

#### **Plant Varieties Journal - Current Edition**



# Plant Varieties Journal

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# **Part 1 (General Information)**

Part 1 of *Plant Varieties Journal* provides the link with the General Information about the Plant Breeder's Rights Scheme, the procedures for objections and revocations, UPOV developments, important changes, official notices etc. The General Information pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 23 Issue 2) are listed below:

- Home
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# **Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS)**

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (<a href="https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/">https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/</a>) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

In the beginning of April 2005, all QPs have officially been notified of this new system giving them access to IVDS with their individual user name and password. The main purpose of the system is to harmonise variety descriptions at both national and international level and make the PBR application process as smooth and efficient as possible.

The IVDS allows QPs to fill in descriptions on-line by accessing relevant test guidelines and selecting specific characteristics with their various states of expressions from the options provided. The IVDS incorporated all of the approved UPOV test guidelines (and some national equivalents where a UPOV test guideline is not available) into interactive forms with easy to use drop-down menus. QPs can "build" their own additional/special characteristics if they are not available in the guideline. The IVDS also accepts statistical information.

The IVDS emphasises the use of "grouping characteristics" in selecting comparator varieties. Finally, it allows QPs to lodge the completed variety descriptions on-line. There is a minimum typing involved in the process.

The PBRO anticipates that the QPs had the opportunity to familiarise themselves with IVDS during the testing and demonstration phase (August – Dec 2004) and could operate the system comfortably. There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of IVDS, which will assist the QPs to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBRO is ready to help QPs, if they encounter any problem. Please send an e-mail to <a href="mailto:pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au">pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au</a> if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

# **Objections and revocations**

Objections to Applications and Requests for Revocation of a Grant or of a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived from Another Plant Variety

The Plant Breeder's Rights scheme is administered consistent with the model law of the *International Convention for the Protection of New Plant Varieties 1991* (UPOV 91), that is, applicants are entitled to protection, in the absence of proof to the contrary.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is not required to advocate for the views, assertions, and opinions of persons challenging an application for plant breeder's rights. Those objecting to applications, requesting revocation of a grant, or seeking a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety should provide sufficient probative evidence to enable the Secretary to be satisfied of their validity of their claims. It cannot be stressed too strongly that all available evidence ought to accompany the application for objection/revocation/declaration at the outset.

Occasionally the PBRO receives comments on applications. The PBRO seeks to give effect to the processes set out in the PBR Act. The Act provides for a formal objection process, and comments are not formal objections. Where members of the public genuinely believe their commercial interests would be affected and that PBR for a proposed variety ought not to be granted, they are encouraged to use the Act's processes, eg. lodging an objection. Comments are simply informal information from the public to a governmental decision maker. The PBRO will generally not engage in further communication with the commentator regarding their comment, although the comment may be valuable in alerting the PBRO to an important matter of which it was previously unaware.

#### **Objections to Applications**

A person may make objections to applications for PBR if (i) their commercial interests would be affected adversely, and (ii) the application will not fulfil all the conditions required by the Plant Breeder's Rights Act.

Objections to applications must be lodged with the Registrar no later than six months after the date the description of the variety is published in this journal. The objector must provide evidence of adverse affect on their commercial interests and that the application should not be granted.

The Registrar of the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is required to give a copy of the objection to the applicant. The objection is also available to the general public on request. The applicant has the opportunity to respond to the evidence presented. The Registrar then decides whether or not the objection will be upheld and, subsequently, whether the application will be granted. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further dialogue regarding an objection or to communicate reasons why an objection is not upheld. If an objection is upheld it will be notified in this journal.

A payment of \$100 is required on lodgement of the objection. Additional costs of \$75 per hour for work undertaken in relation to the objection will be billed to the objector.

# Requests for Revocation, (where an individual's interests are affected) of:

- · a Grant
- · a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived

A person may, when their interests are affected adversely, apply for the revocation of:

- · a grant of PBR; or
- · a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety.

The person requesting revocation is required to lodge a revocation payment fee of \$500. The person seeking revocation of a grant or declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant, must provide conclusive evidence of adverse affect on their interests and that the grant should be revoked.

The PBRO also accepts information regarding revocation of grants and declarations of essentially derived plant varieties. Such information must demonstrate conclusively that a grant or declaration should not have been made. All written information will be acknowledged. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further communication regarding information provided.

# **Report on Breeding Issues**

A report providing greater clarification of certain 'difficult' and sometimes controversial plant breeding issues has been finalised by a panel of experts. The report defines 'discovery', 'selective propagation' and 'eligible breeding' methodologies as well as canvassing questions and answers to a range of situations. The principal areas covered are the source population and associated issues relating to ownership, location, homogeneity, parentage, boundaries, and selection from variable material. The issue of essentially derived varieties and the relationship between the first and the second breeder(s) is also explored. The <u>final report</u> of the expert panel is available now.

# **Use of Overseas Data**

# **Overseas Testing/Data**

The PBR Act allows DUS data produced in other countries (overseas data) be used in lieu of conducting a comparative trial in Australia provided certain conditions are met; relating to the filing of applications, sufficiency of the data and the likelihood that the candidate variety will express the distinctive characteristic(s) in the same way when grown locally. Briefly the overseas data could be considered where:

- The first PBR application relating to the candidate variety has been lodged overseas, and
- the variety has previously been test grown in a UPOV member country using official UPOV test guidelines and test procedures, (i.e. equivalent to a comparative trial in Australia) and
- either, all the most similar varieties of common knowledge (including those in Australia) have been included in the overseas DUS trial, or
- the new overseas variety is so clearly distinct from all the Australian varieties of common knowledge that further DUS test growing is not warranted, and
- sufficient data and descriptive information is available to publish a description of the variety in an accepted format in Plant Varieties Journal; and to satisfy the requirements of the PBR Act.

#### Taxa that must be trailled in Australia

It is the policy of PBR office to not accept overseas data for the following taxa due to the wide genotype by environment interactions that have been previously experienced. Varietal descriptions from overseas trials have consistently been different from those obtained from trials grown under Australian conditions. Consequently, for the following taxon a full PBR trial must be conducted in Australia:

#### Solanum tuberosum Potato

The Qualified Person, in consultation with the agent/applicant, and perhaps other specialists and taxonomists, will need to evaluate the overseas data, test report and photographs to see if the application does fulfil all PBR Office requirements, and then advise the agent/applicant:

- either, to submit Part 2 incorporating a description for publication, any additional data and photographs and to pay the examination fee;
- or, to conduct a DUS trial in Australia, recommending to the applicant/agent which additional varieties of common knowledge to include;

• or, submit Part 2 including additional data (information about similar varieties in Australia to show that they are clearly distinct from the candidate variety that a further DUS test growing including the similar varieties is not warranted and that the variety displays the distinctive characteristics when grown in Australia)

Please note that the PBR office does not obtain overseas DUS test reports on behalf of applicants. It is the sole responsibility of the applicants to obtain these reports directly from the relevant overseas testing authorities. Where applicants already have the report they are advised to submit a certified true copy of the report with the Part 1 application. Applicants, or those duly authorised, may certify the copy.

If you do not have the test report available at the time of Part-1 application then you are advised to submit the Part-1 application without the test report. However, you should make arrangements to procure the DUS test report directly from the relevant testing authority. When the report becomes available, a certified copy should be supplied to the QP and the PBR office.

When the trial is based on an UPOV technical guideline and test report in an official UPOV language (English, German or French), it can be lodged in support of the application. In other cases the test reports must be in English.

The applicant/agent and Qualified Person should use the overseas test report to complete Part 2 of the application, making a decision on how to proceed in view of the completeness of the information, the comparators (if any) used in the overseas DUS trial and their knowledge of similar Australian varieties that may not have been included in the overseas test report.

If a description is based on an overseas test report, Australian PBR will not be granted until after the decision to grant PBR in the country producing the DUS test is made. The final decision on the acceptability of overseas data rests with the PBR office.

