161B
Mature pod: pubescence	absent	absent	absent
☐ Mature pod: number of seeds	medium	medium	medium
Seed: shape	rhomboid	rhomboid	rhomboid
Seed: colour	brown	black	other
Seed: texture of testa	smooth	smooth	smooth
Seed: colour of eye	white	white	white
Seed: weight (100 seed wt.)	medium to high	low to medium	medium to high

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BRC-011'	'BlackStallion'	'Ebony PR'		
Trifoliate leaf: background colour	147A	146A	147A		
(RHS)					
Flower bud just prior to opening: colour (RHS)	12C	8B	157B-C		
Seed: colour (RHS)	187A	202A	N186A		
Immature pod: base colour (RHS)	147D	147D	145A-B		

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BRC-011'	'BlackStallion'	'Ebony PR'
Unifoliate seedling leaf: length	n (mm)		
Mean	53.90	42.10	53.00
Std. Deviation	2.21	4.93	3.39
LSD/sig	4.03	P≤0.01	ns
Unifoliate seedling leaf: width	(mm)		
Mean	37.80	28.40	37.40
Std. Deviation	2.28	3.08	3.30
LSD/sig	2.51	P≤0.01	ns
Unifoliate seedling leaf: length	n:width ratio		
Mean	1.43	1.48	1.42
Std. Deviation	0.08	0.10	0.08
LSD/sig	0.07	ns	ns
Plant: no. of lateral branches (	72 days after sowing)		
Mean	7.77	7.60	9.47
Std. Deviation	1.17	1.16	1.46
LSD/sig	1.00	ns	P≤0.01

Mean	54.67	54.33	65.00
Std. Deviation	1.63	2.66	0.89
LSD/sig	2.55	ns	P≤0.01
D.	L	113	1 _0.01
Tillollate lear, prillary pe			T
Mean	94.77	87.53	126.67
Std. Deviation	25.17	29.99	24.49
LSD/sig	29.10	ns	P≤0.01
Trifoliate leaf: length of p	petiole subtending terminal	leaflet (mm)	
Mean	28.20	27.83	33.60
Std. Deviation	5.01	6.74	4.15
LSD/sig	4.40	ns	P≤0.01
Trifoliate leaf: length of t	erminal leaflet (mm)	<u>.</u>	
Mean	108.10	96.33	106.00
Std. Deviation	10.31	9.66	9.58
LSD/sig	10.20	P≤0.01	ns
□ .	1	1 _0.01	113
Tillollate lear, width of te		T ==	07.07
Mean	90.33	77.47	87.07
Std. Deviation	12.40	12.14	10.52
LSD/sig	10.70	P≤0.01	ns
Trifoliate leaf: length:wid	Ith ratio of terminal leaflet		
Mean	1.21	1.26	1.22
Std. Deviation	0.14	0.16	0.09
LSD/sig	0.12	ns	ns
Trifoliate leaf: length of l	ateral leaflet (mm)		
Mean	107.00	101.60	102.43
Std. Deviation	9.48	11.39	10.26
LSD/sig	10.20	ns	ns
		***	
Trifoliate leaf: width of la	aterai leariet (mm)	74.73	77.50
Mean Std. Deviation	83.07		
	11.65 9.80	10.44	8.68
LSD/sig	<b> </b>	ns	ns
Trifoliate leaf: length: wi	dth ratio of lateral leaflet		
Mean	1.30	1.37	1.33
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.11	0.11
LSD/sig	0.08	ns	ns
Flower: standard petal wi	dth (mm)		
Mean	30.27	30.23	28.12
Std. Deviation	1.01	1.14	1.86
LSD/sig	1.37	ns	P≤0.01
		L	
Inflorescence: peduncle le	425.70	420.07	
Mean Std. Davistion		439.97	-
Std. Deviation	93.05	90.58	-
LSD/sig	87.40	ns	-

Pod: length (mm)						
Mean	168.08	171.20	-			
Std. Deviation	7.04	6.65	-			
LSD/sig	7.13	ns	-			
Pod: width (mm)						
Mean	6.56	6.34	-			
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.19	-			
LSD/sig	0.17	P≤0.01	-			
Pod: no. of seeds per pod	Pod: no. of seeds per pod					
Mean	18.40	18.48	-			
Std. Deviation	0.93	0.84	-			
LSD/sig	1.15	ns	-			
Seed: 1000-seed weight (g)						
Mean	137.82	128.55	_			
Std. Deviation	1.79	4.72	_			
LSD/sig	7.12	P≤0.01	-			

Nil.

Description: **D.S. Loch,** Alexandra Hills, QLD and **C.M. Zorin,** Birkdale, QLD.

D-4-:l£ A!:4:	
Details of Application	2011/146
11	2011/146
Variety Name	'JCU 4'
Genus Species	Desmanthus bicornutus
Common Name	Desmanthus
Synonym	
Accepted Date	19 October 2011
Applicant	James Cook University, Townsville, QLD.
Agent	Nick Kempe, Eagle Farm, QLD
Qualified Person	Don Loch
Details of Comparative	<u>e Trial</u>
Location	Birkdale, QLD
Descriptor	Desmanthus National Descriptor PBR DESM
Period	1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014
Conditions	Seed sown on 4 Jan 2014 in 20 mm diameter tubes (thinned
	to one seedling per tube); watered with a slurry of
	Leucaena/Desmanthus inoculant (CB3126) on 12 and 28 Jan
	2014. Seedlings planted out on a red volcanic (krasnozem or
	ferrosol) soil on 13 Feb 2014; weed control by pre-emergence
	pendimethalin (Rifle 440) post-planting; 313 kg/ha of blended
	fertiliser (N:P:K:S = $12.8:14.2:11.9:6.4$ ) applied after planting
	on 19 Feb 2014 to give 40 kg N, 44 kg P, 37 kg K, and 20 kg
	S per hectare; supplementary trickle irrigation applied as
	required to maintain unstressed growth. Two precautionary
	applications of methomyl (Lannate L) made for psyllid
T.ID.	control.
Trial Design	32 plants of each of 2 cultivars and accessions ('JCU4', and
	CPI 90857) arranged in 6 randomised blocks with 5 plants per
	plot in a single row along trickle irrigation lines; 0.8 m
	between plants in each plot and 1.6 m between plots in each row; 1.5 m between rows on trickle irrigation lines.
	Days to flowering determined progressively for each plant
	(14 Mar - 29 Apr 2014). Ratings of plant habit and branching
	and measurements of height and spread made on each
	individual plant on 20 May 2014 (138 days after sowing).
	Measurements (one set per plant) made on stem internodes (9
	June 2014), fully expanded leaves from nodes 10-15 (2-4
	June 2014), and inflorescences and pods (16-17 June 2014).
	Samples of ripe pods (one per plot) collected on 26
	November 2014 to determine seed size after threshing,
	screening and removal of remaining light inert material using
	a Seedburo General Seed Blower. Analyses of variance
	(ANOVAs) conducted with Genstat Release 12.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (5th edition)

Selection for persistency and plant density: CPI 90857. CSIRO and Queensland DPI (now DAF) established a pasture legume development program in the 1980s. This involved the evaluation of introduced material in trials at a number of semi-arid tropical sites. Soon after this program commenced, both agencies discontinued the program and removed infrastructure from the evaluation sites. . Following advice that a number of the introductions in these trials may have persisted well under grazing and under a range of adverse weather conditions over many years, the breeder inspected and evaluated sites near Isisford, Blackall, Barcaldine, Julia Creek, Longreach, Yaraka and the Townsville suburb of Kelso (1996-98) and selected surviving individual visually attractive plants; seed from outside an old trial site at Chillagoe was collected on behalf of the breeder. The selected plants and or seeds from these field sites were taken to and cultivated at James Cook University, Townsville. Later, sixty one of these single-plant selections were evaluated in trials on "Redcliffe" near Hughenden on downs and gidgee soils (2002-06), "Trafalgar" near Charters Towers (2002-04), "Fletcherview" near Charters Towers (2003-05), "Como" near Hughenden (2003-04), "Barragunda" between Hughenden and Muttaburra (2003), "Dunluce" between Hughenden and Richmond (2003-04), and other sites. 'JCU4' was selected on the basis of its persistence under grazing and plant density relative to known Desmanthus cultivars. 'JCU4' (putative parent accession: CPI 90857) is derived from a selected plant growing in a mixed sward of Desmanthus spp. from an old trial planting on "Taranaway Station" at Isisford (QLD). Progeny of the plant originally selected at Taranaway Station" have undergone a further 5 generations of selection for visual genetic uniformity prior to release. Breeder: Chris Gardiner.

Choice of Comparator	s Characteristics u	sed for grouping	varieties to identify the most similar		
Variety of Common Kn	owledge				
Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of		
			Varieties		
Stem	diameter		small to medium		
Young stem	hairiness		absent		
Inflorescence	length		medium to long		
Seed	colour of imr	nature seed	pale green		
Seed	size		large		
Most Similar Varieties	of Common Kno	wledge identifi	ed (VCK)		
Name		Comments			
CPI 90857		putative parent accession; released as 'BeeTAM-57' in			
		USA where it is used as a component of the 4-way			
		commercial BeeWild blend			

Variety	Distingu Characte	eristics		State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
	Organ/P lant Part	Context			
CPI 81337	Seed	size	large		Released as 'BeeTAM-37' in USA where it is used as a component of

					the 4-way commercial BeeWild blend
CPI 84008	Seed	size	large	small	Released as 'BeeTAM-08' in USA where it is used as a component of the 4-way commercial BeeWild blend
CPI 90906	Seed	size	large	small	Released as 'BeeTAM-06' in USA where it is used as a component of the 4-way commercial BeeWild blend

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 4'	CPI 90857
<b>V</b>	Plant: growth habit	medium	semi-erect
V	Plant: density of branching	sparse	very sparse to sparse
<b>V</b>	Plant: height	medium	tall
	Plant: diameter	small	small
	Young stem: hairiness	absent	absent
	Stem: diameter	small to medium	small
	Leaf: number	few to medium	few
	Leaf: length of primary rachis	medium	medium
□ prii	Leaf: no. of pairs of pinnae on mary rachis	few to medium	few to medium
V	Leaf: length of pinna	medium to long	short to medium
	Leaf: no. of pinnules per pinna	medium to many	few to medium
	Leaf: length of pinnule	medium	medium
	Leaf: width of pinnule	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
	Leaf: shape of pinnule	linear oblong	linear oblong
	Leaf: length of petiole	long	long
	Leaf: shape of gland on petiole	orbicular	orbicular
	Leaf: size of gland on petiole	medium to large	medium to large
<b>V</b>	Stipule: length	short	very short
(ex	Inflorescence: length cluding peduncle)	medium to long	medium to long
	Inflorescence: peduncle length	medium	medium

□ and	Flower: colour of tips pf petals sepals	pale green	pale green
□ per	Fruiting peduncle: no. of pods peduncle	few	few
	Mature pod: length	medium to long	medium to long
	Mature pod: width	broad	broad
pod		very few to few	very few to few
	Mature pod colour	red	red
	Seed: colour of immature seed	pale green	pale green
			medium brown
<b>V</b>	Seed: length	very long	long
<b>V</b>	Seed: width	broad	medium

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 4'	CPI 90857
Young stem: colour	green to red	green to red
Leaf: colour of gland on petiole	green-red	green-red
Mature pod: shape	straight to slightly falcate	linear
Stem: colour of mature stem (RHS)	187A	187A
Mature green pod: colour where exposed to sunlight (RHS)	59A	59A
Ripe pod: colour change with age (RHS)	166A - 187A	166A - 187A
Seed: colour (RHS)	166A-B	166A

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 4'	CPI 90857
Plant: first flowering (days from	m sowing)	
Mean	84.00	89.70
Std. Deviation	8.67	9.58
LSD/sig	8.10	ns
Plant: habit (1 = very prostrate	; 9 = erect)	
Mean	5.03	7.07

Std. Deviation	1.38	1.36
LSD/sig	1.00	P<0.01
□ □	'	<u> </u>
Plant: branching (1 = v Mean	$\frac{\text{ery sparse, } 9 - \text{very de}}{3.10}$	2.00
Std. Deviation	0.75	1.13
LSD/sig	0.73	P≤0.01
	•	r <u>-</u> 0.01
Plant: height (138 days Mean	42.65	53.66
Std. Deviation	13.87	19.45
LSD/sig	10.40	P≤0.01
	<u>,                                      </u>	
Fiant. maximum urame		
Mean	70.06	59.55
Std. Deviation	13.26	14.52
LSD/sig	11.40	ns
Stem: length of 10th in	ternode (mm)	
Mean	24.42	24.83
Std. Deviation	5.86	4.41
LSD/sig	4.20	ns
Stem: diameter of 10th	internode (mm)	
Mean	2.86	2.56
Std. Deviation	0.39	0.35
LSD/sig	0.35	ns
Leaf: length of central	rachis (mm)	•
Mean	33.41	31.75
Std. Deviation	6.88	6.16
LSD/sig	3.25	ns
Leaf: number of prima	rv pinnae	
Mean	9.88	9.53
Std. Deviation	1.45	1.27
LSD/sig	0.80	ns
Leaf: maximum length	of primary pinnae (m	m)
Mean	32.31	29.45
Std. Deviation	3.50	3.89
LSD/sig	2.53	P≤0.01
Leaf: number of pinnu	•	•
Mean	39.31	35.75
Std. Deviation	4.50	4.81
LSD/sig	3.70	ns
Leaf: maximum pinnul	e length on longest pri	mary pinna (mm)
Mean	6.52	6.53
Std. Deviation	1.00	0.93
LSD/sig	0.75	ns

	ule width on longest pri	
Mean	1.75	1.76
Std. Deviation	0.36	0.34
LSD/sig	0.25	ns
Leaf: petiole length (	mm)	
Mean	8.45	8.11
Std. Deviation	1.36	1.69
LSD/sig	1.22	ns
Leaf: petiole diamete	r (mm)	
Mean	0.66	0.59
Std. Deviation	0.07	0.09
LSD/sig	0.06	P≤0.01
Leaf: stipule length (1	mm)	
Mean	4.97	3.98
Std. Deviation	0.80	0.87
LSD/sig	0.67	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: peduno	cle length (mm)	
Mean	23.13	24.84
Std. Deviation	3.92	4.81
LSD/sig	4.10	ns
Inflorescence: peduno		•
Mean	1.06	1.05
Std. Deviation	0.19	0.14
LSD/sig	0.13	ns
Inflorescence: numbe	er of pods per infloresce	nce
Mean	4.84	4.41
Std. Deviation	2.17	1.97
LSD/sig	1.40	ns
Pod: length (mm)		<b>1</b>
Mean	46.47	51.19
Std. Deviation	9.89	9.19
LSD/sig	9.30	ns
Pod: maximum width	(mm)	
Mean	4.02	4.19
Std. Deviation	0.36	0.26
LSD/sig	0.29	ns
	•	μιο
Pod: number of seeds Mean	7.81	9.06
Std. Deviation	2.65	1.72
LSD/sig	1.60	ns
П	•	<b>p</b> -/
Pod: number of seeds Mean	1.64	1.78
ivicali	1.04	1.70

Std. Deviation	0.27	0.27
LSD/sig	0.19	ns
Seed: mean seed weight (mg)		
Mean	6.04	5.09
Std. Deviation	0.55	0.35
LSD/sig	0.51	P≤0.01

Details of Application	
Application Number	2011/145
Variety Name	'JCU 1'
Genus Species	Desmanthus leptophyllus
Common Name	Desmanthus
Synonym	Desinantias
Accepted Date	19 October 2013
Applicant	James Cook University, Townsville, QLD.
Agent	Nick Kempe, Eagle Farm, QLD
Qualified Person	Don Loch
Quamieu r erson	Doll Locii
D-4-:1f.C	T.:-1
Details of Comparative	
Location	Birkdale, QLD
Descriptor	Desmanthus National Descriptor PBR DESM
Period	1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014
Conditions	Seed sown on 1 Jan 2014 in 20 mm diameter tubes (thinned
	to one seedling per tube); watered with a slurry of
	Leucaena/Desmanthus inoculant (CB3126) on 12 and 28 Jan
	2014. Seedlings planted out on a red volcanic (krasnozem or
	ferrosol) soil on 12 Feb 2014; weed control by pre-emergence
	pendimethalin (Rifle 440) post-planting; 313 kg/ha of blended
	fertiliser (N:P:K:S = $12.8:14.2:11.9:6.4$ ) applied after planting
	on 19 Feb 2014 to give 40 kg N, 44 kg P, 37 kg K, and 20 kg
	S per hectare; supplementary trickle irrigation applied as
	required to maintain unstressed growth. Two precautionary
	applications of methomyl (Lannate L) made for psyllid
Taial Daries	control.
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 3 cultivars and accessions ('JCU1', 'Bayamo'' and CPI 76053) arranged in 6 randomised blocks
	with 5 plants per plot in a single row along trickle irrigation
	lines; 0.8 m between plants in each plot and 1.6 m between
	plots in each row; 1.5 m between rows on trickle irrigation
	lines.
Measurements	Days to flowering determined progressively for each plant
wieasur ements	(23 Mar - 19 Apr 2014). Ratings of plant habit and branching
	and measurements of height and spread made on each
	individual plant on 20 May 2014 (138 days after sowing).
	Measurements (one set per plant) made on stem internodes (9
	June 2014), fully expanded leaves from nodes 10-15 (4-6
	June 2014), and inflorescences and pods (30 May 2014).
	Samples of ripe pods (one per plot) collected progressively
	during May-June 2014 to determine seed size after threshing,
	screening and removal of remaining light inert material using
	a Seedburo General Seed Blower. Analyses of variance
	(ANOVAs) conducted with Genstat Release 12.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (5th edition)
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Selection for persistency and plant density: CPI 76053. CSIRO and Queensland DPI (now DAF) established a pasture legume development program in the 1980s. This involved the evaluation of introduced material in trials at a number of semi-arid tropical sites. Soon after this program commenced, both agencies discontinued the program and removed infrastructure from the evaluation sites. Following advice that a number of the introductions in these trials may have persisted well under grazing and under a range of adverse weather conditions over many years, the breeder inspected and evaluated sites near Isisford, Blackall, Barcaldine, Julia Creek, Longreach, Yaraka and the Townsville suburb of Kelso (1996-98) and selected surviving individual visually attractive plants; seed from outside an old trial site at Chillagoe was collected on behalf of the breeder. The selected plants and or seeds from these field sites were taken to and cultivated at James Cook University, Townsville. Later, sixty one of these single-plant selections were evaluated in trials on "Redcliffe" near Hughenden on downs and gidgee soils (2002-06), "Trafalgar" near Charters Towers (2002-04), 'Fletcherview" near Charters Towers (2003-05), "Como" near Hughenden (2003-04), "Barragunda" between Hughenden and Muttaburra (2003), "Dunluce" between Hughenden and Richmond (2003-04), and other sites. 'JCU1' was selected on the basis of its persistence under grazing and plant density relative to known Desmanthus cultivars. 'JCU1' (putative parent accession: CPI 76053) is derived from a selected plant growing in a mixed sward of Desmanthus spp. in the Townsville suburb of Kelso. Progeny of plant originally selected at Kelso have undergone a further 5 generations of selection for visual genetic uniformity prior to release. Breeder: Chris Gardiner.

Choice of Comparator	s Characteristics used for grouping	varieties to identify the most similar	
Variety of Common Kno	owledge	•	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of	
		Varieties	
Stem	diameter	small to medium	
Young stem	hairiness	absent	
Inflorescence	length	short	
Seed	colour of immature seed	pale green	
<b>Most Similar Varieties</b>	of Common Knowledge identifie	ed (VCK)	
Name	Comments		
CPI 76053	putative parent a	putative parent accession	
'Bayamo' released cultivar (PBR application no: 92/063; cert no. 499; terminated 15-Nov-2007)		* * *	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 1'	'Bayamo'	CPI 76053
Plant: growth habit	prostrate		very prostrate to prostrate
Plant: density of branching	medium to dense	medium	medium to dense
Plant: height	short to medium	medium	short

_	<u> </u>		
Plant: diameter	medium	medium	small to medium
Young stem: hairiness	absent	absent	absent
Stem: diameter	small to medium	small	small to medium
Leaf: number	many	many	many
Leaf: length of primary rachis	medium	medium	short
Leaf: no. of pairs of pinnae on primary rachis	medium to many	few to medium	medium
Leaf: length of pinna	short	medium to long	short
Leaf: number of pinnules per pinna	many	medium	many
Leaf: length of pinnule	medium	long	short
Leaf: width of pinnule	medium	medium	narrow to medium
Leaf: shape of pinnule	linear oblong	linear oblong	linear oblong
Leaf: length of petiole	medium to long	medium to long	medium
Leaf: shape of gland on petiole	orbicular to elliptic	orbicular to elliptic	orbicular to elliptic
Leaf: size of gland on petiole	small	small	small
Stipule: length	very short to short	short	very short to short
Inflorescence: length (excluding peduncle)	short	short	short
Inflorescence: peduncle length	very short to short	medium	very short to short
Flower: colour of tips pf petals and sepals		pale green	pale green
Fruiting peduncle: no. of pods per peduncle	few	medium	few
Mature pod: length	medium	long to very long	medium
Mature pod: width	broad	narrow to medium	broad
Mature pod: no. of seeds per pod	medium	medium	medium
Mature pod colour	red	red	red
Seed: colour of immature seed	pale green	pale green	pale green
Seed: colour of mature seed	medium brown	medium brown	medium brown
Seed: length	medium	short	medium
Seed: width	medium	narrow	medium
-	•	-	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 1'	'Bayamo'	CPI 76053
Young stem: colour	green to red	green to red	green to red
Leaf: colour of gland on petiole	green-red	green-red	green-red
Mature pod: shape		straight to slightly falcate	mostly straight with some slightly falcate
Stem: colour of mature stem (RHS)	187A	187A	187A
Mature green pod: colour where exposed to sunlight (RHS)	59A	59A	59A
Ripe pod: colour change with age (RHS)	166A - 187A	166A - 187A	166A - 187A
Seed: colour (RHS)	166A-B	166A	166A

Statistical Table	( T OTT 11		CD7 = 40 = 4
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 1'	'Bayamo'	CPI 76053
Plant: first flowering (days:	from sowing)		
Mean	94.79	90.34	101.22
Std. Deviation	2.64	6.60	5.54
LSD/sig	3.80	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: habit $(1 = \text{very prostr})$	rate; 9 = erect)		
Mean	3.07	4.03	2.26
Std. Deviation	0.88	0.89	0.58
LSD/sig	0.70	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: branching (1 = very s	parse; 9 = very dense	)	
Mean	5.83	5.33	5.86
Std. Deviation	1.20	1.35	1.46
LSD/sig	1.50	ns	ns
Plant: height (138 days after	r sowing) (cm)		
Mean	34.90	43.83	25.38
Std. Deviation	8.45	17.66	7.43
LSD/sig	10.90	ns	ns
Plant: maximum diameter (	138 days after sowing	) (cm)	
Mean	103.66	111.73	91.69
Std. Deviation	12.42	24.64	25.19
LSD/sig	19.80	ns	ns
Stem: length of 10th interno	ode (mm)		
Mean	24.38	22.47	21.50
Std. Deviation	7.16	6.82	4.39

LSD/sig	6.20	ns	ns
Stem: diameter of 10th interno	ode (mm)		
Mean	2.97	2.62	3.06
Std. Deviation	0.34	0.38	0.35
LSD/sig	0.37	ns	ns
Leaf: length of central rachis (	mm)	•	
Mean	31.85	33.87	24.55
Std. Deviation	4.56	4.69	3.17
LSD/sig	4.94	ns	P<0.01
Leaf: number of primary pinns	•	<u> </u>	F _0101
Mean	11.33	9.27	10.47
Std. Deviation	1.21	1.17	1.25
LSD/sig	0.90	P<0.01	ns
	I .	μ_0.01	μ15
Leaf: maximum length of prin	hary pinnae (mm)	34.90	24.62
Mean Std. Deviation	28.65	34.90	
	3.38		2.06
LSD/sig	2.98	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: number of pinnules on le	ongest primary pinna	1	1
Mean	39.33	45.67	38.13
Std. Deviation	3.58	3.37	3.06
LSD/sig	2.30	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: maximum pinnule lengtl	n on longest primary p	oinna (mm)	
Mean	6.13	7.12	5.55
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.88	0.69
LSD/sig	0.53	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: maximum pinnule width	on longest primary p	inna (mm)	
Mean	1.50	1.53	1.35
Std. Deviation	0.21	0.25	0.23
LSD/sig	0.17	ns	ns
Leaf: petiole length (mm)			
Mean	7.73	8.05	6.68
Std. Deviation	1.98	1.73	1.34
LSD/sig	1.05	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: petiole diameter (mm)			
Mean	0.80	0.93	0.75
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.17	0.13
LSD/sig	0.15	ns	ns
Leaf: stipule length (mm)			
Mean	3.78	4.33	3.21
Std. Deviation	0.84	0.94	0.85
LSD/sig	0.74	ns	ns
Inflorescence: peduncle length	n (mm)		

Mean	15.43	26.90	15.37		
Std. Deviation	2.53	4.69	2.88		
LSD/sig	2.73	P≤0.01	ns		
Inflorescence: peduncle of	liameter (mm)				
Mean	1.11	1.32	1.12		
Std. Deviation	0.14	0.18	0.18		
LSD/sig	0.18	P≤0.01	ns		
Inflorescence: number of	pods per inflorescen	nce			
Mean	4.00	6.53	3.77		
Std. Deviation	0.91	1.48	0.94		
LSD/sig	0.70	P≤0.01	ns		
Pod: length (mm)					
Mean	47.80	66.77	46.90		
Std. Deviation	6.65	4.62	5.07		
LSD/sig	6.40	P≤0.01	ns		
Pod: maximum width (m	m)				
Mean	4.38	3.73	4.41		
Std. Deviation	0.76	0.60	0.27		
LSD/sig	0.55	P≤0.01	ns		
Pod: number of seeds per	pod				
Mean	20.00	21.67	20.13		
Std. Deviation	2.26	2.86	2.16		
LSD/sig	2.50	ns	ns		
Pod: number of seeds per	cm of pod				
Mean	4.21	3.24	4.30		
Std. Deviation	0.32	0.28	0.25		
LSD/sig	0.29	P≤0.01	ns		
Seed: mean seed weight	Seed: mean seed weight (mg)				
Mean	5.31	4.29	4.92		
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.18	0.21		
LSD/sig	0.35	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		

Description: **D.S. Loch** , Alexandra Hills, QLD. & **C.M. Zorin**, Birkdale, QLD.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2011/144
Variety Name	'JCU 2'
Genus Species	Desmanthus virgatus
Common Name	Desmanthus
Synonym	Desmannas
Accepted Date	17 October 2013
Applicant	James Cook University, Townsville, QLD.
Agent	Nick Kempe, Eagle Farm, QLD
Qualified Person	Don Loch
Quamieu r erson	Doll Locii
D-4-:1f.C	- T1
Details of Comparative	
Location	Birkdale, QLD
Descriptor	Desmanthus National Descriptor PBR DESM
Period	2 January 2014 to 30 June 2014
Conditions	Seed sown on 2-3 Jan 2014 in 20 mm diameter tubes (thinned
	to one seedling per tube); watered with a slurry of
	Leucaena/Desmanthus inoculant (CB3126) on 12 and 28 Jan
	2014. Seedlings planted out on a red volcanic (krasnozem or
	ferrosol) soil on 12 Feb 2014; weed control by pre-emergence
	pendimethalin (Rifle 440) post-planting; 313 kg/ha of blended
	fertiliser (N:P:K:S = $12.8:14.2:11.9:6.4$ ) applied after planting
	on 19 Feb 2014 to give 40 kg N, 44 kg P, 37 kg K, and 20 kg
	S per hectare; supplementary trickle irrigation applied as
	required to maintain unstressed growth. Two precautionary
	applications of methomyl (Lannate L) made for psyllid
Trial Dagiere	control.
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 7 cultivars and accessions ('JCU2', 'JCU3', 'JCU5', 'Marc', CPI 57960, CPI 67643, CPI 91335)
	arranged in 6 randomised blocks with 5 plants per plot in a
	single row along trickle irrigation lines; 0.8 m between plants
	in each plot and 1.6 m between plots in each row; 1.5 m
	between rows on trickle irrigation lines.
Measurements	Days to flowering determined progressively for each plant
wieasur ements	(19 Mar - 22 Apr 2014). Ratings of plant habit and branching
	and measurements of height and spread made on each
	individual plant on 20 May 2014 (138 days after sowing).
	Measurements (one set per plant) made on stem internodes
	(21-23 May 2014), fully expanded leaves from nodes 10-15
	(23-27 May 2014), and inflorescences and pods (28-29 May
	2014). Samples of ripe pods (one per plot) collected
	progressively during May-June 2014 to determine seed size
	after threshing, screening and removal of remaining light inert
	material using a Seedburo General Seed Blower. Analyses of
	variance (ANOVAs) conducted with Genstat Release 12.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (5th edition)
	, , ,

Selection for persistency and plant density: CPI 91335. CSIRO and Queensland DPI (now DAF) established a pasture legume development program in the 1980s. This involved the evaluation of introduced material in trials at a number of semi-arid tropical sites. Soon after this program commenced, both agencies discontinued the program and removed infrastructure from the evaluation sites. Following advice that a number of the introductions in these trials may have persisted well under grazing and under a range of adverse weather conditions over many years, the breeder inspected and evaluated sites near Isisford, Blackall, Barcaldine, Julia Creek, Longreach, Yaraka and the Townsville suburb of Kelso (1996-98) and selected surviving individual visually attractive plants; seed from outside an old trial site at Chillagoe was collected on behalf of the breeder. The selected plants and or seeds from these field sites were taken to and cultivated at James Cook University, Townsville. Later, sixty-one of these single-plant selections were evaluated in trials on "Redcliffe" near Hughenden on downs and gidgee soils (2002-06), "Trafalgar" near Charters Towers (2002-04), 'Fletcherview" near Charters Towers (2003-05), "Como" near Hughenden (2003-04), "Barragunda" between Hughenden and Muttaburra (2003), "Dunluce" between Hughenden and Richmond (2003-04), and other sites. 'JCU2' was selected on the basis of its persistence under grazing and plant density relative to known Desmanthus cultivars. 'JCU2' (putative parent accession: CPI 91335) is derived from a selected plant growing in a mixed sward of Desmanthus spp. outside of an old trial planting at 'Wrotham Park" near Chillagoe (QLD). The progeny of plant originally selected at Wrotham Park" have undergone a further 5 generations of selection for visual genetic uniformity prior to release. Breeder: Chris Gardiner.

Variety of Common Kno		iscu for grouping	varieties to identify the most similar	
Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Stem	diameter		small to medium	
Young stem	hairiness		absent	
Inflorescence	length		short	
Seed	colour of im	mature seed	pale green	
<b>Most Similar Varieties</b>	of Common Kno	wledge identifie	ed (VCK)	
Name		Comments		
CPI 91335		putative parent accession		
'Marc'		released cultivar (PBR application no: 1992/062; certificate no: 498)		
'JCU3'		another <i>Desmant</i> applicant	thus virgatus variety from the same	
'JCU5'		another <i>Desmanthus virgatus</i> variety from the same applicant		

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 2'	CPI 91335	'JCU3'	'JCU5'	'Marc'
Plant: growth habit	prostrate to medium	medium	very prostrate to prostrate	prostrate	very prostrate
Plant: density of branching	dense	sparse	medium to dense	very dense	very sparse to sparse
Plant: height	medium	medium to tall	short to medium	short	very short
Plant: diameter	large	medium to large	large	small to medium	small to medium
Young stem: hairiness	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Stem: diameter	medium	medium	small to medium	small to medium	small
Leaf: number	many to very many	few to medium	many	many to very many	few
Leaf: length of primary rachis	medium	short to medium	medium	long	short
Leaf: no. of pairs of pinnae on primary rachis	medium to many	medium to many	medium	many	few to medium
Leaf: length of pinna	medium to long	medium	long	short	medium to long
Leaf: number of pinnules per pinna	many	medium to many	medium to many	many	few to medium
Leaf: length of pinnule	medium	medium	long	short	medium
Leaf: width of pinnule	medium	narrow to medium	narrow to medium	very narrow to narrow	broad
Leaf: shape of pinnule	linear oblong	linear oblong	linear oblong	linear oblong	linear oblong
Leaf: length of petiole	short	short	short	long	very short to short
Leaf: shape of gland on petiole	orbicular to elliptic	orbicular	elliptic	orbicular	orbicular
Leaf: size of gland on petiole	small	small	small	small	small
Stipule: length	medium to long	medium	short to medium	short	short to medium
Inflorescence: length (excluding peduncle)	short	short	short	short	short
✓ Inflorescence: peduncle length	long to very long	long to very long	long	very short to short	short to medium
Flower: colour of tips of petals and sepals		pale green	pale green	pale green	pale green
Fruiting peduncle: no. of pods	many to very many	many	few	few	medium

per p	eduncle					
ū	Motorno mode lomosth			medium to long	medium to long	medium
▼ N	N-4 1: 141-	narrow to medium		very narrow to narrow	broad	medium
od N	Mature pod: no. of seeds per	medium	medium		1.	medium to many
	Seed: colour of immature seed	pale green	pale green	pale green	pale green	pale green
▼ S	Sand: colour of mature sand				medium brown	dark brown
S S	Seed: length	medium	medium	short	medium	short
S S	Seed: width	medium	medium	narrow	medium	narrow

	Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 2'	CPI 91335	'JCU3'	'JCU5'	'Marc'
>	Young stem: colour	red	green to rea	green to red	green to red	green
peti	Leaf: colour of gland on iole	red	yellow green	green-red	red	yellow green
	Mature pod: shape	mostry straight with some slightly		straight to slightly falcate		straight to slightly falcate
<b>V</b>	Mature pod: colour	red	preen to rea	green to red	red to green	pale green
	Mature leaf: colour (RHS)	N137A	137A	N137B	137A	N137C
(RI	Stem: colour of mature stem	187A	187B	183A	187A	146A
whe	Mature green pod: colour ere exposed to sunlight (RHS)	187B	59C	59A	187B	148C
wit!	Ripe pod: colour change h age (RHS)	11/44-7004	174A- N187A	177B- 200B	166A-187A	177A-200A
~	Seed: colour (RHS)	166A	166A	166A-B	166B	200C

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 2'	CPI 91335	'JCU3'	'JCU5'	'Marc'
Plant: first flowering (days from	sowing)				
Mean	90.80	79.60	79.50	92.90	82.40
Std. Deviation	5.27	4.41	1.46	1.79	7.32

LSD/sig	3.90	P<0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Plant: habit $(1 = \text{very pro})$	<u>.</u>	1 - * * *			
Mean	3.10	4.40	2.87	3.77	1.27
Std. Deviation	1.16	1.10	1.14	0.68	0.58
LSD/sig	0.90	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Plant: branching (1 = ver	<u> </u>	•			
Mean	5.43	3.83	5.57	8.70	1.67
Std. Deviation	1.57	1.32	1.30	0.84	0.61
LSD/sig	1.90	ns	ns	P<0.01	P≤0.01
		115	113	<u>r _0.01</u>	μ _0.01
Plant: height (138 days a Mean	41.26	53.71	40.57	33.27	16.37
Std. Deviation	13.29	24.36	16.58	6.05	7.63
					P<0.01
LSD/sig	15.40	ns	ns	ns	P≥0.01
Plant: maximum diamete					
Mean	160.65	142.00	168.23	109.57	116.40
Std. Deviation	19.02	37.97	37.85	11.97	27.84
LSD/sig	52.10	ns	ns	ns	ns
Stem: length of 10th inte	rnode (mm)				
Mean	37.20	37.03	36.07	26.93	34.70
Std. Deviation	6.07	9.06	8.16	7.22	6.83
LSD/sig	5.60	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Stem: diameter of 10th in	aternode (mm)	•	•	•	
Mean	4.76	4.16	3.70	4.21	2.99
Std. Deviation	0.34	0.57	0.30	0.60	0.28
LSD/sig	0.50	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
-	l .	<u>r _0.01</u>	<u> </u>	1 _0.01	<u> </u>
Lear. length of central ra		la 4 4 7	la= aa	22.50	21.00
Mean	29.00	24.17	27.23	33.68	21.08
Std. Deviation	4.16	3.11	2.86	6.33	3.77
LSD/sig	4.53	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: number of primary	pinnae				
Mean	9.53	9.20	8.13	12.00	7.17
Std. Deviation	1.01	1.00	0.73	1.51	0.95
LSD/sig	0.90	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: maximum length o	f primary pinnae (1	nm)			
Mean	34.70	28.72	37.00	27.85	34.62
Std. Deviation	2.86	2.30	2.24	4.08	3.98
LSD/sig	3.15	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: number of pinnules	<u> </u>	•			•
Mean	41.27	38.60	38.40	40.20	34.13
Std. Deviation	2.85	3.02	2.43	4.80	3.36
LSD/sig	3.00	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
-	•	•		110	F _0.01
Leaf: maximum pinnule	length on longest p	rimary pinna	(mm)		

Mean	7.05	6.83	8.28	5.47	7.25
Std. Deviation	0.59	0.62	0.75	0.88	0.84
LSD/sig	0.76	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: maximum pinnule wio	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<b>'</b>
Mean	1.53	1.48	1.74	1.41	2.27
Std. Deviation	0.16	0.19	0.13	0.25	0.23
LSD/sig	0.18	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: petiole length (mm)	101-0				F = ****
Mean	4.63	4.40	4.38	7.82	3.40
Std. Deviation	0.41	0.52	0.43	2.96	0.50
LSD/sig	1.15	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
•		113	113	<u>r _0.01</u>	<u>r _0.01</u>
Leaf: petiole diameter (mm)	)	T		1	T
Mean	1.43	1.32	1.32	0.88	1.29
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.15	0.17	0.12	0.11
LSD/sig	0.12	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: stipule length (mm)					
Mean	7.85	7.30	7.57	5.23	6.85
Std. Deviation	0.92	0.69	0.81	2.15	1.30
LSD/sig	1.22	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Inflorescence: peduncle len	gth (mm)				
Mean	50.53	48.27	38.23	16.67	27.43
Std. Deviation	8.54	6.89	9.52	4.54	4.82
LSD/sig	5.91	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: peduncle dia	meter (mm)			_	
Mean	1.31	1.33	1.13	1.15	0.98
Std. Deviation	0.19	0.21	0.16	0.17	0.11
LSD/sig	0.15	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: number of po	nds ner infloresc	rence			. =
Mean	11.57	8.87	4.93	4.57	5.77
Std. Deviation	3.77	2.70	1.53	1.43	1.63
LSD/sig	1.60	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Pod: length (mm)	•				
Mean	42.50	51.90	51.10	50.77	47.73
Std. Deviation	4.23	4.96	5.14	5.39	2.86
LSD/sig	3.90	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Pod: maximum width (mm)	•	· · ·		<u> </u>	
Mean	3.86	3.94	3.32	4.46	3.99
Std. Deviation	0.25	0.29	0.27	0.21	0.22
LSD/sig	0.23	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Pod: number of seeds per po	I.				•
Mean	17.67	20.27	21.10	21.10	22.23
Std. Deviation	2.82	2.43	2.14	2.14	1.76
Dia. Devianon	2.02	ب. س	∠.⊥⊤	∠.⊥⊤	1.70

LSD/sig	2.50	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Pod: number of seeds	per cm of pod				
Mean	4.16	3.90	4.14	4.17	4.66
Std. Deviation	0.57	0.25	0.28	0.33	0.31
LSD/sig	0.38	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Seed: mean seed weig	ht (mg)				
Mean	5.29	5.05	3.82	5.16	3.87
Std. Deviation	0.15	0.06	0.17	0.20	0.11
LSD/sig	0.33	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01

Description: D.S. Loch , Alexandra Hills, QLD. & C.M. Zorin, Birkdale, QLD.