# **PBR Infringement**

Grantees should be aware of recent revisions to infringement provisions of the <u>Plant</u> <u>Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (see section 54) and related provisions of the Federal Court Rules (see order 58 rule 27) both of which can be found at the <u>ComLaw site</u>

# **On-line Database for PBR Varieties**

The PBR Office has a comprehensive service for Internet users ~ a searchable database for all Australian PBR varieties, both past and present. The database features a detailed description and image for every variety granted full rights and basic information for other PBR varieties. Searches by genus, species, common name, variety name and titleholder are some of its many advantages. Varieties for which an application has been lodged but not yet accepted in the PBR scheme are not included in this database. Please browse the Plant Breeder's Rights on-line database and provide your feedback.

# **Cumulative Index to Plant Varieties Journal**

The cumulative index to the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> has been updated to include variety information from all hardcopy versions up to volume 16 issue 3. After that issue the Plant Varieties Journal is only published in the electronic format and there is no need for a cumulative index, as the variety information can be easily searched in the PBR <u>online database</u> and also by downloading the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> electronically.

The final updated version of the cumulative index is available in PBR website. This document has information up to Plant Varieties Journal volume 16 issue 3. The PBR office recommends use its PBR <u>online database</u> to get most updated information on variety registration. The <u>online database</u> is updated on a weekly basis.

# **Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights**

Applications are accepted from the original breeder of a new variety (from their employer if the breeder is an employee) or from a person who has acquired ownership from the original breeder. Overseas breeders need to appoint an agent to represent their interests in Australia. Interested parties should contact the PBR office and an accredited Qualified Person experienced in the plant species in question.

# Steps in Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights

- Obtain from the breeder a signed Authorisation to act as their agent in Australia for the variety in question if your role is as the Australian agent of an overseas breeder:
- Complete Part 1 of the application form, supplying a photograph of the new variety, paying the application fee, nominating an accredited 'Qualified Person' and, if the variety is an Australian species, despatch as soon as possible a herbarium specimen;
- Engage the services of the nominated accredited 'Qualified Person' to plan and supervise the <u>comparative growing trial</u>;
- Conduct a comparative growing trial to demonstrate Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability (DUS), complete Part 2 of the application form and paying the examination fee;
- Deposit propagating material in a Genetic Resources Centre.
- Examination of the application by the PBR Office, which may include a field examination of the comparative growing trial; and including
- Publication of a description and photograph comparing the new variety with similar varieties in Plant Varieties Journal, followed by a six-month period for objection or comment.
- Upon successful completion of all the requirements, resolution of objections (if any) and payment of <u>certificate fee</u>, the applicant(s) receive a Certificate of Plant Breeder's Rights.

# **Requirement to Supply Comparative Varieties**

Once an application has been accepted by the PBR office, it is covered by provisional protection. Also it immediately becomes a 'variety of common knowledge' and thus may be required by others as a comparator for their applications with a higher application number.

Applicants are reminded that they are required to release propagative material for comparative testing provided that the material is used for no other purpose and all material relating to the variety is returned when the trial is complete. The expenses incurred in the provision of material for comparative trials are borne by those conducting the trials.

As the variety is already under provisional protection, any use outside the conditions outlined above would qualify as an infringement and would be dealt with under section 53 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*.

Applicants having difficulties procuring varieties for use in comparative trials are urged to contact the PBR office immediately

# **UPOV Developments**

The UPOV Convention provides the international legal framework for the granting of plant breeders' rights which are a key element in encouraging breeders to pursue and enhance their search for improved varieties with benefits such as higher yield and quality and better resistance to pests and diseases. Plant breeders' rights thereby help to enhance sustainable agriculture, productivity, income, international trade and economic development in general.

# The members of UPOV are (as of Nov 22, 2009):

Albania, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, European Community, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Oman, Panama, Paraguay, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Trinidad and Tobago, Turkey, Tunisia, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan and Vietnam. (Total 68).

Oman became the 68<sup>th</sup> member of the union on Nov 22, 2009.

Further Information on UPOV and its activities is available on the website located at <a href="http://www.upov.int">http://www.upov.int</a>

The adopted UPOV Technical Guidelines (TG) for testing different plant species are now available for this website at

http://www.upov.int/en/publications/tg-rom/index.html

# **European Developments**

Community plant variety rights within the European Union are administered by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO) in Angers, France. With more than 2,600 applications per year, the CPVO receives the highest number of requests for variety protection among the members of UPOV. The CPVO provides for one application, one examination and one title of protection that is valid and enforceable in all 27 members of the European Union.

The potential applicants for Plant Variety Rights within European Union are requested to consult <u>Notes for Applicants</u> published by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO). This note aims to answer legal, administrative and financial questions that one may have when requesting Community plant variety rights. Further information is available from CPVO website.

# Obligation under the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants 1991 (UPOV91)

Consistent with Australia's membership of UPOV 1991, the criteria for the granting of protection under the <u>Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (PBRA) is that the variety: has a breeder; is new, distinct, uniform and stable; has an acceptable name; and that application formalities are completed and relevant fees payed.

Applicants for protection need to be aware of the existence of any other Australian legislation, which could impact on their intended use of the registered variety. Administrators of other Australian legislation may have an interest in applications for registration notified in this journal.

It is feasible for a new variety to be registered under the PBRA, but, as the PBRA coexists with other laws of the land, the exercise of the breeder's right may be restricted by such legislation. For example, current legislation may prohibit the use of that variety in food, or, the growing of that variety as a noxious weed.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) advises that it is the responsibility of the applicant and of administrators of legislation to take these matters up directly between the responsible parties and not with the PBRO.

# **Instructions to Qualified Persons**

Instruction to Qualified Persons: Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) for Preparing Detailed Description for Plant Varieties Journal

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (<a href="https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/">https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/</a>) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

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#### The detailed descriptions are accepted only in the IVDS format.

Also, please note that the after finalising the description through IVDS, the QPs will still need to submit the signed hardcopies of the Part 2 documentations in order to complete the application process. Please contact the PBRO (pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au) for further information.

# **Personal Properties Securities Regime**

The new Personal Properties Security (PPS) regime is expected to commence in May 2011. The scheme will harmonise and streamline more than 70 existing pieces of Commonwealth and State and Territory legislation and will establish a national personal property securities register with electronic registration and search processes that will incorporate over 40 different registers of security interests established under the existing legislation.

Personal property is any form of property other than real property (land or buildings and fixtures which are legally treated as forming part of land). As such, personal property includes all of the IP rights administered by IP Australia (i.e patents, trade marks, designs and plant breeder's rights).

The *Personal Property Securities Act 2009* will allow for the recording of security interests against Plant Breeder's Rights on the new PPS register. To ensure harmony with the new regime, notes will be added to relevant sections of the *Plant Breeders Rights Act 1994* by the *Personal Properties Securities (Consequential Amendment) Act 2009.* 

A public education awareness program will be developed to advise users on the changes associated with the PPS reforms. More information regarding these changes will be available from IP Australia in the coming months.

Further information about the PPS Scheme can be found on the Attorney General's Department website (<a href="http://www.ag.gov.au/pps">http://www.ag.gov.au/pps</a>) or by phoning IP Australia on 1300 65 1010.

**Queries:** Leo O'Keeffe

**Domestic Policy Section** 

+61 2 6283 7929

**Contact:** IP Australia **Phone:** 1300 651 010 **Fax:** +61 2 6283 7999

E-mail: assist@ipaustralia.gov.au www.ipaustralia.gov.au



Part 2 Public Notices (Acceptances, Descriptions, Grants, and Variations etc)

This part of the *Plant Varieties Journal* provides public notices on Acceptances, Variety Descriptions, Grants and Variations etc. The Part 2 Public Notices pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 23 Issue 2) are listed below:

- Home
- Acceptances
- Variety Descriptions
- Grants
- Change of Agent
- Change of Applicant's Name
- Change of Denomination
- Assignment of Rights
- Applications Withdrawn
- Grants Surrendered
- Grants Expired
- Grants revoked
- Corrigenda

# **ACCEPTANCES**

The following varieties are under provisional protection from the date of acceptance:

Actinidia chinensis

**KIWIFRUIT** 

#### 'Y356'

Application No: 2010/029 Accepted: 2 June, 2010

Applicant: Y356 Ltd.