<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2011/147
Variety Name	'JCU 3'
Genus Species	Desmanthus virgatus
Common Name	Desmanthus
Synonym	Desinancia
Accepted Date	17 October 2013
Applicant	James Cook University, Townsville, QLD.
Agent	Nick Kempe, Eagle Farm, QLD
Qualified Person	Don Loch
Quamica i cison	Don Loch
Details of Comparative	a Trial
Location	Birkdale, QLD
Descriptor Period	Desmanthus National Descriptor PBR DESM
Conditions	2 January 2014 to 30 June 2014 Seed sown on 2-3 Jan 2014 in 20 mm diameter tubes (thinned
Conditions	to one seedling per tube); watered with a slurry of
	Leucaena/Desmanthus inoculant (CB3126) on 12 and 28 Jan
	2014. Seedlings planted out on a red volcanic (krasnozem or
	ferrosol) soil on 12 Feb 2014; weed control by pre-emergence
	pendimethalin (Rifle 440) post-planting; 313 kg/ha of blended
	fertiliser (N:P:K:S = $12.8:14.2:11.9:6.4$ ) applied after planting
	on 19 Feb 2014 to give 40 kg N, 44 kg P, 37 kg K, and 20 kg
	S per hectare; supplementary trickle irrigation applied as
	required to maintain unstressed growth. Two precautionary
	applications of methomyl (Lannate L) made for psyllid
	control.
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 7 cultivars and accessions ('JCU2',
	'JCU3', 'JCU5', 'Marc', 'CPI 57960', 'CPI 67643', 'CPI
	91335') arranged in 6 randomised blocks with 5 plants per
	plot in a single row along trickle irrigation lines; 0.8 m
	between plants in each plot and 1.6 m between plots in each
	row; 1.5 m between rows on trickle irrigation lines.
Measurements	Days to flowering determined progressively for each plot (19
	Mar - 22 Apr 2014). Ratings of plant habit and branching and
	measurements of height and spread made on each individual
	plant on 20 May 2014 (138 days after sowing). Measurements
	(one set per plant) made on stem internodes (21-23 May
	2014), fully expanded leaves from nodes 10-15 (23-27 May
	2014), and inflorescences and pods (28-29 May 2014).
	Samples of ripe pods (one per plot) collected progressively during May-June 2014 to determine seed size after threshing,
	screening and removal of remaining light inert material using
	a Seedburo General Seed Blower. Analyses of variance
	(ANOVAs) conducted with Genstat Release 12.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (5th edition)
THE CHAIL CUITION	=007 (our outroit)

Selection for persistency and plant density: CSIRO and Queensland DPI (now DAF) established a pasture legume development program in the 1980s. This involved the evaluation of introduced material in trials at a number of semi-arid tropical sites. Soon after this program commenced, both agencies discontinued the program and removed infrastructure from the evaluation sites Following advice that a number of the introductions in these trials may have persisted well under grazing and under a range of adverse weather conditions over many years, the breeder inspected and evaluated sites near Isisford, Blackall, Barcaldine, Julia Creek, Longreach, Yaraka and the Townsville suburb of Kelso (1996-98) and selected surviving individual visually attractive plants; seed from outside an old trial site at Chillagoe was collected on behalf of the breeder. The selected plants and or seeds from these field sites were taken to and cultivated at James Cook University, Townsville. Later, sixty one of these single-plant selections were evaluated in trials on "Redcliffe" near Hughenden on downs and gidgee soils (2002-06), "Trafalgar" near Charters Towers (2002-04), "Fletcherview" near Charters Towers (2003-05), "Como" near Hughenden (2003-04), "Barragunda" between Hughenden and Muttaburra (2003), "Dunluce" between Hughenden and Richmond (2003-04), and other sites. 'JCU3' was selected on the basis of its persistence under grazing and plant density relative to known cultivars. 'JCU3' (putative parent accession: CPI 57960) is derived from a selected plant growing in a mixed sward of Desmanthus spp. from an old trial planting on 'Taranaway Station", Isisford. (QLD). The progeny of plant originally selected at 'Taranaway Station" have undergone a further 5 generations of selection for visual genetic uniformity prior to release. Breeder: Chris Gardiner.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Stem	diameter	small to medium
Young stem	hairiness	absent
Inflorescence	length	short
Seed	colour of immature seed	pale green

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'CPI 57960'	putative parent accession
	released cultivar (PBR application no: 1992/062; certificate no: 498)
JCU2'	another <i>Desmanthus virgatus</i> variety from the same applicant
	another <i>Desmanthus virgatus</i> variety from the same applicant

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 3'	'CPI 57960'	'JCU2'	'JCU5'	'Marc'
Plant: growth habit	very prostrate to prostrate	prostrate	prostrate to medium	prostrate	very prostrate
Plant: density of branching	medium to dense	medium to dense	dense	very dense	very sparse to sparse
Plant: height	short to medium	short to medium	medium	short	very short
Plant: diameter	large	large	large	medium	small to medium
Young stem: hairiness	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Stem: diameter	small to medium	small to medium	medium	small to medium	small to medium
Leaf: number	many	many	many to very many	many to very many	few
Leaf: length of primary rachis	medium	short to medium	medium	long	short
Leaf: No. of pairs of pinnae on primary rachis	madiiim	few to medium	medium to many	many	few to medium
Leaf: length of pinna	long	medium to long	medium to long	short	medium to long
Leaf: Number of pinnules per pinna	medium to many	few to medium	many	many	few to medium
Leaf: length of pinnule	long	long	medium	short	medium
Leaf: width of pinnule	narrow to medium	medium	medium	very narrow to narrow	broad
Leaf: shape of pinnule	linear oblong	linear oblong	linear oblong	linear oblong	linear oblong
Leaf: length of petiole	short	short	short	long	very short to short
Leaf: shape of gland on petiole	elliptic	elliptic	orbicular to elliptic	orbicular	orbicular
Leaf: size of gland on petiole	small	small	small	small	small
Stipule: length		short to medium	medium to long	short	short to medium
Inflorescence : length (excluding peduncle)	short	short	short	short	short
✓ Inflorescence : peduncle length	llong	medium to long	long to very long	very short to short	short to medium
Flower: colour of tips of petals	pale green	pale green	pale green	pale green	pale green

_	1	I	I			
and	sepals					
<b>▽</b> per	Fruiting peduncle: no. of pods peduncle	few	Itew	many to very many	few	medium
>	Mature pod: length	medium to long	ımeanım		medium to long	medium
<b>&gt;</b>	Mature pod: width	very narrow to narrow	very narrow to narrow	narrow to medium	broad	medium
<b>▼</b> pod	Mature pod: no. of seeds per		few to medium	lmediiim		medium to many
	Seed: colour of immature seed	pale green	pale green	pale green	pale green	pale green
>	Sand : anlower of moture and	medium			medium brown	dark brown
V	Seed: length	short	short	medium	medium	short
	Seed. leligili					

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 3'	'CPI 57960'	'JCU2'	'JCU5'	'Marc'
Young stem: colour	green to red	green to red	rrea	green to red	green
Leaf: colour of gland on petiole	green-red	yellow green	red	red	yellow green
☐ Mature pod: shape	straight to slightly falcate	slightly falcate	straight with some slightly	mostly straight with some slightly falcate	straight to slightly falcate
Mature pod: colour	green to red	red to green	red	red to green	pale green
☐ Mature leaf: colour(RHS)	N137B	N137C	N137A	137A	N137C
Stem: colour of mature Stem(RHS)	183A	183B	187A	187A	146A
Mature green pod: colour where exposed to sunlight(RHS)	59A	59B	187B	187B	148C
Ripe pod: colour change with age(RHS)	177B- 200B	177B-200B		166A- 187A	177A-200A
Seed: colour(RHS)	166A-B	166A-B	166A	166B	200C

#### **Statistical Table**

Statistical Table	1				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 3'	'CPI 57960'	'JCU2'	'JCU5'	'Marc'
Plant: first flowering (days fro	m sowing)				
Mean	79.50	79.20	90.80	92.90	82.40
Std. Deviation	1.46	2.43	5.27	1.79	7.32
LSD/sig	3.90	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Plant: habit (1 = very prostrate	; 9 = erect)				
Mean	2.87	2.90	3.10	3.77	1.27
Std. Deviation	1.14	1.27	1.16	0.68	0.58
LSD/sig	0.90	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: branching (1 = very spa	rse; 9 = very	dense)			
Mean	5.57	6.07	5.43	8.70	1.67
Std. Deviation	1.30	1.95	1.57	0.84	0.61
LSD/sig	1.90	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: height (138 days after so	owing) (cm)				
Mean	40.57	40.27	41.26	33.27	16.37
Std. Deviation	16.58	23.03	13.29	6.19	7.63
LSD/sig	15.40	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Plant: maximum diameter (138	•	•			
Mean	168.23	160.40	160.65	109.57	116.40
Std. Deviation	37.85	43.94	19.02	11.97	27.84
LSD/sig	52.10	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Stem: length of 10th internode		113	115		
Mean	36.07	33.43	37.20	26.93	34.70
Std. Deviation	8.16	6.36	6.07	7.22	6.83
LSD/sig	5.60	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Stem: diameter of 10th interno	1				
Mean	3.70	3.73	4.76	4.21	2.99
Std. Deviation	0.30	0.53	0.34	0.60	0.28
LSD/sig	0.50	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: length of central rachis (	•	113	_0.01		
Mean	27.23	21.48	29.00	33.68	21.08
Std. Deviation	2.86	5.65	4.16	6.33	3.77
LSD/sig	4.53	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: number of primary pinna	1	_0.01	110		1_0.01
Mean	8.13	6.86	9.53	12.00	7.17
Std. Deviation	0.73	1.13	1.01	1.51	0.95
LSD/sig	0.90	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: maximum length of prim	•	•	. —	. —	, –
Mean	37.00	34.19	34.70	27.85	34.62
Std. Deviation	2.23	3.01	2.86	4.08	3.98
LSD/sig	3.15	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
<i>U</i>	1	1	1		

Leaf: number of pinnul	es on longest pri	mary pinna			
Mean	38.40	33.21	41.27	40.20	34.13
Std. Deviation	2.43	2.50	2.85	4.80	3.36
LSD/sig	3.00	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: maximum pinnul	e length on longe	st primary pir	nna (mm)		
Mean	8.28	8.34	7.05	5.47	7.25
Std. Deviation	0.75	0.68	0.59	0.88	0.84
LSD/sig	0.76	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: maximum pinnul	e width on longes	st primary pin	na (mm)		
Mean	1.74	1.85	1.53	1.41	2.27
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.18	0.16	0.25	0.23
LSD/sig	0.18	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: petiole length (m	m)				
Mean	4.38	4.52	4.63	7.82	3.40
Std. Deviation	0.43	0.46	0.41	2.96	0.50
LSD/sig	1.15	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: petiole diameter	(mm)				
Mean	1.32	1.22	1.43	0.88	1.29
Std. Deviation	0.17	0.17	0.09	0.12	0.11
LSD/sig	0.12	ns	ns	P<=0.01	ns
Leaf: stipule length (m	m)				
Mean	7.57	6.47	7.85	5.23	6.85
Std. Deviation	0.81	1.13	0.92	2.15	1.30
LSD/sig	1.22	ns	ns	P<=0.01	ns
Inflorescence: peduncle	e length (mm)				
Mean	38.23	35.07	50.53	16.67	27.43
Std. Deviation	9.52	6.17	8.54	4.54	4.82
LSD/sig	5.91	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: peduncle	e diameter (mm)				
Mean	1.13	1.06	1.31	1.15	0.98
Std. Deviation	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.17	0.11
LSD/sig	0.15	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: number	of pods per inflo	rescence			
Mean	4.93	4.52	11.57	4.57	5.77
Std. Deviation	1.53	1.48	3.77	1.43	1.63
LSD/sig	1.60	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Pod: length (mm)					
Mean	51.10	46.00	42.50	50.77	47.73
Std. Deviation	5.14	6.70	4.23	5.39	2.86
LSD/sig	3.90	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Pod: maximum width (	mm)				
Mean	3.32	3.36	3.86	4.46	3.99

Std. Deviation	0.27	0.22	0.25	0.21	0.22				
LSD/sig	0.23	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Pod: number of seeds per pod									
Mean	21.10	18.45	17.67	21.10	22.23				
Std. Deviation	2.14	4.10	2.82	2.12	1.76				
LSD/sig	2.50	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns				
Pod: number of seeds per cm of pod									
Mean	4.14	4.07	4.16	4.17	4.66				
Std. Deviation	0.28	0.83	0.57	0.33	0.31				
LSD/sig	0.38	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01				
Seed: mean seed weight (mg)									
Mean	3.82	3.59	5.29	5.16	3.87				
Std. Deviation	0.17	0.41	0.15	0.20	0.11				
LSD/sig	0.33	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns				

# **Prior Applications and Sales:** Nil.

Description: **D.S. Loch** , Alexandra Hills, QLD. & **C.M. Zorin**, Birkdale, QLD.

Details of Application	
	2011/143
Application Number	'JCU 5'
Variety Name	
Genus Species	Desmanthus virgatus
Common Name	Desmanthus
Synonym	17.0 1 2012
Accepted Date	17 October 2013
Applicant	James Cook University, Townsville, QLD.
Agent	Nick Kempe, Eagle Farm, QLD
Qualified Person	Don Loch
Details of Comparative	
Location	Birkdale, QLD
Descriptor	Desmanthus National Descriptor PBR DESM
Period	2 January 2014 to 30 June 2014
Conditions	Seed sown on 2-3 Jan 2014 in 20 mm diameter tubes (thinned
	to one seedling per tube); watered with a slurry of
	Leucaena/Desmanthus inoculant (CB3126) on 12 and 28 Jan
	2014. Seedlings planted out on a red volcanic (krasnozem or
	ferrosol) soil on 12 Feb 2014; weed control by pre-emergence
	pendimethalin (Rifle 440) post-planting; 313 kg/ha of blended
	fertiliser (N:P:K:S = $12.8:14.2:11.9:6.4$ ) applied after planting
	on 19 Feb 2014 to give 40 kg N, 44 kg P, 37 kg K, and 20 kg
	S per hectare; supplementary trickle irrigation applied as
	required to maintain unstressed growth. Two precautionary
	applications of methomyl (Lannate L) made for psyllid
Trial Davier	control.
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 7 cultivars and accessions ('JCU2', 'JCU3', 'JCU5', 'Marc', CPI 57960, CPI 67643, CPI 91335)
	arranged in 6 randomised blocks with 5 plants per plot in a
	single row along trickle irrigation lines; 0.8 m between plants
	in each plot and 1.6 m between plots in each row; 1.5 m
	between rows on trickle irrigation lines.
Measurements	Days to flowering determined progressively for each plant
1vicusus ements	(19 Mar - 22 Apr 2014). Ratings of plant habit and branching
	and measurements of height and spread made on each
	individual plant on 20 May 2014 (138 days after sowing).
	Measurements (one set per plant) made on stem internodes
	(21-23 May 2014), fully expanded leaves from nodes 10-15
	(23-27 May 2014), and inflorescences and pods (28-29 May
	2014). Samples of ripe pods (one per plot) collected
	progressively during May-June 2014 to determine seed size
	after threshing, screening and removal of remaining light inert
	material using a Seedburo General Seed Blower. Analyses of
	variance (ANOVAs) conducted with Genstat Release 12.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (5th edition)

#### Origin and Breeding

Selection for persistency and plant density: CPI 67643. CSIRO and Queensland DPI (now DAF) established a pasture legume development program in the 1980s. This involved the evaluation of introduced material in trials at a number of semi-arid tropical sites. Soon after this program commenced, both agencies discontinued the program and removed infrastructure from the evaluation sites. Following advice that a number of the introductions in these trials may have persisted well under grazing and under a range of adverse weather conditions over many years, the breeder inspected and evaluated sites near Isisford, Blackall, Barcaldine, Julia Creek, Longreach, Yaraka and the Townsville suburb of Kelso (1996-98) and selected surviving individual visually attractive plants; seed from outside an old trial site at Chillagoe was collected on behalf of the breeder. The selected plants and/or seeds from these field sites were taken to and cultivated at James Cook University, Townsville. Later, sixty-one of these single-plant selections were evaluated in trials on "Redcliffe" near Hughenden on downs and gidgee soils (2002-06), "Trafalgar" near Charters Towers (2002-04), 'Fletcherview" near Charters Towers (2003-05), "Como" near Hughenden (2003-04), "Barragunda" between Hughenden and Muttaburra (2003), "Dunluce" between Hughenden and Richmond (2003-04), and other sites. 'JCU5' was selected on the basis of its persistence under grazing and plant density relative to known Desmanthus cultivars. 'JCU5' (putative parent accession: CPI 67643) is derived from a selected plant growing in a mixed sward of *Desmanthus* spp. from an old trial planting on 'Woodbine", Blackall (QLD). The progeny of the plant originally selected at "Woodbine" station have undergone a further 5 generations of selection for visual genetic uniformity prior to release. Breeder: Chris Gardiner.

Choice of Comparators Variety of Common Kno		used for grouping	varieties to identify the most similar	
Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Stem	diameter		small to medium	
Young stem	hairiness		absent	
Inflorescence	length		short	
Seed	colour of im	mature seed	pale green	
<b>Most Similar Varieties</b>	of Common Kn	owledge identifie	d (VCK)	
Name		Comments		
CPI 67643		putative parent accession		
'Marc'		released cultivar (PBR application no: 1992/062; certificate no: 498)		
'JCU2'		another <i>Desmanthus virgatus</i> variety from the same applicant		
'JCU3'		another <i>Desmanthus virgatus</i> variety from the same applicant		

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}} \text{ - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.}$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 5'	CPI 67643	'JCU2'	'JCU3'	'Marc'
Plant: growth habit	prostrate	very prostrate to prostrate	prostrate to medium	to prostrate	very prostrate
Plant: density of branching	very dense	dense	dense	medium to dense	very sparse to sparse
Plant: height	short	short to medium	medium	short to medium	very short
Plant: diameter	small to medium	large	large	large	small to medium
Young stem: hairiness	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Stem: diameter	small to medium	small to medium	medium	small to medium	small
Leaf: number	many to very many	many	many to very many	many	few
Leaf: length of primary rachis	long	medium	medium	medium	short
Leaf: no. of pairs of pinnae on primary rachis	many	medium	medium to many	mediiim	few to medium
Leaf: length of pinna	short	short to medium	medium to long	long	medium to long
Leaf: number of pinnules per pinna	many	few to medium	many		few to medium
Leaf: length of pinnule	short	long	medium	long	medium
Leaf: width of pinnule	very narrow to narrow	medium	medium	narrow to medium	broad
Leaf: shape of pinnule	linear oblong	linear oblong	linear oblong		linear oblong
Leaf: length of petiole	long	short	short	short	very short to short
Leaf: shape of gland on petiole	orbicular	orbicular	orbicular to elliptic	elliptic	orbicular
Leaf: size of gland on petiole	small	small	small	small	small
Stipule: length	short	short to medium	medium to long	short to medium	short to medium
Inflorescence: length (excluding peduncle)	short	short	short	short	short
Inflorescence: peduncle length	very short to short	medium to long	long to very long	long	short to medium
Flower: colour of tips of petals and sepals		pale green	pale green	pale green	pale green
Fruiting peduncle: no. of pods	few	medium	many to	few	medium

per peduncle			very many		
Mature pod: length		short to medium		medium to long	medium
Mature pod: width	lbroad		narrow to medium	very narrow to narrow	medium
Mature pod: no. of seeds per pod	few to medium	few to medium	lmedium		medium to many
Seed: colour of immature seed	pale green	pale green	pale green	pale green	pale green
Seed: colour of mature seed		medium brown		medium brown	dark brown
Seed: length	lmediiim	medium to long	medium	short	short
Seed: width	lmediiim	medium to broad	medium	narrow	narrow

	Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 5'	CPI 67643	'JCU2'	'JCU3'	'Marc'
<b>&gt;</b>	Young stem: colour	green to red	green to red	rea	green to red	green
peti	Leaf: colour of gland on tole	red	red	red	green-red	yellow green
	Mature pod: shape	mostly straight -slightly falcate	straight to slightly falcate	straight-	straight to slightly falcate	straight to slightly falcate
<b>V</b>	Mature pod: colour	red to green	green to red	irea	green to red	pale green
	Mature leaf: colour (RHS)	137A	N137A	N137A	N137B	N137C
(RF	Stem: colour of mature stem HS)	187A	183A	187A	183A	146A
whe	Mature green pod: colour ere exposed to sunlight (RHS)	187B	59C	187B	59A	148C
<b>▽</b> age	Ripe pod: colour change with (RHS)	166A- 187A	174A-187A	174A- 200A	177B- 200B	177A-200A
<b>V</b>	Seed: colour (RHS)	166B	166A	166A	166A-B	200C

#### **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JCU 5'	CPI 67643	'JCU2'	'JCU3'	'Marc'			
Plant: first flowering (days from sowing)								
Mean	92.90	84.10	90.80	79.50	82.40			
Std. Deviation	1.78	5.89	5.27	1.46	7.32			

LSD/sig	3.90	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
		1_0.01	115	<u>r _0.01</u>	1_0.01
Plant: habit (1 = very prostrate Mean	3.77 = erect)	1.43	3.10	2.87	1.27
Std. Deviation	0.68	1.43	1.16	1.14	0.58
LSD/sig	0.08	P<0.01	ns	P≤0.01	0.38 P≤0.01
		. —	118	<u>r ≥</u> 0.01	<u>r _0.01</u>
Flant. branching (1 – very span			<b>7</b> 40	l	1
Mean	8.70	6.50	5.43	5.57	1.67
Std. Deviation	0.84	1.55	1.57	1.30	0.61
LSD/sig	1.90	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: height (138 days after s					
Mean	33.27	16.24	41.26	40.57	16.37
Std. Deviation	6.05	6.91	13.29	16.58	7.63
LSD/sig	15.40	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Plant: maximum diameter (13	8 days after	sowing) (cm)			
Mean	109.57	139.64	160.65	168.23	116.40
Std. Deviation	11.97	48.95	19.02	37.85	27.84
LSD/sig	52.10	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Stem: length of 10th internode	(mm)				
Mean	26.93	36.50	37.20	36.07	34.70
Std. Deviation	7.22	7.99	6.07	8.16	6.83
LSD/sig	5.60	P<0.01	P<0.01	P≤0.01	P<0.01
	do (mana)	. –		. —	
Stem: diameter of 10th interno	4.21	3.45	4.76	3.70	2.99
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.40	0.34	0.30	0.28
LSD/sig	0.50	P<0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P<0.01
G .	1	1_0.01	115	_0.01	1_0.01
Lear. lengur of central facilis (		la		la- aa	<b>1</b>
Mean	33.68	26.40	29.00	27.23	21.08
Std. Deviation	6.33	3.38	4.16	2.86	3.77
LSD/sig	4.53	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: number of primary pinn					
Mean	12.00	8.73	9.53	8.13	7.17
Std. Deviation	1.51	0.98	1.01	0.73	0.95
LSD/sig	0.90	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: maximum length of prin	narv pinnae	(mm)			
Mean	27.85	31.20	34.70	37.00	34.62
Std. Deviation	4.08	3.45	2.86	2.24	3.98
LSD/sig	3.15	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: number of pinnules on le	ongest prime	ary ninna	-	-	-
Mean	40.20	36.40	41.27	38.40	34.13
Std. Deviation	4.80	2.37	2.85	2.43	3.36
LSD/sig	3.00	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01
-		•		r.s.	F _0.01
Leaf: maximum pinnule length on longest primary pinna (mm)					

Mean	5.47	7.13	7.05	8.28	7.25
Std. Deviation	0.88	0.75	0.59	0.75	0.84
LSD/sig	0.76	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: maximum pinnule wid	th on longes	t primary pinna	(mm)		•
Mean	1.41	1.76	1.53	1.74	2.27
Std. Deviation	0.25	0.24	0.16	0.13	0.23
LSD/sig	0.18	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: petiole length (mm)					
Mean	7.82	4.12	4.63	4.38	3.40
Std. Deviation	2.96	0.47	0.41	0.43	0.50
LSD/sig	1.15	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
₽ .	1.10	1_0.01	1_0.01	<u>r _0.01</u>	<u>r _0.01</u>
Leaf: petiole diameter (mm) Mean	0.88	1.27	1.43	1.32	1.29
Std. Deviation	0.12	0.17	0.09	0.17	0.11
LSD/sig	0.12	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P<0.01	P≤0.01
	0.12	μ _0.01	<u>r _0.01</u>	<u>r _0.01</u>	1 _0.01
Lear. supule lengui (IIIII)	5.23	6.78	7.85	7.57	6.85
Mean Std. Deviation	2.15	0.78	0.92	0.81	1.30
	1.22		0.92 P≤0.01	0.81 P<0.01	P<0.01
LSD/sig  Inflorescence: nedunale lene		P≤0.01	P <u>\_</u> 0.01	P≥0.01	P≥0.01
innorescence, peduncie leng		_			_
Mean	16.67	33.90	50.53	38.23	27.43
Std. Deviation	4.54	6.14	8.54	9.52	4.82
LSD/sig	5.91	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: peduncle dian	neter (mm)				
Mean	1.15	0.98	1.31	1.13	0.98
Std. Deviation	0.17	0.14	0.19	0.16	0.11
LSD/sig	0.15	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: number of po	ds per inflor	escence			
Mean	4.57	5.47	11.57	4.93	5.77
Std. Deviation	1.43	2.03	3.77	1.53	1.63
LSD/sig	1.60	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Pod: length (mm)		-			
Mean	50.77	43.23	42.50	51.10	47.73
Std. Deviation	5.39	4.61	4.23	5.14	2.86
LSD/sig	3.90	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Pod: maximum width (mm)	•	-	-	-	•
Mean	4.46	4.33	3.86	3.32	3.99
Std. Deviation	0.21	0.30	0.25	0.27	0.22
LSD/sig	0.23	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
П.	<b></b>	, ·-			
Fou. Humber of seeds per po		16 27	17 67	01.10	h2 22
Mean Std. Daviction	21.10	16.37	17.67	21.10	22.23
Std. Deviation	2.14	2.16	2.82	2.14	1.76

LSD/sig	2.50	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Pod: number of seed	s per cm of pod				
Mean	4.17	3.79	4.16	4.14	4.66
Std. Deviation	0.34	0.30	0.57	0.28	0.31
LSD/sig	0.38	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Seed: mean seed wei	ght (mg)				
Mean	5.16	6.14	5.29	3.82	3.87
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.35	0.15	0.17	0.11
LSD/sig	0.33	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales:** Nil.

Details of A	pplication						
Application		2015/027	7				
Variety Nan		'PTK647					
Genus Speci		Epichloe coenophiala					
Common Na		Endophyte					
Synonym		Littophyte					
Accepted Da	nte	17 Mar 2015					
Applicant		DLF Trifolium A/S, Roskilde, Denmark.					
Agent		DEI III	DEI THOHUIII A/S, ROSKIIUC, DEIIIIIIIIK.				
Qualified Pe	rson	Pedro Ev	/ans				
Quanticu i c	1 5011	r caro E	ans				
Details of Co	mnorotive	Trial					
Overseas Te			aland Pla	nt Variety Rig	ohts Office		
Authority	sung	INCW ZCC	iiaiia i iai	iit variety Kiş	giits Office		
Overseas Da	ıta	FEN017					
Reference N		L L101/					
Location	umber	Aσ Rese	arch Lab	oratory Palm	nerston, New Zeala	nd	
Descriptor					r PBR ENDO	iiid.	
Period		2013-20		iai Descriptor	I I DK LNDO		
Conditions				donhytes we	re compared in the	laboratory	
Conditions		Cultures of the endophytes were compared in the laboratory with all commonly known endophytes available in NZ					
Trial Design	<u> </u>	with an c	20111110111	y Known end	opilytes available	11112	
Measuremei		Colony, rate of growth anomalation immercial of manair in					
Wieasui eillei		Colony: rate of growth, sporulation, immersion of margin in agar, convolution. Aerial mycelium: type. Conidia: length,					
		width, length/width ratio					
RHS Chart	- edition	widen, rengan widen rano					
THIS CHUIT	cuition						
Origin and I	Rreeding						
		tions in	the tall f	escue popula	tions from Galicia	Spain The	
variety was isolated from accession of tall fescue collected in Europe. The main selection criteria used was low levels of ergovaline and the presence of loline. The							
source popul				-	<b>.</b>		
The second secon		8					
Choice of Co	omparators	s Charact	teristics u	sed for groun	oing varieties to ide	entify the	
most similar							
Organ/Plan		Context State of Expression in Group				on in Group	
					of Varieties	•	
Colony		convolution high					
	r Varieties	of Com	mon Kno		tified (VCK)		
Name				Comments	_		
'AR601'							
Varieties of	Common I	Knowled	ge identi	fied and sub	sequently exclude	ed	
	Distinguisl			Expression	State of	Comments	
	Character	_	in Cand		Expression in		
			Variety		Comparator		
					Variety		
			•				

'AR604'	Aerial mycelium	type	fibrous	Cottony/fluffy
'NEA23'	Aerial mycelium	type	fibrous	cottony/fluffy
'NEA21'	Aerial mycelium	type	fibrous	cottony/fluffy
'AR501'	Aerial mycelium	type	fibrous	cottony/fluffy
'AR542'	Aerial mycelium	type	fibrous	waxy
'AR584'	Colony	convolu tion	high	absent

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'PTK647'	'AR601'
□Colony: rate of growth	slow	slow
□Colony: sporulation	present	present
□Colony: immersion of margin in agar	low	low
□Colony: convolution	high	high
☑Aerial mycelium type	fibrous	cottony/fluffy
□Conidia: length	medium	medium
□Conidia: width	narrow	narrow
□Conidia: length: width ratio	low to medium	low to medium

# **Prior Applications and Sales**

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedNew Zealand2013Granted'PTK647'

Description: Pedro Evans, Christchurch, New Zealand

Details of Application	
Application Number	2015/029
Variety Name	'E815'
Genus Species	Epichloe festucae var lolii
Common Name	Fescue Endophyte
Synonym	
Accepted Date	17 Mar 2015
Applicant	DLF Trifolium A/S, Roskilde, Denmark.
Agent	
Qualified Person	Pedro Evans
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial
Overseas Testing	New Zealand Plant Variety Rights Office
Authority	
Overseas Data	FEN022
Reference Number	
Location	Ag Research Laboratory, Palmerston, New Zealand.
Descriptor	Endophyte National Descriptor PBR ENDO
Period	2013-2014
Conditions	Cultures of the endophytes were compared in the laboratory
	with all commonly known endophytes available in NZ
Trial Design	
Measurements	Colony: rate of growth, sporulation, immersion of margin in
	agar, convolution. Aerial mycelium: type.
RHS Chart - edition	

#### Origin and Breeding

Selection: The strain was isolated from accession of wild ryegrass collected in Europe. These were isolated and then inoculated into ryegrass free of endophyte. The alkaloid profile generated by these grass/endophyte associations was determined and selection was made for low levels of ergovaline and lolitrem B and for high levels of peramine which confers tolerance to insect pests but does not harm animals. Basic work was conducted in Denmark and then field work and insect tolerance work was conducted in New Zealand..

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
rate of growth	slow to medium
sporulation	absent
convolution	low
	sporulation

# Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name 'NE10'

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguis Character		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'NEA2'	Aerial mycelium	type	powdery	waxy	
'NEA6'	Aerial mycelium	type	powdery	waxy	
'AR1''	Aerial mycelium	type	powdery	waxy	
'AR95''	Aerial mycelium	type	powdery	cottony/fluffy	
'AR5'	Aerial mycelium	type	powdery	cottony/fluffy	
'NEA11'	Aerial mycelium	type	powdery	cottony/fluffy	
'AR37'	Aerial mycelium	type	powdery	fibrous	
'NEA3'	Aerial mycelium	type	powdery	waxy and cottony/fluffy	
'AR6'	Aerial mycelium	type	powdery	waxy and fibrous	

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'E815''	'NEA10'
□Colony: rate of growth	slow to medium	slow to medium
□Colony: sporulation	absent	absent
□Colony: immersion of margin in agar	absent	absent
□Colony: convolution	low	low
☑Aerial mycelium type	powdery	waxy

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedNew Zealand2013Granted'E815'

Description: Pedro Evans, Christchurch, New Zealand

<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2015/028
Variety Name	'Happe'
Genus Species	Epichloe siegelii
Common Name	Fungal endophyte – Meadow Fescue
Synonym	
Accepted Date	17 Mar 2015
Applicant	DLF Trifolium A/S, Roskilde, Denmark.
Agent	
Qualified Person	Pedro Evans
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial
Overseas Testing	New Zealand Plant Variety Rights Office
Authority	
Overseas Data	FEN013
Reference Number	
Location	Ag Research Laboratory, Palmerston, New Zealand.
Descriptor	Endophyte National Descriptor PBR ENDO
Period	2009-2010
Conditions	Cultures of the endophytes were compared in the laboratory
	with all commonly known endophytes available in NZ
Trial Design	
Measurements	Colony (growth, sporulation, degree of sporulation, colour,
	sectoring, shape, immersion of margin in agar, texture, effect
	of benomyl on growth)Conidia length and width. Aerial
	mycelium, density and type
RHS Chart - edition	

#### Origin and Breeding

Selection: The variety was isolated from a meadow fescue collected in Germany in 1957, and stored in a germplasm seed bank in the USA for a long period of time. A company named "Advanta" isolated the variety and obtained a patent in the USA for the endophyte which it called "Happe". This company was later acquired by DLF which continued to work on this endophyte to make sure it had low levels, or absence, of the toxic alkaloids ergovaline and lolitrem B.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Colony	texture	waxy
Aerial mycelium	type	cottony/fluffy
Conidia	length	medium
Conidia	width	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name	Comments				
	Epichloes uncinatum a fungal endophyte of				

'U2'	Epichloes uncinatum a fungal endophyte of meadow fescue related to Epichloe siegelli

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Happe'	'UNC1'	'U2'
Colony, note of anomyth	medium to	medium to	medium to
□Colony: rate of growth	rapid	rapid	rapid
☑Colony: sporulation	present	absent	absent
□Colony: immersion of margin in	superficial	superficial	superficial
agar	superficial	superficial	superficial
□Colony: sectoring	present	present	present
□Colony: shape	brain like	brain like	brain like
□Colony: texture	waxy	waxy	waxy
□Colony: effect of benomyl on	medium	medium to	medium to
growth	to strong	strong	strong
□Aerial mycelium type	felted	felted	felted
□Aerial mycelium density	sparse	sparse	sparse
□Conidia: length	medium	medium	medium
□Conidia: width	medium	medium	medium

#### **Prior Applications and Sales**

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedNew Zealand2009Granted'Happe'

Description: Pedro Evans, Christchurch, New Zealand

<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2010/154
Variety Name	'Sheegene 13'
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera
Common Name	Grape vine
Synonym	Timco
Accepted Date	08 November 2010
Applicant	Sheehan Genetics LLC, Porteville, CA, USA
Agent	Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd, Emerald, VIC
Qualified Person	Alison MacGregor, Mildura, VIC
<b>Details of Comparativ</b>	e Trial
Location	Irymple, VIC
Descriptor	Grapevine Vitis vinifera UPOV TG/50/9
Period	September 2010 to March 2014
Conditions	Sheegene 13 vines were field grafted onto ramsey rootstock
	in a commercial table grape vineyard in north west Victoria in
	September 2010. Plant measurements commenced in January
	2013 and were completed in March 2014. The vines were
	managed according to the weed, nutrition, irrigation and pest
	management program of the rest of the vineyard.
Trial Design	Each variety plot consisted of a panel of three vines. Plots
	were laid out in a randomised block design with plots of each
	variety replicated in blocks that were allocated to three
	separate vine rows.
Measurements	Measurements were taken at budburst and subsequently on
	new shoots, young leaves, mature leaves, berries, bunches
	and canes.
RHS Chart - edition	RHS colour chart 1985 edition reprinted 1986
Origin and Breeding	
	'Red Gobe' x 'Princess'. The new variety is the result of
•	eason white grape variety 'Princess', as the pollen parent, and
_	to late season variety 'Red Globe' as the seed parent. The new
-	dized by Timothy Sheehan of Portville, California, USA then
	onto Harmony rootstock. The new variety produces grapes
comparable to 'Red Glo	bbe' but seedless and ripening earlier than 'Red Globe'.
<u> </u>	
Choice of Comparator	<u>'s</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the mos

		1 8				
Choice of Comparator	s Characteristics used	for grouping varieties to identify the most similar				
Variety of Common Kn		20.000				
Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Variet						
Berry	colour	red				
Berry	seededness	seedless				
Most Similar Varieties	of Common Knowle	edge identified (VCK)				
Name	Coi	mments				
'Red Globe'	seed parent					
'Sugranineteen' ('Scarlo	otta') red	seedless grape that is slightly later maturing and has a				

			slight	ly larger berry th	an the candidate			
'Red Rob'				, <u> </u>	lops a rudimentary seed			
'Crimson Se	eedless'		red, se	red, seedless variety but later maturing and with a more elongated berry than the candidate.				
'Ralli Seedl	ess'		red ea	red early season seedless variety but matures earlier than the candidate and has a rounder berry shape				
Varieties of	f Commo	n Knowled	ge identified a	nd subsequently	y excluded			
Variety	Distingu	iishing	State of	State of	Comments			
	Charact	teristics	Expression in Candidate Variety	Expression in Comparator Variety				
'Sheegene 12'	Berry	size	medium to large	small to medium				
'Sheegene 12'	Berry	firmness	soft or slightly firm	moderately firm				
'Sheegene 12'	Berry	formation of seeds	rudimentary	none				
'Ralli Seedless'	Tendril	length	short	long				
'Ralli Seedless'	Berry	Skin thickness	thin	thick				
'Flame Seedless'	Berry	maturity	mid season	very early				
'Ruby Seedless'	Berry	size	medium to large	small to medium				
'Sugra- twenty	Berry	maturity	mid season	late				
'Sugra- seventeen	Berry	maturity	mid season	late				
'Emperor'	Berry	seeded- ness	seedless	seeded				
'Cardinal'	Berry	seeded- ness	seedless	seeded				

# $\underline{ \mbox{ Variety Description and Distinctness - Nominate Distinguishing Characteristics (tick) which distinguish} \\ \underline{ \mbox{ the candidate from one or more of the comparators} }$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	O	" rimcon	'Red Globe'	'Red Rob'	'Sugra- nineteen'
*Time of: bud burst	medium	late	medium to late	early	late
*Young shoot: openness of tip	wide open	half open	slightly open or wide open	half open	wide open
*Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	very sparse to	medium	dense	dense	medium

	sparse				
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Young shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse to medium	medium	absent or very sparse
*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	anthocyanin	green with anthocyani n spots	light copper red	light copper red	dark copper red
*Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	-	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Young leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	sparse		absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	horizontal to semi- drooping
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green and red	red	green and red	red	green and red
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green	red	$\sim$	green and red	green
Shoot: length of tendrils	medium	medium	medium	short	medium
*Flower: sexual organs	developed stamens and fully developed	developed stamens and fully	developed stamens and fully developed	developed stamens and fully	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium
*Mature leaf: size of blade	medium	large	small to medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	circular	pentagonal	pentagonal	pentagonal	wedge- shaped
Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	-	weak	medium
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	three to five	five	T1370	three to five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	deep	shallow to medium	medium to deep	medium	medium to deep
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses (varieties with lobed leaves only)		strongly overlapped		slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	Ingit Ondn	slightly overlapped	slightly open	half open	closed

*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	small	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth			both sides convex		both sides convex
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	low	absent or very low		absent or very low	low
Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse		absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Mature leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	sparse	sparse		absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to length of middle vein	•	moderately shorter	-	moderately shorter	equal
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	early to medium	medium		medium to late	medium
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	larga		medium to large	medium	large
*Bunch: density	medium to dense	medium	lav	very lax to lax	lax to medium
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	short	medium	medium to long	mediiim	medium to long
*Berry: size	medium to large	medium	large to very large	small to medium	large
*Berry: shape		narrow ellipsoid	MINHOGA		broad ellipsoid
*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	grey red	red	dark red violet	grey red	grey red
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	•	moderately easy	CHITICHIL	moderately easy	difficult
Berry: thickness of skin	thin	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak				absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh		moderately firm	moderately firm	very firm	moderately firm
*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none	none	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	none	complete	rudi- mentary	rudimentary
Woody shoot: main colour	orange brown	reddish brown	-	Yellow brown	reddish brown

H Iraan/Plant Parti L Antovi		MODOMIN'	'Red Globe'	'Red Rob'	'Sugra- nineteen'
*Berry: colour (RHS)	Grey red (181A and 181C) and grey purple (187C)	-	-	-	-

# **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sheegene 13'	'Crimso n Seedless'	'Red Globe'	'Red Rob'	'Sugranineteen ,' (Scarlotta)
Berry: width(mm)					
Mean	17.70	16.15	21.10	16.07	21.52
Std. Deviation	1.53	1.22	1.56	2.14	2.29
LSD/sig	0.55	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Berry: length(mm)					
Mean	21.32	21.82	23.30	19.59	23.08
Std. Deviation	2.33	1.97	1.84	2.17	5.07
LSD/sig	0.91	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Berry: length to wid	lth ratio				
Mean	1.21	1.35	1.10	1.23	1.07
Std. Deviation	0.10	0.10	0.04	0.12	0.19
LSD/sig	0.04	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Berry: Maturity (late	e January) (Brix)				
Mean	17.23	19.20	13.32	11.80	14.90
Std. Deviation	3.40	3.60	2.90	1.40	1.52
LSD/sig	0.66	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Mature leaf: length	of main vein(cm)				
Mean	10.08	13.27	10.10	9.73	9.75
Std. Deviation	1.83	4.92	1.39	1.40	1.69
LSD/sig	1.46	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns
Mature leaf: length:	width ratio				
Mean	0.77	0.95	0.80	0.77	0.70
Std. Deviation	0.10	0.34	0.08	0.07	0.08
LSD/sig	0.09	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns
Mature leaf: petiole	length (cm)				
Mean	7.71	9.05	8.81	8.65	10.34

Std. Deviation	2.05	1.54	1.81	2.18	2.43	
LSD/sig	1.50	ns	ns	ns	P<0.01	

|--|

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
South Africa	2009	Applied	'Sheegene 13'
Chile	2011	Granted	'Sheegene 13'
Brazil	2011	Applied	'Sheegene 13'
Israel	2013	Applied	'Sheegene 13'
Peru	2012	Granted	'Sheegene 13'
USA	2007	Granted	'Sheegene 13'
European Union	2009	Granted	'Sheegene 13'
Spain	2009	Granted	'Sheegene 13'

Description: Alison MacGregor, Mildura, VIC.