Agent: Griffith Hack, Melbourne, VIC.

#### **'ZESY002'**

Application No: 2010/051 Accepted: 22 June, 2010

Applicant: **Zespri Group Limited**. Agent: **Griffith Hack**, Melbourne, VIC.

#### 'ZESY003'

Application No: 2010/053 Accepted: 22 June, 2010

Applicant: **Zespri Group Limited**. Agent: **Griffith Hack**, Melbourne, VIC.

#### **'ZESH004'**

Application No: 2010/052 Accepted: 22 June, 2010

Applicant: **Zespri Group Limited**. Agent: **Griffith Hack**, Melbourne, VIC.

Anigozanthos hybrid

KANGAROO PAW

#### 'Rambozazz' syn Bush Pizzazz

Application No: 2010/040 Accepted: 11 April, 2010

Applicant: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd., Kangy Angy, NSW.

Camellia sasanqua

CAMELLIA

#### 'Pareli'

Application No: 2010/068 Accepted: 3 June, 2010 Applicant: **The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd**. Agent: **R J Cherry Holdings Pty Ltd**, Kulnura, NSW.

# 'Parjoy'

Application No: 2010/069 Accepted: 3 June, 2010 Applicant: **The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd**. Agent: **R J Cherry Holdings Pty Ltd**, Kulnura, NSW.

#### 'Partin'

Application No: 2010/066 Accepted: 3 June, 2010 Applicant: **The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd**. Agent: **R J Cherry Holdings Pty Ltd**, Kulnura, NSW.

Chloris gayana

RHODES GRASS

#### 'KG2'

Application No: 2010/071 Accepted: 3 May, 2010

Applicant: Blue Ribbon Seed and Pulse Exporters Pty Ltd, Australian Premium Seeds Holdings Pty

Ltd, Kenmore, QLD.

#### **'KP8'**

Application No: 2010/070 Accepted: 3 May, 2010

Applicant: Blue Ribbon Seed and Pulse Exporters Pty Ltd, Australian Premium Seeds Holdings Pty

Ltd, Kenmore, QLD.

Citrus sinensis

**SWEET ORANGE** 

#### 'Swifty'

Application No: 2010/030 Accepted: 7 April, 2010 Applicant: **Anthony McCarten**, Dareton, NSW.

Eucomis comosa

PINEAPPLE FLOWER

#### 'Rebecca'

Application No: 2010/079 Accepted: 21 June, 2010

Applicant: Jennifer Katherine Jessup, Wangandary, VIC.

#### Fragaria x ananassa

#### **STRAWBERRY**

#### 'DrisStrawFifteen'

Application No: 2010/078 Accepted: 24 May, 2010 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc**.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

#### 'DrisStrawFourteen'

Application No: 2010/077 Accepted: 24 May, 2010 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.** 

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

#### 'DrisStrawTwelve'

Application No: 2010/067 Accepted: 24 May, 2010 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.** 

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

#### 'Virtue'

Application No: 2009/326 Accepted: 12 May, 2010

Applicant: Berry Genetics, Inc..

Agent: Watermark Patent and Trademark Attorneys, Hawthorn, VIC.

Fuchsia hybrid

# **FUCHSIA**

#### 'NuFu1' syn Electric Lights

Application No: 2009/036 Accepted: 7 April, 2010 Applicant: **NuFlora International Pty Ltd**.

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Wambera, NSW.

#### 'GT10'

Application No: 2010/031 Accepted: 1 April, 2010 Applicant: **NuFlora International Pty Ltd**. Agent: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Richmond, NSW.

Glycine max

#### **SOYBEAN**

#### 'Ascot'

Application No: 2009/313 Accepted: 15 April, 2010

Applicant: Eric Robinson, John Rose, Toowoomba, QLD.

#### 'Fernside'

Application No: 2010/057 Accepted: 15 April, 2010 Applicant: **Eric Robinson, John Rose**, Toowoomba, QLD.

#### 'Talgai'

Application No: 2009/312 Accepted: 25 May, 2010

Applicant: Eric Robinson, John Rose, Toowoomba, QLD.

Hordeum vulgare

**BARLEY** 

#### 'ND 19119-5'

Application No: 2009/351 Accepted: 1 April, 2010

Applicant: NDSU Research Foundation.

Agent: State of Queensland through its Department of Employment, Economic Development and

Innovation, Brisbane, Old.

#### 'SAKIMP005'

Application No: 2009/318 Accepted: 16 April, 2010

Applicant: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Agent: Sakata Seed Oceania, Warragul, VIC.

#### 'SAKIMP009'

Application No: 2009/319 Accepted: 16 April, 2010

Applicant: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Agent: Sakata Seed Oceania, Warragul, VIC.

#### 'SAKIMP011'

Application No: 2009/320 Accepted: 16 April, 2010

Applicant: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Agent: Sakata Seed Oceania, Warragul, VIC.

#### 'SAKIMP012'

Application No: 2009/321 Accepted: 16 April, 2010

Applicant: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Agent: Sakata Seed Oceania, Warragul, VIC.

#### 'SAKIMP018'

Application No: 2009/322 Accepted: 16 April, 2010

Applicant: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Agent: Sakata Seed Oceania, Warragul, VIC.

Laurus nobilis

BAY TREE, LAUREL, LAURIER

# 'Tuscany'

Application No: 2010/056 Accepted: 21 April, 2010

Applicant: Kiwi Flora.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Leptospermum laevigatum

TEA TREE

#### 'Fore Shore'

Application No: 2009/327 Accepted: 29 April, 2010

Applicant: Phillip Dowling.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Malus domestica

**APPLE** 

#### 'Milwa'

Application No: 2010/033 Accepted: 25 May, 2010

Applicant: **Agroscope Changins-Wadenswil Research Station ACW**. Agent: **Fleming's Nurseries and Associates**, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

Malus domestica x Malus robusta

APPLE ROOTSTOCK

#### 'G.41'

Application No: 2010/032 Accepted: 25 May, 2010 Applicant: **Cornell Research Foundation, Inc.**.

Agent: Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

Medicago sativa

**LUCERNE** 

# 'CW 85087'

Application No: 2010/049 Accepted: 21 April, 2010

Applicant: Cal/West Seeds.

Agent: PGG Wrightson Seeds (Australia) Pty Ltd, Truganina, VIC.

Metrosideros excelsa

#### NEW ZEALAND CHRISTMAS TREE

#### 'Lemon Twist'

Application No: 2009/352 Accepted: 9 April, 2010 Applicant: **Quito Pty Ltd**, Carabooda, WA.

Myoporum parvifolium

#### CREEPING BOOBIALLA, CREEPING MYOPORUM

#### 'Garden Armour'

Application No: 2010/008 Accepted: 29 April, 2010

Applicant: Darren James Wallace.

Agent: Bushland Flora Pty Ltd, Mt Evelyn, VIC.

Nandina domestica

#### **HEAVENLY BAMBOO**

#### 'AKA'

Application No: 2009/238 Accepted: 9 June, 2010

Applicant: **Magnolia Gardens Nursery**. Agent: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Clarendon, NSW.

#### 'MURASAKI'

Application No: 2009/239 Accepted: 9 June, 2010 Applicant: **Magnolia Gardens Nursery**.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Clarendon, NSW.

Osteospermum hybrid

**CAPE DAISY** 

# 'SAKOST7959'

Application No: 2009/324 Accepted: 16 April, 2010 Applicant: **Sakata Ornamentals Europe A/S**. Agent: **Sakata Seed Oceania**, Warragul, VIC.

#### Ozothamnus diosmifolius

#### **RICEFLOWER**

#### 'Royal Flush'

Application No: 2010/055 Accepted: 1 June, 2010 Applicant: **E.G & E.R. Cook**, Helidon, QLD.

# 'Springtime White'

Application No: 2010/054 Accepted: 1 June, 2010 Applicant: **E.G & E.R. Cook**, Helidon, QLD.

Pennisetum advena

**FOUNTAIN GRASS** 

#### 'MTSN1' syn EmeraldElf

Application No: 2009/364 Accepted: 3 May, 2010

Applicant: Colourwise Nursery (NSW) Pty Ltd, Glenorie, NSW.

Petunia x Calibrachoa

#### **PETCHOA**

#### 'Kakegawa S91'

Application No: 2009/316 Accepted: 16 April, 2010

Applicant: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Agent: Sakata Seed Oceania, Warragul, VIC.

### 'Kakegawa S89'

Application No: 2009/323 Accepted: 16 April, 2010

Applicant: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Agent: Sakata Seed Oceania, Warragul, VIC.

#### 'SAKPXC005'

Application No: 2009/317 Accepted: 16 April, 2010

Applicant: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Agent: Sakata Seed Oceania, Warragul, VIC.

#### 'SAKPXC006'

Application No: 2009/315 Accepted: 16 April, 2010

Applicant: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Agent: Sakata Seed Oceania, Warragul, VIC.

#### Phalaenopsis hybrid

#### MOTH ORCHID

#### 'Sogo F-1314'

Application No: 2009/355 Accepted: 25 June, 2010

Applicant: Feng Chiang Kuei.

Agent: Flora International Pty Ltd, Leppington, NSW.

# 'Sogo F-1774'

Application No: 2009/354 Accepted: 25 June, 2010

Applicant: Feng Chiang Kuei.

Agent: Flora International Pty Ltd, Leppington, NSW.

Philotheca buxifolia

#### LONG LEAVED WAXFLOWER, ERIOSTEMON

#### 'SolarEclipse'

Application No: 2010/100 Accepted: 22 June, 2010

Applicant: **Robert Harrison**.

Agent: Touch of Class Plants P/L, Tynong, VIC.

Pisum sativum

#### FIELD PEA

#### 'Maki'

Application No: 2010/035 Accepted: 12 April, 2010

Applicant: Plant Research (NZ) Ltd.

Agent: The University of Sydney, Narrabri, NSW.

Prunus avium

#### **SWEET CHERRY**

#### 'Royal Hazel'

Application No: 2010/083 Accepted: 25 May, 2010

Applicant: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Agent: Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, Vic.

#### 'Royal Lynn'

Application No: 2010/084 Accepted: 25 May, 2010

Applicant: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Agent: Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, Vic.

#### Prunus persica

#### **PEACH**

#### 'Zaimus' syn Royal Summer

Application No: 2010/085 Accepted: 25 May, 2010

Applicant: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Agent: Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, Vic.

Prunus persica var. nucipersica

#### **NECTARINE**

# 'Zaipava' syn Honey Prima

Application No: 2010/086 Accepted: 25 May, 2010

Applicant: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Agent: Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, Vic.

Rosa hybrid

**ROSE** 

#### 'Grandakerue'

Application No: 2009/289 Accepted: 9 April, 2010

Applicant: Mr H Schreuders.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

#### 'Grandizzarapap'

Application No: 2009/290 Accepted: 9 April, 2010

Applicant: Mr H Schreuders.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

#### 'Grandollemarac'

Application No: 2009/288 Accepted: 9 April, 2010

Applicant: Mr H Schreuders.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

#### 'Grandtnahcne'

Application No: 2009/291 Accepted: 9 April, 2010

Applicant: Mr H Schreuders.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

# 'WEKcocbeb' syn Topsy Turvy

Application No: 2009/221 Accepted: 13 April, 2010

Applicant: Weeks Roses Ltd.

Agent: Swanes Nurseries Australia Pty Ltd, Dural, NSW.

#### 'WEKosunkora' syn Truly Yours

Application No: 2009/220 Accepted: 13 April, 2010

Applicant: Weeks Roses Ltd.

Agent: Swanes Nurseries Australia Pty Ltd, Dural, NSW.

#### 'WEKsmopur' syn Ebb Tide

Application No: 2009/183 Accepted: 13 April, 2010

Applicant: Weeks Roses Ltd.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Ltd, Dural, NSW.

#### 'WEKvossutono' syn Soul Mate

Application No: 2009/219 Accepted: 13 April, 2010

Applicant: Weeks Roses Ltd.

Agent: Swanes Nurseries Australia Pty Ltd, Dural, NSW.

Rubus idaeus

#### RASPBERRY

# 'DrisRaspTwo'

Application No: 2010/076 Accepted: 4 June, 2010 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc**.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

Schlumbergera truncata

#### **CHRISTMAS CACTUS**

#### 'Bright Spark'

Application No: 2010/096 Accepted: 29 June, 2010

Applicant: Tillington House Pty Limited, Coffs Harbour, NSW.

#### 'Rusty'

Application No: 2010/097 Accepted: 29 June, 2010

Applicant: Tillington House Pty Limited, Coffs Harbour, NSW.

#### 'Margit'

Application No: 2009/264 Accepted: 16 April, 2010

Applicant: Solana Agrar-Produkte GMBH & Co KG. Agent: Western Potatoes Ltd, West Perth, WA.

#### 'Red Lady'

Application No: 2009/263 Accepted: 16 April, 2010 Applicant: **Solana Agrar-Produkte GMBH & Co KG**. Agent: **Western Potatoes Ltd**, West Perth, WA.

Solanum tuberosum

#### **POTATO**

#### 'Crisp4all'

Application No: 2010/018 Accepted: 4 June, 2010

Applicant: **HZPC Holland B.V.**.

Agent: Harvest Moon Pty Ltd, Forth, TAS.

#### 'Laurene'

Application No: 2010/015 Accepted: 4 June, 2010

Applicant: **HZPC Holland B.V.**.

Agent: **Harvest Moon Pty Ltd**, Forth, TAS.

#### 'Marilyn'

Application No: 2010/014 Accepted: 4 June, 2010

Applicant: **HZPC Holland B.V.**.

Agent: Harvest Moon Pty Ltd, Forth, TAS.

#### 'Neptune'

Application No: 2010/013 Accepted: 4 June, 2010

Applicant: **HZPC Holland B.V.**.

Agent: Harvest Moon Pty Ltd, Forth, TAS.

# 'Opera'

Application No: 2010/016 Accepted: 4 June, 2010

Applicant: HZPC Holland B.V..

Agent: Harvest Moon Pty Ltd, Forth, TAS.

#### 'Sifra'

Application No: 2010/020 Accepted: 4 June, 2010 Applicant: **HZPC Holland B.V. and C.J. Biemond**.

Agent: Harvest Moon, Forth Farm Produce Pty. Ltd, Forth, TAS.

#### 'Taurus'

Application No: 2010/017 Accepted: 4 June, 2010

Applicant: **HZPC Holland B.V.**.

Agent: Harvest Moon Pty Ltd, Forth, TAS.

Sporobolus virginicus

SAND COUCH

#### 'QLD-Coast'

Application No: 2010/038 Accepted: 19 April, 2010

Applicant: The State of Queensland through its Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation (DEED), Indoorroopilly, QLD.

Syzygium paniculatum

LILLY PILLY

#### 'PC1' syn Backyard Bliss

Application No: 2009/344 Accepted: 17 June, 2010

Applicant: Pinecrest Nursery.

Agent: Traden Tubes Pty Ltd, Box Hill, NSW.

Trifolium pratense

RED CLOVER

#### 'Rubitas'

Application No: 2010/075 Accepted: 22 June, 2010

Applicant: The Crown in Right of the State of Tasmania through the Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment, University of Tasmania, Kings Meadows, TAS.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

# 'LongReach Spitfire' syn LRPB Spitfire

Application No: 2010/123 Accepted: 22 June, 2010

Applicant: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Lonsdale, SA.