Details of Application			
Application Number	2008/185		
Variety Name	'Blanc Seedless'		
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera		
Common Name	Grape vine		
Synonym			
Accepted Date	17 December 2008		
Applicant	Luribay Business, Inc,., Repbulic of Panama		
Agent	Watermark Patent and Trade Mark Attorneys, Hawtorhn, VIC		
Qualified Person	Alison MacGregor		
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial		
Overseas Testing	Community Plant Variety Office, Angers, France (Testing		
Authority	station Consiglio per la Ricerca e la sperimentazione in		
	Agricolutura, Rome, Italy)		
Overseas Data	2007/2981		
Reference Number			
Location	Data verified at Red Cliffs, VIC		
Descriptor	Grape vine <i>Vinis vitifera</i> UPOV TG/50/9		
Period	January 2014 to March 2015		
Conditions	A two-hectare patch of Blanc Seedless vines was planted on a		
	commercial vineyard in north west Victoria. Plant		
	measurements commenced in January 2014 when the vines		
	were bearing their first substantial crop, and completed in		
	March 2015. The vines were managed according to the weed,		
	nutrition, irrigation and pest management program of the rest		
	of the commercial vineyard. A second patch of the candidate		
	variety on the same vineyard, also approximately 2 hectares		
T. i.i.D. si	and planted in 2013, was also assessed in 2015.		
Trial Design	Characteristics of the candidate variety were assessed in an		
	unreplicated verification trial, but also compared against varieties of common knowledge grown nearby in a		
	comparator trial.		
Measurements	Measurements were taken at budburst, and subsequently on		
Measur ements	new shoots, young leaves, mature leaves, berries, bunches		
	and canes.		
RHS Chart - edition	RHS colour chart 1985 edition reprinted in 1986		
Mily Chart - Cultion	ichio colour chart 1705 cartion reprinted in 1700		

#### Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Red Globe' x 'Crimson Seedless'. The new variety is the result of hybridization of large, seeded, red grape variety 'Red Globe' as the seed parent and mid-late season, seedless, red grape variety 'Crimson Seedless' as the pollen parent. The new variety was first hybridized by Joseph Maranto of Bakersfield, CA, USA. The new variety was grafted onto Thompson Seedless. The hybridization produces grapes that are amber green, large, elongated, seedless and ripen earlier than Thompson Seedless. The seed parent differs from the candidate in having less vigorous growth, early fruit ripening, fruits having strong purplish red to deep purplish red colour and having seeds. The pollen parent differs in having early fruit

ripening and having strong purplish to deep purplish colour.								
Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar								
Variety of Common Knowledge								
Organ/Plan	nt Part	Context			Sta	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Berry		colour of sk			yel	lowish green to green		
Berry		anthocyanin	colourat	ion of flesh	abs	ent or very weak		
Berry		maturity			ear	ly to mid seaon		
Berry		seededness			see	dless		
Most Simila	r Varie	ties of Com	mon Kno	owledge ide	ntif	ied (VCK)		
Name				Comments				
'Sheegene-9	' ('Mela	nie')		large, mid s	easc	on green skin, seedless		
'Sugratwelve	e' ('Coa	chella')		large to ver	y lai	ge, yellow green skin, se	edle	ess
'Sheegene 2	' ('Tims	on')		medium to	large	e, yellow green skin, seed	lless	}
Varieties of	Comm	on Knowled	lge identi	fied and su	hsed	quently excluded		
Variety Variety		guishing				State of Expression in	Con	nments
variety		cteristics		ate Variety		Comparator Variety	C 0 1	
'Regal Seedless'	Berry	maturity		nid season		late maturing		
'Sheegene- 4' ('Luisco'	Berry	maturity	early – r	nid season		late maturing		
'Autumn Royal'	Berry	maturity	early – r	nid season		late maturing		
'Thompson Seedless'	Berry	maturity	early - n	nedium		early maturing		
'Thompson Seedless'	Berry	size	naturally	y large		medium (small without Gibberlic acid)		
'Thompson Seedless'	Berry	colour	yellow g	green		light green		

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Blanc Seedless'	'Sheegene 2'	'Sheegene 9'	'Sugratwelve'
*Time of: bud burst	early	medium to late	-	-
*Young shoot: openness of tip	fully open	half open	wide open	wide open
*Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	dense	dense	medium to dense	medium
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	weak		absent or very weak
Voung shoots areat hoirs on tin	absent or very sparse	medium		absent or very sparse
*Voung loof, colour of unnon side of	_	<u> </u>	r	light copper red

blade		spots	spots	
*Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Young leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	medium
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green	green and red	green and red	green and red
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green	green	green and red	green and red
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green	red	green and red	green and red
Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green	red	green and red	green and red
Shoot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Shoot: length of tendrils	long	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
*Flower: sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium
*Mature leaf: size of blade	large	small to medium	medium	medium to large
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	circular	pentagonal	pentagonal	pentagonal
Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five	five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium	medium to deep	very shallow to shallow	very shallow to shallow
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses (varieties with lobed leaves only)	slightly overlapped	closed	slightly overlapped	closed
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	half open	slightly open	slightly open	slightly open
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	short to medium	medium to long	medium to long
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	mixture of both sides straight	both sides convex	both sides convex	both sides convex

	and both sides convex			
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low
Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Wature lear. elect hairs on main veins	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
matare rear. rength of petiole compared	moderately shorter	equal	equal	moderately shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	early	early to medium	medium	medium
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	very large	medium	large	medium
*Bunch: density	medium	lax	very lax	lax to medium
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Berry: size	large			large to very large
*Berry: shape	cylindrical	broad ellipsoid	ovoid	broad ellipsoid
*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	yellow green	yellow green	green	yellow green
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	moderately easy	l <b>-</b>	moderately easy	difficult
Berry: thickness of skin	thick	medium	medium	medium
Berry, andrice yairin colouration of	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	moderately firm	•	moderately firm	soft or slightly firm
*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	none	none	rudimentary
Woody shoot: main colour	yellowish brown	orange brown		yellowish brown

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Blanc Seedless'	'Sheegene 2'	'Sheegene 9'	'Sugratwelve'
Berry: brix by 3 <sup>rd</sup> February 2015	18.7	_	_	-
*Berry:weight at maturity without Gibberlic Acid (g,)	3.7	-	-	-

*Berry: length without Gibberlic Acid(mm)	20.0	-	-	-
*Berry: width without Gibberlic Acid(mm)	17.0	-	-	_

**Prior Applications and Sales:** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
USA	2003	Granted	'Blanc Seedless
European Union	2007	Granted	'Blanc Seedless

First sold in USA in September 2005.

Description: Alison MacGregor, Mildura, VIC.

<b>Details of Application</b>					
Application Number	2013/044				
Variety Name	'Sheegene 17'				
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera				
Common Name	Grape vine				
Synonym	Great Green Seedless				
Accepted Date	26 February 2013				
Applicant	ž – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –				
Agent	Sheehan Genetics LLC, Porteville, CA, USA				
	Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd, Emerald, VIC.				
Qualified Person	Alison MacGregor, Mildura, VIC				
7 . 11 . 6	m + 1				
Details of Comparative					
Location	Irymple, VIC				
Descriptor	Grapevine <i>Vitis vinifera</i> UPOV TG/50/9				
Period	September 2013 to March 2015				
Conditions	'Sheegene 17' vines were field grafted onto Ramsey				
	rootstock in a commercial table grape vineyard in north west				
	Victoria in 2012. Plant measurements commenced in				
	September 2014 and were completed in March 2015. The				
	vines were managed according to the weed, nutrition,				
	irrigation and pest management program of the rest of the				
	vineyard.				
Trial Design	A verification trial was prepared by planting approximately				
	60 candidate vines in a vine row that was adjacent to two				
	rows planted with a mix of similar varieties in randomised,				
	replicated plots.				
Measurements	Observations from the candidate were compared against				
	observations from varieties planted in rows adjacent to the				
	candidate. Observations of the candidate were also compared				
	against the description in the UPOV application submitted to				
	the EU. Observations were made at budburst and				
	subsequently on new shoots, young leaves, mature leaves,				
	berries, bunches and canes.				
RHS Chart - edition	RHS colour chart 1985 edition reprinted 1986				
Origin and Breeding					
	'Red Gobe' x 'Princess'. The new variety is the result of				
hybridization of mid season white grape variety 'Princess', as the pollen parent, and					
large, red, seeded mid to	large, red, seeded mid to late season variety 'Red Globe' as the seed parent. The new				
variety was first hybridized by Timothy Sheehan of Portville, California, USA in 2000					
then propagated and gr	afted onto Harmony rootstock. The hybridization produced a				
11 over one on odd	their propagated and gratted onto Hamilton's Positioner. The hybridization produced a				

yellow green, seedless grape comparable to 'Thompson Seedless'.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part

Context

State of Expression in Group of Variety

Context

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Berry	colour	yellow green
Berry	maturity	mid season

Berry		seede	dness	seedless				
	· Varietie	s of Commo		e identified (V	<u>CK)</u>			
Name			Comn					
'Thompson Seedless'					er as similar to the candidate variety			
					ess' only achieves a large berry size			
(C	,			reatment with G				
'Sugratwelve				large, seedless, green grape maturing early to mid season.				
'Regal Seedle 'Blanc Seedle					rape maturing mid to late season.			
	ess				rape maturing mid season			
'Sheegene 9'			µarge,	seediess, green g	grape maturing mid-season			
				nd subsequently				
Variety	Disting		State of	State of	Comments			
	Charac	teristics	_	nExpression in				
			Candidate	Comparator				
(D:	D	CI.	Variety	Variety				
'Princess'	Berry	flavour	none	muscat	(77)			
'Thompson Seedless'	Berry	natural size	large	small	'Thompson seedless' are treated			
	Domini	and admaga	rudimentary	nono	with giberellic acid to achieve size			
'Thompson Seedless'	Berry			none				
'Thompson	Berry	time of	three weeks	medium				
Seedless'		ripening	earlier	_				
'Autumn	Berry	time	early to mid	very late				
King'		beginning of ripening	season					
'Sheegene-4'	Berry	maturity	early to mid	mid season				
			season					
'Sheegene-4'	Berry	skin	medium	thin				
		thickness						
'Regal	Young	colour of	green	green with				
Seedless'	leaf	upperside		anthocyanin				
(D 1	<u> </u>	1 0	. 1	spots				
'Regal	Mature	shape of	circular	pentagonal				
Seedless'	leaf	blade						
'Sugra-	Berry	flavour	none	muscat				
eighteen 'Timson'	Leaf	no of	5-7	3-5	The condidate has more clearly			
1 HHSON	Lear	no. of lobes	J-/	5-3	The candidate has more clearly defined lobes and these are more			
	1	10003			strongly overlapped compared to			
					closed but not overlapped lobes on			
					'Timson'			

# Variety Description and Distinctness - Nominate Distinguishing Characteristics (tick) which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sheegene 17'	'Blanc Seedless'	'Regal Seedless'	'Sheegene 9'	'Sugratwelve'
*Young shoot: openness of tip	wide open	fully open	half open	wide open	wide open
*Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	sparse	dense	sparse to medium	medium to dense	medium
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak		absent or very weak		absent or very weak
Young shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	green	light copper red	green with anthocyanin spots	green with anthocyanin spots	light copper red
*Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Young leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	medium
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	semi-erect	semi-erect	horizontal	semi-erect	semi-erect
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green and red( green in EU application)	green	green	green and red	green and red
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green	green	green	green and red	green and red
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green	green	green	green and red	green and red
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green	green	green	green and red	green and red
Shoote: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Shoot: length of tendrils	short to medium	long	long	medium to long	medium to long
	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	developed stamens and	developed stamens and	stamens and fully	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium
*Mature leaf: size of blade	medium to large	large	medium to large	medium	medium to large

*Mature leaf: shape of blade	circular	circular	pentagonal	pentagonal	pentagonal
D M . 1 C 11:	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	5-7	5	5	3-5	5
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium	medium	medium to deep	very shallow to shallow	shallow
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses (varieties with lobed leaves only)	strongly overlapped	slightly overlapped	closed	slightly overlapped	closed
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	slightly open	half open	slightly open	slightly open	slightly open
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	medium	medium	medium to long	medium to long
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	small	medium	medium		medium to large
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex		mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	both sides convex	both sides convex
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	low	absent or very low	absent or very low		absent or very low
Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Wature lear. erect hairs on	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Mature rear. Tengui of periore	moderately shorter	moderately shorter	equal	equal	much shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	medium to large	very large	large	large	medium to large
*Bunch: density	lax	medium	lax to medium	very lax	lax
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	long	medium	short	medium	medium
*Berry: size	medium to large	large	medium to large		medium to large
*Berry: shape	broad ellipsoid	cylindrical	narrow ellipsoid	ovoid	broad ellipsoid

*Berry: colour of skin (with bloom)	hout yellow green	yellow green	yellow	green	yellow green
Berry: ease of detachment pedicel	from moderately easy	moderately easy	aifficult	moderately easy	-
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	thick	medium	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colour of flesh	ration absent or very weak	absent or very weak			absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	very firm	moderately firm		l	soft or slightly firm
*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none	none	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary	rudimentary	none	none
Woody shoot: main colour		yellowish brown		l,	yellowish brown

Organ/Plant Part: Context	PShaagana 177	'Blanc Seedless'		'Sheegene 9'	'Sugratwelve'
Berry: length without Gibberllic acid application(mm)	23.0	20.0	26.0	21.0	26.0
Berry: width without Gibberllic acid application(mm)	20.0	17.0	19.0	19.0	20.0
Berry: brix in the first week of February	19.98	18.7	19.2	19.2	22
Bunch: peduncle length(cm)	9.30	_	-	-	-
Cane: wood colour (RHS)	Greyed orange (165B & 164A)	-	-	-	-

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Chile	2013	Granted	'Sheegene 17'
USA	2012	Granted	'Sheegene 17'
European Union	2013	Granted	'Sheegene 17'

Description: Alison MacGregor, Mildura, VIC.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2012/163
Variety Name	'Sheegene 1'
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera
Common Name	Grape vine
Synonym	Kaylee Seedless
Accepted Date	15 November 2012
Applicant	Sheehan Genetics LLC, Porteville, CA, USA
Agent	Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd, Emerald, VIC
Qualified Person	Alison MacGregor, Mildura, VIC
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial
Location	Irymple, VIC
Descriptor	Grapevine <i>Vitis vinifera</i> UPOV TG/50/9
Period	September 2013 to March 2015
Conditions	'Sheegene 1' vines were field grafted onto Ramsey rootstock
	in a commercial table grape vineyard in north west Victoria.
	Plant measurements commenced in January 2013 and were
	completed in January 2014 and completed in February 2015.
	The vines were managed according to the weed, nutrition,
	irrigation and pest management program of the rest of the
	vineyard.
Trial Design	A verification trial was prepared by planting approximately
_	60 candidate vines in a vine row that was adjacent to two
	rows planted with a mix of similar varieties in randomised,
	replicated plots.
Measurements	Observations from the candidate were compared against
	observations from varieties planted in rows adjacent to the
	candidate. Observations of the candidate were also compared
	against the description in the US Patent No US PP18,937 P2
	dated June 17 2008. Observations were made at budburst and
	subsequently on new shoots, young leaves, mature leaves,
	berries, bunches and canes.
RHS Chart - edition	RHS colour chart 1985 edition reprinted 1986
Origin and Breeding	
	'Red Gobe' x 'Princess'. The new variety is the result of
_	ason white grape variety 'Princess', as the pollen parent, and
	o late season variety 'Red Globe' as the seed parent. The new
_	zed by Timothy Sheehan of Portville, California, USA in 2000
	afted onto Harmony rootstock. The hybridization produced a

then propagated and grafted onto Harmony rootstock. The hybridization produced a large, dark red, seedless grape which has good external colouration and excellent sweet flavour, the new variety is comparable to 'Crimson Seedless' but matures 2-3 weeks earlier than 'Crimson Seedless'.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge **State of Expression in Group of Varieties Organ/Plant Part** Context

Berry colour			our		red				
Berry		ma	turity		mid season				
Berry seededness					seedless				
•					•				
Most Simila	r Varie	eties of Com	mon Kno	owledge	e identified (V	(CK)			
Name				Comm	ents				
'Sheegene 13' (Timco)					red seedless grape that is slightly later maturing and has a slightly larger berry than the candidate				
'Crimson Se	edless'			maturing mid to late season, with narrow ellipsoid, red, seedless berries					
'Ralli Seedle	ess'			maturing early season, with broad ellipsoid, red, seedless berries					
Varieties of	Comm	on Knowled	lge identi	fied an	d subsequent	ly excluded			
Variety	Characteristics Expres		State of Express Candida Variety	sion in ate	State of Expression i Comparator Variety				
'Flame Seedless'	Berry	colour	deep red	l	light red				
'Flame Seedless'	Berry	maturity	early-mi	id	very early				
'Flame Seedless'	Berry	shape	obtuse o	ovoid	globose				
'Red Globe'	Berry	seededness	seedless		seeded				
'Red Rob'	Berry	maturity	early-mi	id	mid-late				

# <u>Variety Description and Distinctness - Nominate Distinguishing Characteristics (tick)</u> <u>which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators</u>

Organ/Plant Part: Context		rSheegene I	'Crimson Seedless'	'Ralli Seedless'	'Sheegene 13'
<b>~</b>	*Time of: bud burst	medium	late	early	medium
<b>V</b>	*Young shoot: openness of tip	half open	half open	half open	wide open
	*Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	medium to dense	medium	sparse	very sparse to sparse
□ pro	*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of strate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	meanm	absent or very weak
	Young shoot: erect hairs on tip	sparse	absent or very sparse	-	absent or very sparse
>	*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade		green with anthocyanin spots	anthocyanin	green with anthocyanin spots
	*Voung leaf: proetrate haire between main	very sparse to sparse	absent or very sparse	aense	absent or very sparse

veii	ns on lower side of blade				
	X7 1 C (1 ' ' '	medium	sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
	Shoot: attitude (before tying)	horizontal to semi- drooping	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect
	Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green and red	red	green and red	green and red
	*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green	red	green	green
	Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green and red	red	-	-
	*Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green and red	red	-	-
>	Shoot: length of tendrils	medium	medium	long	medium
	*Flower: sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	stamens and fully	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	stamens and
	*Mature leaf: size of blade	medium	large	medium to large	medium
	*Mature leaf: shape of blade	pentagonal	pentagonal	circular	circular
	N. 1 C 1 1' ' C ' ' 1 C 1 1 1	very weak to weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five		five
<b>&gt;</b>	Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	deep	shallow to medium	shallow to medium	deep
□ late	matare rear. arrangement of roces of apper	slightly overlapped	strongly overlapped	closed	closed
<b>▽</b> sinι	*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole	half open	slightly overlapped	half open	half open
<b>V</b>	*Mature leaf: length of teeth	short	medium	medium to long	medium
>	*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	small to medium	medium	medium to large	small
		mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	both sides convex	both sides convex	both sides convex
□ upp	*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on er side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	low	absent or very low	very low to low	low
	Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main	absent or very sparse		absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
	*Mature leaf: erect hairs on main veins on	absent or very	sparse	absent or very	sparse

		sparse		sparse	
side of blade					
leng	Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to gth middle vein	moderately longer	moderately shorter	moderately shorter	moderately shorter
<b>&gt;</b>	*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	early	medium	very early to early	early to medium
	*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	medium to large	small to medium	medium to large	large
<b>V</b>	*Bunch: density	lax to medium	medium	lax to medium	medium to dense
~	Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	medium to long	medium	short	short
~	*Berry: size	large to very large	medium	medium to large	medium to large
~	*Berry: shape	obtuse ovoid	narrow ellipsoid	broad ellipsoid	broad ellipsoid
	*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	red	red	rose	grey red
	Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	moderately easy	moderately easy	moderately easy	moderately easy
~	Berry: thickness of skin	thin	medium	thick	thin
		absent or very weak	absent or very weak		absent or very weak
~	Berry: firmness of flesh	moderately firm	moderately firm	soft or slightly firm	soft or slightly firm
	*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none	none
	*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	none	rudimentary	rudimentary
	Woody shoot: main colour	orange brown	reddish brown	orange brown	orange brown

### Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sheegene 1'	'Crimson Seedless'	'Ralli Seedless'	'Sheegene 13'
Berry: length without Gibberllic acid application(mm)	20.5	-	-	-
Berry: width without Gibberllic acid application(mm)	17.6	-	-	-
Berry: weight at maturity without Gibberllic acid application(g)	3.8	-	-	-
Berry: brix in last week of January	21.3	-	19.5	-
Bunch: length(cm)	18.00	-	-	-

Пъ	7.5 (5.5cm-		
Bunch: peduncle length	11cm)		
П	Greyed orange		
Cane: wood colour (RHS)	(164 A)	-	-

#### **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sheegene 1'	'Crimson Seedless'	'Ralli Seedless'	'sheegene 13'
Berry: maturity in late January (brix %)				
Mean	21.50	-	19.50	_
Std. Deviation	1.40	-	1.60	_
LSD/sig	0.78	-	P≤0.01	_

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied 'Sheegene 1' **Current Status** USA 2006 Granted

Description: Alison MacGregor, Mildura, VIC.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2014/092
Variety Name	'Sheegene 18'
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera
Common Name	Grape vine
Synonym	Kelly Seedless
Accepted Date	02 June 2014
Applicant	Sheehan Genetics LLC, Porteville, USA
Agent	Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd, Emeraqld, VIC.
Qualified Person	Alison MacGregor, Mildura, VIC.

<b>Details of Comparative Trial</b>	
Location	Irymple, VIC
Descriptor	Grapevine Vitis vinifera UPOV TG/50/9
Period	September 2014 to March 2015
Conditions	'Sheegene 18' vines were grafted onto Ramsey rootstock in a commercial vineyard in north west
	Victoria in 2012. Plant measurements commenced in September 2014 and were completed in March 2015. The vines were managed according to the weed, nutrition and pest management program of the rest of the vineyard.
Trial Design	A verification trial was prepared by planting approximately 60 candidate vines in a vine row that was near five rows planted with a mix of similar varieties in randomised, replicated plots.
Measurements	Observations from the candidate were compared against observations from varieties planted in rows adjacent to the candidate and also a variety in a nearby commercial vineyard block. Observations of the candidate were also compared against the description in US Patent USPP25095. Observations were made at budburst and subsequently on new shoots, young leaves, mature leaves, berries, bunches and canes.
RHS Chart - edition	RHS colour chart 1985 edition reprinted 1986

Controlled pollination: 'Red Gobe' x 'Princess'. The new variety is a result of hybridization of Princess, the pollen parent, and Red Globe, the seed parent. The new variety was asexually propagated by Timothy P Sheehan during the dormant season 2000-2001, in a Vitis vinifera variety block located north and west of Delano. The hybridization produced a medium to large size seedless grape, with very good flavour and productivity.

**Choice of Comparators** 

Characteristic* used for grouping vari	State of Expression in	
similar Variety of Common Knowledg	Group of Varieties	
# Organ/Plant Part	Context	
Berry	maturity	mid-season

Berry		green
Berry	seededness	seedless

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
Thompson Seedless	The candidate was identified by the breeder as being similar to Thompson Seedless although the candidate variety achieves a large berry size without treatment with giberellic acid. Also, the candidate matures later than Thompson Seedless
'Blanc Seedless'	
'Regal Seedless'	
'Sheegene 4 ' (Luisco)	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified above and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishi	_	State of		Comments
	Characteristic		<b>Expression</b> Expression		
			in Candidata	in Compositor	
			Variety	Comparator Variety	
	Organ/Plan Part	tContext	variety	variety	
'Sugrathirty five'	berry	flavour	none	muscat	
'Grapecous'	berry	flavour	none	muscat	
'Thompson Seedless'	berry	size	naturally large	small	the candidate variety has a large berry without Giberellic acid treatment
'Autumn King'	berry	maturity	mid to late season	very late season	
'Autumn King'	Time of budburst		medium	late	
'Autumn King'	Shoot	Colour of dorsal side of internode	red	Completely green	
'Autumn King'	Mature leaf	Arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinus	Strongly overlapped	Half open	
'Autumn Seedless'	Young leaf	Colour of upper side of blade	Green	Light copper red	
Autumn Seedless	Berry	Shape	Broad	globose	

	ellipsoid	

# <u>Variety Description and Distinctness - Nominate Distinguishing Characteristics (tick)</u> <u>which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators</u>

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sheegene 18'	'Blanc Seedless'	'Regal Seedless'	'Sheegene 4'
*Time of: bud burst	medium	early to medium	medium to late	late
*Young shoot: openness of tip	wide open	fully open	half open	half open
*Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	dense	sparse to medium	medium
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Young shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse	absent or very sparse
*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	green	light copper red	green with anthocyanin spots	dark copper red
*Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Young leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	horizontal to semi-drooping	semi-erect	horizontal	semi-erect
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	red	green	green	green and red
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green and red (green <sup>1</sup> )	green	green	green and red
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green	green	green	green
Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green and red	green	green	green
Shoot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Shoot: length of tendrils	medium	long	long	medium
*Flower: sexual organs	fully developed	developed stamens and	fully developed stamens and fully developed	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium

		gynoecium	gynoecium	
*Mature leaf: size of blade	medium to large		medium to large	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	wedge-shaped (pentagonal <sup>1</sup> )	circular	pentagonal	pentagonal
Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	Three to five (five <sup>1</sup> )	three	five	three
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium to deep	medium	medium to deep	deep
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses (varieties with lobed leaves only)	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped	closed	slightly overlapped
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	half open	half open	slightly open	wide open
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	medium	medium	short to medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	medium	medium	medium	medium
	sides straight and both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	both sides convex
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	low	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low
hatryaan main yaing an laryan sida	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Tracare rear, erect mans on	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Mature leaf: length of petiole	moderately shorter (equal <sup>1</sup> )	moderately shorter	equal	equal
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	medium to late (medium <sup>1</sup> )	medium	medium	medium to late
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	medium	very large	large	medium
*Bunch: density	(compact)	medium	lax to medium	lax
	medium (large <sup>1</sup> )	medium	short	short to medium

primary bunch		1		
*Berry: size	medium to large	llarge	medium to large	large
*Berry: shape	globose (ovate <sup>1</sup> )	cylindrical	narrow ellipsoid	broad ellipsoid
*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	yellow green	yellow green	yellow	green
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	thick	medium	thin
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak		absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	moderately firm	,	soft or slightly firm	moderately firm
*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary	rudimentary	none
Woody shoot: main colour	orange brown	[	yellowish brown	reddish brown

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> An alternative description from US Patent PP25095 is shown in parantheses if observations on states of expression recorded in the US patent description differed from observations in the Australian trial.

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sheegene 18'	'Blanc Seedless'	'Regal Seedless'	'Sheegene 4'
Bunch:shape	conical	-	_	-
Berry:length (mm)	22.0	20.0	26.0	21.0
Berry width (mm)	20.0	17.0	19.0	18.0

#### **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sheegene 18'	'Blanc Seedless'	'Regal Seedless'	'Sheegene 4'	
Berry: maturity on 3/2/15 (degrees Brix)					
Mean	14.20	19.50	18.70	17.80	
Std. Deviation	0.57	1.15	1.26	1.40	
Lsd/sig	1.80	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Chile	2013	Granted	'Sheegene 18'
USA	2012	Granted	'Sheegene 18'
European Union	2013	Applied	'Sheegene 18'
Peru	2013	Applied	'Sheegene 18'
Spain	2012	Applied	'Sheegene 18'

Description: Alison MacGregor, Mildura, VIC.

_	<del>_</del>
Details of Application	
Application Number	2014/238
Variety Name	'CHY'
Genus Species	Cannabis sativa
Common Name	Industrial Hemp
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	02 Dec 2014
Applicant	Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd, Maleny, QLD
Agent	N/A
Qualified Person	Philip Warner
Location	Maleny, QLD
Descriptor	UPOV technical guidelines for Cannabis sativa
_	(UPOV TG/276/1)
Period	2014-2015
Conditions	Seed was sown direct into a cultivated seed bed with adequate
	nutrition in a well-drained coarse sandy to coarse sandy-loam
	soil. No herbicides or insecticides were used. Adequate water
	was supplied via a sprinkler system when required
Trial Design	The trial consisted of 3 replicates of approximately 1000
	plants of candidate and comparator varieties planted in 6 x
	1.2m beds.
Measurements	In accordance with UPOV technical guidelines
RHS Chart - edition	nil

Recurrent phenotypic selection: parental material was observed to have desired traits for commercial yields of seed in sub-tropical compared to other accessions and land races and was selected for improvement program. The breeding program began in one location, several individual female plants were selected and crossed with a late male flowering plant. The individual female lines were grown out the following season and subject to heavy rouging leaving the desired characteristics of individual lines for 2 further seasons. The following grow out only required minimal rouging for the following 2 seasons. Bulking of this seed selection has resulted in stable and uniform characteristics and the present seed quality. Breeder: Phil Warner and Tim Shapter, Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd, Maleny, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

O /DI / D /	la , ,	CL L OF C OF L
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Main stem	colour	medium green
Leaf	THC content	very low
Plant	sex expression	diecious
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration of	absent or very weak
	petiole	

Name	ar varieties of Com	amon Knowledge identif Comments	ieu (VCK)	
'CRAG'		Industrial hemp	grain variety of Europe	an decent
Varieties of	Common Knowled	lge identified and subsec	quently excluded	
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'CHA'	Main stem thickness	thick	medium	Subtropical grain variety
'CHG'	Time of male flowering	early	late	
'CHG MS77'	Time of male flowering	early	late	
'Kompolti'	Plant height	long	short	Flowering date much earlier leading to shorter plants
'Xulan'	Time of male flowering	early	very late	

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'CHY'	'CRAG'
	Plant: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of crown	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
>	Leaf: length of petiole	long	short
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration of petiole	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
>	*Leaf: number of leaflets	many	medium
>	Central leaflet: length	long to very long	short
Y	Central leaflet: width	broad to very broad	narrow
>	*Time of: male flowering	early	very early
flov	Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration of male wers	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Inflorescence: THC content	absent or very low	absent or very low
	*Plant: proportion of monoecious plants	low	low
	*Plant: proportion of female plants	medium	medium
	*Plant: proportion of male plants	medium	medium
>	*Plant: natural height	long	short

	*Main stem: colour	medium green	medium
_		<del>-</del>	green
	Main stem: length of internode	long	medium to
		<i>5</i>	long
>	Main stem: thickness	thick	thin
	Main stem: depth of grooves	medium	medium
	Main stem: pith in cross-section	medium	absent or thin

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'CHY'	'CRAG'
Leaf: THC content (% w/w)	0.17	N/A

#### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Tim Shapter, Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd, Maleny, QLD.

_	_
Details of Application	
Application Number	2014/237
Variety Name	'CHA'
Genus Species	Cannabis sativa
Common Name	Industrial Hemp
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	02 Dec 2014
Applicant	Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd, Maleny, QLD
Agent	N/A
Qualified Person	Philip Warner
Location	Maleny, QLD
Descriptor	UPOV technical guidelines for Cannabis sativa
	(UPOV TG/276/1)
Period	2014-2015
Conditions	Seed was sown direct into a cultivated seed bed with adequate
	nutrition in a well-drained coarse sandy to coarse sandy-loam
	soil. No herbicides or insecticides were used. Adequate water
	was supplied via a sprinkler system when required
Trial Design	The trial consisted of 3 replicates of approximately 1000
	plants of candidate and comparator varieties planted in 6 x
	1.2m beds.
Measurements	In accordance with UPOV technical guidelines
RHS Chart - edition	nil

Recurrent phenotypic selection: The parental material was observed to have desired traits for commercial yields of both fibre and seed in sub-tropical and temperate regions compared to other accessions and land races and it was selected for improvement in a planned breeding program. The breeding program began by staggered seasonal grow outs in 2 locations 3 km apart. The stands were subject to heavy rouging leaving the desired characteristics. After 2 seasons of recurrent selection the two lines were recombined. The following grow out only required minimal rouging for the following 2 seasons. Bulking of this seed selection has resulted in stable and uniform characteristics and the present seed quality. Breeder: Phil Warner and Tim Shapter, Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd, Maleny, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Main stem	colour	medium green
Leaf	THC content	very low
Plant	sex expression	diecious
	anthocyanin colouration of petiole	absent or very weak

Most Simila	ar Varieties of Com	mon Kno	wledge identifi	ied (VCK)	
Name			Comments		
'CHY'			Subtropical grain	in variety	
'CRAG'			Industrial hemp	grain variety of Europea	an decent
Varieties of	Common Knowled	lge identi	fied and subsec	quently excluded	
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		_	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'CHG'	Time of male flowering	early to	medium	late	
'CHG MS77'	Time of male flowering	early to	medium	late	
'Kompolti'	Plant height	long		short	Flowering date much earlier leading to shorter plants
'Xulan'	Time of male flowering	early to	medium	very late	

or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'CHA'	'CHY'	'CRAG'		
Plant: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of crown	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	medium		
Leaf: length of petiole	medium	long	short		
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration of petiole	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		
*Leaf: number of leaflets	many	many	medium		
Central leaflet: length	medium to long	long to very long	short		
Central leaflet: width	medium	broad to very broad	narrow		
*Time of: male flowering	early to medium	early	very early		
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration of male flowers	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		
*Inflorescence: THC content	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low		
*Plant: proportion of monoecious plants	low	low	low		
*Plant: proportion of female plants	medium	medium	medium		
*Plant: proportion of male plants	medium	medium	medium		

V	*Plant: natural height	long	long	short
	*Main stem: colour	medium green	medium green	medium green
~	Main stem: length of internode	medium to long	long	medium to long
>	Main stem: thickness	medium	thick	thin
	Main stem: depth of grooves	medium	medium	medium
	Main stem: pith in cross-section	medium	medium	absent or thin

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'CHA' 'CHY' 'CRAG'				
Leaf: THC content (% w/w)	0.09	0.17	n/a	

Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'CHA'	'CHY'	'CRAG'
Internode: length (cm)			
Mean	21.57	25.77	n/a
Std. Deviation	3.15	3.98	n/a
LSD/sig	2.20	P≤0.01	n/a
Plant: height (m)			
Mean	2.70	2.67	n/a
Std. Deviation	0.35	0.40	n/a
LSD/sig	0.36	ns	n/a
Stem: diameter (mm)			·
Mean	8.23	10.97	n/a
Std. Deviation	2.91	4.58	n/a
LSD/sig	2.68	P≤0.01	n/a

# **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Tim Shapter, Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd, Maleny, QLD.

_	
Details of Application	
Application Number	2014/236
Variety Name	'CHG MS77'
Genus Species	Cannabis sativa
Common Name	Industrial Hemp
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	02 Dec 2014
Applicant	Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd, Maleny, QLD
Agent	N/A
Qualified Person	Philip Warner
Location	Maleny, QLD
Descriptor	UPOV technical guidelines for Cannabis sativa
_	(UPOV TG/276/1)
Period	2014-2015
Conditions	Seed was sown direct into a cultivated seed bed with adequate
	nutrition in a well-drained coarse sandy to coarse sandy-loam
	soil. No herbicides or insecticides were used. Adequate water
	was supplied via a sprinkler system when required
Trial Design	The trial consisted of 3 replicates of approximately 1000
	plants of candidate and comparator varieties planted in 6 x
	1.2m beds.
Measurements	In accordance with UPOV technical guidelines
RHS Chart - edition	nil

Recurrent phenotypic selection: 'CHG MS77' is a long term recurrent selection from the variety 'CHG'. It was selected for improvement in a planned breeding program due to its quick growth characteristics. The breeding program began by fixed seasonal grow outs in 2 locations at different sub-tropical latitudes. The stands were subject to heavy rouging leaving the desired characteristics. After 2 seasons of recurrent selection the two lines were recombined. The following grow out only required minimal rouging for the following 3 seasons. During this time the bulking of this seed line selection has resulted in very stable uniform characteristics and the present seed quality. This variety has been selected for a longer internode length than 'CHG', faster biomass accumulation and a lower cannabinoid (THC and other cannabinoids) content and a higher seed yield than 'CHG'. Breeder: Phil Warner and Tim Shapter, Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd, Maleny, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Main stem	colour	medium green	
Plant	height	very long or long	
Leaf	THC content	very low	
Plant	sex expression	diecious	

Leaf	anthocy	anin colo	ouration of petio	le absent or very weak	
Most Simila	ar Varieties of Comi	non Kno	owledge identif	ied (VCK)	
Name			Comments		
'CHG'			Subtropical ind	ustrial hemp	
'CHA'			Subtropical fibr	e/grain variety	
Varieties of	Common Knowled	ge identi	fied and subse	quently excluded	
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		Expression in ate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'CHY'	Time of male flowering	late		early	
'CRAG'	Time of male flowering	late		very early	
'Kompolti'	Plant height	long		short	Flowering date much earlier leading to shorter plants
'Xulan'	Time of male flowering	late		very late	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'CHG MS77'	'CHG'	'CHA'
Plant: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of crown	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Leaf: intensity of green colour	dark	dark	medium
Leaf: length of petiole	long	medium	medium
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration of petiole	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Leaf: number of leaflets	many	many	many
Central leaflet: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
Central leaflet: width	medium	medium	medium
*Time of: male flowering	late	late	early to medium
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration of male flowers	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Inflorescence: THC content	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low
*Plant: proportion of monoecious plants	low	low	low
*Plant: proportion of female plants	medium	medium	medium
*Plant: proportion of male plants	medium	medium	medium
*Plant: natural height	very long	very long	long

	*Main stem: colour	medium green	medium green	medium
	Walli Stelli. Colodi			green
V	Main stem: length of internode	long to very	long	medium to
	Main stem. length of internode	long		long
7	Main stem: thickness	thick	thick	medium
	Main stem: depth of grooves	medium	medium	medium
>	Main stem: pith in cross-section	medium	thick	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'CHG MS77' 'CHG' 'CHA'					
Leaf: THC content (% w/w)	0.06	0.35	0.09		

Statistical Table						
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'CHG MS77' 'CHG' 'CHA'						
Internode: length (cm)						
Mean	36.13	25.93	21.57			
Std. Deviation	3.84	2.56	3.15			
LSD/sig	2.20	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Plant: height (m)						
Mean	3.56	3.78	2.70			
Std. Deviation	0.61	0.51	0.35			
LSD/sig	0.36	ns	P≤0.01			
Stem: diameter (mm)						
Mean	14.07	13.97	8.23			
Std. Deviation	4.65	4.43	2.91			
LSD/sig	2.68	ns	P≤0.01			

# **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: **Tim Shapter**, Ecofibre Industries Operations Pty Ltd, Maleny, QLD.