# **Variety Descriptions**

Common (Genus Species)	Variety	<u>Title Holder</u>
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	Konamul	Konst Breeding B.V.
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	Konevotio	Konst Breeding B.V.
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	Konratus	Konst Breeding B.V.
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	Konpulse	Konst Breeding B.V.
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	Konanel	Konst Breeding B.V.
Hairpin Banksia (Banksia spinulosa var. collina)	Goldenlighthouse	Judith Ann Geary
Rhodes Grass (Chloris gayana)	KP8	Blue Ribbon Seed and Pulse Exporters Pty Ltd, Australian Premium Seeds Holdings Pty Ltd
Rhodes Grass (Chloris gayana)	KG2	Blue Ribbon Seed and Pulse Exporters Pty Ltd, Australian Premium Seeds Holdings Pty Ltd
Correa (Correa sp)	C100	Peter James Ollerenshaw

Correa (Correa sp)	Isabell	Peter James Ollerenshaw
Correa (Correa sp)	Catie Bec	Peter James Ollerenshaw
Correa (Correa sp)	Jezabell	Peter James Ollerenshaw
Couchgrass (Cynodon dactylon)	Gullygold	Thomas G. Parker
Tall Fescue (Festuca arundinacea)	Resolute II	PGG Wrightson Seeds Ltd
Grevillea (Grevillea alpina x rosmarinifolia)	Fire Cracker	Michael Wood
Grevillea (Grevillea formosa x Grevillea banksii)	Ninderry-Sunrise	Waragrow Holdings Pty Ltd T/as Fairhill Native Plants & Botanic Gardens
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	Macquarie	University of Tasmania, Grains Research and Development Corporation
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	Macumba	Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd, Grains Research and Development Corporation
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	Finniss	Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd, Grains Research and Development Corporation
Busy Lizzie (Impatiens walleriana)	Balolespri	Ball Horticultural Company
Coral Vine (Kennedia coccinea)	KencoralGL	George A Lullfitz
Ryegrass (Lolium hybridum)	BQT II	PGG Wrightson Seeds Ltd

		Plant Varieties Journal Vol
Annual Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum var. westerwoldicum)	Arnie	Barenbrug Holland B.V.
Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne)	One50	PGG Wrightson Seeds Ltd
Birdsfoot Trefoil (Lotus corniculatus)	LC07AS	Department of Industry and Investment for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, Australian Wool Innovation Limited, Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Rural Industries Research and Development Corporation
Birdsfoot Trefoil (Lotus corniculatus)	LC07AT	Department of Industry and Investment for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Australian Wool Innovation Limited
Birdsfoot Trefoil (Lotus corniculatus)	LC07AUYF	Department of Industry and Investment for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Australian Wool Innovation Limited, Instituto Nacional de Investigacion Agropecuaria

Birdsfoot Trefoil (Lotus corniculatus)	LC07AUF	Department of Industry and Investment for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Australian Wool Innovation Limited, Instituto Nacional de Investigacion Agropecuaria
Southern Magnolia (Magnolia grandiflora)	Southern Charm	Head Ornamentals Inc.
Apple (Malus domestica)	Scilate	The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited
Apple (Malus domestica)	ST 808.15	Western Australian Agriculture Authority
<u>Lucerne</u> (Medicago sativa)	ML 99	Pasture Genetics Pty Ltd
Guinea grass (Megathyrsus maximus)	G-2	GeneGro Pty Ltd
Petchoa (Petunia x Calibrachoa)	Kakegawa S91	Sakata Seed Corporation
Moth Orchid (Phalaenopsis hybrid)	Sogo F-1314	Feng Chiang Kuei
Moth Orchid (Phalaenopsis hybrid)	Sogo F-1774	Feng Chiang Kuei
Field Pea (Pisum sativum)	Maki	Plant Research (NZ) Ltd
Apricot (Prunus armeniaca)	Brittany Gold	Zaiger's Inc. Genetics
Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)	Panaro One	University of Bologna

Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)	Royal Rainier	Zaiger's Inc. Genetics
Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)	Panaro Three	University of Bologna
Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)	Earlisweet	Zaiger's Inc. Genetics
Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)	Panaro Four	University of Bologna
Prunus - Interspecific Plum (Prunus hybrid)	Plumred VI	Lowell G. Bradford
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Schaelic	Piet Schreurs Holding B. V.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Schowinti	Piet Schreurs Holding B. V.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Schiallo	Piet Schreurs Holding B. V.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Schunukka	Piet Schreurs Holding B. V.
Thick-leaved Fan Flower (Scaevola crassifolia)	Flat Fred	George A Lullfitz
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	EUROPRIMA	EUROPLANT Pflanzenzucht GmbH
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Margit	Solana Agrar-Produkte GMBH & Co KG
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Red Lady	Solana Agrar-Produkte GMBH & Co KG
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Horizon	Higgins Agriculture
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Mette	Lasndbrugets Kartoffelfond
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Musica	C Meijer BV

Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Orchestra	C Meijer BV
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Senna	Lasndbrugets Kartoffelfond
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Polaris	Lasndbrugets Kartoffelfond
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Smiley	Higgins Agriculture
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	BUY 1	Lasndbrugets Kartoffelfond
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	VERDI	SaKA Planzenzucht GbR
Sand Couch (Sporobolus virginicus)	QLD-Coast	The State of Queensland through its Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation (DEED)
Grape (Vitis vinifera)	Sugranineteen	Sun World International, LLC

## Annual Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum var. westerwoldicum)

Variety: 'Arnie' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/067</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

23-Apr-2009

Accepted:

08-Jul-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Barenbrug Holland B.V.

Agent:

Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd

Telephone:

0260265288

Fax:

0260255268

View the detailed description of this

variety.

## Apple (Malus domestica)

Variety: 'Scilate'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/061</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

28-Feb-2007

Accepted: 13-Mar-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food

Research Limited

Agent: AJ Park

Telephone: 0262435151 Fax: 0262435153



## Apple (Malus domestica)

'ST 808.15' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/256</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

04-Sep-2006 Received:

Accepted: 11-Sep-2006

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Western Australian Agriculture Authority

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0893683347 Fax: 0893683814



## Apricot (Prunus armeniaca)

'Brittany Gold' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/315</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

14-Dec-2006

Accepted:

Received:

27-Feb-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics

Agent: Graham's Factree Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0399991999

Fax: 0359674645

View the detailed description of this

variety.



## Barley (Hordeum vulgare)

'Macquarie' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2008/322</sub>

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

29-Oct-2008

Accepted:

15-Dec-2008

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

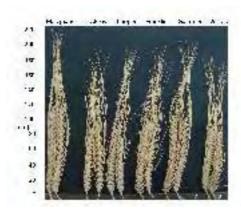
'Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: University of Tasmania, Grains Research and

**Development Corporation** 

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0363365204 Fax: 0363365395



## Barley (Hordeum vulgare)

Variety: 'Macumba'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/057</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

08-Apr-2009

Accepted:

26-May-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

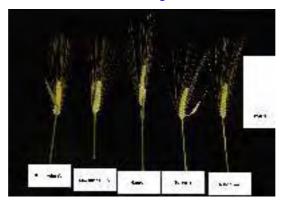
**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd, Grains

Research and Development Corporation

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0883033480 Fax: 0883034355



## Barley (Hordeum vulgare)

Variety: 'Finniss'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/058</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

Received:

N/A

no:

08-Apr-2009

Accepted:

25-May-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

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Volume 23, Issue 2

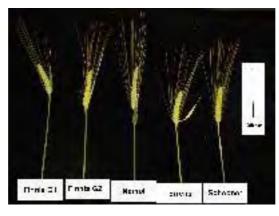
**'Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd, Grains

Research and Development Corporation

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0883033480 Fax: 0883034355



## Birdsfoot Trefoil (Lotus corniculatus)

Variety: 'LC07AS'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2009/347

no:

**Current** status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

16-Dec-2009 Received: Accepted: 15-Jan-2010

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Department of Industry and Investment for and

on behalf of the State of New South Wales,

Australian Wool Innovation Limited, Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Rural Industries Research

and Development Corporation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0263913540 0263913563 Fax:



## Birdsfoot Trefoil (Lotus corniculatus)

Variety: 'LC07AT'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/348</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

16-Dec-2009

Accepted:

15-Jan-2010

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Department of Industry and Investment for and

on behalf of the State of New South Wales,

Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Australian Wool

**Innovation Limited** 

Agent: N/A

0263913540 Telephone: Fax: 0263913563



## Birdsfoot Trefoil (Lotus corniculatus)

Variety: 'LC07AUYF'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2009/349

no:

**Current** 

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

16-Dec-2009

Accepted:

Received:

15-Jan-2010

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Department of Industry and Investment for and

on behalf of the State of New South Wales,

Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Australian Wool

Innovation Limited, Instituto Nacional de

Investigacion Agropecuaria

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0263913540 0263913563 Fax:

View the detailed description of this

variety.



## Birdsfoot Trefoil (Lotus corniculatus)

Variety: 'LC07AUF'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2009/350

no:

**Current** 

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

16-Dec-2009 Received:

Accepted:

15-Jan-2010

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Department of Industry and Investment for and

on behalf of the State of New South Wales,

Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Australian Wool

Innovation Limited, Instituto Nacional de

Investigacion Agropecuaria

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0263913540 0263913563 Fax:



## Busy Lizzie (Impatiens walleriana)

Variety: 'Balolespri'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2008/191</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

26-Jun-2008

Received: Accepted:

06-Mar-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Ball Horticultural Company

Agent: Ball Australia Pty. Ltd.

Telephone: 039785355 Fax: 0397983733

View the detailed description of this

variety.



## Coral Vine (Kennedia coccinea)

'KencoralGL' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/049</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 29-Mar-2006

Accepted:

22-Sep-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

·in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: George A Lullfitz

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0894051607 0893062933 Fax:



## Correa (Correa sp)

Variety: 'C100'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/174</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

23-Jul-2009

Accepted:

Received:

13-Aug-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

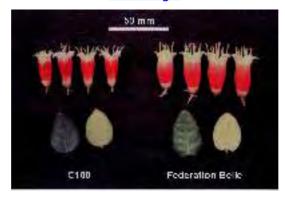
Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Peter James Ollerenshaw

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262369280 0262369429 Fax:



## Correa (Correa sp)

Variety: 'Isabell'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/177</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 23-Jul-2009

Accepted: 13-Aug-2009

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Peter James Ollerenshaw

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262369280 0262369429 Fax:



## Correa (Correa sp)

Variety: 'Catie Bec'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/176</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

23-Jul-2009

Received: Accepted:

13-Aug-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Peter James Ollerenshaw

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262369280 0262369429 Fax:



## Correa (Correa sp)

Variety: 'Jezabell'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/175</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

23-Jul-2009

Accepted:

13-Aug-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Peter James Ollerenshaw

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262369280 0262369429 Fax:



## Couchgrass (Cynodon dactylon)

'Gullygold' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/283</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 21-Oct-2009

Accepted: 02-Feb-2010

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Thomas G. Parker

Agent: Dad & Dave's Turf

Telephone: 0245730800 Fax: 0245723933



## Field Pea (Pisum sativum)

Variety: 'Maki' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2010/035</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 24-Feb-2010 Accepted: 12-Apr-2010

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

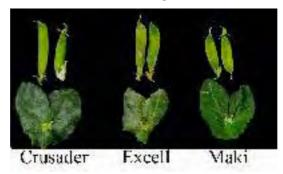
Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Plant Research (NZ) Ltd

The University of Sydney Agent:

Telephone: 0267992203 Fax: 0267992239



## Grape (Vitis vinifera)

Variety: 'Sugranineteen'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2004/320</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 26-Nov-2004 21-Dec-2004 Accepted:

**Granted:** N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Sun World International, LLC

Sun World Australasia Agent:

Telephone: 0263360655 Fax: 0263361633



# Grevillea (Grevillea alpina x rosmarinifolia)

Variety: 'Fire Cracker'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2008/261</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

01-Sep-2008

Accepted:

Received:

08-Oct-2008

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

. Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Michael Wood

Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0362692123 0362692612 Fax:



## Grevillea (Grevillea formosa x Grevillea banksii)

'Ninderry-Sunrise' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/038</sub>

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 10-Mar-2009 Accepted: 08-Jul-2009

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

·in Plant Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Waragrow Holdings Pty Ltd T/as Fairhill Native

Plants & Botanic Gardens

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0754467088 Fax: 0754468131



## Guinea grass (Megathyrsus maximus)

Variety: 'G-2' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/009</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

29-Jan-2009

Received: Accepted:

03-Feb-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**'Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: GeneGro Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0738245440 0738245445 Fax:



## Hairpin Banksia (Banksia spinulosa var. collina)

Variety: 'Goldenlighthouse'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2005/225</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

30-Jun-2005

Received: Accepted:

20-Dec-2005

**Granted:** 

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Judith Ann Geary

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0264926628 0264926628 Fax:



## Lucerne (Medicago sativa)

'ML 99' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2000/273</sub>

no:

**Current** 

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

31-Aug-2000 Received:

Accepted: 31-Aug-2000

·Granted: N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Pasture Genetics Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0884451111 Fax: 0884457777

View the detailed description of this

variety.

## Moth Orchid (Phalaenopsis hybrid)

Variety: 'Sogo F-1314'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2009/355

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 21-Dec-2009

Accepted: 25-Jun-2010

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** 

published in Plant

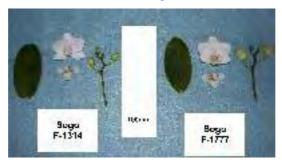
Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Feng Chiang Kuei

Flora International Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 029606222 Fax: 0296066841



## Moth Orchid (Phalaenopsis hybrid)

Variety: 'Sogo F-1774'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2009/354

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

21-Dec-2009

Accepted:

25-Jun-2010

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

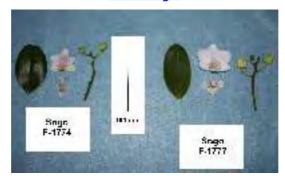
Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Feng Chiang Kuei

Flora International Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 029606222 Fax: 0296066841



## Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne)

Variety: 'One50'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/050</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

12-Feb-2007

Accepted:

06-Mar-2007

·Granted:

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: PGG Wrightson Seeds Ltd

Wrightson Seeds (Australia) Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0393943400 Fax: 0393943432

View the detailed description of this

variety.

## Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

'Konamul' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2008/032</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

14-Feb-2008

Accepted:

28-Mar-2008

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

**Title Holder:** Konst Breeding B.V.

Ball Australia- postal address for service of Agent:

notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.

Telephone: 0397985355

Fax: 0397983733



## Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

'Konevotio' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/337</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

24-Dec-2007

Accepted:

30-Jan-2008

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Konst Breeding B.V.

Ball Australia- postal address for service of Agent:

notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.

Telephone: 0397985355

Fax: 0397983733



## Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

'Konratus' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2008/033</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 14-Feb-2008 Accepted: 28-Mar-2008

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Konst Breeding B.V.

Ball Australia- postal address for service of Agent:

notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.

Telephone: 0397985355 Fax: 0397983733



# Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

'Konpulse' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/336</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 24-Dec-2007 Accepted: 30-Jan-2008

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Konst Breeding B.V.

Ball Australia- postal address for service of Agent:

notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.

Telephone: 0397985355 Fax: 0397983733



## Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

'Konanel' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/029</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 06-Mar-2009

Accepted: 27-May-2009

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

·in Plant Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Konst Breeding B.V.