Application Number 2011/222 Variety Name 'DIP 6992' Genus Species Lactuca sativa Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil Accepted Date 08 May 2012					
Genus Species Lactuca sativa Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil Accepted Date 08 May 2012					
Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil Accepted Date 08 May 2012					
Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil Accepted Date 08 May 2012	Lactuca sativa				
Accepted Date 08 May 2012	Lettuce				
· ·					
10 4					
Applicant Vilmorin, La Menitre, France.					
Agent Clause Pacific (Henderson Seeds Group Pty Ltd) Lower					
Templestowe, VIC.					
Qualified Person John Oates					
Details of Comparative Trial					
Location Lower Templestowe, Victoria					
<b>Descriptor</b> Lettuce ( <i>Lactuca sativa</i> ) TG /13/10 Rev.2					
<b>Period</b> Weeks 4 – 17, 2015					
Conditions In field with Raised beds over weed mat, under-bed irrigation					
as required, Soil: alluvial sandy loam.					
Trial Design All varieties in trial sown in duplicate, at least 80 plants per	All varieties in trial sown in duplicate, at least 80 plants per				
<u> </u>	replicate.				
Measurements As per UPOV Technical guidelines					
RHS Chart - edition 2001					
Origin and Breeding					
Controlled pollination: Maternal parent, a Vilmorin breeding line, crossed with					
paternal parent, a Vilmorin breeding line, in 2003. From 2004 each year to 2008					
selection was made in the presence of Bremia strains BL 20, BL 21 and BL 23 and					
Nasonovia artificial at La Menitre, France. Field selection was conducted from 2004 to 2008 for plants type: leaf deep red erect oak leaf with disease resistance. Breeder:					
Vilmorin, La Menitre, France.					
Viiinorini, La ivicinite, France.					
Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar	•				
Variety of Common Knowledge	•				
Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Various	eties				
Seed colour black					
Plant growth type cutting					
	anthocyanin coloration present				
Resistance downy mildew Isolate present					
Bl:16					
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name Comments					
'Asilomar'					

Variety	Distinguishing	Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Nougatine'	leaf	size	medium elliptic	transverse broad elliptic	
'Betanto'		attitude at harvest maturity	erect	semi erct to horizontal	
'Betanto'		bremia Bl:24 and Bl:26	present	absent	
Betanto'	resistance	nasonovia	present	absent	
'Nougatine'	resistance	nasonovia	present	absent	

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}}_{\text{or more of the comparators}}\text{-} \text{Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators} \text{ are marked with a tick.}$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DIP 6992'	'Asilomar'	
*Seed: colour	black	black	
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	present	
Seedling: size of cotyledon	small to medium	-	
Seedling: shape of cotyledon	medium elliptic	-	
Leaf: attitude at 10-12 leaf stage	erect	semi-erect	
Leaf blade: division	lobed	lobed	
*Plant: diameter	very small to small	small to medium	
*Plant: head formation	no head	no head	
Leaf: thickness	medium	thin to medium	
Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	erect to semi-erect	erect to semi-erect	
*Leaf: shape	medium elliptic	broad obtrullate	
Leaf: shape of tip	acute	rounded	
*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	reddish	reddish	
*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	dark	very dark	
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	
*Leaf: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	very strong	very strong	
Leaf: distribution of anthocyanin	entire	entire	
Leaf: kind of anthocyanin distribution	diffused only	diffused and in spots	
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very strong	strong	

*Leaf: blistering	absent or very weak	weak to medium
Leaf: size of blisters	small	medium
*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	strong	medium to strong
Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	present	present
*Leaf blade: depth of incisions on margin on apical part	deep	deep
Leaf blade: density of incisions on margin on apical part	medium to dense	medium
Leaf blade: type of incisions on apical part (varieties with shallow incisions on margin on apical part only)	sinuate	sinuate
Leaf blade: venation	not flabellate	not flabellate
Axillary: sprouting	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Time of: harvest maturity	early	early to medium
*Time of: beginning of bolting under long day conditions	early	medium to late
Plant: height	medium	-
Plant: fasciation	absent	-
*Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:16	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:17	present	-
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:18	present	-
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:20	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:21	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:22	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:23	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:24	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:25	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate BI: 26	present	present

Resistance to: lettuce mosaic virus (LMV) Strain Ls 1	absent	absent
Resistance to: Nasonovia ribisnigri biotype Nr:0	present	-

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DIP 6992'	'Asilomar'
Leaf: width	narrow	medium
Leaf: length/width ratio	very large	medium
Leaf: length	medium	medium

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedEU2009Granted'DIP 6992'

First sold in France in 2010.

Description: John Oates, Merimbula, NSW.

Application	n Numbe	er 2014/022					
Variety Na	ıme	'Capoeira'					
Genus Spe	cies	Lactuca sativa					
Common N	Vame	Lettuce	Lettuce				
Synonym		Nil					
Accepted I	Date	24 Feb 2014					
Applicant		Vilmorin, La M	Ienitre, France	<b>.</b>			
Agent		Shelston IP, Sy	deny, NSW				
Qualified l	Person	John Oates					
Details of (	Compara	tive Trial					
Overseas T	Testing	GEVES France	<b>;</b>				
Authority	_						
Overseas I	<b>Data</b>	4053070					
Reference	Number						
Location		Brion and Cava	aillon, France				
Descriptor	1	TG/13/10 Rev.					
Period		2014					
RHS Char	RHS Chart - edition N/A						
parents we <i>Nasonovia</i>	pollination re Vilmon resistance	on: The female parin breeding lines.	F2-F5 lines and Chile. Sel	were so	from male parent; be creening for <i>Bremia</i> a riteria: resistance <i>Bren</i> e. Breeder: Vilmorin S	and <i>nia</i>	
Choice of	Compara	tors Characteristic	s used for gro	uping va	arieties to identify the i	nost similar	
		Knowledge	C	1 0	J		
Organ/Pla	nt Part	Context		State	of Expression in Gro	up of Varieties	
Seed		colour		white			
Leaf		anthocyanin coloui	ration	absent			
Plant							
Most Simil	lar Varie	ties of Common K	nowledge ide	ntified	(VCK)		
Name			Comments	1			
'Elf'							
Varieties o	of Commo	on Knowledge ide	ntified and su	bseque	ntly excluded		
Variety	Disting	uishing	State of		State of Expression	Comments	
	Charac	eteristics	Expression		in Comparator		

Details of Application

'Cosette'

Resistance Bremia lactucae present

isolates Bl:17-20, 22, 24-27

Expression in Candidate

Variety

Variety

absent

	nore of the comparators are marked with a tick. an/Plant Part: Context	'Capoeira'	'Elf'
	*Seed: colour	white	white
		absent	absent
	*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	medium	aosent
	Seedling: size of cotyledon		-
	Seedling: shape of cotyledon	medium elliptic	-
	Leaf: attitude at 10-12 leaf stage	erect to semi-erect	
	Leaf blade: division	entire	entire
✓ .	*Plant: diameter	large to very large	medium
	*Plant: head formation	closed head	open head
	Head: degree of overlapping of upper part of leaves eties with closed head formation only)	medium	very weak
	Head: density	loose to medium	medium
	Head: size	medium to large	medium
	*Head: shape in longitudinal section	narrow elliptic	narrow elliptic
	Leaf: thickness	thick	medium
	Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	erect to semi-erect	erect to semi-erect
•	*Leaf: shape	transverse broad elliptic	broad obtrullate
	Leaf: shape of tip	rounded	rounded
	*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	absent	absent
	*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	dark to very dark	medium to dark
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
<b>V</b>	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	strong	medium
	*Leaf: blistering	strong	strong
D.	Leaf: size of blisters	small to medium	large
	*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	weak	weak to medium
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: venation	not flabellate	not flabellate
	Axillary: sprouting	medium	absent or very weak
<b>,</b>	Time of: harvest maturity	medium	late
	-	medium	late

D Di ( 1 : 1)	short to medium	medium
Plant: height	present	-
Plant: fasciation	weak	
Plant: intensity of fasciation	weak	
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate B1:2	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate B1:5	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate B1:7	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:12	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:14	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:15	present	present
*Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:16	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:17	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:18	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate B1:20	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate B1:21	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate B1:22	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate B1:23	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate B1:24	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate B1:25	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate BI: 26	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate BI:27	present	present
Resistance to: Lettuce Mosaic Virus (LMV) Strain Ls 1	absent	present

Resistance to: <i>Nasonovia ribisnigri</i> biotype Nr: 0	present	present
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Capoeira'	'Elf'
Resistance: downy mildew Bl 28	present	absent
Resistance: downy mildew Bl 29	present	present
Resistance: downy mildew Bl 30	present	absent
Resistance: downy mildew Bl 32	absent	present
Resistance: downy mildew Bl 31	present	absent

#### **Prior Applications and Sales:**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2013	Granted	'Capoeira'
France	2013	Granted	'Capoeira'

First sold in Spain in July 2013 and in Australia in August 2013.

Description: John Oates, Merimbula, NSW.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2014/252
Variety Name	'Glendana'
Genus Species	Lactuca sativa
Common Name	Lettuce
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	18 Nov 2014
Applicant	Enza Zaden Beheer B.V., Haling, The Netherlands
Agent	Fisher Adams Kelly, Brisbane, QLD
Qualified Person	Steven Mitchell
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial
Location	Gatton, QLD, Australia
Descriptor	UPOV Technical Guidelines for Lettuce (UPOV TG/13/10
•	Rev. 2)
Period	Sown on 18 February 2015; Transplanted on 23March 2015;
	Assessed 7 May 2015 and 18 May 2015
Conditions	Field Trial: grown within a commercial Lettuce crop under
	commercial crop husbandry. Quite wet with 179mm of in-
	crop rainfall which is well above average normal rainfall.
	Night temperatures were average but the day temperatures
	were over a degree cooler than average
	Disease Resistance Trial: the test was sown in a white plastic
	tray lined with a sheet of blotting paper, covered with white
	germination paper and moistened with distilled water adjusted
	with KCl $(0.37g/L)$ and CaCl <sub>2</sub> .2H <sub>2</sub> 0 $(0.0147g/L)$ . The tray
	was then covered with a glass lid. The tray was placed in a
	climate room at 15°C and a 14 hour photoperiod for 7 days.
	7 day old seedlings were inoculated with a spore suspension of <i>Bremia lactucae</i> (AUS5 strain, sextet code 25-63-11-0), at
	a concentration of 2.5x10 <sup>4</sup> spores/ml. Seedlings were sprayed
	with a fine mist of the inoculum and kept at 15°C in total
	darkness for the first 24 hours post inoculation. After 24
	hours, the seedlings were kept at 15°C and a 14hr
	photoperiod for a further 9 days.
Trial Design	Field Trial: replicated four times with each plot having 30
	plants. Transplanting was randomised via Mead & Curnow:
	Statistical Methods in Agriculture & Experimental Biology,
	1990.
	Disease Resistance Trial: seeds were sown in a checkerboard
	pattern to avoid seed cross contamination. Both resistant and
	susceptible (Manavert and INRA Dm0) controls were
	included in the test. 60 seeds were sown for each line
	included in the trial (see photo).
M	Field Triel. In according to write UDOV/TO
Measurements	Field Trial: In accordance with UPOV TG.
	Disease Resistance Trial: seedlings were assessed for visible
	sporulation on the cotyledons at 7 and 10 days post

	inoculation and scored as either 0, 1 or HS, where:  0=no sporulation  1=sporulation on cotyledons  HS = hypersensitive reaction – small necrotic lesions on
	cotyledons, often accompanied by very light sporulation.  The number of susceptible seedlings from the total number of inoculated seedlings were recorded.
RHS Chart - edition	N/A

The crossed seeds were germinated in a wetted paper tray and then inoculated with the AUS 3 Bremia strain. Resistant seedlings were potted up and grown to seed (F2). These F2 seeds were sown in an Autumn breeding nursery at Narromine. The plant selection (F3) criteria based on head size and frame, core length, internal tipburn reading and style. Leaf disc bremia test (AUS 4) performed on selected plants and were grown to seed. These F3 seeds were sown in an Autumn breeding nursery at Gatton, Queensland. The plant selection (F4) criteria based on head size and frame, core length, internal tipburn reading and style. Leaf disc bremia test (AUS 4) performed on selected plants and were grown to seed. Then a seedling bremia test (AUS 4) was performed on the harvested seed to confirm full bremia resistance. These F4 seeds were sown in an Autumn breeding nursery at Gatton, Queensland. The plant selection (F5) criteria based on head size and frame, core length, internal tipburn reading and style. Leaf disc bremia test (AUS 5) performed on selected plants and were grown to seed. Then a seedling bremia test (AUS 5) was performed on the harvested seed to confirm full bremia resistance. Seed production was done in the Narromine glasshouse and seed then sent to Holland to be verified as fully resistant to bremia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties head formation closed head Plant Leaf thickness medium transverse elliptic Leaf shape anthocyanin colouration absent Leaf harvest maturity Time of early to medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name

'Raider'

'Scorpio'

'Lighthouse'

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Glendana'	'Raider'	'Scorpio'	'Lighthouse'
*Seed: colour	white	black	black	white
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent	absent

_	1 ,	1	1	1
*Plant: diameter	large to very	medium to large	medium to large	large
*Plant: head formation	large closed head	closed head	closed head	closed head
Head: degree of overlapping of upper part of leaves (varieties with closed head formation only)	strong	strong	medium to strong	strong
Head: density	medium to dense	dense	dense	dense
Head: size	large	large	medium to large	large
*Head: shape in longitudinal section	circular	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
Leaf: thickness	medium	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	semi-erect to horizontal	semi-erect to horizontal	semi-erect	semi-erect to horizontal
*Leaf: shape	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic
*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	yellowish	yellowish	yellowish	yellowish
*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	light to medium	medium	medium	medium
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	medium	medium	weak to medium
*Leaf: blistering	medium	strong	strong	medium to strong
Leaf: size of blisters	large	medium to large	large	large
*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	weak to medium	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	present	present	present	present
*Leaf blade: depth of incisions on margin on apical part	very shallow to shallow	very shallow	very shallow to shallow	very shallow to shallow
Leaf blade: density of incisions on margin on apical part	medium	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: type of incisions on apical part (varieties with	sinuate	sinuate	sinuate	sinuate

shallow incisions on margin on				
apical part only)				
Leaf blade: venation	flabellate	flabellate	flabellate	flabellate
Axillary: sprouting	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Time of: harvest maturity	early to medium	early	early	early to medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Glendana'	'Raider'	'Scorpio'	'Lighthouse'		
Resistance to downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Strain A5: at seedling stage	resistant	susceptible	susceptible	susceptible		

# **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Brazil	2014	Applied	'Glendana'
The Netherlands	2013	Applied	'Glendana'

First sold in Australia in Oct 2013.

Description: Steven Mitchell, Enza Zaden Australia, Narromine, NSW.

Details of Application Application Number 2014/168 Variety Name 'THIMBLE' Genus Species Lactuca sativa Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil Accepted Date 21 Aug 2014	, The Netherlands
Variety Name 'THIMBLE' Genus Species Lactuca sativa Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil	, The Netherlands
Genus Species Lactuca sativa Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil	, The Netherlands
Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil	, The Netherlands
Synonym Nil	, The Netherlands
	, The Netherlands
Accepted Date 21 Aug 2014	, The Netherlands
	, The Netherlands
Applicant Nunhems B.V., Haelen	
Agent Shelston IP, Sydeny, N	SW
Qualified Person John Oates	
Details of Comparative Trial	
Overseas Testing Naktuinbouw, The Net	herlands
Authority	
Overseas Data SLA3317	
Reference Number	
<b>Location</b> Roelofarendsveen, The	Netherlands
<b>Descriptor</b> TP/13/10 Rev.	
Period 2014	
RHS Chart - edition N/A	
Origin and Breeding	

Controlled Pollination: Female parent was crossed with male parent. A number of F1 plants were self-pollinated. Pedigree selection was conducted from the second until the fifth generation. Line selection in the sixth and seventh generation. Selection criteria included: head shape, bolting resistance, and disease resistance. Breeder: Nunhems, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant		grasse
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration	absent
Plant	resistance to Isolate Bl:16	present

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Shimar Varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)				
Name	Comments			
'Cosbee'				
'Ralph'				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics		Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Xanadu'	Resistance	Isolates Bl:	present	absent	
	to <i>Bremia</i>	17,18,20,22,23,			
	lactucae	24,25,26,27			

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'THIMBLE'	'Cosbee'	'Ralph'
*Seed: colour	white	yellow	white
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: attitude at 10-12 leaf stage	semi-erect	semi-erect	erect
Leaf blade: division	entire	entire	entire
*Plant: diameter	small to medium	small to medium	small to medium
*Plant: head formation	closed head	open head	closed head
Head: degree of overlapping of upper part of leaves (varieties with closed head formation only)	weak to medium	-	weak to medium
Head: density	dense	medium	dense
Head: size	small to medium	small to medium	small to medium
*Head: shape in longitudinal section	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
Leaf: thickness	medium to thick	thin to medium	medium
Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	semi-erect	erect to semi- erect	semi-erect
*Leaf: shape	circular	obovate	obovate
Leaf: shape of tip	rounded	rounded	rounded
*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	absent	greyish	absent
*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	medium to dark	medium	dark
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	medium to strong	medium
*Leaf: blistering	strong	strong	strong
Leaf: size of blisters	small to medium	large to very large	small to medium
*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	absent or very <sup>1</sup> weak	medium	absent or very weak
Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: venation	not flabellate	flabellate	not flabellate
Axillary: sprouting	very weak to weak	absent or very weak	weak
Time of: harvest maturity	early to medium	medium	medium

very late
nt
nt
-
nt

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'THIMBLE'	'Cosbee'	'Ralph'	
Resistance: isolate Bl 28	present	-	absent	
Resistance: isolate Bl 29	present	-	present	
Resistance: isolate Bl 30	present	-	present	

# **Prior Applications and Sales:**

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
The Netherlands	2013	Granted	'THIMBLE'
New Zealand	2014	Applied	'THIMBLE'
Norway	2014	Applied	'THIMBLE'
EU	2014	Granted	'THIMBLE'

First sold in Spain in October 2010.

Description: John Oates, Merimbula, NSW.

<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2014/177
Variety Name	'WINTERFELL'
Genus Species	Lactuca sativa
Common Name	Lettuce
Synonym	N/A
Accepted Date	01 Sep 2014
Applicant	Nunhems B.V., Haelen, The Netherlands
Agent	Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW
Qualified Person	John Oates
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial_
Location	Werribee South Vic 37°56.12' S 144°42.14. E Elevation 12m
Descriptor	UPOV Technical Guidelines for Lettuce (UPOV TG/13/10
_	Rev. 2)
Period	Winter 2014 - weeks 21 to 33
Conditions	Transplanted into three row raised beds week 21. Soil red
	brown silt loam. Irrigated as required.
Trial Design	Randomised three row commercial type plots
Measurements	As according to UPOV test guideline.
RHS Chart - edition	2001
Origin and Broading	

Controlled pollination: a female breeding line was pollinated by a male breeding line. A number of the F1 plants were self-pollinated. From the second until the fifth generation, pedigree selection was performed. From the sixth until the eight generation, line selection was performed. Characters selected for included: head shape and size, disease resistance, time of beginning of bolting. Breeder: Nunhems B.V., Haelen, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Knowledge			
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Part   Context   State of Expression in Gro		
		of Varieties	
Seed	colour	black	
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration	absent	
Plant	head formation	closed head	
Plant	harvest maturity	medium	
Bolting	time of beginning under long days	late/late to very late	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name
Comments

'Mestiza'

'Esky'

'Vanguardia'

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'WINTERFELL'	'Esky'	'Mestiza'	'Vanguardia'
*Seed: colour	black	black	black	black
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: division	entire	entire	entire	entire
*Plant: diameter	large	large	large to very large	large
*Plant: head formation	closed head	closed head	closed head	closed head
Head: degree of overlapping of upper part of leaves (varieties with closed head formation only)	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
Head: density	medium to dense	medium to dense	medium to dense	dense
Head: size	medium to large	medium to large	large	large
*Head: shape in longitudinal section	circular	circular	circular	circular
Leaf: thickness	medium to thick	thick	medium to thick	medium to thick
Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	horizontal	semi-erect to horizontal	semi-erect to horizontal	semi-erect to horizontal
*Leaf: shape	obovate	transverse broad elliptic	obovate	obovate
Leaf: shape of tip	rounded	rounded	rounded	rounded
*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium to strong	weak to medium	medium to strong	medium
*Leaf: blistering	medium	weak to medium	medium	strong
Leaf: size of blisters	medium	small to medium	small to medium	medium
*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	medium to strong	medium	medium	medium to strong

Leaf blade: incisions of	present	present	present	present
*Leaf blade: depth of incisions on margin on apical part	medium	medium to deep	very shallow to shallow	medium
Leaf blade: density of incisions on margin on apical part	sparse to medium	medium	sparse	medium
Leaf blade: type of incisions on apical part (varieties with shallow incisions on margin on apical part only)	sinuate	sinuate	sinuate	sinuate
Leaf blade: venation	flabellate	flabellate	flabellate	flabellate
Axillary: sprouting	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Time of: harvest maturity	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Time of: beginning of bolting under long day conditions	late	late	late to very late	late
Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate Bl:24	present	absent	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate Bl:25	present	absent	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate BI: 26	present	absent	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate BI:27	present	absent	-	present
Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1:22	present	absent	present	present
Resistance to: Nasonovia ribisnigri biotype Nr:0	present	absent	absent	-

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'WINTERFELL'	'Esky'	'Mestiza'	'Vanguardia'
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate BI:28	present	absent	-	-

# Prior Applications and Sales Prior Application: Nil.

First sold in Australia in Jan 2014.

Description: John Oates, VF Solutions, Merimbula, NSW.

Details of Application		
Application Number	2014/239	
Variety Name	'Green Moon'	
Genus Species	Lactuca sativa	
Common Name	Lettuce	
Synonym	Nil	
Accepted Date	11 Nov 2014	
Applicant	Vilmorin, La Menitre, France.	
Agent	Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.	
Qualified Person	John Oates	
Details of Comparative	Trial	
Location	Lockyer Valley, Gatton, Queensland (27°32'S 152°16'E)	
	Elev 103m	
Descriptor	Lettuce (Lactuca sativa) TG /13/10 Rev.2	
Period	Weeks 17 to 24, 2015	
Conditions	Flat field beds, sandy loam, drip irrigation as required.	
Trial Design	Plantings in two row blocks, two generations of Green Moon	
	As per UPOV Technical Guidelines	
Measurements	As per UPOV Technical Guidelines	
Measurements RHS Chart - edition	As per UPOV Technical Guidelines 2001	

## Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: Cross made in summer 2010 between the 2 Vilmorin breeding lines screened in the Netherlands in summer 2011 and selected. F3 tested in France for *Bremia lactucae* resistance and Nasonovia ribisnigri resistance in autumn 2011. F3 screened in Brazil in spring 2012 and selected. F4 tested in France for *Bremia lactucae* resistance and Nasonovia ribisnigri resistance in summer 2012. F5 was produced in Chile during winter 2012-2013. F5 screened in France in summer 2013 and selected. F6 tested in France for *Bremia lactucae* resistance and Nasonovia ribisnigri resistance in autumn 2013. F7 was produced in Australia during winter 2013-2014. Selection criteria: Resistance to *Bremia lactucae* and Nasonovia ribisnigri; Bolting resistance; tolerance to internal necrosis. Breeder: Vilmorin, Le Menitre, France.

Choice of Comparators	Characteristics	used for g	grouping	varieties	to identify	the most similar
Variety of Common Kno	wledge					

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Seed	colour	black
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration	absent
Plant	time of beginning of bolting under long day conditions	very late
Resistance	downy mildew Isolate Bl:16	present

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Densilva'	

Varieties	Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded				
Variety	Distinguis Character	0	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Raider'	resistance	downy mildew Bl:21-26	present	absent	
'Raider'		nasonovia ribisnigri Nr:0	present	absent	
'Crown'	resistance	nasonovia ribisnigri Nr:0	present	absent	

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Green Moon'	'Densilva'
	*Seed: colour	black	black
	*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: division	entire	entire
	*Plant: diameter	medium to large	large to very large
	*Plant: head formation	closed head	closed head
□ (va	Head: degree of overlapping of upper part of leaves rieties with closed head formation only)	very strong	very strong
	Head: density	medium to dense	medium to dense
	Head: size	medium to large	medium to large
>	*Head: shape in longitudinal section	circular	narrow elliptic
	Leaf: thickness	thick	thick
	Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	semi-erect	semi-erect to horizontal
	*Leaf: shape	broad obtrullate	broad obtrullate
	Leaf: shape of tip	rounded	rounded
	*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	absent	absent
	*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	medium	medium
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium to strong	weak to medium
>	*Leaf: blistering	strong	medium
>	Leaf: size of blisters	small to medium	medium to large
	*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	medium	medium

Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	present	present
*Leaf blade: depth of incisions on margin on apical part	shallow to medium	very shallow
Leaf blade: density of incisions on margin on apical part	medium	sparse to medium
Leaf blade: type of incisions on apical part (varieties with shallow incisions on margin on apical part only)	sinuate	sinuate
Leaf blade: venation	flabellate	flabellate
Axillary: sprouting	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Time of: harvest maturity	early	early
*Time of: beginning of bolting under long day conditions	very late	very late
Plant: fasciation	absent	absent
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:2	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:5	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:7	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:12	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:14	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:15	present	present
*Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:16	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:17	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:18	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:20	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:21	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:22	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> )	present	present

Isolate Bl:23		
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:24	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate Bl:25	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate BI: 26	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew ( <i>Bremia lactucae</i> ) Isolate BI:27	absent	present
Resistance to: Nasonovia ribisnigri biotype Nr:0	present	present

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	Green Moon	Densilva
Leaf: colour outer leaves	146B	146B

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications}}{Nil} \ \ \textbf{and Sales}$

Description: John Oates, Merimbula, NSW.

Details of Application				
Application Number	2014/094			
Variety Name	'Sandpiper'			
Genus Species	Lactuca sativa			
Common Name	Lettuce			
Synonym	Nil			
Accepted Date	20 Aug 2014			
Applicant	Enza Zaden Beheer B.V. Haling, The Netherlands			
Agent	Fisher Adams Kelly, Brisbane, QLD			
Qualified Person	Steven Mitchell			
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial			
Location	Melbourne, VIC, Australia			
Descriptor	Lettuce ( <i>Lactuca sativa</i> ) TG /13/10 Rev.2			
Period	Jan-May 2015			
Conditions	Grown within a commercial Lettuce crop under commercial			
	crop husbandry. Relatively dry with 57.6mm in-crop rain			
	which is just above half the average normal rainfall. Day and			
	night temperatures were slightly cooler than average.			
	Disease Resistance Trial: The test was sown in a white plastic			
	tray lined with a sheet of blotting paper, covered with white			
	germination paper and moistened with distilled water adjusted			
	with KCl (0.37g/L) and CaCl2.2H20 (0.0147g/L). The tray			
	was then covered with a glass lid. The tray was placed in a			
	climate room at 15°C and a 14 hour photoperiod for 7 days. 7			
	day old seedlings were inoculated with a spore suspension of			
	Bremia lactucae (AUS5 strain, sextet code 25-63-11-0), at a concentration of 2.5x104 spores/ml. Seedlings were sprayed			
	with a fine mist of the inoculum and kept at 15°C in total			
	darkness for the first 24 hours post inoculation. After 24			
	hours, the seedlings were kept at 15°C and a 14hr			
	photoperiod for a further 9 days.			
Trial Design	Replicated four times with each plot having 27 plants.			
	Transplanting was randomised via Mead & Curnow:			
	Statistical Methods in Agriculture & Experimental Biology,			
	1990.			
	Disease Resistance Trial: Seeds were sown in a checkerboard			
	pattern to avoid seed cross contamination. Both resistant and			
	susceptible (Manavert and INRA Dm0) controls were			
	included in the test. 60 seeds were sown for each line			
	included in the trial.			
	Field Trial: In accordance with UPOV TG.			
	Disease Resistance Trial: seedlings were assessed for visible			
	sporulation on the cotyledons at 7 and 10 days post			
	inoculation and scored as either 0, 1 or HS, where: 0=no			
	sporulation 1=sporulation on cotyledons HS = hypersensitive			
	reaction small necrotic lesions on cotyledons, often			
	accompanied by very light sporulation. The number of			
	susceptible seedlings from the total number of inoculated			

	seedlings were recorded.
<b>RHS Chart - edition</b>	N/A
Origin and Breeding	

Controlled pollination: The crossed seeds were germinated in a wetted paper tray and then inoculated with the AUS 5 *Bremia* strain. Resistant seedlings were potted up and grown to seed (F2). These F2 seeds were sown in an Autumn breeding nursery at Narromine. The plant selection (F3) criteria based on head size and frame, core length, internal tipburn reading and style. Leaf disc *Bremia* test (AUS 5) performed on selected plants and were grown to seed. These F3 seeds were sown in an Autumn breeding nursery at Narromine. The plant selection (F4) criteria based on head size and frame, core length, internal tipburn reading and style. Leaf disc *Bremia* test (AUS 5) performed on selected plants and were grown to seed. Then a seedling *Bremia* test (AUS 5) was performed on the harvested seed to confirm full *Bremia* resistance. Seed production was done in the Narromine glasshouse and seed was then sent to Holland to be verified as fully resistant to *Bremia*. Breeder: Steven Mitchell and Daniel Trimboli, Enza Zaden, Australia Pty Ltd.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	diameter	large to very large
Head	size	medium to large
Leaf blade	division	entire
Leaf	thickness	thick
Leaf blade	venation	flabellate
Plant	height	short to medium

## Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Casino'	
'Silverado'	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sandpiper'	'Casino'	'Silverado'
*Seed: colour	black	white	yellow
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: division	entire	entire	entire
*Plant: diameter	very large	large to very large	very large
*Plant: head formation	closed head	closed head	closed head
Head: degree of overlapping of upper part of leaves (varieties with closed head formation only)	strong to very strong		strong to very strong

			danca to yarr	danca to warm
	Head: density	very dense	dense to very dense	dense to very dense
	Head: size	large	medium to large	large
	*Head: shape in longitudinal section	circular	circular	circular
	Leaf: thickness	thick	thick	thick
	Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	semi-erect	erect to semi- erect	erect to semi- erect
V	*Leaf: shape	transverse narrow elliptic	broad elliptic	transverse narrow elliptic
	Leaf: tip of leaf blade	rounded	rounded	rounded
□ leav		yellowish	yellowish	yellowish
~	*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	medium to dark	dark to very dark	medium to dark
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent
		medium	medium to strong	medium to strong
	*Leaf: blistering	strong	strong to very strong	strong to very strong
	Leaf: size of blisters	large to very large	large to very large	large to very large
□ mai		medium	weak to medium	medium
□ part		present	present	present
□ mai	*Leaf blade: depth of incisions on gin on apical part	shallow	shallow to medium	shallow
□ mai	Leaf blade: density of incisions on gin on apical part	sparse to medium	medium	medium
•	Leaf blade: type of incisions on apical t (varieties with shallow incisions on egin on apical part only)	sinuate	sinuate	sinuate
	Leaf blade: venation	flabellate	flabellate	flabellate
	Axillary: sprouting	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Time of: harvest maturity	medium	medium	medium to late
	Plant: height	short to medium	short to medium	short to medium
	aracteristics Additional to the Descripto		[	
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Sandpiper'	'Casino'	'Silverado'
<b>▽</b> stra	Leaf: resistance to Bremia infection in AUS 5 at the seedling stage	resistant	susceptible	susceptible

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
The Netherlands	2013	Applied	'Sandpiper'

First sold in Australia in Nov 2012.

Description: Steven Mitchell, Enza Zaden Australia, Narromine, NSW.

Dataila af Assalisation							
Details of Application	2014/112						
Application Number	2014/112						
Variety Name	'BL-12'						
Genus Species	Leucaena pallida x Leucaena leucocephala						
Common Name	Leucaena						
Synonym							
Accepted Date	23 December 2014						
Applicant	The University of Queensland, Brisbane, QLD and Meat & Livestock Australia Limited, North Sydney, NSW UniQuest Pty Limited, Brisbane, QLD Matthew Roche						
	Livestock Australia Limited, North Sydney, NSW						
Agent	UniQuest Pty Limited, Brisbane, QLD						
Qualified Person	Matthew Roche						
Details of Comparative	e Trial						
Location	Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, QLD						
Descriptor	Leucaena Leucaena National descriptor PBR LEUC						
Period Period	19 August 2014 to 30 April 2015						
Conditions	Approximately 2500 seedlings were established in grow tubes						
Conditions	in the glasshouse during the week 19-25 August 2014.						
	Osmocote was applied weekly. They were then moved to the						
	Redlands Research Station, hardened for a week and then						
	transplanted into the field on 21 November 2014 following						
	application of Rhizobium inoculum. The trial area was kept						
	weed free for the duration of the trial. Data collection						
	occurred from October 2014 to April 2015 as detailed below.						
	The trial site was fertilised with P & S legume mixed-						
	fertilizer and fully cultivated prior to transplanting the						
	seedlings. Young plants were initially sprayed for psyllids						
	(Dimethoate and Confidor) during early growth but not						
	thereafter. The trial was cut back on 7 May and allowed to						
	regrow for later data collection. Varieties trialled were 4-8						
	breeding lines (4 of current and previous generation), plus 4						
	commercial cultivars 'Peru', 'Tarramba', 'Wondergraze' and						
	'Cunningham'.						
Trial Design	Randomised complete block design with 12 entries (breeding						
	lines plus commercial cultivars), 10 plants per plot, 4						
	replicates and 4m row spacings						
Measurements	Measurements of various parameters occurred on the dates						
	indicated: Psyllid (Heteropsylla cubana) resistance (21 October						
	& 5-6 November, 2014), herbage yield (21 October & 27-28						
	November), plant height (27-28 November), flowering (14						
	December), branchiness (27-28 November), diameter at						
	ground level (14 December), leaf characteristic (April 2015).						
	References: The psyllid damage rating scale (1=low; 9=high)						
	followed the method outlined in Wheeler, RA Leucaena						
	Research Reports 1988 Vol. 9 pp. 25-29 ISSN 0254-8364.						
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (fifth edition)						
	,						
Origin and Breeding							
Origin and Dictumg							

Controlled pollination: Leucaena pallida x Leucaena leucocephala. After three (3) generations of random mating among Leucaena pallida x Leucaena leucocephala hybrid trees with selection for psyllid resistance and branching habit during each cycle, elite trees were then selected for a backcrossing program. Cultivar 'Wondergraze' was used as the recurrent parent in three backcrosses with selection for psyllid (Heteropsylla cubana) resistance, branching type, self compatibility and foliage digestibility. The selected plants have now been self pollinated for three (3) successive generations. Variety designated 'BL-25' is the parent of breeding line 'BL-12'. Breeders: Assoc. Prof Max Shelton (CI),Dr Scott Dalzell (Breeder) and Dr Christopher Lambrides (Breeder).

Variety of Common Kno		Č	ouping varieties to identify the most similar		
Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	ploidy		tetraploid		
Plant	bloating in l	ivestock	absent		
Stem	anthocyanin	1	low		
Leaf	pubescence		absent		
Leaflet	length		short		
Leaflet	width		narrow		
Leaf petiole	gland size		small		
Flower	colour		white		
Most Similar Varieties	of Common Kn	owledge id	entified (VCK)		
Name		Commen	ts		
'Peru'		medium biomass yield and very high psyllid susceptibility			
'Tarramba'		medium biomass yield and high psyllid susceptibility			
'Wondergraze'		medium biomass yield and high psyllid susceptibility			
'Cunningham'		medium biomass yield and very high psyllid susceptibility			

# $\frac{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}{from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BL-12'	'Cunningham'	'Peru'	'Tarramba'	'Wondergraze'
Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
Plant: growth type	tree	tree	tree	tree	tree
Plant: active growth period	summer	summer	summer	summer	summer
Plant: bloating	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Plant: coppice potential	high	high	high	high	high
Plant: frost tolerance	present	present	present	present	present

Plant: vigour	high	low	low	medium	medium
Stem: diameter	medium	medium	medium to broad	medium	medium
Stem: anthocyanin	low	low	low	low	low
Flower: colour	white	white	white	white	white
Flower: floriferous-	medium	high	high	low	medium
Leaf: number of pinnae pairs	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: leaflet pairs per pinna	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: pubescence	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaflet: length	short	short	short	short	short
Leaflet: width	narrow	narrow	narrow	narrow	narrow
Petiole: gland size	small	small	small	small	small
Petiole: anthocyanin colouration	low	low	low	low	low
	high to very high	low	low	low	low

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BL-12'	'Cunningham'	'Peru'	'Tarramba'	'Wondergraze'
Plant:herbage yield	high	low	low	medium	medium

## **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BL-12'	'Cunningham'	'Peru'	'Tarramba'	'Wondergraze'			
☑ Plant: no. of branches at 75cm height								
Mean	9.75	5.55	5.25	6.75	8.30			
Std. Deviation	4.41	3.25	2.27	2.29	3.50			
LSD/sig.	3.36	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns			
☑ Plant: height under Psy	☑ Plant: height under Psyllid ( <i>Heteropsylla cubana</i> ) challenge(mm)							
Mean	2041.25	1147.25	1056.40	1604.80	1545.95			
Std. Deviation	203.59	101.83	159.84	191.63	388.06			
LSD/sig.	393.7	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
☑ Plant: herbage yield (fro	esh weight) unde	er Psyllid( <i>Heterop</i>	sylla cubana) chall	lenge (g/ 2.5m of ro	w)			
Mean	5040.00	250.00	183.80	1550.00	2175.00			
Std. Deviation	1094.50	56.00	138.30	489.50	2117.20			
LSD/sig.	3623.7	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns			
☑ Plant: herbage yield (dr	☑ Plant: herbage yield (dry weight) under Psyllid( <i>Heteropsylla cubana</i> ) challenge (g/2.5m of row)							
Mean	2030.20	41.60	33.40	265.20	380.10			
Std. Deviation	669.30	9.30	25.10	83.70	370.00			

LSD/sig.	1357.3	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☑ Plant: Psysllid (Heter	opsylla cubana)	damage rating 21	October 2014 (1=l	ow; 9=high)	
Mean	3.86	7.54	7.83	7.00	7.04
Std. Deviation	1.57	0.98	0.93	0.64	1.13
LSD/sig.	1.34	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☑ Plant: Psysllid (Hetero	psylla cubana)	damage rating 5-6	November 2014 (1:	=low; 9=high)	
Mean	3.75	7.24	6.94	6.99	6.80
Std. Deviation	1.66	0.91	1.46	0.56	0.82
LSD/sig.	1.11	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales:** Nil.

Description: Matthew Roche, Australian Sports Turf Consultants, Brisbane, QLD.

<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2010/049
Variety Name	'STM5'
Genus Species	Medicago sativa
Common Name	Lucerne
Synonym	
Accepted Date	21 April 2010
Applicant	Cal/West Seeds, Woodland, CA, USA.
Agent	PGG Wrightson Seeds (Australia) Pty Ltd, Truganina, VIC
Qualified Person	James Sewell

## **Details of Comparative Trial**

Location	Leigh Creek Research Station, Ballarat, VIC
Descriptor	Lucerne Medicago sativa UPOV TG/6/5
Period	2006-2015
Conditions	Comparative trials consisted of multiple field evaluation trials, sown over multiple years, in both sward drilled plots and spaced single plants. Trials were irrigated, harvested fertilised and weeds/pest controlled as required.
	The NAAIC standard test protocol to screen lucerne for grazing tolerance (Bouton & Smith 1998) was used, however there was one major exception being that sheep were used in this experiment, rather than cattle, for closer grazing. There was no leaf area maintained under severe sheep defoliation and the resulting stress on the lucerne plant was dramatic ( <i>Smith et al.</i> 2000). The trial was drill-sown on the 1st of September 2006 at the PGG Wrightson Seeds Research Farm at Leigh Creek, Vic The soil is a deep red Krasnozem derived from volcanic ash. The site was previously limed sprayed with 3 lt/ha of Roundup 1 month prior to cultivation and the seedbed was prepared to a fine tilth. There were 20 entries comprising of 13 commercially available cultivars representing various winter activity ratings, including two generations of 'STM5' and 'Stamina GT6' as the grazing tolerant control types, and 7 experimental lines of varying winter-activity ratings labelled 'PGWS-1' to 'PGWS-7'. 'PGWS-1,2,3 and 5' were specifically developed for grazing tolerance. The seeding rate was 20 kg/ha and all seed was lime coated and inoculated and sown with a 10-row, precision cone-seeder and roller. Plots of 1.30 x 5.08 m were laid out as a randomly allocated factorial design with 4 replicates. The plot area was surrounded by a 10 m border sown to lucerne. Drinking water, a supplement feeding area and a shade house
	were situated along the fence-lines and 10 m away from the trial plots. After reaching an initial flowering stage, the experiment was rotationally grazed/cut for 2.5 years and yields were recorded. After the 3rd October 2009 the trial was

continuously grazed with 14 crossbred wethers (equivalent to 50 sheep/ha) until the 25th March 2010 (173 days). The sheep were fed a supplement of grain towards the end of the grazing period. After an assessment of ground cover was made the lucerne was chemically winter cleaned (2.5 lt/ha diuron; 2 lt/ha diquat) and plants allowed to recover to ensure no depletion of the stand occurred due to chemical application. The experimental plots were then spelled until September 2006 when, after 3 days of grazing, a further assessment was made. Ground cover was measured on the 18th December 2006. Subsequent measurements were made 13 and 7 days, respectively, after de-stocking in April and September 2010. These intervals allowed the lucerne to regrow to 5 - 7.5 cm height. The proportion of a 0.01m graduated 1.0 m length of drill row supporting lucerne growth was visually assessed from six randomly selected sites within each plot to provide an estimate of ground cover.

Row trial to measure standard UPOV descriptors

A row trial was sown in 2013 in the field with 70 seeds spaced approximately 2-3 cm apart along a 2 m row. The distance between rows was 50 cm. The number of plants per row was thinned at seedling stage to 30 plants per row. Maintenance was carried out as required to ensure weed free and pest and disease free status. Irrigation was conducted as required.

Greenhouse measurements of pest and disease resistance
Glasshouse tests for disease and aphid resistance were
conducted according to the methods described in Standard
Tests to Characterise Alfalfa Cultivars (3rd Edition)
published by the North American Alfalfa Improvement
Conference.

### Trial Design

Grazing tolerance trial

Plots of 1.30 x 5.08 m were laid out as a randomly allocated factorial design with 4 replicates. The plot area was surrounded by a 10 m border sown to lucerne..

Sward trial to measure standard UPOV descriptors

Sward trials: randomised complete block design with 4 replicates. Single spaced plants: 60 spaced plants of each variety arranged in an RCB-design with 6 replicates.

Greenhouse measurements of pest and disease resistance
Glasshouse tests for disease and aphid resistance were
conducted according to the methods described in Standard
Tests to Characterise Alfalfa Cultivars (3rd Edition)
published by the North American Alfalfa Improvement
Conference.

Measurements	Grazing trial - Yield and grazing tolerance through ground		
	cover percentages per meter row Single spaced plants - Plant:		
	Natural plant height (autumn, winter, spring); plant tendency		
	to grow in winter; Stem: stem-length at full-flower; Flower:		
	frequency of plants with cream, white or yellow flowers		
	Glass house tests – Resistance to pests and diseases:		
	Anthracnose; Phytophthora Root Rot		

## **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'CW 85087' is a synthetic variety with 88 parent plants. Parent plants (for eg., 'IH-101R', 'Del Rio', 'Royal Harvest') were selected for persistence and vigor following two years of close continuous grazing with both cattle and sheep at Woodland, CA, USA. Pastures were established in October 1995 and grazed for 185 days in 1996 and 195 days in 1997. Breeder seed was produced under open isolation near Woodland, CA in 1998, USA. Seed was bulk harvested using controlled open pollination (with isolations) from all parent plants The candidate differs from its parental varieties by being resistant to highly resistant to various diseases, pests and nematodes.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	winter activity	dormancy group 5-6
Plant	natural height in spring	medium to tall
Plant	natural height 2 weeks after the first autumn equinox	moderate –tall
Stem	length of the longest stem at full flower	medium to long

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Aurora'	winter activity rating 6
'Venus'	winter activity rating 5
'Stamina GT6'	Winter activity rating 6; industry standard for grazing tolerance

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	_	guishing cteristics	in Candidate	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Hunter River'	Plant	Resistance to Anthra- cnose	medium	low	
'Kaituna'	Plant	Resistance to Anthra- cnose	medium	low	

# $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'STM5'	'Aurora'	'Venus'	'Stamina GT6'
Plant: growth habit in autumn of the first year	medium	semi erect to medium	medium	semi erect to medium
*Plant: natural height 2 weeks after the first autumn equinox following sowing	short to medium	medium	short to medium	medium
*Plant: natural height 6 weeks after the first autumn equinox following sowing	medium	medium to tall	medium	medium to tall
*Plant: natural height in spring	medium to tall	medium to tall	medium to tall	medium to tall
*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium to late	medium	medium	medium to late
*Flower: frequency of plants with very dark blue violet flowers	absent or very low	low to medium	absent or very low	absent or very low
*Flower: frequency of plants with variegated flowers	low to medium	absent or very low	low	low to medium
*Flower: frequency of plants with cream, white or vellow flowers	very low to low	absent or very low	low to medium	very low to low
*Stem: length of the longest stem at full flowering	medium to long	long	medium to long	long
*Plant: tendency to grow during vinter	dormancy rating 5	dormancy rating 6	dormancy rating 5	dormancy rating 6
Resistance to: Colletotrichum rifolii	medium	-	low	-
Resistance to: <i>Phytophthora</i> nedicaginis	medium to high	-	low to medium	-
Characteristics Additional to th	e Descriptor/TG	r		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'STM5'	'Aurora'	'Venus'	'Stamina GT6'
Plant: grazing tolerance	very high	very low	high	
Statistical Tabl:				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'STM5'	'Aurora'	'Venus'	'Stamina GT6'

Plant: grazing tolerance	very high	very low	high	
Statistical Tabl:				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'STM5'	'Aurora'	'Venus'	'Stamina GT6'
Plant: natural height 6 weeks af	ter autumn equinox (	cm)		
Mean	34.50	38.60	36.70	37.60
Std. Deviation	5.90	6.80	5.40	6.60
LSD/sig	4.1	P≤0.01	ns	ns
☐ Plant: natural plant height in sprin	g (1st growth)(cm)			
Mean	49.10	51.20	52.60	54.40
Std. Deviation	6.60	4.50	5.12	5.62
LSD/sig	4.4	ns	ns	P≤0.01
✓ Plant: tendency to grown in winte	er (score (1=very low:	; 10=very high)	-	
Mean	5.00	6.30	5.30	6.20

Std. Deviation	0.30	0.30	0.50	0.30
			0.30	
LSD/sig	0.6	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
☐ Plant: length of longest stem at full	flower (mm)			
Mean	478.00	543.00	532.00	554.00
Std. Deviation	222.00	177.00	187.00	140.00
LSD/sig	140.09	ns	ns	ns
✓ Plant: resistance to <i>Phytophthora m</i>	edicaginis (percentag	e of resistant seedling	(s)	
Mean	11.10	-	3.90	-
Std. Deviation	3.57	-	1.80	-
LSD/sig	3.53	-	P≤0.01	-
☐ Plant: Anthracnose <i>Colletotrichum</i> i	rifolii (percentage of	resistant seedlings)		
Mean	21.50	-	15.40	-
Std. Deviation	8.39	-	4.70	-
LSD/sig	8.09	-	ns	-
☑ Plant: Grazing tolerance ((% ground	l cover)			
Mean	90.00	23.00	76.00	61.00
Std. Deviation	5.63	13.58	8.10	16.88
LSD/sig	22.65	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales Nil.**

Description: James Sewell, PGG Wrightson Seeds, Basllarat, VIC.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2013/311
Variety Name	'SARDI 10 Series 2'
Genus Species	Medicago sativa
Common Name	Lucerne
Synonym	
Accepted Date	31 January 2014
Applicant	MINISTER FOR AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND FISHERIES acting through the South Australian Research and Development Institute, Adelaide, SA
Agent	
Qualified Person	Alan Humphries

Details of Compara	tive Trial
Location	Waite Institute, Urrbrae, SA
Descriptor	Lucerne (Medicago sativa ) UPOV TG/6/5
Period	2013-2015
Conditions	Field Measurements
	A row trial was sown in 2013 in the field with 70 seeds spaced approximately 2-3 cm apart along a 2 m row. The distance between rows was 50 cm. The number of plants per row was thinned at seedling stage to 30 plants per row. Maintenance was carried out as required to ensure weed free and pest and disease free status. Irrigation was conducted as required
	Greenhouse Measurements of Disease and Pest Resistance For pest and disease assessments plants were maintained under Greenhouse conditions as per NAAIC protocols with modifications for bluegreen aphid protocol. The test for bluegreen aphid resistance used a bluegreen aphid population collected at Urrbrae, South Australia. The virulence of the aphid, compared to a recent national survey (Humphries et al. 2012), was considered to be moderate. Plants for all experiments were grown in an aphid-free greenhouse and then transferred to an aphid house for inoculation with aphids 14 days after planting, when cotyledons had fully emerged. Each cultivar was infested with a mixed population of two nymphs or apterous adult aphids per plant by sprinkling aphids onto seedlings and assessed for damage 27 days after inoculation.
Trial Design	For the field trial, a randomised complete block design was used with 4 replications. For pest and disease assessments, randomized complete block designs with 4 replications (a total of 200 seedlings per entry) per test cultivar were used, with an additional repeated check susceptible variety every 1 in 12 entries.
Measurements	For the field trial, measurements were taken on the centre 25 plants along each row (a total of 100 plants per entry). For pest and disease assessments, measurements were taken on 25 plants per experimental unit as per NAAIC protocols with minor modifications. The full protocol for bluegreen aphid screening is

described in: Humphries et al. (2012) A new biotype	of bluegreen
aphid (Acyrthosiphon kondoi Shinji) found in s	south-eastern
Australia overcomes resistance in a broad range	of pasture
legumes, Crop and Pasture Science, 63: 893-901.	

## **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'SARDI 10 Series 2' was developed using recurrent mass selection for broad adaptation, winter height, and disease and insect resistance. Highly winter active plants selected for improved persistence on commercial farms in eastern Australia were crossed with greenhouse selections for multiple disease and pest resistance. A population of 244 plants were clonally propagated from 22 breeders lines and planted in a randomised and replicated nursery at the Waite Institute. Seed from bulked progeny was used to evaluate resistance to bluegreen aphid, spotted alfalfa aphid, *Colletotrichum* (Anthracnose), *Phytophthora*, and nodulation capacity in an acidic environment. Parent seed yield and results from the progeny test experiments were used to refine the orginal population to 62 individuals in December 2009. Breeders seed was produced from 62 individuals (replicated 4 times) to produce breeders seed in April 2010. Breeder: Alan Humphries, SARDI.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/ Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	winter activity (growth)	High (10)
Flower	Frequency of plants with yellow, cream or white flowers	absent
Resistance to	Phytophthora medicaginis	>low resistance (6%) and < Very high Resistance (50%)
Resistance to	Colletotrichum trifolii races 1,4	> low resistance (6%) and <very high resistance (50%)</very 

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'SARDI 10'	Highly winter activity variety
'Force 10'	Highly winter activity variety
'Cropper'	Highly winter activity variety

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SARDI 10 Series 2'	'Cropper 9.5'	'Force 10'	'SARDI Ten'
Plant: growth habit in autumn of the first year	erect	erect	erect	erect
*Plant: natural height 2 weeks after the first autumn equinox following sowing	very tall	very tall	very tall	very tall
*Plant: natural height 6	very tall	very tall	very tall	very tall

	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
weeks after the first autumn equinox following sowing				
equinox following sowing				
*Plant: natural height in	tall to very tall	tall to very tall	tall to very tall	tall to very tall
spring	tan to very tan	tan to very tan	tan to very tan	tan to very tan
*Time of: beginning of	very early to early	very early to early	very early to early	very early to early
flowering		, ,	, , ,	, ,
*Flower: frequency of	very high	very high	very high	very high
plants with very dark blue	very mgn	vory mgn	vory mgn	very mgn
violet flowers				
*Flower: frequency of	chaont on warry lawy	about on your love	aboont on your love	obcont on vious love
plants with variegated flowers	absent or very low	absent of very low	absent or very low	absent of very low
plants with variegated nowers				
*Flower: frequency of				
plants with cream, white or	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low
yellow flowers				
*Stem: length of the	very long	very long	very long	very long
longest stem at full flowering				
*Diametric de la constantina		dormancy rating	dormancy rating	dormancy rating
*Plant: tendency to grow	dormancy rating 10	10	10	10
during winter				_
Resistance to:	high		medium to high	high to very high
Colletotrichum trifolii	ingn		inculum to mgn	ingii to very ingii
<b>▽</b>				
Resistance to:	high	-	medium to high	medium
Phytophthora medicaginis	Č		Č	
▼				
Resistance to:	medium to high	-	low to medium	low to medium
Acyrthosiphon kondoi				
Resistance to: <i>Therioaphis</i>	madium to high		low to medium	medium to high
maculata	inedium to mgn	-	low to illedium	medium to mgn
	<u> </u>			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SARDI 10 Series 2'	'Cropper 9.5'	'Force 10'	'SARDI Ten'
	5.1112110 5011052	оторрег у с	1 0100 10	511121101
Plant: time to beginning of	f flowering: January yea	ar 2 (days)		
Mean	30.26	30.49	31.43	29.80
Std. Deviation	1.26	0.58	0.50	1.26
LSD/sig	1.74	ns	ns	ns
☐ Plant:tendency to grow durin	g winter: (plant height (	(cm))		
Mean	42.57	42.77	39.98	38.80
Std. Deviation	1.86	5.25	3.00	2.34
LSD/sig	4.98	ns	ns	ns
	•	-		
Plant: natural height 2 wee	eks after autumn equino	x (cut 2 weeks before	re autumn equinox,	cm)
Mean		62.97		61.86
Std. Deviation	6.49	8.00	5.14	4.92
LSD/sig	11.23	ns	ns	ns
☐ Plant: natural height 6 weeks after autumn equinox (cut 2 weeks after autumn equinox, cm)				
Mean		50.91	51.23	50.77
Std. Deviation	6.41	2.44	4.33	2.51
Std. Deviation LSD/sig	6.41 7.36	2.44 ns	4.33 ns	2.51 ns

74.98

5.77

71.31

9.39

67.53

6.45

☐ Plant: length of longest stem at full flower: in planting year 2014 (cm)

69.49

4.03

Mean

Std. Deviation

LSD/sig	8.68	ns	ns	ns	
✓ Plant: length of longe	☑ Plant: length of longest stem at full flower: in second year 25 February 2015 (cm)				
Mean	76.22	70.71	71.25	70.96	
Std. Deviation	2.82	6.17	3.97	6.07	
LSD/sig	4.24	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
☐ Plant: resistance to Pl	hytophthora medicagii	nis (percentage of resis	stant plants)		
Mean	26.94	-	21.78	23.03	
Std. Deviation	11.50	-	11.00	4.3	
LSD/sig	11.4	-	ns	ns	
✓ Plant: resistance to The	herioaphis maculata (S	SAA, natural log of pe	ercentage of resistan	t plants)	
Mean	17.78	-	8.05	15.57	
Std. Deviation	11.00	-	8.90	10.00	
LSD/sig	9.2	-	P≤0.01	ns	
☑ Plant: resistance to <i>Acyrthosiphon kondii</i> Shinji (BGA, >2009 race, intermediate virulence, percentage of resistant plants)					
Mean	2.80	-	2.27	1.95	
Std. Deviation	0.50	-	0.50	0.60	
LSD/sig	0.76	-	ns	P≤0.01	
□ Plant: Anthracnose <i>Colletotrichum trifolii</i> (races 1,4. Percentage of resistant plants)					
Mean	36.68	-	25.04	40.71	
Std. Deviation	8.20	-	3.80	9.40	
LSD/sig	14.02	-	ns	ns	

# **Prior Applications and Sales:** Nil.

Description: Alan Hamphries, SARDI, Adelaide, SA.

Details of Application	
Variety Name  Genus Species  Coprosma repens  Common Name  Mirror Plant  Synonym  Pacific Sunset  Accepted Date  17 Jun 2013  Applicant  John Woods Nurseries, Woodbridge, UK.  Agent  Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd, Silvan, VIC.  Qualified Person  Christopher Prescott  Details of Comparative Trial  Location  Monbulk Road, Silvan, VIC (Latitude 37°50'8.08 elevation 285m).  Descriptor  Coprosma (Coprosma) PBR COPR  Period  September 2014 - June 2015  Conditions  The trial plants where propagated in March 2014 and prin outdoor trial plots in September 2014. The trial plots kept weed free, surrounded by low fencing for the profagainst rodents and rabbits. Pest and disease contromaintained when necessary. Irrigation and fertilization maintained under a display garden regime.  Trial Design  The trial plots were side by side in fenced areas of metres, separated by a 1 metre walkway. 12 plants Candidate were in 1 plot and 12 plants of the Compwere in the other at even spacing in a block formation or	
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were in the other at even spacing in a block formation o	
1 5	
prants.	LJAA
Measurements Measurements were taken at random	
RHS Chart - edition 2007	
KIIS Chart - culuuli  2007	
Origin and Breeding	

Spontaneous mutation: 'JWNCOPPS' is the result of a chance discovery in a commercial nursery in Suffolk, England. The breeder, John Lord, Woodbridge, GB, discovered the new variety as a single branch, naturally occurring mutation growing in a commercial planting of the parent variety. The discovery was made in the Spring of 2006. After selecting and isolating the new cultivar, asexual reproduction of the new cultivar 'JWNCOPPS' was first performed in the same commercial nursery by vegetative cuttings in the Autumn of 2006. `JWNCOPPS` has since produced several generations and has shown that the unique features of this cultivar are stable and reproduced true to type. Breeder: John Lord, John Woods Nurseries, Woodbridge, UK.

**Choice of Comparators** Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Plant	density	dense

	number of colours on upper side	two
	main colour of upper side	reddish brown
Leaf	glossiness	strong

<u>Most Similar</u> Name	Variet	ies of Comm	on Knowledge ider Comments	ntified (VCK)	
'CopJoh02'			Comments		
Copsonoz			<u> </u>		
Varieties of C	Commo	n Knowledge	e identified and sub	osequently excluded	
Variety	Distin	guishing	State of Expression	on in State of Expression	in Comments
	Chara	cteristics	Candidate Variety	y Comparator Variety	y
'Royale'	leaf	main colour of upper side	reddish brown	green	
'Hutpac'	leaf	number of colours	two	one	maternal parent
'Rainbow Surprise'	leaf	main colour of upper side	reddish brown	green	
'Evening Glow'	leaf	main colour of upper side	reddish brown	green	
'Fire Burst'	leaf	main colour of upper side	reddish brown	green	
'Inferno'	leaf	Presence of green colour	absent	present	
'Goldenglow'	leaf	Presence of green colour	absent	present	
'Tequila Sunrise'	leaf	Presence of green colour	absent	present	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JWNCOPPS'	'CopJoh02'
Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy
Plant: height	short	medium
Plant: width	medium	medium
Plant: density	dense	dense
Young leaf: number of colours on upper side	two	two

Young leaf: main colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	N186B	N186C
Young leaf: secondary colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	53B	67B
Young leaf: distribution of secondary colour on upper side	mainly in middle zone	mainly in margin zone
Leaf: length of blade	short	medium
Leaf: width at broadest part	narrow	narrow
Leaf: number of colours on upper side	two	two
Leaf: main colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	N168B	N186A
Leaf: secondary colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	53B	67B
Leaf: distribution of secondary colour on upper side	mainly in middle zone	mainly in margin zone
Leaf: shape of blade	obovate	obovate
Leaf: shape of apex	rounded	rounded
Leaf: shape of base	cuneate	cuneate
Leaf: glossiness	strong	strong
Leaf: undulation of margin	very strong	weak
Leaf: twisting around longitudinal axis	very strong	very weak

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied 'JWNCOPPS' **Current Status** USA 2010 Granted

First sold in USA in May 2010.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Prescott Roses Pty Ltd, Berwick, VIC.

Details of Application	
<b>Application Number</b>	2015/102
Variety Name	'CopJoh02'
Genus Species	Coprosma repens
Common Name	Mirror Plant
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	02 Jun 2015
Applicant	John Woods Nurseries, Woodbridge, UK.
Agent	Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd, Silvan, VIC.
Qualified Person	Christopher Prescott
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial
Location	Monbulk Road, Silvan, VIC (Latitude 37°50'8.08 South,
	elevation 285m).
Descriptor	Coprosma (Coprosma) PBR COPR
Period	September 2014 - June 2015
Conditions	The trial plants where propagated in March 2014 and planted
	in outdoor trial plots in September 2014. The trial plots were
	kept weed free, surrounded by low fencing for the protection
	against rodents and rabbits. Pest and disease control was
	maintained when necessary. Irrigation and fertilization was
	maintained under a display garden regime.
Trial Design	The trial plots were side by side in fenced areas of 2 x 3
	metres, separated by a 1 metre walkway. 12 plants of the
	Candidate were in 1 plot and 12 plants of the Comparator
	were in the other at even spacing in a block formation of 3 x 4
	plants.
Measurements	Measurements were taken at randomly.
RHS Chart - edition	2007
Origin and Breeding	
1	

Spontaneous mutation: 'CopJoh02' is the result of a chance discovery in a commercial nursery in Suffolk, England. The breeder, John Lord, Woodbridge, GB, discovered the new variety as a single branch, naturally occurring mutation growing in a commercial planting of the parent variety. The discovery was made in the Summer of 2008. It has been propagated over many generations and has proven to be stable with no off types sighted. Breeder: John Lord, John Woods Nurseries, Woodbridge, UK.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Plant	density	dense
Leaf	number of colours on upper side	two
Leaf	main colour of upper side	reddish brown
Leaf	glossiness	strong

	Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name		Comme	ents		
'JWNCOPP	S'	materna	l parent		
Varieties of	Commo	n Knowledge id	lentified and subs	sequently excluded	
Variety	Distingu	iishing	State of	State of Expression in	Comments
·	Characteristics		Expression in	Comparator Variety	
			Candidate		
			Variety		
'Royale'	leaf	main colour of	reddish brown	green	
-		upperside			
'Fire Burst'	leaf	main colour of	reddish brown	green	
		upper side			

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'CopJoh02'	'JWNCOPPS'				
Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy				
Plant: height	medium	short				
Plant: width	medium	medium				
Plant: density	dense	dense				
Young leaf: number of colours on upper side	two	two				
Young leaf: main colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	N186C	N186B				
Young leaf: secondary colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	67B	53B				
Young leaf: distribution of secondary colour on upper side	mainly in margin zone	mainly in middle zone				
Leaf: length of blade	medium	short				
Leaf: width at broadest part	narrow	narrow				
Leaf: number of colours on upper side	two	two				
Leaf: main colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	N186A	N168B				
Leaf: secondary colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	67B	53B				
Leaf: distribution of secondary colour on upper side	mainly in margin zone	mainly in middle zone				
Leaf: shape of blade	obovate	obovate				
Leaf: shape of apex	rounded	rounded				
Leaf: shape of base	cuneate	cuneate				
Leaf: glossiness	strong	strong				

V	Leaf: undulation of margin	weak	very strong
V	Leaf: twisting around longitudinal axis	very weak	very strong

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied 'CopJoh02' **Current Status** USA Applied 2015

First sold in UK in May 2015.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Prescott Roses Pty Ltd, Berwick, VIC.

	7
<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2015/024
Variety Name	'EC-98 (AO)'
Genus Species	Arachis hypogaea
Common Name	Peanut
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	01 Apr 2015
Applicant	El Carmen SA, General Cabrera, Córdoba, Argentina
Agent	G. Crumpton and Sons and Company P/L, Crawford, QLD
Qualified Person	Don Loch
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial
Location	Memerambi, QLD (Latitude 26°27'S, longitude 151°49'E,
	elevation 447 masl)
Descriptor	UPOV Technical Guidelines for Peanut (UPOV TG93/3)
Period	4 Dec 2014 - 26 May 2015
Conditions	Seed sown on 4 Dec 2014 in 90 cm rows (5 seeds per plot) on
	a red volcanic (krasnozem or ferrosol) soil under rain-grown
	(i.e. dryland) conditions; seed treated with azoxystrobin
	(Dynasty). Weed control by pre-emergence metolachlor
	(Clincher Plus) prior to planting, followed 30 days after
	germination by an application of imazapic (Flame). Applied
	313 kg/ha of blended fertiliser (N:P:K:S = 12.8:14.2:11.9:6.4)
	prior to planting on 4 Dec 2014 to give 40 kg N, 44 kg P, 37
	kg K, and 20 kg S per hectare. Sprayed with azoxystrobin +
TI I I I	cyproconazole (Amistar Xtra) on 30 Jan and 16 Feb 2015.
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 3 cultivars ('EC-98 (AO)', 'Tamrun
	OL11', 'UF98509' syn Holt) arranged in 6 randomised blocks
	with 5 plants per plot in single rows 90 cm apart; 15 cm between plants in the row.
Maagunamanta	
Measurements	Days to flowering determined progressively for each plot (11-15 Jan 2015). Numbers of lateral branches counted and leaf
	characteristics measured on 1 Apr 2015 (one leaf per plant
	sampled from the 5-8th visible node below the apex of the
	main plant axis). Mature seeds harvested from each plot on 26
	May 2015. Pod and kernel (seed) lengths (25 measurements
	per plot sample, 2-seeded pods only) measured on 1 Jun
	2015. 100-kernel weight (3 samples per plot) and shell-out
	percentages (one measurement per plot) determined on 1 Jun
	2015. Analyses of variance (ANOVAs) conducted with
	Genstat Release 12.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (5th edition)
0	

## Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'EC-98 (AO)' is the result of 7 generations of mass selection at El Carmen SA (General Cabrera, Córdoba Province, Argentina) following a cross made between plants of JS 1290-1-A-1 and I JS 95-1 (AO) (Linea Alto Oleico) in December 1997. The main objectives were: (a) to obtain a commercial "runner" type peanut with a high mono-unsaturated oleic acid content; (b) to reduce the loss of

organoleptic quality in storage by reducing auto-oxidation of seed fat through the high oleic acid character; (c) produce a peanut variety with a higher percentage of more rounded seeds (preferred by the confectionery market) than 'Granoleico'; and (d) develop a variety with agronomic performance equal to or greater than 'Granoleico' and a shorter growing cycle. In each generation, plants with a high proportion of rounded seeds were selected. Chemical analysis to identify and select for plants homozygous for high oleic/linoleic acid content was introduced in the F7 generation. The F8 generation (2004/05) was morphologically uniform, produced a high proportion of seeds cylindrical with a rounded end and a high percentage of oleic acid, and had a growing cycle of approximately 152 days. Seed harvested from the whole F8 plot was designated JS 7698-7-A (AO). From 2008/09 onwards, seed increase commenced and the prospective new cultivar was entered in the Argentinian national comparative testing network (E.C.R.) to assess its agronomic performance; separate tests were also made to assess the commercial qualities of the seed. Breeder: Mario Buteler, El Carmen SA, General Cabrera, Córdoba, Argentina.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Contact Co

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	morphological grouping	runner-type
Plant	time of maturity	late to very late

Name	Comments
'UF98509'syn Holt	Current industry standard late runner-type peanut variety
	in Kingaroy district (application no: 2003/317; certificate
	no: 2806)
'Tamrun OL11'	Another candidate variety (late-flowering runner-type
	neanut)

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded				
Variety		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
	Plant crop maturity	late		Earlier maturing runner-type peanut variety not widely grown in the Kingaroy district (application no: 2001/021; certificate no: 2273)

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EC-98 (AO)'	PTamriin ()LLI	'UF98509' syn Holt
*Plant: growth habit	prostrate	prostrate	semi-erect
Main stem: growth habit	erect	erect	-

(pre	ostrate varieties only)			
	Side branches: growth habit ostrate varieties only)		flat to tips slightly upturned	-
V	Plant: branching	profuse	profuse	medium
	*Time of: maturity	late to very late	late to very late	late to very late
V	Leaflet: size	medium	medium	large
	Leaflet: colour	medium green	medium green	medium green
	*Flowering: general pattern	sequential	sequential	sequential
	Flowering: pattern of main stem	none	none	none
~	*Pod: constrictions		medium	shallow
V	*Pod: prominence of beak	imeailim prominent		absent or very inconspicuous
	*Pod: shape of beak	curved	curved	curved
□ mat	*Kernel: colour of uncured ture testa	monochrome	monochrome	monochrome
	Kernel: shape	cylindrical	cylindrical	cylindrical
	Kernel: size	medium	medium	medium
<b>☑</b> ker	*Kernel: weight per 1000 nels	high	medium	medium to high

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EC-98 (AO)'	'Tamrun OL11'	'UF98509' syn Holt	
Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	
Leaf: colour	146A-B	146A-B	137A-B	
Leaflet: position of broadest part	moderately towards apex	at middle	strongly towards apex	
Leaflet: shape of apex	rounded	narrow pointed	broad pointed	
Pod: reticulation of surface	medium	weak	weak	
Pod: prominence of keel	medium	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
Pod: number of kernels	two	two	two	
Pod: thickness of shell	thin	thin	thin	
Kernel: main colour of testa	brownish pink	brownish pink	brownish pink	

Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EC-98 (AO)'	'Tamrun OL11'	'UF98509' syn
			Holt
Plant: days from sowing to fi	rst flower		
Mean	39.13	38.86	39.93
Std. Deviation	0.90	0.92	1.17
LSD/sig	0.85	ns	ns
Plant: no. of basal lateral bran	nahaa	•	•
Mean	5.80	5.76	5.03
Std. Deviation	0.55	0.51	0.49
LSD/sig	0.29	ns	P≤0.01
E .		1	1****
	40.10	16.22	72.40
Mean Std. Deviation	48.10 3.89	46.33	52.40
		3.95	3.99
LSD/sig	3.43	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: leaflet width (mm)			
Mean	24.83	20.07	25.37
Std. Deviation	2.17	1.41	1.90
LSD/sig	1.77	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: leaflet length:width rati	0		
Mean	1.94	2.32	2.07
Std. Deviation	0.12	0.21	0.12
LSD/sig	0.15	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: petiole length (mm)			
Mean	57.10	58.17	61.33
Std. Deviation	5.76	7.42	7.98
LSD/sig	6.83	ns	ns
E			_
Lear. sneam length (mm)	14.83	15.17	15.03
Mean Std. Deviation	0.65	0.79	0.67
LSD/sig	0.80	ns	ns
	0.00	113	110
1 ou. length (mm)	107.00	100.47	1.2.00
Mean	35.89	32.65	35.09
Std. Deviation	3.11	2.68	3.83
LSD/sig	1.48	P≤0.01	ns
Seed: kernel length (mm)			
Mean	17.63	17.07	17.58
Std. Deviation	0.95	1.02	1.03
LSD/sig	0.57	ns	ns
Seed: 100-kernel weight (g)			
Mean	89.87	76.41	83.95
Std. Deviation	10.58	7.84	9.16
LSD/sig	8.55	P≤0.01	ns

Seed: shell-out percentage (%)				
Mean	81.91	82.33	79.50	
Std. Deviation	0.80	1.00	1.32	
LSD/sig	2.13	ns	P≤0.01	

# **Prior Applications and Sales**

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedArgentina2013Granted'EC-98 (AO)'

First sold in Argentina in Oct 2014.

Description: **D.S. Loch**, Alexandra Hills, QLD and **I. Haak,** Crawford, QLD.

<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2015/023
Variety Name	'Tamrun OL11'
Genus Species	Arachis hypogaea
Common Name	Peanut
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	01 Apr 2015
Applicant	Texas AgriLife Research, College Station, TX, USA
Agent	G. Crumpton and Sons and Company P/L, Crawford, QLD
Qualified Person	Don Loch
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial
Location	Memerambi, QLD (Latitude 26°27'S, longitude 151°49'E,
	elevation 447 masl)
Descriptor	UPOV Technical Guidelines for Peanut (UPOV TG93/3)
Period	4 Dec 2014 - 26 May 2015
Conditions	Seed sown on 4 Dec 2014 in 90 cm rows (5 seeds per plot) on
	a red volcanic (krasnozem or ferrosol) soil under rain-grown
	(i.e. dryland) conditions; seed treated with azoxystrobin
	(Dynasty). Weed control by pre-emergence metolachlor
	(Clincher Plus) prior to planting, followed 30 days after
	germination by an application of imazapic (Flame). Applied
	313 kg/ha of blended fertiliser (N:P:K:S = 12.8:14.2:11.9:6.4)
	prior to planting on 4 Dec 2014 to give 40 kg N, 44 kg P, 37
	kg K, and 20 kg S per hectare. Sprayed with azoxystrobin +
T . I D .	cyproconazole (Amistar Xtra) on 30 Jan and 16 Feb 2015.
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 3 cultivars ('EC-98 (AO)', 'Tamrun
	OL11', 'UF98509' syn Holt) arranged in 6 randomised blocks
	with 5 plants per plot in single rows 90 cm apart; 15 cm
Maagumamaanta	between plants in the row.
Measurements	Days to flowering determined progressively for each plot (11-
	15 Jan 2015). Numbers of lateral branches counted and leaf characteristics measured on 1 Apr 2015 (one leaf per plant
	sampled from the 5-8th visible node below the apex of the
	main plant axis). Mature seeds harvested from each plot on 26
	May 2015. Pod and kernel (seed) lengths (25 measurements
	per plot sample, 2-seeded pods only) measured on 1 Jun
	2015. 100-kernel weight (3 samples per plot) and shell-out
	percentages (one measurement per plot) determined on 1 Jun
	2015. Analyses of variance (ANOVAs) conducted with
	Genstat Release 12.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (5th edition)
Owigin and Breading	

## Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Tamrun OL11' is a high-yielding, high-oleic, runner-type peanut cultivar with resistance to *Sclerotinia minor* and improved grade attributes over similar earlier cultivars. 'Tamrun OL11' was derived from a single cross between Tx977116 F2:8, which has a high oleic-oil content and resistance to Tomato spotted wilt virus, and 'Tamrun 98', which has a normal oleic-oil content and a high

percentage of total sound mature kernels (TSMKs). Early selections were made using pedigree selection. Initial yield testing began in the F3:5 generation in 2006 and continued until 2009 across a total of 25 multiple location trials in Texas, USA. 'Tamrun OL11' performed as well as 'Tamrun OL07' (resistant to *S. minor*) and was superior to the widely grown 'Flavor Runner 458' cultivar for yield and disease resistance under high incidence of S. minor. 'Tamrun OL11' also performed as well as 'Flavor Runner 458' and was superior to 'Tamrun OL07' for the percentage of TSMKs. 'Tamrun OL11' was released by Texas AgriLife Research on 21 Jul 2011 with the objective of providing growers with a cultivar that will yield and grade similarly to 'Flavor Runner 458' while reducing grower risk by maintaining the high level of resistance to *S. minor* in the older 'Tamrun OL07' cultivar. Breeding Team: Michael R Baring, Charles E. Simpson, John M. Cason, Mark D. Burow, and Jamie L. Ayers, Texas AgriLife Research, TAMU, College Station, TX, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	morphological grouping	runner-type
Plant	time of maturity	late to very late

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

viole similar varieties of common into wieage racinities (vert)			
Name	Comments		
'UF98509'syn Holt	Current industry standard late runner-type peanut variety		
	in Kingaroy district (application no: 2003/317; certificate		
	no: 2806)		
'EC-98 (AO)'	Another candidate variety (late-flowering runner-type		
	peanut)		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Menzies'	Plant	late	mid-season	Earlier maturing
	crop maturity			runner-type
				peanut variety not
				widely grown in
				the Kingaroy
				district
				(application no:
				2001/021;
				certificate no:
				2273)

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Tamrun OL11'	<b>'EC-98 (AO)'</b>	'UF98509' syn Holt
*Plant: growth habit	prostrate	prostrate	semi-erect
Main stem: growth habit (prostrate varieties only)	erect	erect	-

(pro	Side oranenes. growin naore		flat to tips slightly upturned	-
>	Plant: branching	profuse	profuse	medium
	*Time of: maturity	late to very late	late to very late	late to very late
>	Leaflet: size	medium	medium	large
	Leaflet: colour	medium green	medium green	medium green
	*Flowering: general pattern	sequential	sequential	sequential
	Flowering: pattern of main stem	none	none	none
V	*Pod: constrictions	medium	shallow	shallow
>		absent or very inconspicuous	medium prominent	absent or very inconspicuous
	*Pod: shape of beak	curved	curved	curved
□ mat	*Kernel: colour of uncured	monochrome	monochrome	monochrome
	Kernel: shape	cylindrical	cylindrical	cylindrical
	Kernel: size	medium	medium	medium
keri		medium	high	medium to high

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Tamrun OL11'	'EC-98 (AO)'	'UF98509' syn Holt	
Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	
Leaf: colour	146A-B	146A-B	137A-B	
Leaflet: position of broadest part	at middle	moderately towards apex	strongly towards apex	
Leaflet: shape of apex	narrow pointed	rounded	broad pointed	
Pod: reticulation of surface	weak	medium	weak	
Pod: prominence of keel	absent or very weak	medium	absent or very weak	
Pod: number of kernels	two	two	two	
Pod: thickness of shell	thin	thin	thin	
Kernel: main colour of testa	brownish pink	brownish pink	brownish pink	

Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Tamrun OL11'	'EC-98 (AO)'	'UF98509' syn Holt

Plant: days from sowing to first	flower		
Mean	38.86	39.13	39.93
Std. Deviation	0.92	0.90	1.17
LSD/sig	0.85	ns	P<0.01
Plant: no. of basal lateral branch		1 2	
Mean	5.76	5.80	5.03
Std. Deviation	0.51	0.55	0.49
LSD/sig	0.29	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: leaflet length (mm)			
Mean	46.33	48.10	52.40
Std. Deviation	3.95	3.89	3.99
LSD/sig	3.43	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: leaflet width (mm)			
Mean	20.07	24.83	25.37
Std. Deviation	1.41	2.17	1.90
LSD/sig	1.77	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: leaflet length:width ratio			
Mean	2.32	1.94	2.07
Std. Deviation	0.21	0.12	0.12
LSD/sig	0.15	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: petiole length (mm)			
Mean	58.17	57.10	61.33
Std. Deviation	7.42	5.76	7.98
LSD/sig	6.83	ns	ns
Leaf: sheath length (mm)	_		
Mean	15.17	14.83	15.03
Std. Deviation	0.79	0.65	0.67
LSD/sig	0.80	ns	ns
Pod: length (mm)			
Mean	32.65	35.89	35.09
Std. Deviation	2.68	3.11	3.83
LSD/sig	1.48	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Seed: kernel length (mm)			
Mean	17.07	17.63	17.58
Std. Deviation	1.02	0.95	1.03
LSD/sig	0.57	ns	ns
Seed: 100-kernel weight (g)			
Mean	76.41	89.87	83.95
Std. Deviation	7.84	10.58	9.16
LSD/sig	8.55	P≤0.01	ns
Seed: shell-out percentage (%)			
Mean	82.33	81.91	79.50
Std. Deviation	1.00	0.80	1.32

LSD/sig	2.13	P<0.01	P<0.01

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedUSA2013Granted'Tamrun OL11'

First sold in the USA in Apr 2012.

Description: D.S. Loch, Alexandra Hills, QLD and I. Haak, Crawford, QLD.