Ball Australia Agent: Telephone: 0397985355 Fax: 0397983733



### Petchoa (Petunia x Calibrachoa)

'Kakegawa S91' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/316</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

17-Nov-2009

Accepted:

Received:

16-Apr-2010

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Sakata Seed Corporation

Sakata Seed Oceania Agent:

Telephone: N/A

Fax: 0356261127



### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'EUROPRIMA'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2008/365

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 02-Dec-2008 Accepted: 17-Dec-2008

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: EUROPLANT Pflanzenzucht GmbH

Agtec Agriculture Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0269674152 0269674135 Fax:



### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

'Margit' Variety: Synonym: N/A

Application 2009/264

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

24-Sep-2009 Received:

Accepted: 16-Apr-2010

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

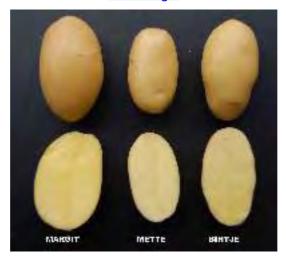
in Plant Volume 23, Issue 2

.Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Solana Agrar-Produkte GMBH & Co KG

Western Potatoes Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0892846266 Fax: 0892846566



### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

'Red Lady' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/263</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

24-Sep-2009 Received: Accepted: 16-Apr-2010

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Solana Agrar-Produkte GMBH & Co KG

Western Potatoes Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0892846266 Fax: 0892846566



## Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'Horizon'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/292</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

25-Oct-2007

Accepted:

25-Mar-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** 

Journal:

Title Holder: Higgins Agriculture

Western Potatoes Limited Agent:

Telephone: 0892846266 Fax: 0892846566



### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'Mette' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/218</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

31-Aug-2009

Accepted:

08-Oct-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

.Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Lasndbrugets Kartoffelfond

Agent:

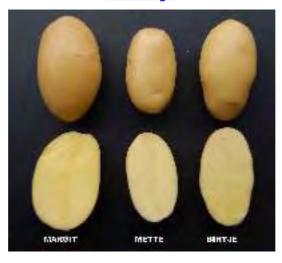
Agtec Agriculture Pty Ltd

Telephone:

0269674152

Fax:

0269674135



## Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'Musica'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/212</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 31-Aug-2009 Accepted: 12-Oct-2009

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** 

published in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: C Meijer BV

Agtec Agriculture Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0269674152 0269674135 Fax:



## Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'Orchestra'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/213</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

31-Aug-2009

Accepted:

12-Oct-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: C Meijer BV

Agtec Agriculture Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0269674152 0269674135 Fax:



### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'Senna'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/214</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

31-Aug-2009 Received:

Accepted: 29-Oct-2009

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 23, Issue 2

**'Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Lasndbrugets Kartoffelfond

Agtec Agriculture Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0269674152 Fax: 0269674135



### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'Polaris'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2009/216

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: Accepted: 29-Oct-2009

31-Aug-2009

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Lasndbrugets Kartoffelfond

Agtec Agriculture Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0269674152 0269674135 Fax:



### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

'Smiley' Variety: Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2008/079</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 20-Mar-2008

Accepted: 13-Aug-2009

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Higgins Agriculture

Western Potatoes Limited Agent:

Telephone: 0892846266 Fax: 0892846566



### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

'BUY 1' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2009/215</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

31-Aug-2009 Received: Accepted: 29-Oct-2009

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Lasndbrugets Kartoffelfond

Agtec Agriculture Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0269674152 Fax: 0269674135



### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'VERDI'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2008/090</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

27-Mar-2008

Accepted:

20-Jun-2008

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: SaKA Planzenzucht GbR

Agent: Western Potatoes Limited

Telephone: 0892846266 Fax: 0892846566



# Prunus - Interspecific Plum (Prunus hybrid)

'Plumred VI' Variety: Synonym: Red Red VI

Application <sub>2009/226</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

03-Sep-2009

Accepted:

11-Nov-2009

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery** 

Telephone: 0746152182 0746152183 Fax:

View the detailed description of this



### Rhodes Grass (Chloris gayana)

Variety: 'KP8' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2010/070</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

01-Apr-2010

Accepted:

Received:

03-May-2010

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** 

.published in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Blue Ribbon Seed and Pulse Exporters Pty Ltd,

Australian Premium Seeds Holdings Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0737201900 Fax: 0737201911



### Rhodes Grass (Chloris gayana)

Variety: 'KG2' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2010/071</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

01-Apr-2010

Accepted:

03-May-2010

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** .published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Blue Ribbon Seed and Pulse Exporters Pty Ltd,

Australian Premium Seeds Holdings Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0737201900 Fax: 0737201911



# Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Schaelic' Synonym: St. Patrick!

Application <sub>2008/226</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

no:

N/A

Received:

Certificate

30-Jul-2008

Accepted:

02-Oct-2008

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V.

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 0296066222 Fax: 0296066841



# Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Schowinti' Synonym: Voodoo!

Application <sub>2008/225</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 30-Jul-2008 Accepted: 02-Oct-2008

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V. Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0296066222 Fax: 0296066841



# Rose (Rosa hybrid)

'Schiallo' Variety: Synonym: Leonessa!

Application <sub>2008/230</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

30-Jul-2008

Accepted:

Received:

02-Oct-2008

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V.

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 0296066222 Fax: 0296066841



# Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Schunukka'

Synonym: Anouk!

Application <sub>2008/231</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

Received:

N/A

no:

30-Jul-2008

Accepted: 02-Oct-2008

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V.

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 0296066222 Fax: 0296066841



# Ryegrass (Lolium hybridum)

Variety: 'BQT II'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2007/041

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

29-Jan-2007

Accepted:

16-Feb-2007

·Granted:

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: PGG Wrightson Seeds Ltd

Wrightson Seeds (Australia) Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0393943400

Fax: 0393943432

View the detailed description of this

### Sand Couch (Sporobolus virginicus)

Variety: 'QLD-Coast'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2010/038</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 25-Feb-2010 Accepted: 19-Apr-2010

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

**Title Holder:** The State of Queensland through its Department

of Employment, Economic Development and

Innovation (DEED)

N/A Agent:

0738969401 Telephone: Fax: 0738969628



# Southern Magnolia (Magnolia grandiflora)

'Southern Charm' Variety:

Synonym: Teddy Bear

Application <sub>2007/162</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

19-Jun-2007

Accepted:

23-Jul-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Head Ornamentals Inc.

Coolwyn Nurseries Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397566668 0397520266 Fax:

View the detailed description of this



### Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)

Variety: 'Panaro One'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2002/261</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 02-Sep-2002

Accepted:

15-Apr-2003

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: University of Bologna

Graham's Factree Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0399991999

Fax: 0359674645



## Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)

Variety: 'Royal Rainier'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2002/153</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

Received:

N/A

no:

07-Jun-2002

Accepted:

16-Apr-2003

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics

Graham's Factree Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0399991999

Fax: 0359674645

View the detailed description of this



## Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)

'Panaro Three' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2002/262</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

02-Sep-2002

Accepted:

15-Apr-2003

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** 

·Journal:

Title Holder: University of Bologna

Agent:

Graham's Factree Pty Ltd

Telephone:

0399991999

Fax:

0359674645



## Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)

'Earlisweet' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2002/158</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 07-Jun-2002

Accepted:

16-Apr-2003

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics

Graham's Factree Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0399991999

Fax: 0359674645

View the detailed description of this



## Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)

'Panaro Four' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application 2002/264

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

02-Sep-2002 Received: Accepted: 15-Apr-2003

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: University of Bologna

Graham's Factree Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0399991999 Fax: 0359674645

View the detailed description of this



# Tall Fescue (Festuca arundinacea)

'Resolute II' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/219</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

08-Aug-2006 Received:

Accepted:

11-Sep-2006

·Granted:

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: PGG Wrightson Seeds Ltd

Wrightson Seeds (Australia) Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0393943400 Fax: 0393943432

View the detailed description of this

# Thick-leaved Fan Flower (Scaevola crassifolia)

Variety: 'Flat Fred'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2005/158</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

23-May-2005

Accepted:

13-Jul-2005

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 23, Issue 2

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: George A Lullfitz

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0894051607 Fax: 0893062933



**Details of Application** 

**Application Number** 2009/067 **Variety Name** 'Arnie'

Genus Species Lolium multiflorum var. westerwoldicum

**Common Name** Annual Ryegrass

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 08 Jul 2009

ApplicantBarenbrug Holland B.V., The NetherlandsAgentHeritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW.