<b>Details of Application</b>	
<b>Application Number</b>	2012/205
Variety Name	'AlsDun01'
Genus Species	Alstroemeria hybrid
Common Name	Peruvian Lily
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	19 Dec 2012
Applicant	Ian Duncalf, Tauranga, New Zealand
Agent	Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd., Monbulk Road, VIC
Qualified Person	Christopher Prescott
<b>Details of Comparativ</b>	ve Trial
Overseas Testing	New Zealand Intellectual Property Office
Authority	
Overseas Data	ALS092 Grant No. 30854
Reference Number	
Location	Te Puna Road, Tauranga, New Zealand
Descriptor	TG/29/6
Period	2011-2012
Origin and Breeding	

'Inca Mardi Gras'

Spontaneous mutation: 'AlsDun 01' was first observed in a batch of tissue cultured plants in 1997. It was identified, separated and grown on. It has been increased by division and more recently by tissue culture. Few off types have been observed. All work was carried out by or under the supervision of Ian Duncalf at his property in Tauranga, New Zealand.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	main colour	orange to orange red
Flower	size	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name Comments			
'Red Baron'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		Distinguishing State of Expression in S		State of Expression in	Comments
	Charac	eteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety		
'Zalsamot'	Flower	main colour	orange red	dark red purple		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'AlsDun01'	'Red Baron'	'Inca Mardi Gras'
*Plant: height	medium		short
Stem: thickness	medium		
Leaf: length	long		
Leaf: width	narrow		
*Umbel: number of branches	many		
*Umbel: length of branches	medium		
*Flower: length of pedicel	medium		
*Flower: main colour	orange red	orange red	orange
*Flower: size	medium	medium	medium
*Outer tepal: shape of blade	medium obovate		
*Outer tepal: depth of emargination	shallow		
*Outer tepal: main colour of central zone (RHS Colour Chart)	dark purple red RHS46A		
*Outer tepal: main colour of top zone (RHS Colour Chart)	dark purple red RHS53A		
*Outer tepal: main colour of lateral zone (RHS Colour Chart)	red RHS44A		
*Outer tepal: main colour of basal zone (RHS Colour Chart)	red RHS44C		
*Outer tepal: very small or small stripes on marginal part of lateral zone of upper side of blade	absent		
*Outer tepal: large or very large stripes on upper side of blade	present		
*Outer tepal: number of large or very large stripes on upper side of blade	very few		
*Inner lateral tepal: shape	obovate	obovate	
*Inner lateral tepal: size of striped zone (inner side)	small		
*Inner lateral tepal: main colour of striped zone on (inner side) (RHS Colour Chart)	yellow orange RHS14B		
*Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes (inner side)	absent or few		

*Inner lateral tepal: length of longest stripes (inner side)	medium	
*Inner lateral tepal: width of widest stripes (inner side)	narrow	
*Inner median tepal: difference in striped pattern compared to inner lateral tepal	present	
*Filament: main colour	orange red	
Filament: small spots	absent	
*Anther: colour just before the start of dehiscence	yellowish	
*Ovary: anthocyanin colouration	present	
*Ovary: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak	
	n.c.	

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'AlsDun01'	'Rad Karan'	'Inca Mardi Gras'		
Leaf: variegation	present	absent	present		
Leaf: pattern of variegation	central	n/a	marginal		
Leaf: size	medium	•	long		

**Prior Applications and Sales:** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
European Union	2013	Granted	'AlsDun01'
New Zealand	2010	Granted	'AlsDun01'
USA	2008	Granted	'AlsDun01'

First sold in New Zealand in September 2010 and in Australia in November 20111.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Berwick, VIC.

Datails of Application					
Details of Application	2006/334				
Application Number					
Variety Name	'Grazier'				
Genus Species	Phalaris aquatica				
Common Name	Phalaris				
Synonym	n/a				
Accepted Date	05 February 2007				
Applicant		Sheldon Agri Pty Ltd, Tooma, NSW			
Agent	n/a				
Qualified Person	James Saunders				
Details of Comparative	Trial				
Location	Tooma, NSW				
	,	uatioa			
Descriptor  Descriptor	PBR PHAL <i>Phalaris aqu</i> 2014-2015	минси			
Period Conditions		Invioled With available dimination			
Conditions	_	lluvial soil. With overhead irrigation. 29 inches. Mediterranean climate.			
Trial Design	3 replicates of 4 varieties	s in 60 plant per replicates plus 2			
	replicates of four varietie	es each of 10m of row.			
Measurements	Visual assessment and quantitative measurements as per the				
	descriptor.				
Origin and Breeding					
		rought stressed plants of 'Uneta' at			
		d in a highly acidic soil and further			
		aracteristic exhibited by plants with a			
		were monitored at Tooma, NSW for			
		those not exhibiting uniformity and			
	-	again monitored plants for uniformity			
		azier' differs from 'Uneta' in having			
higher seed retention ca	pacity and higher dry mat	tter production			
Choice of Comparator	s Characteristics used for	grouping varieties to identify the			
most similar Variety of		grouping various to identify the			
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group			
Organ/Fiant Fart	Context	of Varieties			
Plant	natural height at	medium to tall			
	inflorescence emerg				
Flag leaf	length	medium to long			
Flag leaf	width	medium to broad			
	1114411	modium to oroun			
Most Similar Variation	of Common Knowledge	e identified (VCK)			
TIOST SIIIII T ALICHES	or common isnowicugi	c identifica ( v CIX)			

Comments

Name

'Australian'
'Sirosa'

# $\frac{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}{candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.}$

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Grazier'	'Australian'	'Sirosa'
	Plant: winter growth (late July-August)	medium	very low	high to very high
	Plant: tiller density (late July-August)	medium	very low	high to very high
	Vegetative leaf: length (late July-August)	medium to long	medium to long	long
	Vegetative leaf: width (late July-August)		broad to very broad	broad
V	Plant: time of inflorescence emergence	early	medium -late	medium
eme	Plant: growth habit at inflorescence ergence	intermediate	prostrate	semi-erect
eme	Fiant. natural neight at innoisescence		medium to tall	medium to tall
infl	Stem: length of longest stem including orescence (when fully expanded)	long	long	long
			medium to long	medium to long
(sar	riagical, width		medium to broad	medium to broad
(sar	riagical, width		medium to broad	medium to broad

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Grazier'	'Australian'	'Sirosa'
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medilim		light to medium

#### Statistical table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Grazier'	'Australian'	'Sirosa'
Plant growth habit (1 = prostrat	e; 3 = erect)		
Mean	2.51	1.40	2.85
Std. Deviation	0.71	0.62	0.40
LSD/sig	0.49	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
▼ Plants, no of plants showing 2:		ma ( as at 24 <sup>th</sup> Oa	tohor 2014)
Plants: no. of plants showing 3 i	nflorescences or mo	re ( as at 24 <sup>th</sup> Oc	tober 2014)
Mean	nflorescences or mo	8.33	tober 2014)
Plants: no. of plants snowing 3 i			7
Mean	40.00	8.33	18.33
Mean Std. Deviation	40.00 8.94	8.33 2.89	18.33 2.87

Std. Deviation	24.29	29.04	33.80
LSD/sig	40.3	ns	ns

## **Prior Applications and Sales: Nil**

Description: James Saunders, Melbourne, VIC

D 4 11 6 4 11 41	
Details of Application	
Application Number	2013/300
Variety Name	'Phil01'
Genus Species	Philodendron sp.
Common Name	Philodendron
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	20 Dec 2013
Applicant	Rob Pilling, Doonan, QLD
Agent	Ozbreed Pty Limited, Clarendon, NSW
Qualified Person	Peter Abell
Location	Ozbreed, Cupitts Lane, Clarendon, NSW
Descriptor	General Descriptor ( For varieties where no specific
	descriptor is available)
Period	April 2014 to May 2015
Conditions	Shadehouse with automatic overhead irrigation. Climatic
	conditions typical for the area near Windsor for the Autumn
	2014 to Autumn 2015 period of the trial. Plants were potted
	into 140mm pots and fertilised with a single top dressing of
	controlled release fertiliser which lasted for the period of the
	trial.
Trial Design	Two blocks each containing 15 plants of each of the
	candidate and nearest varieties of common knowledge
	(VCK). All plants were reproduced from tissue culture.
Measurements	The data taken reflects the characteristics of the candidate
	variety and how it differs from the most similar VCK.
RHS Chart - edition	2001
	<u> </u>

Open-pollination: In January 2009, an isolated seedling was noticed amongst nursery stock of a *Philodendron* species. The seedling was reported and grown on for evaluation. The plant grew with very small leaves and remained compact with multiple shoots. In January 2010 the first cuttings were taken to assess propagation and stability. After five generations of cuttings and three years of growing trials 'Phil01' has remained stable and uniform with no off types observed. Rob Pilling, Doonan, QLD.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	Width	medium
Leaf	glossiness of upper side	strong
Leaf	green colour	medium green
Leaf	presence of variegation	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)		
Name Comments		
'Xanadu'	This is the shortest variety and has a clumping growth	
habit matching the candidate closer than other climbing		
Philodendron species.		

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Phil01'	'Xanadu'
	Plant: type	herbaceous perennial	herbaceous perennial
>	Plant: growth habit	bushy	erect
V	Plant: size	very small to small	small to medium
V	Plant: height	very short to short	short to medium
	Plant: width	medium	medium
	Stem: degree of hairiness	absent or low	absent or low
	Stem: thorns, prickles, spines etc	absent	absent
	Stem: presence of hairs	absent	absent
	Stem: presence of anthocyanin in new growth	present	present
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	weak to medium
	Leaf: leaf type	simple	simple
V	Leaf: size	very small to small	small to medium
	Leaf: attitude	semi-erect	erect
	Leaf: arrangement	alternate	alternate
>	Leaf: length of blade	very short to short	medium
<b>V</b>	Leaf: width of blade	very narrow to narrow	medium
<b>V</b>	Leaf: length of petiole	short	medium
V	Leaf: shape	lanceolate	ovate
<b>V</b>	Leaf: shape of apex	apiculate	acuminate
	Leaf: incision of margin	absent	present
	Leaf: depth of incision	very shallow	
<b>V</b>	Leaf: undulation of the margin	very weak to weak	strong
	Leaf: shape of cross-section	concave	concave
<b>&gt;</b>	Leaf: curvature of longitudinal axis	straight	recurved
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	strong	strong

Leaf: green colour	medium to dark	medium to dark
Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent
Leaf: primary colour (RHS colour chart)	Ca.137A	Ca. 137A
Leaf colour: number of colours	one	one

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Peter Abell, Bellingen, NSW.

Details of Application	
Details of Application Application Number	2013/157
Variety Name	'GRA102471'
Genus Species	Rosa hybrid
Common Name	Rose
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	30 Jul 2013
Applicant	Harry Schreuders, Skye, VIC.
Agent	Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.
Qualified Person	Christopher Prescott
Details of Comparative	
Location	145 Moore's Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,
	145°20' East, elevation 16m).
Descriptor	Rose (Rosa) TG/11/8 Rev.
Period	May- to Dec-2014
Conditions  Trial Design	The examination was conducted on the 16th of December 2014 in a covered greenhouse with ventilation with no additional heating. The trial plants were on their own roots and planted on the 24th May 2014. For the examination the plants were cut back to approximately 150mm tall on the 7th of November 2014 and allowed to grow for 1 cycle. The temperature range during this cycle had a minimum of 12°C and a maximum of 36°C. Nutrition was maintained as part of a hydroponic system used for the commercial production of cut flower roses. Pest and diseases were controlled by the use of an integrated pest management regime, with chemical spraying used if necessary.  The trial was set on raised benches in two grow bags of 150mm wide x 100mm depth x 1100mm long (one grow bags)
	for the candidate, and one for the comparator) that consisted of co-co peat (coir) set in a double row with each grow bag containing 10 plants.
Measurements	Measurements were taken at random
RHS Chart - edition	2007
Origin and Dragding	

Controlled pollination: 'GRA101553' is the resultant seedling from a cross between two varieties bred by Harry Schreuders at his property in Skye, Victoria Australia in 2009 between July and November. The seedling was selected from a population of approximately 20,000 seedlings due to flower colour and separated from the seedling bed and planted into a co-co's slab. Eight plants were propagated from the initial seedling as cuttings. From these plants twenty more cuttings were taken after selection for growth habit. From this selection cuttings were made and a row of 360 plants were planted to test for flower production. From this selection the variety was chosen to be planted into a commercial trial All work was either carried out or was under the supervision of Mr Harry Schreuders. Breeder: Harry Schreuders, Skye, VIC.

Choice of Comparators	Characteristics used for	grouping varieties to identify the most similar			
Variety of Common Know	Variety of Common Knowledge				
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
Plant	growth type	bed			
Plant	growth habit	upright			
Stem	number of prickles	few			
Leaf	size	arge			
Flower	type	double			
Flower	number of petals	many			
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name	Comments				
GRA61361' maternal parent					

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context		'GRA102471'	'GRA61361'
*Plant: growth type		bed	bed
*Plant: growth habit (exclude growth type climber)	ding varieties with	upright	upright
Plant: height		tall to very tall	medium
Young shoot: anthocyanin	colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of a	nthocyanin colouration	weak	weak
☐ Stem: number of prickles		few	few
Prickles: predominant color	ar	reddish	greenish
Leaf: size		large	large
Leaf: intensity of green col	our	dark	medium to dark
Leaf: anthocyanin colourati	on	absent	absent
*Leaf: glossiness of upper	side	medium	medium
*Leaflet: undulation of man	gin	weak	medium
*Terminal leaflet: shape of	blade	circular	ovate
Terminal leaflet: shape of b	base of blade	rounded	obtuse
Terminal leaflet: shape of a	pex of blade	rounded	obtuse
Flowering shoot: flowering	laterals	present	present
Flowering shoot: number o	f flowering laterals	very few	medium to many
Flowering shoot: number of (varieties with flowering laterals)	-	very few	medium
Flower bud: shape in longit	udinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate

	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	many	many
~	*Flower: colour group	purple	pink
~	Flower: colour of the centre	purple	pink
	Flower: density of petals	medium	medium
	*Flower: diameter	medium	medium
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flattened convex
	*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flattened convex
	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	medium
>	*Sepal: extensions	medium	very weak to weak
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
	*Petal: shape	obovate	obovate
	Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	medium	weak to medium
~	Petal: undulation	weak	absent or very weak
	*Petal: size	small to medium	small
	*Petal: length	medium	medium
	*Petal: width	medium	medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	lighter towards the base
<b>▽</b> Cha	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour art)	76C	73A
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small	small
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	light yellow	medium yellow
<b>▽</b> Cha	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour art)	75C	73B
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	light yellow	light yellow
~	Seed vessel: size	small	medium
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	funnel-shaped	pitcher-shaped

## <u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Nil

Description: Christopher Prescott, Prescott Roses Pty Ltd, Berwick, VIC .

<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2013/194
Variety Name	'Ridley3402'
Genus Species	Vaccinium hybrid
Common Name	Southern Highbush Blueberry
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	26 Aug 2013
Applicant	Mountain Blue Orchards Pty Ltd, Lindendale, NSW
Agent	N/A
Qualified Person	Ian Paananen
<b>Details of Comparativ</b>	e Trial
Location	Lindendale, NSW
Descriptor	UPOV Technical Guidelines for Blueberry (UPOV TG/137/4)
Period	August 2013-October 2014
Conditions	Trial conducted in standard commercial field production
	conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field from 125mm pots.
Trial Design	6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial beds
Measurements	Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit
	randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these
	fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on a
	branch.
RHS Chart - edition	2007
Origin and Breeding	

Controlled pollination: seed parent S03-40-02 x pollen parent S03-09-01A in 2007 in Lindendale, NSW. The seed parent is characterised by a large fruit size, upright growth habit and medium plant growth vigour. The pollen parent is characterised by a semi-upright growth habit and medium growth vigour and shoot density. 2007: seed from the stated parents grown on (approx 100 plants produced) grown on. 2009: single seedling (M09-34-02) selection made with desirable commercial traits. 2010: M09-34-02 concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits. 2009- present: Continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post-harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named Ridley3402. Selection took place in Lindendale, NSW in 2007. Selection criteria: early-medium time of flowering suited to pollinate Ridley 0501; good vigour; upright-semi-upright habit; good flavour. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Ridley Bell, Lindendale, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	semi-upright
Fruit	size	medium
Time of	vegetative bud burst	medium
Time of	beginning of fruit ripening	early-medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)						
Name Comments						
'Ridley 0501'						
Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
Variety		uishing eteristics		-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'C00-09'	Fruit	size	medium		large	
	Plant	vigour	strong		medium	1

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	nore of the comparators are marked with a tick gan/Plant Part: Context	'Ridley3402'	'Ridley 0501'
V	*Plant: vigour	strong	medium
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
	One-year-old shoot: colour	green	green
	One-year-old shoot: length of internode	medium	medium
	*Leaf: length	long	long
>	Leaf: width	broad to very broad	medium to broad
	Leaf: ratio length/width	medium	medium
	*Leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic
	Leaf: colour of upper side	green	green
□ (vai	*Leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side rieties with green leaf colour only)	medium	medium
	*Leaf: margin	entire	entire
	Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	weak	weak
	Flower: shape of corolla	urceolate	urceolate
	*Flower: size of corolla tube	small to medium	medium
	*Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla tube	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Flower: ridges on corolla tube	present	present
	Fruit cluster: density	medium	medium to dense
	*Unripe fruit: intensity of green colour	light	light
	*Fruit: size	medium	medium
V	*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	oblate	round
	Fruit: attitude of sepals	erect	erect to semi-erect
	Fruit: diameter of calyx basin	medium	medium to large

<b>V</b>	*Fruit: intensity of bloom	strong	weak to medium
	*Fruit: colour of skin	dark blue	dark blue
<b>V</b>	Fruit: firmness	soft to medium	medium to firm
<b>V</b>	*Fruit: sweetness	medium to high	low to medium
	*Fruit: acidity	medium to high	medium to high
	*D1	-	on one-year-old shoots only
	*Time of: vegetative bud burst	medium	medium
<b>▽</b> sho	*Time of: beginning of flowering on one-year-old ot	early	very early
□ yea	*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening on one- r-old shoot	early to medium	early to medium

Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ridley3402'	'Ridley 0501'
Fruit: diameter (mm)		
Mean	20.30	19.70
Std. Deviation	1.00	1.00
LSD/sig	1.36	ns
Fruit: diameter of calyx basin (mm)		
Mean	6.20	7.50
Std. Deviation	0.90	0.80
LSD/sig	1.10	P≤0.01

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2014/220
Variety Name	'Ridley 4514'
Genus Species	Vaccinium hybrid
Common Name	Southern Highbush Blueberry
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	21 Jul 2015
Applicant	Mountain Blue Orchards Pty Ltd, Lindendale, NSW
Agent	N/A
Qualified Person	Ian Paananen
<b>Details of Comparative</b>	e Trial
Location	Lindendale, NSW
Descriptor	UPOV Technical Guidelines for Blueberry (UPOV TG/137/4)
Period	August 2013-October 2014
Conditions	Trial conducted in standard commercial field production conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field from 125mm pots.
Trial Design	6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial beds
Measurements	Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on a branch.
RHS Chart - edition	2007

Controlled pollination: seed parent C99-42 x pollen parent C00-008 in 2006 in Lindendale, NSW. The seed parent is characterised by a medium fruit size, semi-upright growth habit and medium-strong plant growth vigour. The pollen parent is characterised by a upright to semi-upright growth habit, large fruit size and strong growth vigour. 2006: seed from the stated parents grown on (approx 100 plants produced) grown on. 2008: single seedling (M08-45-14) selection made with desirable commercial traits. 2009: M08-45-14 concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits. 2009- present: Continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post-harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named Ridley 4514. Selection took place in Lindendale, NSW in 2008. Selection criteria: arly season; good vigour; large firm berry, good flavour, high yield, good picking scar. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Ridley Bell, Lindendale, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	length	long
Fruit	shape in longitudinal section	oblate
Time of	ripening of fruit	early to early-medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name Comments					
'C99-42'		seed par	rent		
'Ridley3402	2'				
·					
Varieties of	f Common Knowled	ge identified and	l subsequently excluded		
Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expres	sion in State of Expression	in Comments	
	Characteristics	Candidate Var	iety Comparator Variet	y	
'C00-008'	Time of flowering	very early	medium	pollen parent	
	Plant vigour	strong to very st	rong strong		
	Fruit firmness	firm	soft to medium		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ridley 4514'	<b>'C99-42'</b>	'Ridley3402'
*Plant: vigour	strong to very	medium	strong
	strong		
*Plant: growth habit	upright	semi-upright	semi-upright
One-year-old shoot: colour	green	green	green
One-year-old shoot: length of internode	medium	medium	medium
*Leaf: length	long	long	long
Leaf: width	medium to broad	medium	broad to very broad
Leaf: ratio length/width	medium	medium to large	medium
*Leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
Leaf: colour of upper side	green	green	green
*Leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side (varieties with green leaf colour only)	medium	medium	medium
*Leaf: margin	entire	entire	entire
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	very weak	weak	weak
Flower: shape of corolla	urceolate	urceolate	urceolate
*Flower: size of corolla tube	medium	medium	small to medium
*Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla tube	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Flower: ridges on corolla tube	present	present	present
Fruit cluster: density	medium	dense	medium
*Unripe fruit: intensity of green colour	light	light	light

	*Fruit: size	medium to large	medium	medium
	*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	oblate	oblate	oblate
	Fruit: attitude of sepals	erect	erect	erect
	Fruit: type of sepals	straight	straight	straight
	Fruit: diameter of calyx basin	medium	small to medium	medium
	Fruit: depth of calyx basin	deep	deep	medium to deep
	*Fruit: intensity of bloom	strong	medium to strong	strong
	*Fruit: colour of skin	dark blue	dark blue	dark blue
>	Fruit: firmness	firm	firm	soft to medium
	*Fruit: sweetness	medium to high	medium	medium to high
>	*Fruit: acidity	low	low to medium	medium to high
	*Plant: fruiting type	on one-year-old shoots only	on one-year- old shoots only	on one-year- old shoots only
>	*Time of: vegetative bud burst	late	early	medium
yea	*Time of: beginning of flowering on one- r-old shoot	very early	very early to early	early
one	*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening on e-year-old shoot	early	early	early to medium

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ridley 4514'	'C99-42'	'Ridley3402'	
Fruit: diameter (mm)				
Mean	19.70	17.20	20.30	
Std. Deviation	1.10	0.90	1.00	
LSD/sig	1.22	P≤0.01	ns	
Fruit: diameter of calyx basin (mm	n)			
Mean	6.60	4.90	6.20	
Std. Deviation	0.50	0.50	0.90	
LSD/sig	0.82	P≤0.01	ns	

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied 'Ridley 4514' **Current Status** USA 2014 Applied

Prior sale nil.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW.

D. A. H C. A P A.			
Details of Application	2011/272		
Application Number	2014/253		
Variety Name	'FlindersFlame'		
Genus Species	Swainsona formosa		
Common Name	Sturt's Desert Pea		
Synonym	Nil		
Accepted Date	03 Dec 2014		
Applicant	Flinders Partners Pty Limited, Bedford Park, SA		
Agent	N/A		
Qualified Person	Greg Kirby		
Location	Flinders University, Bedford Park, South Australia		
Descriptor	Sturt's Desert Pea PBR CLIA		
Period	2nd November, 2014 to 5th May, 2015.		
Conditions	All plants were grown in a plastic tunnel house with shade		
	and misting in the canopy for cooling on days over 35°C. Pots were filled with Regular grade potting mix plus Macracote		
	Plus Red (15:3:8 + TE) slow release fertiliser at the maximum recommended rate. The comparator was produced by growing		
	20 or 24 seeds from each of 6 accessions of Sturt pea seeds		
	from 4 localities in Western Australia, taking cuttings in		
	Oasis Horticubes from all the plants in flower on February		
	5th, 2015 and potting up those that rooted by February 19th		
	into 150 mm pots. 'FlindersFlame' was similarly propagated		
	by cuttings from mother plants and put into 150mm pots.		
	Confidor was applied on April 16th to control aphids.		
Trial Design	Pots were haphazardly randomised along a drip line running		
	North-South. Each week the two most southerly pots were		
	moved to the north end and all other pots moved 2 drippers		
	southward.		
Measurements	Measurements were taken from 10 plants of 'FlindersFlame'		
	and 19 of Wild Type, from mid-April to early May as the		
	plants came into flower. At least one plant was measured		
	from each of the six seed accessions used to make up the		
	comparator population.		
RHS Chart - edition	2001		

Controlled pollination: 'FlindersFlame' arose from a long term breeding programme to produce cutting propagated, upright growing plants with better resistance to root rot diseases. These plants were converted to polyploidy from 2005 onwards by Colchicine treatment of germinating seeds. Because of the difficulties with counting chromosomes in Sturt's Desert Pea, these polyploids were recognised by pollen and stomata measurements. Flow cytometry has confirmed that they are tetraploid. In March 2009, 08-330 was crossed with 08-253 and 12 seeds were planted in early September. A compactly growing and early flowering progeny was designated 09-58 and was one of many cutting propagated clones supplied to Propagation Australia in

December, 2009. After three years of trials, 09-58 was chosen for commercialisation and named 'FlindersFlame'. Breeder: Dr Greg Kirby of Flinders University of South Australia.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar
Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower colour of flag petal Red

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Wild Type There is no variety of common knowledge extant, so a wild type population from the area where many ancestors originated was used

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'FlindersFlame'	Wild Type		
Plant: ploidy	polyploid	diploid		
Plant: growth habit when buds form	ascending	procumbent		
Plant: runner length to first flower	very short	short		
Plant: predominant number of nodes to first flower on runner	few	medium		
Stem: diameter of side runners 20-25cm from base	medium	narrow		
Leaf: length of terminal leaflet on 6th leaf	medium	medium		
Leaf: maximum width of terminal leaflet on 6th leaf	very wide	medium		
Flower: predominant colour of flag petal above boss (RHS)	44A	44A		
Flower: predominant colour of boss (RHS)	200A	200A and N30A		
Flower: predominant colour of keel petals (RHS)	44A	44A		
Flower: height	medium	medium		
Flower: maximum width across the flag petal	medium	narrow		
Inflorescence: arrangement of flowers at opening	single ring (compressed spiral)	single ring (compressed spiral)		
Inflorescence: predominant number of flowers	six	six		
Inflorescence: peduncle length to first pedicel	short to medium	short to medium		

Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'FlindersFlame'	Wild Type
Plant: runner length to first flower (cm)		
Mean	14.50	23.40
Std. Deviation	3.31	6.18
LSD/sig	5.8	P≤0.01
Leaf: length of terminal leaflet on 6th leaf (mm	)	
Mean	30.25	29.20
Std. Deviation	6.22	3.50
LSD/sig	5.96	ns
Leaf: maximum width of terminal leaflet on 6th	n leaf (mm)	
Mean	26.00	20.50
Std. Deviation	3.88	4.87
LSD/sig	4.99	P≤0.01
Stem: diameter of side runners 20-25cm from b	pase (mm)	
Mean	7.08	5.77
Std. Deviation	0.67	0.73
LSD/sig	0.77	P≤0.01
Flower: maximum width across the flag petal (1	mm)	
Mean	26.60	22.10
Std. Deviation	2.79	3.97
LSD/sig	3.92	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: peduncle length to first pedicel (	cm)	
Mean	11.50	10.80
Std. Deviation	1.16	1.62
LSD/sig	1.60	ns
Flower: height (mm)		
Mean	94.00	92.50
Std. Deviation	1.63	4.91
LSD/sig	4.46	ns

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

No prior application. First sold in Australia in Oct 2013.

 $Description: \ \textbf{Greg Kirby}, Flinders\ University\ of\ South\ Australia, Bedford\ Park,\ SA.$ 

Details of Application	
<b>Details of Application</b>	
Application Number	2015/077
Variety Name	'FOUNDATION'
Genus Species	Solanum lycopersicum
Common Name	Tomato
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	06 May 2015
Applicant	Nunhems B.V., Haelen, The Netherlands
Agent	Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW
Qualified Person	Michael Christie
<b>Details of Comparativ</b>	e Trial
Overseas Testing	Naktuinbouw, The Netherlands
Authority	
Overseas Data	TMT2670
Reference Number	
Location	Roelofarendsveen, The Netherlands
Descriptor	Tomato (Solanum lycopersicum L.) UPOV TG/44/11
Period	2014
RHS Chart - edition	N/A

Controlled Pollination: 'FOUNDATION' is an F1 hybrid variety that was bred in Haelen, The Netherlands by crossing two breeding lines followed by pedigree selection. The parents were maintained for eight generations. The main selection criteria that were applied in developing the variety were productivity (i.e., fruit size and number of clusters) and quality (i.e., fruit shape, fruit colour and shelf-life). Breeder: Nunhems B.V., Haelen, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	indeterminate
Leaf	type of blade	bipinnate
Peduncle	abscission layer	present
Fruit	green shoulder (before maturity)	absent
Fruit	size	medium to large
Fruit	shape in longitudinal section	oblate
Fruit	color (at maturity)	red
Plant	Resistance to Meloidogyne incognita (Mi)	susceptible
Plant	Resistance to <i>Verticillium</i> sp. (Va and Vd) - Race 0	present
Plant	Resistance to <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>lycopersici</i> (Fol) - Race 0 (ex 1)	present
Plant	Resistance to <i>fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. lycopersici (Fol) - Race 1 (ex 2)	present

Strain 0		Tomato mosaic virus ( Tomato spotted wilt virus (			
Most Simila Name	r Varieti	es of Common	Knowledge identified	l (VCK)	
'Tourance'			Comments		
Varieties of	Commor	. Knowledge id	entified and subsequ	antly avaluded	
Variety	Distingu Charact	ishing		State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
	Distingu	ishing eristics	State of Expression in Candidate	State of Expression in	Comments
Variety 'NUN	Distingu Charact Fruit Resistan	ishing eristics size	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'FOUNDATION'	'Tourance'
Seedling: anthocyanin colouration of hypocotyl (seed-propagated varieties only)	present	present
*Plant: growth type	indeterminate	indeterminate
Stem: anthocyanin colouration	weak	absent or very weak
Stem: length of internode (varieties with plant growth type indeterminate only)	long to very long	long
Plant: height (varieties with plant growth type indeterminate only)	medium to long	-
*Leaf: attitude	horizontal to semi- drooping	horizontal
Leaf: length	medium	medium
Leaf: width	medium	medium
*Leaf: type of blade	bipinnate	bipinnate
Leaf: size of leaflets	large	medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium to dark	medium
Leaf: glossiness	weak	weak
Leaf: blistering	weak to medium	medium
Leaf: attitude of petiole of leaflet in relation to main	erect to semi-erect	erect to semi-erect

axis	3		
	Inflorescence: type	mainly uniparous	mainly uniparous
	*Flower: colour	yellow	yellow
	Flower: pubescence of style	present	present
	*Peduncle: abscission layer	present	present
□ laye	*Pedicel: length (varieties with peduncle abscission er present only)	medium	medium
	*Fruit: green shoulder (before maturity)	absent	absent
(bet	*Fruit: intensity of green colour excluding shoulder fore maturity)	light to medium	-
	Fruit: green stripes (before maturity)	absent	-
	*Fruit: size	medium to large	medium
	*Fruit: ratio length/diameter	moderately compressed to medium	moderately compressed
	*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	oblate	oblate
	*Fruit: ribbing at peduncle end	very weak to weak	weak
	Fruit: depression at peduncle end	weak	weak
	Fruit: size of peduncle scar	small to medium	small to medium
	Fruit: size of blossom scar	very small to small	small
	Fruit: shape at blossom end	flat	flat
□ tota	Fruit: diameter of core in cross section in relation to l diameter	large	medium to large
	Fruit: thickness of pericarp	medium to thick	medium to thick
	*Fruit: number of locules	two and three	three and four
	*Fruit: colour (at maturity)	red	red
	*Fruit: colour of flesh (at maturity)	red	red
	Fruit: glossiness of skin	strong	
	*Fruit: firmness	firm	firm
	Time of: flowering	medium	medium
	*Time of: maturity	late	medium to late
	*Resistance to: Meloidogyne incognita (Mi)	susceptible	susceptible
	*Resistance to: <i>Verticillium</i> sp. (Va and Vd)? Race 0	present	present
□ (Fo	Resistance to: Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. lycopersici l), Race 0 (ex 1)	present	present

present	present
absent	-
present	-
present	present
absent	-
absent	
present	absent
absent	-
S	absent  present  present

## **Prior Applications and Sales:**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
The Netherlands	2013	Granted	'FOUNDATION'
Ukraine	2013	Applied	'FOUNDATION'
Mexico	2013	Granted	'FOUNDATION'
EU	2013	Granted	'FOUNDATION'

First sold in The Netherlands in August 2013.

Description: Michael Christie, Sydney, NSW

Details of Application	
Application Number	2012/207
Variety Name	'Dreamer'
Genus Species	Solanum lycopersicum
Common Name	Tomato
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	23 Oct 2012
Applicant	Nunhems B.V., Haelen, The Netherlands
Agent	Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW
Qualified Person	John Oates
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Overseas Testing	Naktuinbouw, The Netherlands
Authority	
Overseas Data	TMT2498
Reference Number	
Location	Roelofarends veen, The Netherlands
Descriptor	Tomato (Solanum lycopersicum L.) UPOV TG/44/11
Period	2013-2014
RHS Chart - edition	N/A

Controlled pollination: Inbred parents were developed in Nunhems R&D Stations in Spain and Italy. F1 hybrid developed in Nunhems R&D Station on Spain First selection made on visual phenotype traits in 2006; second to seventh cycle of selection on visual traits, yield, shelf life of clusters and fruits, brix. Observations under diseases pressure. Breeder: Nunhems, Haelen, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

The state of the s			
Organ/Plant	Context	State of Expression in Group	
Part		of Varieties	
Plant	growth type	indeterminate	
Leaf	type of blade	bipinnate	
Peduncle	abscission layer	present	
Fruit	green shoulder (before maturity)	present	
Fruit	green stripes (before maturity)	absent	
Fruit	size	very small to small	
Fruit	shape in longitudinal section	circular	
Fruit	number of locules	only two	
Fruit	colour at maturity	red	
Plant	resistance to Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. lycipersici,	present	
	races 0 (ex 1)		
Plant	resistance to Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. lycipersici,	present	
	races 0 (ex 2)		
Plant	resistance to Tomato Mosaic Virus (ToMV) strain 0	present	
Plant	resistance to <i>Verticillium</i> sp. (Va and Vd) race 0	present	

Plant	resistance to Meloidogyne	incognita highly resistant	
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name		Comments	
'Tropical'			
'Saporito'			

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	nore of the comparators are marked with a tick an/Plant Part: Context	'Dreamer'	'Saporito'	'Tropical'
Oig		Dicanci	Баропо	Порісат
	*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration of	present	present	present
	ocotyl			
	*Plant: growth type	indeterminate	indeterminate	indeterminate
>	Stem: anthocyanin colouration of upper third	weak	strong	weak to medium
v type	Stem: length of internode (indeterminate growth varieties only)	medium to long	medium to long	short to medium
	*Leaf: attitude	semi-drooping	horizontal to semi-drooping	semi-drooping
	*Leaf: length	medium	medium to long	short to medium
~	*Leaf: width	medium	broad	narrow to medium
	*Leaf: division of blade	bipinnate	bipinnate	bipinnate
~		small to	medium to	small to
135.1	Leaf: size of leaflets	medium	large	medium
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	light to medium	medium
	•	weak to	weak to	medium
Acceptant	Leaf: glossiness	medium	medium	medium
	Leaf: blistering	medium	medium	weak to medium
	Leaf: attitude of petiole of leaflet in relation to	semi-erect to	semi-erect to	semi-erect
	n axis	horizontal	horizontal	semi-erect
		mainly	mainly	mainly
	Inflorescence: type	uniparous	uniparous	uniparous
	*Flower: colour	yellow	yellow	yellow
	*Peduncle: abscission layer	present	present	present
□ laye	*Peduncle: length (varieties with abscission rs only)	very short to short	short	short
	*Fruit: size	very small to small	very small to small	very small to small
	*Fruit: ratio length/diameter	medium	medium	medium
	*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	circular	circular	circular

	absent or very	very weak to	absent or very
*Fruit: ribbing at peduncle end	weak	weak	weak
Fruit: cross section	round	round	round
Fruit: depression at peduncle end	absent or very weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Fruit: size of peduncle scar	very small	very small	very small
Fruit: size of blossom scar	very small	very small	very small
Fruit: shape at blossom end	flat	flat	flat
Fruit: size of core in cross section in relation to total diameter	small	small to medium	small
Fruit: thickness of pericarp	very thin to thin	thin	very thin to thin
*Fruit: number of locules	only two	only two	only two
*Fruit: green shoulder	present	present	present
*Fruit: extent of green shoulder	small to medium	medium	medium to large
*Fruit: intensity of green colour of shoulder	dark	medium to dark	dark
*Fruit: intensity of green colour	very light to light	light	strong
*Fruit: colour at maturity	red	red	red
*Fruit: colour of flesh	red	red	red
*Fruit: firmness	very firm	firm	firm to very firm
☐ Time of: flowering	early to medium	•	early
*Time of: maturity	early	early to medium	early to medium
Resistance to: Meloidogyne incognita	present	present	present
*Resistance to: Verticillium dahliae Race 0	present	present	absent
Resistance to: Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. $lycopersici$ Race 0 (ex 1)	present	present	present
*Resistance to: <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>lycopersici</i> Race 1 (ex 2)	present	present	present
Resistance to: Fusarim oxysporum f. sp. radicis lycopersici	present	absent	absent
Resistance to: <i>Cladosporium fulvum</i> Group B	present	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Cladosporium fulvum</i> Group D	present	present	present
Resistance to: Cladosporium fulvum Group A	present	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Cladosporium fulvum</i> Group C	present	present	present

	Resistance to: Cladosporium fulvum Race 0	present	-	-
	Resistance to: Cladosporium fulvum Group E	present	present	present
	Resistance to: Tomato Mosaic Virus Strain 0	present	present	present
	Resistance to: Tomato Mosaic Virus Strain 2	present	present	present
	Resistance to: Tomato Mosaic Virus Strain 1	present	present	present
(TY	Resistance to: Tomato Yellow Leaf Curl Virus (LCV)	present	present	absent

## **Prior Applications and Sales:**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
The Netherlands	2012	Granted	'Dreamer'
Chile	2014	Granted	'Dreamer'
EU	2012	Granted	'Dreamer'

First sold in Spain in June 2012.

Description: John Oates, Merimbula, NSW.

#### **GRANTS**

Agapanthus inapertus

**AGAPANTHUS** 

## 'Goldstrike'

Application No: 2011/043

Applicant: **IR and SH Gear Family Trust** Certificate No: 5026 Expiry Date: 3/06/2035.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Alstroemeria hybrid

PERUVIAN LILY

## 'Konpepper'

### **Application No: 2012/027**

Applicant: Konst Breeding B.V.

Certificate No: 4984 Expiry Date: 10 April, 2035. Agent: **Ball Australia**, DANDENONG SOUTH, VIC.

Arachis hypogaea

PEANUT, GROUND NUT

#### 'Redvale'

Application No: 2013/033

Applicant: State of Queensland through it's Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry,

**GRDC** 

Certificate No: 4999 Expiry Date: 23 April, 2035.

Agent: Peanut Company of Australia Limited, Kingaroy, QLD.

Beschorneria yuccoides

**MEXICAN LILY** 

## 'BESYS' $^{\phi}$ syn Reality $^{\phi}$

Application No: 2011/161

Applicant: **Lifetech Laboratories Ltd** Certificate No: 5031 Expiry Date: 4/06/2035.

Agent: Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

#### Brassica napus

#### **CANOLA**

## 'Jackpot TT'

Application No: 2012/051

Applicant: Pacific Seeds Pty Ltd

Certificate No: 5011 Expiry Date: 15 May, 2035.

Chamelaucium hybrid

#### WAXFLOWER

#### 'WX 74'<sup>♠</sup>

Application No: 2011/089

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority

Certificate No: 5035 Expiry Date: 5/06/2035.

Chamelaucium megalopetalum x uncinatum

#### WAXFLOWER

## 'WX 56'<sup>₺</sup>

Application No: 2011/087

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority

Certificate No: 5033 Expiry Date: 5/06/2035.

Chamelaucium megalopetalum x uncinatum

#### WAXFLOWER

#### 'WX 58'<sup>♠</sup>

Application No: 2011/090

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority

Certificate No: 5036 Expiry Date: 5/06/2035.

Chamelaucium uncinatum x C. megalopetalum

#### WAXFLOWER

#### 'WX 87'<sup>♠</sup>

Application No: 2011/088

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority

Certificate No: 5034 Expiry Date: 5/06/2035.

#### Cicer arietinum

#### **CHICKPEA**

## 'PBA Boundary'

Application No: 2011/201

Applicant: Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of NSW, GRDC, Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd, Minister for Agriculture and Fisheries as represented by the SARDI and Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation

Certificate No: 5010 Expiry Date: 15 May, 2035.

Cicer arietinum

#### **CHICKPEA**

## 'PBA Monarch'

Application No: 2013/137

Applicant: Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd, Grains Research and Development Corporation

Certificate No: 5012 Expiry Date: 15 May, 2035.

Cordyline australis

CORDYLINE, CABBAGE TREE

#### 'Can Can'

Application No: 2012/146 Applicant: **Peter Fraser** 

Certificate No: 5028 Expiry Date: 3/06/2035. Agent: **Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd**, VIC.

Cordyline australis

CORDYLINE, CABBAGE TREE

#### 'Cha Cha'

Application No: 2012/145 Applicant: **Peter Fraser** 

Certificate No: 5027 Expiry Date: 3/06/2035. Agent: **Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd**, VIC.

Cucurbita moschata

**PUMPKIN** 

#### **'DEB2010'**<sup>♠</sup>

Application No: 2013/118

Applicant: Nature's Haven Pty Ltd

Certificate No: 5021 Expiry Date: 20 May, 2035.

Cucurbita moschata

#### **PUMPKIN**

## 'Jacqueline'

Application No: 2013/075

Applicant: Enza Zaden Beheer B.V.

Certificate No: 4986 Expiry Date: 14 April, 2035. Agent: **Fisher Adams Kelly**, Brisbane, QLD.

Cucurbita moschata

#### **PUMPKIN**

## 'OrangeGlow'

Application No: 2013/051 Applicant: **Shaun Jackson** 

Certificate No: 5020 Expiry Date: 20 May, 2035.

Agent: Griffith Hack, Melbourne, VIC.

Cucurbita moschata

#### **PUMPKIN**

## 'PP.1026'

Application No: 2014/061

Applicant: Enza Zaden Beheer B.V.

Certificate No: 4985 Expiry Date: 14 April, 2035. Agent: **Fisher Adams Kelly**, Brisbane, QLD.

Helleborus hybrid

#### WINTER ROSE

#### 'Tutu'

Application No: 2010/283

Applicant: Eternal Plant Boijl BV

Certificate No: 5014 Expiry Date: 18 May, 2035.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

#### Lactuca sativa

#### LETTUCE

## 'Multigreen 75'

Application No: 2013/062 Applicant: **Nunhems B.V.** 

Certificate No: 5044 Expiry Date: 25/06/2035.

Agent: Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.

Lactuca sativa

#### **LETTUCE**

# 'SUBIE'

Application No: 2013/063 Applicant: **Nunhems B.V.** 

Certificate No: 5042 Expiry Date: 24/06/2035.

Agent: Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.

Laurus nobilis

BAY TREE, LAUREL, LAURIER

# 'Tuscany'

Application No: 2010/056 Applicant: **Kiwi Flora** 

Certificate No: 5023 Expiry Date: 1/06/2040.

Agent: Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Leucadendron laureolum x salignum

#### LEUCADENDRON

# 'Ebony'

Application No: 2010/148 Applicant: **John Francis** 

Certificate No: 5008 Expiry Date: 15 May, 2035. Agent: **Touch of Class Pty Ltd**, Tynong, VIC.

Leucadendron laureolum x salignum

#### LEUCADENDRON

# 'Burgundy Sunset'®

Application No: 2010/189

Applicant: John William Barson, Petronella Johanna Barson

Certificate No: 5009 Expiry Date: 15 May, 2035. Agent: **Proteaflora Nursery**, Monbulk, VIC.

Liriope muscari

LILYTURF

## 'YAM001'

Application No: 2011/063

Applicant: **Don Teese and Peter Teese** Certificate No: 5030 Expiry Date: 4/06/2035.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Lolium perenne

PERENNIAL RYEGRASS

## 'Kidman'

Application No: 2012/161

Applicant: New Zealand Agriseeds

Certificate No: 5041 Expiry Date: 24/06/2035. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd**, Howlong, NSW.

Ornithopus sativus

FRENCH SERRADELLA

#### 'ELIZA'®

Application No: 2009/337

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority, Murdoch University

Certificate No: 5022 Expiry Date: 28/05/2035.

Agent: Western Australian Agriculture Authority, South Perth, WA.

Phormium cookianum

NEW ZEALAND MOUNTAIN FLAX

#### 'FIT01'<sup>©</sup>

Application No: 2010/090 Applicant: **Pat Fitzgerald** 

Certificate No: 5025 Expiry Date: 2/06/2035.

Agent: Greenhill's Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

#### Pittosporum tenuefolium

#### PITTOSPORUM, KOHUHU, TAWHIWHI

## 'Kiwijade'<sup>®</sup>

Application No: 2007/115 Applicant: **Jeff Elliott** 

Certificate No: 5029 Expiry Date: 4/06/2040. Agent: **Hermitage Nursery**, Tuerong, VIC.

Prunus armeniaca

**APRICOT** 

## 'River Early'

Application No: 2010/207

Applicant: The Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries

Certificate No: 4983 Expiry Date: 2 April, 2040.

Prunus avium

#### **SWEET CHERRY**

# 'Royal Lynn'

Application No: 2010/084

Applicant: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics

Certificate No: 5024 Expiry Date: 3/06/2040.

Agent: Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

Prunus dulcis

ALMOND

#### 'Constanti'

Application No: 2013/276

Applicant: Institut de Recerca I Tecnologia Agroalimentaries

Certificate No: 5004 Expiry Date: 14 May, 2040. Agent: **Hodgkinson McInnes Patents**, Sydney, NSW.

Prunus dulcis

ALMOND

#### 'Marinada'

Application No: 2013/279

Applicant: Institut de Recerca I Tecnologia Agroalimentaries

Certificate No: 5007 Expiry Date: 14 May, 2040. Agent: **Hodgkinson McInnes Patents**, Sydney, NSW. Prunus dulcis

#### ALMOND

## 'Tarraco'

Application No: 2013/277

Applicant: Institut de Recerca I Tecnologia Agroalimentaries

Certificate No: 5005 Expiry Date: 14 May, 2040. Agent: **Hodgkinson McInnes Patents**, Sydney, NSW.

Prunus dulcis

ALMOND

## 'Vairo'

Application No: 2013/278

Applicant: Institut de Recerca I Tecnologia Agroalimentaries

Certificate No: 5006 Expiry Date: 14 May, 2040. Agent: **Hodgkinson McInnes Patents**, Sydney, NSW.

Prunus persica var Nucipersica

**NECTARINE** 

#### 'Flariba'

Application No: 2011/071

Applicant: **PSB Produccion Vegetal S.L.**Certificate No: 5016 Expiry Date: 18 May 2040.
Agent: **Montague Fresh**, Narre Warren North, VIC.

Prunus persica var Nucipersica

**NECTARINE** 

## 'Flavela'

Application No: 2011/070

Applicant: **PSB Produccion Vegetal S.L.** Certificate No: 5015 Expiry Date: 18 May 2040. Agent: **Montague Fresh**, Narre Warren North, VIC.

Prunus persica var nucipersica

**NECTARINE** 

# 'May Bright'

Application No: 2010/247

Applicant: Lowell G. Bradford

Certificate No: 5003 Expiry Date: 13 May, 2040.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, HODGSON VALE, QLD.

Prunus persica var Nucipersica

#### **NECTARINE**

## 'Rose Pearl'

Application No: 2011/116 Applicant: **Lowell G. Bradford** 

Certificate No: 5017 Expiry Date: 18 May 2040.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, HODGSON VALE, QLD.

Prunus persica var nucipersica

#### **NECTARINE**

# 'Sugarine I' syn Ruby Sugarine (

Application No: 2012/010 Applicant: **Lowell G. Bradford** 

Certificate No: 5037 Expiry Date: 22/06/2040.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, HODGSON VALE, QLD.

Saccharum hybrid

#### **SUGARCANE**

#### 'O252'Ф

Application No: 2013/205

Applicant: **Sugar Research Australia Limited (SRA)** Certificate No: 5000 Expiry Date: 12 May, 2035.

Saccharum hybrid

#### **SUGARCANE**

#### 'O254'Ф

Application No: 2013/207

Applicant: **Sugar Research Australia Limited (SRA)** Certificate No: 5001 Expiry Date: 12 May, 2035.

Saccharum hybrid

#### **SUGARCANE**

# **'О256'**Ф

Application No: 2013/208

Applicant: **Sugar Research Australia Limited (SRA)** Certificate No: 5002 Expiry Date: 12 May, 2035.

Salvia hybrid

**SAGE** 

# 'SAL 010-1'<sup>©</sup> syn Ember's Wish<sup>©</sup>

Application No: 2012/018

Applicant: **Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 5032 Expiry Date: 4/06/2035.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Solanum lycopersicum

TOMATO

## 'Solarino'

Application No: 2012/259

Applicant: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel B.V.

Certificate No: 5043 Expiry Date: 25/06/2035.

Agent: Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

Solanum tuberosum

**POTATO** 

#### 'APOLLINE'

Application No: 2008/039 Applicant: **Germicopa SAS** 

Certificate No: 4989 Expiry Date: 16 April, 2035.

Agent: Griffith Hack, Perth, WA.

Solanum tuberosum

**POTATO** 

## 'BARCELONA'

Application No: 2012/107

Applicant: The Potato Company BV

Certificate No: 4991 Expiry Date: 15 April, 2035. Agent: **Southern Packers**, Manjimup, WA.

#### Solanum tuberosum

#### POTATO

## 'DAIFLA'

Application No: 2008/037 Applicant: **Germicopa SAS** 

Certificate No: 4987 Expiry Date: 15 April, 2035.

Agent: Griffith Hack, Perth, WA.

Solanum tuberosum

#### **POTATO**

# 'Dinky'

Application No: 2008/150 Applicant: **Germicopa SAS** 

Certificate No: 4990 Expiry Date: 16 April, 2035.

Agent: Griffith Hack, Perth, WA.

Solanum tuberosum

#### POTATO

## 'MONTE CARLO'

Application No: 2012/108

Applicant: The Potato Company BV

Certificate No: 4992 Expiry Date: 15 April, 2035. Agent: **Southern Packers**, Manjimup, WA.

Solanum tuberosum

#### **POTATO**

# 'Montreal'

Application No: 2012/109

Applicant: The Potato Company BV

Certificate No: 4993 Expiry Date: 15 April, 2035. Agent: **Southern Packers**, Manjimup, WA.

#### Solanum tuberosum

#### **POTATO**

## 'Nandina'

Application No: 2012/022

Applicant: **EUROPLANT Pflanzenzucht GmbH** Certificate No: 4998 Expiry Date: 20 April, 2035. Agent: **Dowling AgriTech**, Mt Gambier East, SA.

Solanum tuberosum

**POTATO** 

#### 'SASSY'

Application No: 2008/038 Applicant: **Germicopa SAS** 

Certificate No: 4988 Expiry Date: 15 April, 2035.

Agent: **Griffith Hack**, Perth, WA.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

# 'Fortune'

Application No: 2008/291 Applicant: **InterGrain Pty Ltd** 

Certificate No: 5038 Expiry Date: 23/06/2035.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

# 'King Rock'

Application No: 2009/300 Applicant: **InterGrain Pty Ltd** 

Certificate No: 5040 Expiry Date: 23/06/2035.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

# 'Manning'

Application No: 2013/152

Applicant: CSIRO Plant Industry, Grains Research and Development Corporation

Certificate No: 5013 Expiry Date: 15 May, 2035.

#### Triticum aestivum

#### WHEAT

# 'Zippy'

Application No: 2008/292 Applicant: **InterGrain Pty Ltd** 

Certificate No: 5039 Expiry Date: 23/06/2035.

Tulbaghia hybrid

TULBAGHIA, WILD GARLIC

#### 'Dark Star'

#### **Application No: 2012/121**

Applicant: Plant Growers Australia

Certificate No: 5018 Expiry Date: 18 May, 2035.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Tulbaghia hybrid

#### TULBAGHIA, WILD GARLIC

# 'Milky Way'

Application No: 2012/122

Applicant: Plant Growers Australia

Certificate No: 5019 Expiry Date: 18 May, 2035.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Zea mays

CORN, MAIZE

# '01DKD2'<sup>©</sup> syn I294213<sup>©</sup>

Application No: 2012/191

Applicant: Monsanto Technology LLC

Certificate No: 4994 Expiry Date: 15 April, 2035. Agent: **Monsanto Australia Limited**, Melbourne, VIC.

#### Zea mays

#### CORN, MAIZE

# '01INL1'Φ

Application No: 2012/192

Applicant: Monsanto Technology LLC

Certificate No: 4995 Expiry Date: 15 April, 2035. Agent: **Monsanto Australia Limited**, Melbourne, VIC.

Zea mays

CORN, MAIZE

# '87DUA5'<sup>Φ</sup> syn l119135<sup>Φ</sup>

Application No: 2012/193

Applicant: Monsanto Technology LLC

Certificate No: 4996 Expiry Date: 17 April, 2035. Agent: **Monsanto Australia Limited**, Melbourne, VIC.

Zea mays

CORN, MAIZE

## **'C3IZI203'**Ф

Application No: 2012/194

Applicant: Monsanto Technology LLC

Certificate No: 4997 Expiry Date: 20 April, 2035. Agent: **Monsanto Australia Limited**, Melbourne, VIC.

# **Denomination Changed**

					Changed
Application No.	Genus	Species	Common Name	Changed From	To
2014/199	Stenotaphrum	secundatum	Buffalo Grass	M402	Noble Green
2015/024	Arachis	hypogaea	Peanut	Granoleico Plus	EC-98 (AO)
2014/003	Lactuca	sativa	Lettuce	41-174RZ	Ragol
2014/004	Lactuca	sativa	Lettuce	41-112 RZ	Gradara

# Synonym Changed

App. No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Common Name	Synonym Changed From	Synonym Changed To
2014/004	Lactuca	sativa	Gradara	Lettuce	Gradara	41-112RZ
2014/003	Lactuca	sativa	Ragol	Lettuce	Ragol	41-174RZ

Assignment of Rights						
App. No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Common Name	Changed From	Changed To
2010/029	Actinidia	chinensis	Y356	Kiwifruit	Y356 Limited	Y356 (International) Limited
2000/179	Saccharum	hybrid	Tellus	Sugarcane	CSR Limited	Wilmar Sugar Australia Limited
2002/034	Saccharum	hybrid	Argos	Sugarcane	CSR Limited	Wilmar Sugar Australia Limited
2002/035	Saccharum	hybrid	Mida	Sugarcane	CSR Limited	Wilmar Sugar Australia Limited
2005/351	Saccharum	hybrid	KQ228	Sugarcane	Sugar Research Australia Limited (SRA), CSR Ltd	Wilmar Sugar Australia Limited
2008/194	Saccharum	hybrid	MQ239	Sugarcane	Sugar Research Australia Limited (SRA), CSR Ltd	Wilmar Sugar Australia Limited
2008/195	Saccharum	hybrid	KQ236	Sugarcane	Sugar Research Australia Limited (SRA), CSR Ltd	Wilmar Sugar Australia Limited

# **Change/Nomination of Agent**

Amm No	Carre	Consider	Variate	Changed From	Changed To
App. No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Changed From	Changed To
2009/330	Prunus	domestica	D6N-72	Jempi Pty Ltd	Nu Leaf I.P. Pty Ltd
2007/292	Solanum	tuberosum	Horizon	Western Potatoes Limited	Dowling Agritech
2008/079	Solanum	tuberosum	Smiley	Western Potatoes Limited	Dowling Agritech

# **Application Withdrawn**

The following varieties are no longer under PBR provisional protection

App. No.	Genus	Species	Common Name	Variety
2014/134	Phaseolus	vulgaris	French Bean	BA0958
2006/129	Malus	domestica	Apple	Lady Laura
2013/242	Hydrangea	macrophylla subsp serrata	Hydrangea	Santiago
2012/290	Torenia	hybrid	Torenia	Sunrekodebu
2012/289	Torenia	hybrid	Wishbone Flower	Sunrekobuho
2012/288	Torenia	hybrid	Wishbone Flower	Sunrekoroho
2012/287	Torenia	hybrid	Wishbone Flower	Sunrekodou
2012/286	Torenia	hybrid	Wishbone Flower	Sunrekokuri
2009/106	Verbena	hybrid	Verbena	Sunvivaho
2013/246	Solanum	tuberosum	Potato	Dione
2008/203	Malus	domestica	Apple	Daiane
2013/329	Lactuca	sativa	lettuce	Leanex
2011/296	Lactuca	sativa	lettuce	Madrigon
2008/145	Prunus	salicina	Japanese Plum	Mark
2008/147	Prunus	salicina	Japanese Plum	Earlamoon
2009/304	Prunus	salicina	Japanese Plum	Bandora
2009/303	Prunus	salicina	Japanese Plum	Avner
2011/111	Eucalyptus	websteriana ssp. norsemanica x orbifolia	Eucalypt	Toffee Hearts
2011/108	Eucalyptus	websteriana ssp. norsemanica x caesia ssp.caesia	Eucalypt	Pink Sugar Candy
2011/107	Eucalyptus	websteriana ssp. norsemanica x crucis ssp.crucis	Eucalypt	Honey Hearts
2014/041	Triticum	aestivum subsp. Spelta	Spelt Wheat	WestonLite

# **Grants Surrendered**

App.					
No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	Common Name
2009/151	Coprosma	hybrid	Royale		Mirror Bush
2005/223	Lupinus	albus	Rosetta		White Lupin
1998/220	Petunia	hybrid	Sunbelkupi	Trailing Pink	Petunia
2002/110	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbel-apu	Peach Chimes	Calibrachoa
2010/275	Rosa	hybrid	GRA5951		Rose
2010/158	Rosa	hybrid	GRA611611		Rose
1999/266	Gossypium	hirsutum	Sicot 41		Cotton
2010/205	Rosa	hybrid	Lexelprup		Rose
2008/098	Rosa	hybrid	AUSROVER		Rose
2006/024	Lens	culinaris	Boomer		Lentil
2000/031	Trifolium	repens	Mink		White Clover
2004/256	Bracteantha	bracteata	Flobrafla		Everlasting Daisy
2004/258	Bracteantha	bracteata	Flobragbi		Everlasting Daisy
2003/361	Solanum	tuberosum	Ultra		Potato
1998/023	Cynodon	dactylon	Plateau		Couchgrass
2007/016	Brassica	napus	Tarcoola		Canola
1994/155	Petunia	hybrid	Revolution Bluevein	Blue Highlights	Petunia
1994/156	Petunia	hybrid	Revolution Pinkvein	Pink Highlights	Petunia
			Revolution Violet		
1996/237	Petunia	hybrid	No. 2		Petunia
1005/100		annuum var			D 6 CH 1111
1997/128	Capsicum	fassiculatum	Bantam		Dwarf Chilli
1997/129	Capsicum	annuum var fassiculatum	Thimble		Dwarf Chilli
2009/086	Miusops	elengi	Mini-Mim		Spanish Cherry
1994/044	Rosa	hybrid	Ausbreak	Jayne Austin	Rose
2004/236	Carthamus	tinctorius	CW 2889	Jayne Austin	Safflower
2004/230	Carthamus	tinctorius	CW 99-OL		Safflower
2003/120	Hordeum	vulgare	Mackay		Barley
2008/096	Brassica	napus	Scaddan		Canola
2007/327	Prunus	persica	Diamondcandy	Diamondgold	Peach
2007/327	Prunus	salacina x armeniaca	Sweetcot	Blackcot	Interspecific Plum
2007/320	Prunus	salacina salacina	Yummyrosa	Candyrosa	Japanese Plum
2010/173	Fragaria	xananassa	Sunblushgem	Sweet Melina	Strawberry
2010/173	Fragaria Fragaria		Redgem	Sweet Meillia	Strawberry
2006/301	Lactuca	xananassa sativa	Kitare		Lettuce
2000/301	Solanum	tuberosum	EOS		Potato
2002/203	Solunum		EOS		1 01410
2001/029	Chamelaucium	megalopetalum x uncinatum	Pastel		Waxflower
1998/097	Chamelaucium	megalopetalum x uncinatum	Albany Pearl		Waxflower

# **Grants Expired**

App. No.	Genus	Species	Common Name	Variety
1993/145	Camellia	sasanqua	Camellia	Paradise Venessa
1993/144	Camellia	sasanqua	Camellia	Paradise Little Liane
1993/143	Camellia	sasanqua	Camellia	Paradise Belinda
1993/142	Camellia	sasanqua	Camellia	Paradise Petite
1994/132	Panicum	laxum	Panic Grass	Shadegro

# **Grants Revoked**

The following varieties are no longer under PBR protection

	8	longer under i BK prot			Common
App No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	Name
1995/112	Lupinus	albus	LAGO AZZURRO		White Lupin
1995/142	Medicago	sativa	SEQUEL HR		Lucerne
1996/159	Vigna	unguiculata	EBONY PR		Cowpea
1997/132	Gaura	lindheimeri	Siskiyou Pink		Gaura
1997/147	Aglaonema	hybrid	Compact Maria		Aglaonema
1997/278	Pittosporum	hybrid	Cut Above		Pittosporum
1997/292	Gaura	lindheimeri	So White		Gaura
1999/167	Brachyscome	multifida	Compact Amethyst		Brachyscome
2002/106	Triticum	aestivum	Annuello		Wheat
2003/067	Brassica	napus var. oleifera	Trilogy		Canola
2004/017	Citrullus	lanatus	90-4194		Watermelon
2005/315	Hordeum	vulgare	Starmalt		Barley
2005/314	Hordeum	vulgare	Quickstar		Barley
2006/167	Phaseolus	vulgaris	Firstmate		French bean
2010/035	Pisum	sativum	Maki		Field Pea
2010/131	Duranta	stenostachya	Mini Green		Duranta

# Corrigenda

Cooper's Ice Plant

Delosperma cooperi

#### 'Jewel of Desert Peridott'

Application No: 2013/067

The claim of distinctness on flower: type has been removed from the published description (PVJ 27.1) because distinctness was inadvertently published.

**Durum Wheat** 

Triticum turgidum subsp. durum

#### 'DBA-Aurora'

Application No: 2013/233

The claim of distinctness for Grain: length (mm) in the statistical table has been removed from the published description (in PVJ 27.1) because distinctness was inadvertently published.

Barley

Hordeum vulgare

#### 'Compass'

Application No: 2013/126

The claim of distinctness for Ear: No. of grains/ear in the statistical table has been removed from the published description of this variety (in PVJ 27.2) because distinctness was inadvertently published.

Lucerne

Medicago sativa

#### 'SARDI AT7'

Application No: 2013/310

In the Statistical table of description published in PVJ 28.1, for all the root growth measurements, the unit of measurement should be in "mm" rather than "cm" as published.

In the same Statistical table, the observation for Nodulation: (pH7.0, 0 Aluminium, *Rhizobium meliloti* strain SRD1736 should be "% nodulation" in place of "No. of nodules".

## Bacopa

Sutera grandiflora

## 'Balabowite'

Application No: 2008/193

The Details of comparative trial table of the variety published in PVJ 22.3 (page 144) should be replaced with the following table:

<b>Details of Comparative Tr</b>	ial
Overseas Testing	Bundessortenamt, Hannover, Germany
Authority	·
Overseas Data Reference	SUT 110
Number	
Location	Overseas data verified in Keysborough, VIC
Descriptor	Sutera (Sutera) TG/232/1
Period	2009
Conditions	Verification of characteristics was done on plants grown in commercial pinebark based media grown in greenhouse conditions with overhead watering.
Trial Design	Randomised.
Measurements	Randomly taken from trial plants.
RHS Chart - edition	Fifth edition

The Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded table of the above variety (published in PVJ 22.3, page -144) should be added with the following table:

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded							
•	Distinguisl Character	istics		State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments		
'Giant White Blisch'		length of internodes	short to medium	very short to short			

Wheat

Triticum aestivum

#### 'Bremer'

Application No: 2014/128

The Origin and Breeding section of the detailed description published in PVJ 28.1 should read as follows:

#### Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The cross was completed between an F1 (DM02-25-SB02-167/CORRELL) and MACE in 2007 resulting in a population coded ES1194 with the pedigree DM02-25-SB02-167/CORRELL//MACE. F1 seed was grown in a poly tunnel at Esperance, WA in the winter of 2007. F2 seed was grown over summer of 2007/08 in a nursery tunnel in Esperance, WA. F3 seed was grown in Cobbitty, NSW over the winter of 2008. The F4 population was grown over summer of 2008/09 at Manjimup, WA where individuals from the F4 population were derived for yield testing. Lines from the ES1194 population were first yield tested at Coomalbidgup in 2009. Lines from the ES1194 population entered stage 2 testing in 2010. An elite line from the ES1194 population was identified (ES1194a-19) and renamed WAGT328 where it was tested in stage 3 in 2011 and then stage 4 in 2012 and 2013. Over this time, WAGT328 was evaluated for agronomic performance, pre harvest sprouting tolerance, end use quality and disease resistance at nurseries located in WA, SA, VIC, NSW and QLD. After multiplying pure breeder's seed during 2012 and 2013, WAGT328 began foundation seed multiplication in 2013/14 and 2014. Breeder: Kevin Young, Dion Bennett and Jason Reinheimer, Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd.



# **Part 3 Appendices**

The appendices to *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 28 Issue 2) are listed below:

## Home

Appendix 1 - Fees

Appendix 2 - Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee

Appendix 3 - Index of Accredited Consultant 'Qualified Persons'

Appendix 4 - Index of Accredited Non-Consultant 'Qualified Persons'

Appendix 5 - Addresses of UPOV and Member States

Appendix 6 - Centralised Testing Centres

Appendix 7 - List of Plant Classes for Denomination Purposes

Appendix 8 - Register of Plant Varieties

#### Appendix -1 -Fees

This page sets out the PBR fees associated with applications, examination, certificates, annual and Qualified Person accreditation fees. <u>Please note upcoming changes to fees</u>. For more information please read our news article on the Fee Review Update.

PBR fees are subject to change. GST does not apply to these statutory fees under Division 81 of the *GST Act 1999*.

#### **New Application**

The Application Fee must accompany the Part 1 application at the time of lodgement. It covers an initial 'examination for acceptance', the issue of a letter of acceptance and provisional protection.

Fee Item/Action	from 1 October 2012 Fee				
	Approved Means	By Another Means			
PBR Application	\$345	\$445			

#### Examination

Applicants have twelve months from the date of acceptance to pay the Lodgement of the Detailed Description Fee (commonly referred to as the "Examination Fee"). The time limit to pay examination fees on imported varieties can be deferred for a maximum of 12 months after the variety has been released from quarantine - contact the PBR Office for further details.

The "Examination Fee" pays for the assessment of the description, the publication of the description and photograph of the new variety in Plant Varieties Journal, the field examination (if any), and any other enquiries necessary to establish eligibility for PBR. examination of the application, including field examination and publication of the description and photograph, will not commence until the Examination Fee has been received.

After the description has been published, successful applicants will be asked to pay the Certificate Fee. This covers the final examination of all details, the production of a certificate and copy of the variety's description in the PBR Register.

Fee Item/Action	from 1 July 2012 Fee
Examination - Single Application	\$1610
Examination - Application based on overseas test data	\$1610

Examination - multiple application rate applicable only when 2 or more varieties of the same species tested at the same site in Australia and when applications and descriptions are lodged simultaneously by the same applicant and QP and examined simultaneously (fee for each variety)	\$1380
Examination - at an authorised Centralised Testing Centre when 5 or more candidate varieties of the same genus are tested simultaneously (fee for each variety)	\$920
Certificate	\$345

## **Annual Fee**

An Annual Maintenance Fee (sometimes called the Annual or Renewal Fee) is payable each year on the anniversary of the granting of the right. The Annual Maintenance Fee must be paid to maintain the grant.

Fee Item/Action	from 1 July 2012 Fee	
	Approved Means	By Another Means
Annual Fee	\$345	\$395

## **Qualified Person**

Fee Item/Action	from 1 July 2012 Fee
Application for Accreditation as a Qualified Person	\$50
Renewal of Qualified Person Accreditation (each year)	\$50

## Appendix 2

#### Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee (PBRAC)

(PBRAC is established by section 63 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*)

- Chair Mr Doug Waterhouse Chief of Plant Breeder's Rights
- Member with Appropriate Qualifications Professor Andrew Christie
- Member Representing Users Ms Helen Dalton
- Member Representing Conservation Interests Ms Marnie Ireland
- Member Representing Consumers Mr Mark McKay
- Member Representing Plant Breeders Mr Christopher Prescott
- Member Representing Plant Breeders Mr Grant Wilson
- Member with Appropriate Qualifications Dr Roslyn Prinsley
- Member Representing Indigenous Interests Appointment process currently underway

For more information on PBRAC members <a href="http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/about-us/regulatory-and-advisory-bodies/pbrac/pbrac-members/">http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/about-us/regulatory-and-advisory-bodies/pbrac/pbrac-members/</a>

#### APPENDIX 3 - INDEX OF ACCREDITED CONSULTANT 'QUALIFIED PERSONS'

The following persons have been accredited by the PBR office based on information provided by these persons. From the information provided by the applicants, the PBR office believes that these people can fulfil the role of 'qualified person' in the application for plant breeder's rights. Neither accreditation nor publication of a name in the list of persons is an implicit recommendation of the person so listed. The PBR office cannot be held liable for damages that may arise from the omission or inclusion of a person's name in the list nor does it assume any responsibility for losses or damages arising from agreements entered into between applicants and any person in the list of accredited persons. Qualified persons charge a fee for services rendered.

#### A guide to the use of the index of consultants:

- locate in the left column of Table 1 the plant group for which you are applying;
- listed in the right column are the names of accredited qualified persons from which you can choose a consultant;
- in Table 2 find that consultant's name, telephone number and area in which they are willing to consult (they may consult outside the nominated area);
- using the "Nomination of Qualified Person" form as a guide, agree provisionally on the scope and terms of the consultancy; complete the form and attach it to Part 1 of the application form;
- when you are notified that your nomination of a consultant qualified person is acceptable in the letter of acceptance
  of your application for PBR you should again consult the qualified person when planning the rest of the application
  for PBR.

	TABLE 1
PLANT GROUP/SPECIES/FAMILY	CONSULTANT'S NAME (TELEPHONE AND AREA IN TABLE 2)
Actinidia	Lye, Colin Paananen, Ian
Agapanthus	Paananen, Ian
Almonds	Cottrell, Matthew Edwards, Arthur McClintlock, Rachael Pettigrew, Stuart Swinburn, Garth
Alstroemeria	Paananen, Ian
Ajuga	Paananen, Ian
Apple	Buchanan, Peter Cramond, Gregory Fleming, Graham Langford, Garry Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Pettigrew, Stuart Tancred, Stephen

Anigozanthos	Paananen, Ian Kirby, Greg Smith, Daniel
Anthurium	Paananen, Ian
Aroid	Harrison, Peter
Avocado	Chislett, Susan Cottrell, Matthew Lye, Colin Edwards, Arthur MacGregor, Alison Owen-Turner, John Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth Whiley, Tony
Azalea	Hempel, Maciej Paananen, Ian
Barley (Common)	Collins, David Downes, Ross Saunders, James
Berry Fruit	Brevis-Acuna, Patricio Fleming, Graham Pettigrew, Stuart Zorin, Margaret
Blackberry	Brevis-Acuna, Patricio Paananen, Ian
Blandfordia	Treverrow, Florence
Blueberry	Brevis-Acuna, Patricio Paananen, Ian Scalzo, Jessica Zorin, Margaret
Bougainvillea	Iredell, Janet Willa Prince, John
Brachyscome	Paananen, Ian
Brassica	Christie, Michael Cooper, Kath Downes, Ross Easton, Andrew Fennell, John Gororo, Nelson Kadkol, Gururaj O'Connell Peter Paananen, Ian Saunders, James Watson, Brigid

Brunia	Dunstone, Bob	
Buddleia	Robb, John	
	Paananen, Ian	
Buffalo Grass	Paananen, Ian	•
Calibrachoa	Paananen, Ian	
Callistemon	Parsons, Rodney	
Capsicum	Zorin, Margaret	
Camellia	Paananen, Ian	
	Robb, John	
Cannabis (low THC varieties only and subject to holding a current licence from the appropriate authority)	Warner, Philip	
Carnation/Dianthus	Paananen, Ian	
Cereals	Bullen, Kenneth	-
Coronis	Christie, Michael	
	Collins, David	
	Cook, Bruce	
	Cooper, Kath	
	Downes, Ross	
	Fennell, John	
	Hare, Raymond	
	Harrison, Peter	
	Henry, Robert J	
	Madsen, Dean	
	Mitchell, Leslie	
	Moore, Stephen	
	Oates, John	
	Paananen, Ian	
	Roake, Jeremy	
	Rose, John	
	Sadeque, Abdus	
	Saunders, James	
	Siedel, John	
	Watson, Brigid	
		-
Cherry	Cramond, Gregory	
	Fleming, Graham	
	Mackay, Alastair	
	Mitchell, Leslie	
Chickpeas	Downes, Ross	-
	Collins, David	
	Paananen, Ian	
	Saunders, James	
Chinese Elm	Fennell, John	
		-

Chrysanthemum	Paananen, Ian
Citrus	Calabria, Patrick Chislett, Susan
	Cottrell, Matthew
	Edwards, Arthur
	Lee, Slade
	MacGregor, Alison
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Owen-Turner, John
	Paananen, Ian
	Parr, Wayne
	Pettigrew, Stuart Strange, Pamela
	Swinburn, Garth
	Topp, Bruce
Clivia	Paananen, Ian
	Smith, Kenneth
Clover	Downes, Ross
	James, Jennifer
	Lake, Andrew Lin, Joy
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Paananen, Ian
	Saunders, James
	Watson, Brigid
Cucurbits	Christie, Michael
	Herrington, Mark
	O'Connell Peter
	Paananen, Ian
Cynodon	Hudner, Darra
Dianella	Paananen, Ian
	Watkinson, Andrew
Dogwood	Fleming, Graham
Echinacea	Paananen, Ian
Eremophila	Parsons, Rodney
Eucalyptus	Paananen, Ian
Euphorbia	Paananen, Ian
Feijoa	Parr, Wayne
Fibre Crops	Gillespie, David
Fig	Cottrell, Matthew
	Fleming, Graham
	Paananen, Ian
	Parr, Wayne

Forage Brassicas	Saunders, James
Forage Grasses	Downes, Ross Fennell, John Harrison, Peter Kirby, Greg Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Watson, Brigid
Forage Legumes	Downes, Ross Fennell, John Harrison, Peter Hill, Jeff James, Jennifer Lake, Andrew Lin, Joy Saunders, James Siedel, John
Fruit	Brown, Gordon Chislett, Susan Christie, Michael Cramond, Gregory Cottrell, Matthew Delaporte, Kate Fleming, Graham Gillespie, David Lenoir, Roland Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Pettigrew, Stuart Trimboli, Dan
Fuchsia	Paananen, Ian
Gerbera	Paananen, Ian
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony
Grape	Cottrell, Matthew Delaporte, Kate Edwards, Arthur Fleming, Graham Hashim-Maguire, Jennifer Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison McClintlock, Rachael Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Pettigrew, Stuart Smith, Daniel Strange, Pamela Swinburn, Garth Zorin, Margaret

Grevillea	Dunstone, Bob Herrington, Mark Paananen, Ian Parsons, Rodney
Gypsophila	Paananen, Ian
Hardenbergia	Dunstone, Bob
Hops	Paananen, Ian
Hydrangea	Hanger, Brian Paananen, Ian
Impatiens	Paananen, Ian
Jojoba	Dunstone, Bob
Kalanchoe	Paananen, Ian
Lavender	Paananen, Ian
Lentils	Christie, Michael Collins, David Cook, Bruce Cruickshank, Alan Downes, Ross Harrison, Peter Kadkol, Gururaj Kirby, Greg Lake, Andrew Loch, Don Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Rose, John Saunders, James Siedel, John Collins, David
Lenuis	Downes, Ross Saunders, James
Leucaena	Roche, Matthew
Lilium	Paananen, Ian
Liriope	Paananen, Ian
Lettuce	Christie, Michael O'Connell, Peter
Lomandra	Paananen, Ian
Lucerne	Downes, Ross Lake, Andrew Mitchell, Leslie Saunders, James

Lupin	Collins, David Saunders, James
Macadamia	Hockings, David Paananen, Ian
Magnolia	Paananen, Ian
Mandevilla	Paananen, Ian
Mango	Lye, Colin Owen-Turner, John Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Whiley, Tony
Metrosideros	Roche, Matthew
Mushrooms, edible	Paananen, Ian Wong, Percy
Myrtaceae	Dunstone, Bob Paananen, Ian
Myrtus	Buchanan, Peter
Native grasses	Paananen, Ian Quinn, Patrick
Oat	Collins, David Downes, Ross Madsen, Dean Saunders, James
Oilseed crops	Christie, Michael Downes, Ross Madsen, Dean Oates, John Paananen, Ian Saunders, James Siedel, John
Olives	Edwards, Arthur Lunghusen, Mark Paananen, Ian Pettigrew, Stuart
Onions	Fennell, John O'Connell Peter Paananen, Ian

Ornamentals - Exotic

Abell, Peter Armitage, Paul Angus, Tim Christie, Michael Collins, Ian Delaporte, Kate Eggleton, Steve Fisk, Anne Marie Fleming, Graham Guy, Gareme Harrison, Dion Harrison, Peter Hempel, Maciej Hockings, David Lenoir, Roland Loch, Don Lunghusen, Mark Mackinnon, Amanda Mitchell, Hamish Mitchell, Leslie Oates, John O'Brien, Shaun Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Prince, John Robb, John Singh, Deo Stewart, Angus Watkins, Phillip Watkinson, Andrew

Ornamentals - Indigenous

Abell, Peter Angus, Tim Christie, Michael Delaporte, Kate Downes, Ross Eggleton, Steve Harrison, Dion Harrison, Peter Henry, Robert J Hockings, David Jack, Brian Kirby, Greg Lee, Slade Lenoir, Roland Loch, Don Lowe, Greg Lunghusen, Mark Mackinnon, Amanda Mitchell, Hamish Molyneux, W M Oates, John O'Brien, Shaun Paananen, Ian Prince, John Singh, Deo Slater, Tony Stewart, Angus Watkins, Phillip

Osmanthus Paananen, Ian Robb, John

Osteospermum Paananen, Ian

Pastures & Turf Cameron, Stephen

Christie, Michael Cook, Bruce Downes, Ross Fennell, John Harrison, Peter Kadkol, Gururaj Kirby, Greg James, Jennifer Lin, Joy Loch, Don Madsen, Dean McMaugh, Peter Mitchell, Leslie Oates, John Paananen, Ian Roche, Matthew

Sewell, James Smith, Raymond Zorin, Margaret

Rose, John Saunders, James

Peanut	Cruickshank, Alan
Pear	Cramond, Gregory
1 011	Fleming, Graham
	Langford, Garry
	Mackay, Alastair
	Malone, Michael
	Paananen, Ian
	Tancred, Stephen
	· •
Pelargonium	Paananen, Ian
Persimmon	Edwards, Arthur
	Paananen, Ian
	Parr, Wayne
	Swinburn, Garth
Petunia	Paananen, Ian
Philodendron	Paananen, Ian
Philotheca	Dunstone, Bob
Phormium	Paananen, Ian
Photinia	Paananen, Ian
2	Robb, John
	·
Pistacia	Chislett, Susan
	Cottrell, Matthew
	Paananen, Ian
	Pettigrew, Stuart
	Richardson, Clive
Pisum	Downes, Ross
	Saunders, James
Pomegranate	Paananen. Ian
Tomogranate	Pettigrew, Stuart
Potatoes	Delaporte, Kate
	Fennell, John
	Friemond, Terry
	Hill, Jim
	Lochert, Liteisha
	McKay, Stewart
	O'Connell Peter
	Paananen, Ian
	Saunders, James
	Slater, Tony
	Wharmby, Emma
Proteaceae	Paananen, Ian
1100000	Robb, John
	·

Prunus	Buchanan, Peter Calabria, Patrick Cottrell, Matthew Cramond, Gregory Fleming, Graham Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Paananen, Ian Topp, Bruce Witherspoon, Jennifer
Pulse Crops	Christie, Michael Collins, David Downes, Ross Oates, John Paananen, Ian Sadeque, Abdus Saunders, James
Raspberry	Brevis-Acuna, Patricio Fleming, Graham Herrington, Mark Paananen, Ian Zorin, Margaret
Rhododendron	Paananen, Ian
Rose	Delaporte, Kate Fleming, Graham Hanger, Brian Lee, Peter McKirdy, Simon Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Swane, Geoff Syrus, A Kim
Scaevola	Paananen, Ian
Sesame	Harrison, Peter
Soybean	Christie, Michael Harrison, Peter James, Andrew Paananen, Ian
Spathiphylum	Paananen, Ian

Stone Fruit	Chislett, Susan Cottrell, Matthew Cramond, Gregory Fleming, Graham MacGregor, Alison Mackay, Alistair Malone, Michael Paananen, Ian Pettigrew, Stuart Swinburn, Garth
Strawberry	Brevis-Acuna, Patricio Herrington, Mark Kadkol, Gururaj Mitchell, Leslie Oates, John Zorin, Margaret
Sugarcane	Christie, Michael Cox, Mike Paananen, Ian Piperidis, George
Tomato	Christie, Michael Herrington, Mark O'Connell Peter Paananen, Ian
Tree Crops	Hockings, David Paananen, Ian
Triticale	Downes, Ross Collins, David Cooper, Kath Saunders, James
Tropical/Sub-Tropical Crops	Fittler, Michael Harrison, Peter Hockings, David Parr, Wayne Whiley, Tony
Umbrella Tree	Paananen, Ian

Vegetables	Christie, Michael Delaporte, Kate Fennell, John Frkovic, Edward Harrison, Peter Gillespie, David Lenoir, Roland MacGregor, Alison Morley, Ken Oates, John Paananen, Ian Pearson, Craig Pettigrew, Stuart Trimboli, Dan Westra Van Holthe, Jan
Verbena	Paananen, Ian
Walnut	Cottrell, Matthew Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian
Wheat (Aestivum & Durum Groups)	Christie, Michael Collins, David Downes, Ross Fittler, Michael Kadkol, Gururaj Paananen, Ian Saunders, James
Zantedeschia	Paananen, Ian
Zoysia	Hudner, Darra

## TABLE 2

NAME	TELEPHONE	AREA OF OPERATION
Abell, Peter	0438 392 837 mobile	Australia
Angus, Tim	(64 4) 568 3878 ph/fax	Australia and New Zealand
	001164211871076 mobile	
	tim.angus@ymail.com	
Armitage, Paul	03 9756 7233	Victoria
	03 9756 6948 fax	
Brevis-Acuna, Patricio	0400 446 588 mobile	Yarra Valley/Melbourne area,
		Victoria
Brown, Gordon	03 6239 6411	Tasmania
	03 6239 6711 fax	T
Buchanan, Peter	07 4615 2182	Eastern Australia
	07 4615 2183 fax	D: CAYOUT
Calabria, Patrick	02 6963 6360	Riverina area of NSW
	0438 636 219 mobile	
Chislett, Susan	03 5038 8238	Murray Valley Region, Southern
	03 5038 8213 fax	Australia
	0417 344 745 mobile	
Christie, Michael	02 9777 1148	Australia
	0434 455 444	
Collins, David	08 9623 2343 ph/fax	Central Western Wheat belt of
~	0154 42694 mobile	Western Australia
Cooper, Kath	08 8339 3049	South Australia
	0429 191 848 mobile	
Cottrell, Matthew	03 5024 8603	Australia
~	0438 594010 mobile	
Cox, Mike	07 4132 5200	Queensland and NSW
	07 4132 5253 fax	
Cramond, Gregory	08 8390 0299	Australia
	08 8390 0033 fax	
~	0417 842 558 mobile	
Cruickshank, Alan	07 4160 0722	QLD
	07 4162 3238 fax	
Delaporte, Kate	08 8373 2488	South Australia
	08 8373 2442 fax	
D D	0427 394 240 mobile	ACT C II F I A II
Downes, Ross	02 4474 0456 ph	ACT, South East Australia
	02 4474 0476 fax	
D	0402472601 mobile	C 4 E (NOW)
Dunstone, Bob	02 6281 1754 ph/fax	South East NSW
Easton, Andrew	07 4690 2666	QLD and NSW
	07 4630 1063 fax	CE A I'
Edwards, Arthur	08 8586 1232	SE Australia
	08 8595 1394 fax	
Fig. 1. days Green	0409 609 300 mobile	Mallana Daria
Eggleton, Steve	03 9876 1097	Melbourne Region
Francis I. I. I.	03 9876 1696 fax	A 4 1° -
Fennell, John	08 8369 8840	Australia
	08 8389 8899 fax	
Fittler Michael	0401 121 891 mobile	NICWI
Fittler, Michael	02 6773 2522	NSW
Elemina Cashem	02 6773 3238	Assatuatio
Fleming, Graham	03 9756 6105 03 9752 0005 fax	Australia
	03 9132 0003 Tax	

Friemond, Terry	08 9203 6720 08 9203 6720 fax	Western Australia
Frkovic, Edward	0438 915 811 mobile 02 6962 7333	Australia
Gillespie, David	02 6964 1311 fax 07 4155 6344 07 4155 6656 fax	Wide Bay Burnett District, QLD
Gororo, Nelson	03 5382 5911 03 5382 5755 fax	Mediterranean areas of Australia
Hanger, Brian	0428 534 770 mobile 03 9837 5547 ph/fax 0418 598106 mobile	Victoria
Hare, Ray	02 6763 1232 02 6763 1222 fax	QLD, NSW VIC & SA
Harrison, Dion	07 5460 1313 07 5460 1283 fax	south east QLD and northern NSW
Harrison, Peter	08 8948 1894 ph 08 8948 3894 fax 0407 034 083 mobile	Tropical/Sub-tropical Australia, including NT and NW of WA and tropical arid areas
Hashim-Maguire, Jennifer	0499 499 089 mobile	VIC, SA,WA,NSW,QLD
Hempel, Maciej	02 4628 0376 02 4625 2293 fax	NSW, QLD, VIC, SA
Henry, Robert J	02 6620 3010 02 6622 2080 fax	Australia
Herrington, Mark	07 5441 2211 07 5441 2235 fax	Southern Queensland
Hill, Jeff	08 8303 9487 08 8303 9607 fax	South Australia
Hill, Jim	03 6428 2519 03 6428 2049 fax	Australia
Hockings, David	0428 262 765 mobile 07 5494 3385 ph/fax	Southern Queensland
Hudner, Darra	0734882829	Australia - trial to be done mainly
	0424 730 782 mobile	in Queensland
Iredell, Janet Willa	07 3202 6351 ph/fax	SE Queensland
Jack, Brian	08 9952 5040	South West WA
	08 9952 5053 fax	
James, Andrew	07 3214 2278	Australia
T 1 'C	07 3214 2272 fax	M
James, Jennifer Kadkol, Gururaj	+64 6 3518214	Manawatu Region, New Zealand
Raukoi, Guiuraj	02 6763 1232 0419 685 943 mobile	NSW
Kirby, Greg	08 8201 2176	South Australia
imoj, oreg	08 8201 3015 fax	South Hastrana
Lake, Andrew	08 8177 0558	SE Australia
	0418 818 798 mobile	
	lake@arcom.com.au	
Langford, Garry	03 6266 4344	Australia
	03 6266 4023 fax	
I as Datas	0418 312 910 mobile	CE Assatualia
Lee, Peter	03 6330 1147 03 6330 1927 fax	SE Australia
Lee, Slade	0419 474 251 mobile	Queensland/Northern New South Wales
Lenoir, Roland	02 6231 9063 ph/fax	Australia
Lin, Joy	64 6351 8214	New Zealand

Loch, Don	07 38245440 07 38245445 fax	Queensland	
Lochert, Liteisha	lochd@bigpond.com 0439 888 248 mobile	South Australia	
Lunghusen, Mark	03 5998 2083 03 5998 2089fax 0407 050 133 mobile	Melbourne & environs	
Lye, Colin	07 4671 0044 07 4671 0066 fax 0427 786 668 mobile	NT, QLD and NSW	
MacGregor, Alison	03 5023 4644 0419 229 713 mobile	Southern Australia – Murray Valley Region	
Mackay, Alastair	08 9310 5342 ph/fax 0159 87221 mobile	Western Australia	
Mackinnon, Amanda	03 6265 9050 03 6265 9919 fax	Australia	
Madsen, Dean	02 6025 4817 0429 023 766 mobile	Southern NSW, Victoria and Tasmania	
McClintlock, Rachael	03 5021 5406 0427 000 565 mobile	Southern Australia	
McMaugh, Peter	02 9872 7833 02 9872 7855 fax	Australia	
Malone, Michael	+64 6 877 8196 +64 6 877 4761 fax	New Zealand	
McKay, Stewart	03 6428 2519 0438 247 978	North West Tasmania	
McKirdy, Simon	042 163 8229 mobile	Australia	
Mitchell, Hamish	03 9737 9568	Victoria	
Mitchell, Leslie	03 9737 9899 fax 03 5821 2021 03 5831 1592 fax	VIC, Southern NSW	
Molyneux, William	03 5965 2011 03 5965 2033 fax	Victoria	
Moore, Stephen	02 6799 2230 02 6799 2239 fax	NSW	
Morley, Ken	08 8541 2802 08 8541 3108 fax 0429 081 318	South Australia	
Oates, John	02 6495 0712 0427 277 951 mobile	Eastern Australia	
O'Brien, Shaun	07 5442 3055 07 5442 3044 fax 0407 584 417 mobile	SE Queensland	
O'Connell, Peter	02 9403 0787 02 9402 6664 fax 0488 233 704 mobile	VIC, NSW, QLD	
Owen-Turner, John	07 4129 5217 07 4129 5511 fax	Burnett region, Central Queensland region	
Paananen, Ian	02 4381 0051 02 8569 1896 fax 0412 826 589 mobile	Australia (based in Sydney) and New Zealand	
Parr, Wayne	07 4129 4147 07 4129 4463 fax	QLD, Northern NSW	
Pettigrew, Stuart	08 8431 0689 0429 936 812	South eastern Australia and southern Western Australia	
Piperidis, George	07 3331 3373 07 3871 0383 fax	QLD, Northern NSW	

Prescott, Chris	03 5998 5100 03 5998 5333	Victoria
	0417 340 558 mobile	
Duinas John	07 5533 0211	SE OLD
Prince, John		SE QLD
O ton Decital	07 5533 0488 fax	CE Assistant's
Quinn, Patrick	03 5427 0485	SE Australia
Richardson, Clive	03 51550255	Victoria
Roake, Jeremy	02 9351 8830 02 9351 8875 fax	Sydney Region
Roche, Matthew	0412 197 218 mobile	Queensland
Robb, John	02 4376 1330	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
	02 4376 1271 fax	
	0199 19252 mobile	
Rose, John	07 4661 2944	SE Queensland
	07 4661 5257 fax	2_ (
Sadeque, Abdus	02 6799 2233	Eastern Australia
Sudeque, Flouis	0432 554 645 mobile	Eastern / tustrana
Saunders, James	03 8318 9016	Australia
Saunders, James		Australia
	03 8318 9002 fax	
~	0408 037 801 mobile	
Sewell, James	03 5334 7871	Southern Australia
	0403 546 811 mobile	
Scalzo, Jessica	+64 6975 8908	New Zealand and Australia
	2122 689 08 mobile	
Singh, Deo	0418 880787 mobile	Brisbane
	07 3207 5998 fax	
Slater, Tony	03 9210 9222	SE Australia
, ,	03 9800 3521 fax	
	0408 656 021 mobile	
Smith, Kenneth	02 4570 9069	Australia
Smith, Mike	07 5444 9630	SE Queensland
Smith, Stuart	03 6336 5234	SE Australia
Siliui, Stuart	03 6334 4961 fax	SE Australia
Stronge Domele	03 5024 8204	SE Australia
Strange, Pamela		SE Australia
	0427539441 mobile	C . 1 . NGW
Swane, Geoff	02 6889 1545	Central western NSW
	02 6889 2533 fax	
	0419 841580 mobile	
Swinburn, Garth	03 5023 4644	Murray Valley Region - from
	03 5023 5814 fax	Swan Hill (Vic) to Waikere (SA)
Syrus, A Kim	03 8556 2555	Adelaide
	03 8556 2955 fax	
Tancred, Stephen	07 4681 2931	QLD, NSW
	07 4681 4274 fax	
	0157 62888 mobile	
Treverrow, Florence	02 6629 3359	Australia
Trimboli, Dan	02 6882 6433	Southern Australia
	0419 286376 mobile	2
Topp, Bruce	07 4681 1255	SE QLD, Northern NSW
торр, втисе	07 4681 1769 fax	SE QED, Northern 145 W
Warner Dhilin		Australia
Warner, Philip	07 5499 9249 ph/fax	Australia
W 4' D''	0412 162 003 mobile	n an '
Watkins, Phillip	08 9537 1811	Perth Region
	08 9537 3589 fax	
	0416 191 472 mobile	
Watkinson, Andrew	07 5445 6654	Northern NSW and Southern
	0409 065 266 mobile	QLD
Watson, Brigid	03 5688 1058	Victoria
	0429 702 277 mobile	

Westra Van Holthe, Jan	03 9706 3033	Australia
	03 9706 3182 fax	
Wharmby, Emma	03 6428 2519	North west Tasmania
	0400410779	
Whiley, Tony	07 5441 5441	QLD
Wong, Percy	02 9036 7767	Australia
Zorin, Margaret	07 3207 4306	Eastern Australia
	0418 984 555	

Last updated on: 31/07/2015

# Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant Qualified Persons

Name
Archbald, Rachel
Aquilizan, Flaviano
Baelde, Arie
Baker, Grant
Bally, Ian
Bartley, Megan
van Beek, Marije
Bennett, Nicholas
Bernuetz, Andrew
Berryman, Pamela
Birchall, Craig
Boorman, Des
Box, Amanda
Brewer, Lester
Brindley, Tony
Brown, Emma
Bunker, Kerry
Brunt, Charlotte
Bunker, John
Burton, Wayne
Burton, Wayne Cameron, Nick
Cecil, Andrew
Chesher, Wayne
Chaudhury, Abdul
Clayton-Greene, Kevin
Clingeleffer, Peter
Corcoran, Lisa
Coventry, Stewart
Craig, Andrew
Culvenor, Richard
Davey, Timothy
De Barro, James
De Betue, Remco
de Koning, Carolyn
Downe, Graeme
Dutschke, Nathan
Eastwood, Russell
Eglinton, Jason
Elliott, Philip
Evans, Pedro
Eykamp, Donald
Eyles, Gary
Fitzgibbon, John
Fleming, Rebecca
Flett, Peter
Geary, Judith

Gibbons, Philip
Glover, Russell
Graetz, Darren
Gurciullo, Gaetano
Haak, Ian
Hassani, Mohammad
Hawkey, David
Herring, Meredith
Hollamby, Gil
Hoppo, Suzanne
Howie, Jake
Humphries, Alan
Hurst, Andrea
Irwin, John
Jiranek, Vladimir
Jupp, Noel
Kaehne, Ian
Kaiser, Stefan
Kapitany, Attila
Katz, Mark
Kebblewhite, Tony
Kempff, Stefan
Kennedy, Chris
Kobelt, Eric
Lacey, Kevin
Larkman, Clive
Leddin, Anthony
Lee, Kathryn
Lee, Jodie Lee, Slade
Leeks, Conrad
Leonforte, Antonio
Lewis, Hartley
Lewthwaite, Stephen
Loi, Angelo
Lonergan, Paul
Lowe, Russell
Luckett, David
Madsen, Dean
Matic, Rade
Materne, Michael
Matthews, Michael
May, Peter
McCabe, Dominic
McCredden, John
McDonald, David
Miller, Kylie
Mitchell, Steven
Moody, David
Moss, Ian
Mullins, Kathleen
Myors, Philip
Neilson, Peter

Newman, Allen
Noone, Brian
Norriss, Michael
O'Brien, Tim
O'Leary, Finbarr
O'Sullivan, Robert
Ovenden, Ben
Palmer, Ross
Parkes, Heidi
Paull, Jeff
Pearce, Bob
Pearce, William
Peoples, Alan
Pike, David
Pike, Elise
Porter, Gavin
Potter, Trent
Pressler, Craig
Rankin, Grant
Rayner, Kenneth
Real, Daniel
Reid, Peter
Reinke, Russell
Russell, Dougal
Sanders, Milton
Sanewski, Garth
Sarkhosh, Ali
Schreuders, Harry
Scott, Ralph
Senior, Michael
Shan, Fucheng
Shapter, Timothy
Smith, Leigh
Smith, Malcolm
Smith, Chris
Snell, Peter
Snelling, Cath
Song, Leonard
Sounness, Janine
Stephens, Joseph
Stiller, Warwick
Sutton, John
Taylor, Kerry
Thomas, Adam
Todd, Peter
Trigg, Pamela
Urwin, Nigel
Vaughan, Peter
Venkatanagappa, Shoba
Venn, Neil
Verdegaal, John
Walton, Mark
Warner, Bradley

Warren, Andrew
Weatherly, Lilia
Weber, Ryan
Wei, Xianming
Whiting, Matthew
Wilkie, John
Williams, Joanne
Wilson, Rob
Wilson, Stephen
Winter, Bruce
Wirthensohn, Michelle
Wright, Graeme
Yan, Guijun

Last updated on: 27/07/2015

## **APPENDIX 5**

## ADDRESSES OF UPOV AND MEMBER STATES

## International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV):

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) 34, Chemin des Colombettes CH-1211
Geneva 20
SWITZERLAND

Phone: (41-22) 338 9111 Fax: (41-22) 733 0336

Web site: <a href="http://www.upov.int">http://www.upov.int</a>

**List of Addresses** of Plant Variety Protection Offices in UPOV Member States

Status of Ratification in UPOV member States is available from UPOV website.

#### **APPENDIX 6**

## **CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRES**

Under Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations introduced in 1996, establishments may be officially authorised by the PBR office to conduct test growings. An authorised establishment will be known as Centralised Test Centre (CTC).

Usually, the implementation of PBR in Australia relies on a 'breeder testing' system in which the applicant, in conjunction with a nominated Qualified Person (QP), establishes, conducts and reports a comparative trial. More often than not, trials by several breeders are being conducted concurrently at different sites. This makes valid comparisons difficult and often results in costly duplication.

While the current system is and will remain satisfactory, other optional testing methods are now available which will add flexibility to the PBR process.

Centralised Testing is one such optional system. It is based upon the authorisation of private or public establishments to test one or more genera of plants. Applicants can choose to submit their varieties for testing by a CTC or continue to do the test themselves. Remember, using a CTC to test your variety is voluntary.

The use of CTCs recognises the advantages of testing a larger number of candidate varieties (with a larger number of comparators) in a single comprehensive trial. Not only is there an increase in scientific rigour but also there are substantial economies of scale and commensurate cost savings. A CTC will establish, conduct and report each trial on behalf of the applicant.

The PBR office has amended its fees so that cost savings can be passed to applicants who choose to test their varieties in a CTC. Accordingly, when 5 or more candidate varieties of the same genus are tested simultaneously, each will qualify for the CTC examination fee of \$920. This is a saving of more than 40% over the normal fee of \$1610.

Trials containing less than 5 candidate varieties capable of being examined simultaneously will not be considered as Centralised test trials regardless of the authorisation of the facility. Candidate varieties in non-qualifying small trials will not qualify for CTC reduction of examination fees.

Establishments wishing to be authorised as a CTC may apply in writing to the PBR office outlining their claims against the selection criteria. Initially, only one CTC will be authorised for each genus. Exemptions to this rule can be claimed due to special circumstances, industry needs and quarantine regulations. Authorisations will be reviewed periodically.

Authorisation of CTCs is not aimed solely at large research institutions. Smaller establishments with appropriate facilities and experience can also apply for CTC status. There is no cost for authorisation as a CTC.

## APPLICATIONS FOR AUTHORISATION AS A 'CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRE'

Establishments interested in gaining authorisation as a Centralised Testing Centre should apply in writing addressing each of the Conditions and Selection Criteria outlined below.

#### **Conditions and Selection Criteria**

To be authorised as a CTC, the following conditions and criteria will need to be met:

#### **Appropriate facilities**

While in part determined by the genera being tested, all establishments must have facilities that allow the conduct and completion of moderate to large-scale scientific experiments without undue environmental influences. Again dependent on genera, a range of complementary testing and propagation facilities (e.g. outdoor, glasshouse, shadehouse, tissue culture stations) is desirable.

#### **Experienced staff**

Adequately trained staff, and access to appropriately accredited Qualified Persons, with a history of successful PVR/PBR applications will need to be available for all stages of the trial from planting to the presentation of the

analysed data. These staff will require the authority to ensure timely maintenance of the trial. Where provided by the PBR office, the protocol and technical guidelines for the conduct of the trial must be followed.

#### **Substantial industry support**

Normally the establishment will be recognised by a state or national industry society or association. This may include/be replaced by a written commitment from major nurseries or other applicants, who have a history of regularly making applications for PBR in Australia, to use the facility.

#### Capability for long-term storage of genetic material

Depending upon the genus, a CTC must be in a position to make a long-term commitment to collect and maintain, at minimal cost, genetic resources of vegetatively propagated species as a source of comparative varieties. Applicants indicating a willingness to act as a national genetic resource centre in perpetuity will be favoured.

## **Contract testing for 3rd Parties**

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office operators of a CTC must be prepared to test varieties submitted by a third party.

## Relationship between CTC and 3rd Parties

A formal arrangement between the CTC and any third party including fees for service will need to be prepared and signed before the commencement of the trial. It will include among other things: how the plant material will be delivered (e.g. date, stage of development plant, condition etc); allow the applicant and/or their agent and QP access to the site during normal working hours; and release the use of all trial data to the owners of the varieties included in the trial.

#### One trial at a time

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office, all candidates and comparators should be tested in a single trial.

## One CTC per genus

Normally only one CTC will be authorised to test a genus. Special circumstances may exist (environmental factors, quarantine etc) to allow more than one CTC per genus, though a special case will need to be made to the PBR office. More than one CTC maybe allowed for roses.

One CTC may be authorised to test more than one genus. Authorisations for each genus will be reviewed periodically.

#### **Authorised Centralised Test Centres (CTCs)**

Following publication of applications for accreditation and ensuing public comment, the following organisations/individuals are authorised to act as CTCs. Any special conditions are also listed.

Name	Location	Approved Genera	Facilities	Name of QP	Date of accredit ation
Agriculture Victoria, National Potato Improvement Centre	Toolangi, VIC	Potato	Outdoor, field, greenhouse, tissue culture laboratory	R Kirkham	31/3/97
Bureau of Sugar Experiment Stations	Cairns, Tully, Ingham, Ayr, Mackay, Bundaberg, Brisbane QLD	Saccharum	Field, glasshouse, tissue culture, pathology	G Piperidis	30/6/97
Ag-Seed Research	Horsham and other sites VIC	Canola	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, laboratory and biochemical analyses	P Rudolph	30/6/97
Agriculture Western Australia	Northam WA	Wheat	Field, laboratory	D Collins	30/6/97
University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute	Camden, NSW	Argyranthemum, Diascia, Mandevilla	Outdoor, field, irrigation, greenhouses with controlled microclimates, controlled environment rooms,	J Oates	30/6/97

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	I		Γ	I	
			tissue culture, molecular		
			genetics and cytology lab.		
Boulters Nurseries	Monbulk,	Clematis	Outdoor, shadehouse,	M Lunghusen	30/9/97
Monbulk Pty Ltd	VIC	Civilians	greenhouse	lin Zungnusun	00/7/77
Geranium Cottage	Galston,	Pelargonium	Field, controlled	I Paananen	30/11/97
Nursery	NSW	_	environment house		
Agriculture	Hamilton,	Perennial ryegrass,	Field, shadehouse,	M Anderson	30/6/98
Victoria	VIC	tall fescue, tall	glasshouse, growth		
		wheat grass, white clover, Persian	chambers. Irrigation. Pathology and tissue		
		clover, Fersian	culture. Access to DNA		
			and molecular marker		
			technology. Cold storage.		
Koala Blooms	Monbulk, VIC	Bracteantha	Outdoor, irrigation	M Lunghusen	30/6/98
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay,	Aglaonema	Outdoor, shadehouse,	K Bunker	30/6/98
	QLD		glasshouse and indoor facilities		
Protected Plant	Macquarie	New Guinea	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/9/98
Promotions	Fields, NSW	Impatiens			
		including Impatiens hawkeri			
		and its hybrids			
University of	Lawes, QLD	Some tropical	Field, irrigation,	To be advised	30/9/98
Queensland,		pastures	glasshouse, small		
Gatton College			phytotron, plant nursery		
			& propagation, tissue		
			culture, seed and chemical lab, cool		
			storage		
Jan and Peter Iredell	Moggill, QLD	Bougainvillea	Outdoor, shadehouse	J Iredell	30/9/98
Protected Plant Promotions	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Verbena	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/12/98
Avondale	Glenorie,	Agapanthus	Greenhouse, tissue	I Paananen	31/12/98
Nurseries Ltd	NSW		culture with commercial		
			partnership		
Paradise Plants	Kulnura,	Camellia,	Field, glasshouse,	J Robb	31/12/98
	NSW	Lavandula, Osmanthus,	shadehouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab		
		Ceratopetalum	tissue culture lab		
Prescott Roses	Berwick, VIC	Rosa	Field, controlled	C Prescott	31/12/98
			environment greenhouses		
F & I Baguley	Clayton	Euphorbia	Controlled glasshouses,	G Guy	31/3/99
Flower and Plant	South,		quarantine facilities, tissue culture		
Growers Paradise Plants	VIC Kulnura,	Limonium,	Field, glasshouse,	J Robb	30/6/00
i aradise i iallis	NSW	Raphiolepis,	shadehouse, irrigation,	J KOOO	30/0/00
		Eriostemon,	tissue culture lab		
		Lonicera			
		Jasminum	GI I	1.0	20/5/25
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Angelonia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/6/00
Carol's	Alexandra	Cuphea,	Field beds, wide range of	C Milne	30/6/00
Propagation Turf Australia†	Hills, QLD Cleveland,	Anthurium Cynodon Zoysia	comparative varieties	D Singh M Roche	30/9/00
Tull Australia (	QLD	Cynodon, Zoysia and other selected	Field, glasshouse, irrigation, tissue culture	IVI NOCIIE	30/9/00
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	warm season-	lab		
		season turf and			
		amenity species			

Luff Partnership	Kulnura, NSW	Bracteantha	Field beds, irrigation, shade house, propagation house, cool rooms,	I Dawson	31/12/00
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Petunia, Calibrachoa	Glasshouse	I Paananen J Oates	31/12/00
NSW Agriculture	Temora NSW	Triticum, Hordeum, Avena	Field, irrigation, glasshouse, climate controlled areas	P Breust	31/3/01
Bywong Nursery	Bungendore NSW	Leptospermum	Field, shadehouse, greenhouse	P Ollerenshaw	31/3/01
S J Saperstein	Mullumbimby NSW	Rhododendron (vireya types)	Field and propagation facilities	S Saperstein	31/12/01
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay, QLD	Osteospermum, Rhododendron	Outdoor, shadehouse, glasshouse and indoor facilities	K Bunker	31/3/02
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Euphorbia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/3/02
Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd	Springwood,	Impatiens, Euphorbia	AQIS accredited quarantine facilities; glasshouse, shadehouse, field, tissue culture	B Sidebottom A Bernuetz M Hunt T Angus	30/9/02
Carol's Propagation	Alexandra Hills, QLD	Dahlia	Field beds, wide range of comparative varieties	C Milne D Singh	31/12/03
Carol's Propagation	Brookfield, QLD	Anubias	Glasshouse specifically designed for aquatic plants	C Milne D Singh	31/3/04
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Maroochy Research Station	Nambour, QLD	Ananas	Field, plots, pots, shadehouse, temperature controlled glasshouse and tissue culture lab	G. Sanewski	31/3/04
Abulk Pty Ltd	Clarendon, NSW	Dianella	Normal nursery facilities with access to micro propagation.	I Paananen	31/3/04
Proteaflora Nursery Pty Ltd	Monbulk, VIC	Plectranthus	Fogged propagation house, greenhouses and irrigated outdoor facilities	Paul Armitage	30/6/04
Berrimah Agricultural Research Centre	Darwin NT	Zingiber	Irrigated shadehouse, outdoor facilities, cool storage, high level post entry quarantine facility, tissue culture lab, pathology and entomology diagnostic services	D Marcsik	30/9/04
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Impatiens, Verbena	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	M Lunghusen	30/9/04
Floreta Pty Ltd	Redland Bay QLD	Bracteantha	Purpose built, secure greenhouse, access to fog house, registered quarantine facility on site.	K Bunker	31/12/04
Boulevarde Nurseries Mildura Pty Ltd	Irymple VIC	Zantedeschia	Glasshouse, shade house, propagation facilities, field areas, irrigation, cool rooms, tissue culture lab, hydroponics, quarantine facilities	K Mullins	31/12/04

Buchanan's	Hodgsonvale,	Prunus	Outdoor facilities	P Buchanan	31/12/04
Nursery	QLD		including a collection of		
			90 varieties of common		
			knowledge.		
Ball Australia	Keysborough,	Calibrachoa,	Controlled climate	M Lunghusen	30/9/05
	VIC	Osteospermum	glasshouse and		
			environment rooms,		
			germination chamber,		
			quarantine house, cool		
			storage, irrigation and		
0 1 1	24 1	3.6	outdoor facilities.	T.D. 11	20/00/05
Queensland	Mareeba,	Mangifera	Glasshouse, shadehouse,	I Bally	30/09/05
Department of	QLD		laboratory complex		
Primary Industries,			including biotech,		
Southedge Research Centre			propagation, outdoor facilities		
Blueberry Farms of	Corindi	Vaccinium	Extensive irrigated	I Paananen	15/10/07
Australia	Beach NSW		growing beds. Birds, hail		
	and optional		and frost protection. Post		
	sites		harvest facilities		
	Tumbarumba		including cool rooms.		
	NSW and		Access to tissue culture		
	Tasmania		laboratories.		
Ball Australia	Keysborough,	Kalanchoe	Controlled climate	M Lunghusen	3/6/08
	VIC		glasshouse and		
			environment rooms,		
			germination chamber,		
			quarantine house, cool		
			storage, irrigation and		
			outdoor facilities.		
PBseeds	Horsham,	Lens culinaris	Glasshouse, shadehouse,	T Leonforte	5/7/11
	VIC		small plot equipment,	G Kadkol	
			seed production,		
			processing and long term		
			storage		
Mansfield	Carrum	Lomandra	Propagation greenhouses	M Lunghusen	7/11/11
Propagation	Downes and		and indoor and outdoor		
Nursery Pty Ltd	Skye, VIC		growing areas.		
Ramm Botanicals	Kangy Angy,	Anigozanthos	Tissue culture,	Ryan Weber	10/2/12
	NSW		environment controlled	Megan	
			greenhouse; extensive	Bartley	
			outdoor and shadehouse		
			areas.		
Outback Plants Pty	Cranbourne,	Aloe	Propagation greenhouses	M Lunghusen	10/12/12
Ltd	and		and indoor and outdoor		
	Longwarry		growing areas.		
G 1 - Po - T - 1	VIC				10/1/12
Solan Pty Ltd	Waikerie SA	Solanum	Tissue culture, plastic	J. Fennell	10/1/13
		tuberosum	covered nursery,		
			refrigerated storage;		
			experience with		
			comparator growing		
Q Q D: 133	D: 1 1 1	ъ	trials	DI :	00/5/00:
GeneGro Pty and V	Birkdale,	Desmanthus	Irrigated field trial areas;	D Loch	22/7/2014
& CM Zorin	QLD		laboratory and related	M Zorin	
			equipment; access to		
			dryers and heated		
Tohung Eigld:	Huos Vall	Domo Emil	glasshouse.	C December	12/02/2017
Tahune Fields	Huon Valley	Pome Fruit	Comprehensive	G Brown	12/03/2015
Nursery	Southern		equipment and facilities		
	Tasmania		for large scale		
			propagation, growing,		
			conditioning, storage,		
		]	marketing and transport		

The following applications are pending:

Name	Location	Genera applied for	Facilities	Name of QP
Haar's Nursery	Somerville, VIC	Erysimum, Impatiens**, Nemesia	Propagation greenhouses; indoor and outdoor growing areas	M. Lunghusen
Highsun Express**	Ormiston and Toowoomba	Pelargonium, Verbena and Petunia	Climate controlled greenhouses, shade houses, outdoor growing areas, germination chambers, cool rooms, an approved quarantine facility	D Singh M Zorin
Yates Botanical Pty Ltd**	Somersby and Tuggerah, NSW	Rosa	Tissue culture lab, glasshouse, quarantine and nursery facilities	I Paananen
Aussie Winners Pty Ltd	Redland Bay, QLD	Fuchsia	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen
Schreurs Australia Pty Ltd**	Leppington, NSW	Rosa	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen

<sup>\*\* =</sup> Please note that these organisations have been requested to submit a special case based on technical reasons and other grounds to allow an additional CTCs to be accredited for the genera in question. Accordingly, publication of their pending application does not infer that any decision regarding accreditation has been made at this time.

Comments (both for or against) either the continued accreditation of a CTC or applications to become a CTC are invited. Written comments are confidential and should be addressed to:

The Registrar Plant Breeder's Rights Office IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606 Fax (02) 6283 7999

Closing date for comment: 30 September 2015.

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  = Following the 2012 restructuring within the Queensland Government, the CTC for *Cynodon*, *Zoysia* and other selected warm season-season turf and amenity species at Cleveland, Queensland previously conducted by Department of Primary Industries, Redlands Research Station, will now be run at the same location by Turf Australia.

UPOV Variety Denomination Classes: (UPOV/INF/12/1: ANNEX I)

A Variety Denomination Should not be Used More than Once in the Same Class

For the purposes of providing guidance on the third and fourth sentences of paragraph 2 of Article 20 of the 1991 Act and of Article 13 of the 1978 Act and the 1961 Convention, variety denomination classes have been developed. A variety denomination should not be used more than once in the same class. The classes have been developed such that the botanical taxa within the same class are considered to be closely related and/or liable to mislead or to cause confusion concerning the identity of the variety.

The variety denomination classes are as follows:

- (a) General Rule (one genus / one class): for genera and species not covered by the List of Classes in this Annex, a genus is considered to be a class;
  - (b) Exceptions to the General Rule (list of classes):
    - (i) classes within a genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part I;
- (ii) classes encompassing more than one genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part II.

## LIST OF CLASSES

#### Part I

## Classes within a genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>
Class 1.1	Brassica oleracea	BRASS_OLE
Class 1.2	Brassica other than Brassica oleracea	other than BRASS_OLE
Class 2.1	Beta vulgaris L. var. alba DC., Beta vulgaris L. var. altissima	BETAA_VUL_GVA; BETAA_VUL_GVS
Class 2.2	Beta vulgaris ssp. vulgaris var. conditiva Alef. (syn.: B. vulgaris L. var. rubra L.), B. vulgaris L. var. cicla L., B. vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. vulgaris	BETAA_VUL_GVC; BETAA_VUL_GVF
Class 2.3	Beta other than classes 2.1 and 2.2.	other than classes 2.1 and 2.2
Class 3.1	Cucumis sativus	CUCUM_SAT
Class 3.2	Cucumis melo	CUCUM_MEL
Class 3.3	Cucumis other than classes 3.1 and 3.2	other than classes 3.1 and 3.2
Class 4.1	Solanum tuberosum L.	SOLAN_TUB
Class 4.2	Solanum other than class 4.1	other than class 4.1

# LIST OF CLASSES (Continuation)

## Part II

# Classes encompassing more than one genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>
Class 201	Secale, Triticale, Triticum	SECAL; TRITL; TRITI
Class 202	Panicum, Setaria	PANIC; SETAR
Class 203*	Agrostis, Dactylis, Festuca, Festulolium, Lolium, Phalaris, Phleum and Poa	AGROS; DCTLS; FESTU; FESTL; LOLIU; PHALR; PHLEU; POAAA
Class 204*	Lotus, Medicago, Ornithopus, Onobrychis, Trifolium	LOTUS; MEDIC; ORNTP; ONOBR; TRFOL
Class 205	Cichorium, Lactuca	CICHO; LACTU
Class 206	Petunia and Calibrachoa	PETUN; CALIB
Class 207	Chrysanthemum and Ajania	CHRYS; AJANI
Class 208	(Statice) Goniolimon, Limonium, Psylliostachys	GONIO; LIMON; PSYLL_
Class 209	(Waxflower) Chamelaucium, Verticordia	CHMLC; VERTI; VECHM
Class 210	Jamesbrittania and Sutera	JAMES; SUTER
Class 211	Edible Mushrooms     Agaricus bisporus     Agaricus bisporus     Agaricus blazei     Agrocybe cylindracea     Auricularia auricura     Auricularia polytricha (Mont.) Sscc.     Dictyophora indusiata (Ventenat:Persoon) Fischer     Flammulina velutipes     Ganoderma lucidum (Leyss:Fries) Karsten     Grifola frondosa     Hericium erinaceum     Hypsizigus marmoreus     Hypsizigus ulmarius     Lentinula edodes     Lepista nuda (Bulliard:Fries) Cooke     Lepista sordida (Schumacher:Fries) Singer     Lyophyllum decastes     Lyophyllum shimeji (Kawamura) Hongo     Meripilus giganteus (Persoon:Fries) Karten     Mycoleptodonoides aitchisonii (Berkeley) Maas Geesteranus     Naematoloma sublateritium     Panellus serotinus     Pholiota adiposa     Pholiota adiposa     Pholiota cystidiosus     Pleurotus cornucopiae var.citrinooileatus     Pleurotus cystidiosus     Pleurotus cystidiosus subsp. Abalonus     Pleurotus eryngii     Pleurotus pulmonarius     Polyporus tuberaster (Jacquin ex Persoon) Fries     Sparassis crispa (Wulfen) Fries     Tricholoma giganteum Massee	AGARI_BIS AGARI_BLA AGROC_CYL AURIC_AUR AURIC_POL DICTP_IND FLAMM_VEL GANOD_LUC GRIFO_FRO HERIC_ERI HYPSI_MAR HYPSI_ULM LENTI_ELO LEPIS_NUD LEPIS_SOR LYOPH_DEC LYOPH_SHI MERIP_GIG MYCOL_AIT NAEMA_SUB PANEL_SER PHLIO_ADI PHLIO_NAM PLEUR_COR PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS_ABA PLEUR_ERY PLEUR_PUL POLYO_TUB SPARA_CRI MACRO_GIG

<sup>\*</sup> Classes 203 and 204 are not solely established on the basis of closely related species.

#### APPENDIX 8

## REGISTER OF PLANT VARIETIES

Register of Plant Varieties contains the legal description of the varieties granted Plant Breeder's Rights. A person may inspect the Register at any reasonable time. Following are the contact details for Registers (1988-2000) kept in each state and territories\*

#### South Australia

Ms Lisa Halskov AQIS 8 Butler Street PORT ADELAIDE SA 5000 Phone 08 8305 9706

#### **New South Wales**

Mr. Alex Jabs General Services AQIS 2 Hayes Road ROSEBERY NSW 2018 Phone 02 9364 7293

#### Victoria and Tasmania

Mr. Colin Hall AQIS Building D, 2nd Floor World Trade Centre Flinders Street MELBOURNE VIC 3005 Phone 03 9246 6810

#### Queensland

Mr. Ian Haseler AQIS 2nd Floor 433 Boundary Street SPRING HILL QLD 4000 Phone 07 3246 8755

## Australian Capital Territory, Northern Territory and Western Australia

ACT and NT Registers are kept in the Library of PBR Office in Canberra Phone (02) 6283 2999

\* In accordance with an amendment to section 61 of Plant Breeder's Rights Act, from 2002 the Register of Plant Varieties will be available from the Library of PBR Office in Canberra. The Register is also electronically available from the PBR website at <a href="http://pericles.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr\_db/">http://pericles.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr\_db/</a>



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