**Qualified Person** Philip Rhodes

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Christchurch, New Zealand

**Descriptor** Ryegrass (new) (*Lolium* spp.) TG/4/8

**Period** Mar 2009 – Dec 2009

**Conditions** Seedlings were raised in multi-celled trays in a temperature

controlled glasshouse and transplanted into the field as spaced plants after a period of hardening off. Weeds were controlled by hand hoeing and overhead irrigation was applied as

required.

**Trial Design** Trial design was a randomised complete block, 6 replicates of

12 plants giving 72 plants per variety.

**Measurements** Observations and measurements were taken in the field at the

appropriate growth stage. Measurements from 60 plants per

variety.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: Baroldi x Barcomet'. Selection of crosses from parent plants for spring growth after autumn planting. Plants selected were harvested in open pollination. Syn 1 produced from seeds of selected plants and sown in glasshouse to test for rust resistance. Resistant plants produced in isolation fields of ryecorn. Testing of the variety was carried out over three years in multilocated trials sown in autumn and spring. The variety is maintained through four generations of controlled pollination. Breeder: Dominique Noel, Barenburg Tourneur Recherches.

#### **Choice of Comparators** Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Plant	ploidy	Diploid	
DI .	1 1 0		

Plant length of upper internode short to very short
Flag leaf length medium to long
Leaf intensity of green colour Medium
Plant time of inflorescence emergence medium to late

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Missile'

'Pronto'

'Sultan'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Arnie'	'Missile'	'Pronto'	'Sultan'
*Plant: ploidy	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid
Leaf: length	long	long	long	medium
Leaf: width	medium to broad	medium	medium to broad	medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	medium	medium
Plant: vegetative growth habit (after vernalisation)	erect to semi- erect	medium	erect to semi- erect	semi-erect
Plant: height	tall	medium	tall to very tall	ltall
*Plant: time of inflorescence emergence (after vernalisation)	late	medium	medium to late	emedium to late
Plant: natural height at inflorescence emergence	tall	medium	tall to very tall	tall
Plant: width at inflorescence emergence	narrow to medium	medium to wide	medium	medium
*Flag leaf: length	medium	medium	medium	medium to long
*Flag leaf: width	narrow	narrow	broad	medium to broad
Flag leaf: length/width ratio	medium to high	medium to high	medium to high	medium to high
*Plant: length of longest stem, inflorescence included	long	long	long	long
Plant: length of upper internode	short	very short to short	short	short
✓ Inflorescence: length	short	medium	medium	1.
Inflorescence: length	SHOIT	mearam	medium	medium
Inflorescence: length  Inflorescence: number of spikelets	many	medium	many	many
innoiescence, length		medium		
Inflorescence: number of spikelets	many dense to very dense	medium to	many	many
Inflorescence: number of spikelets  Inflorescence: density  Inflorescence: length of outer glume	many dense to very dense	medium to dense	many dense	many dense short to
Inflorescence: number of spikelets  Inflorescence: density  Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet  Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn  Statistical Table	many dense to very dense short short	medium to dense medium medium	many dense medium medium	many dense short to medium short
Inflorescence: number of spikelets  Inflorescence: density  Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet  Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	many dense to very dense short short 'Arnie'	medium to dense medium	many dense medium	many dense short to medium
Inflorescence: number of spikelets  Inflorescence: density  Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet  Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: time of inflorescence emerger	many dense to very dense short short 'Arnie' nce (days)	medium to dense medium medium medium	many dense medium medium	many dense short to medium short  'Sultan'
Inflorescence: number of spikelets  Inflorescence: density  Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet  Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	many dense to very dense short short 'Arnie'	medium to dense medium medium	many dense medium medium	many dense short to medium short
Inflorescence: number of spikelets  Inflorescence: density  Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet  Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: time of inflorescence emerger Mean	many dense to very dense short short  'Arnie' nce (days) 77.30	medium to dense medium medium 'Missile'	many dense medium medium  'Pronto' 69.40	many dense short to medium short  'Sultan' 72.40
Inflorescence: number of spikelets  Inflorescence: density  Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet  Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: time of inflorescence emerger Mean Std. Deviation	many dense to very dense short  'Arnie' nce (days) 77.30 7.60 2.93	medium to dense medium medium medium  'Missile'  65.70 5.47 P≤0.01	many dense medium medium  'Pronto'  69.40 7.10	many dense short to medium short  'Sultan'  72.40 6.54
Inflorescence: number of spikelets  Inflorescence: density  Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet  Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: time of inflorescence emerger Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	many dense to very dense short  'Arnie' nce (days) 77.30 7.60 2.93	medium to dense medium medium medium  'Missile'  65.70 5.47 P≤0.01	many dense medium medium  'Pronto'  69.40 7.10	many dense short to medium short  'Sultan'  72.40 6.54

LSD/sig	7.20	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Flag leaf: length (mm)				
Mean	200.00	201.00	225.00	243.00
Std. Deviation	43.61	46.00	51.67	47.94
LSD/sig	36.6	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Flag leaf: width (mm)				
Mean	7.24	7.01	9.19	8.78
Std. Deviation	1.50	1.30	1.70	1.39
LSD/sig	1.24	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flag leaf: length/width ratio				
Mean	29.20	29.70	24.80	28.30
Std. Deviation	8.53	6.85	4.78	5.70
LSD/sig	5.85	ns	ns	ns
Plant: length of longest stem, inflor	escence includ	ed (cm)		
Mean	111.00	102.60	118.70	107.90
Std. Deviation	15.66	14.84	14.21	18.06
LSD/sig	9.50	ns	ns	ns
Plant: length of upper internode (cn	n)			
Mean	22.00	18.50	20.10	20.20
Std. Deviation	4.92	3.91	4.43	3.70
LSD/sig	2.28	ns	ns	ns
✓ Inflorescence: length (mm)				
Mean	256.00	300.00	299.00	297.00
Std. Deviation	37.04	43.60	46.09	44.55
LSD/sig	27.5	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: number of spikelets				
Mean	37.60	31.20	37.40	36.40
Std. Deviation	4.60	3.66	4.95	4.75
LSD/sig	2.58	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Inflorescence: density				
Mean	6.86	9.77	8.15	8.29
Std. Deviation	1.17	1.84	1.75	1.64
LSD/sig	0.87	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: length of outer glume				
Mean	6.20	8.10	8.80	7.00
Std. Deviation	1.21	1.42	1.50	1.21
LSD/sig	0.71	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Infloresence: length of basal spikele			10.70	15.00
Mean	16.20	18.70	19.70	17.20
Std. Deviation	3.07	2.59	2.72 D < 0.01	3.03
LSD/sig	1.44	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

 $Description: \textbf{Philip Rhodes,} \ Christchurch, \ New \ Zealand.$ 

**Application Number** 2007/061 **Variety Name** 'Scilate'

**Genus Species** Malus domestica

**Common Name** Apple

**Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 13 Mar 2007

Applicant The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research

Limited, Auckland, New Zealand

**Agent** AJ Park, Canberra, ACT

**Qualified Person** Michael Malone

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing NZPVRO

**Authority** 

Overseas Data APP170/Grant No.2924

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Cultivar Centre, Plant & Food Research, Havelock North,

New Zealand

**Descriptor** TG/14/8 **Period** 2009-2010

**Conditions** 

**Trial Design** This description was completed with data supplied to New

Zealand PVRO for the 'Scilate' Objective Description.

Measurements RHS Chart - edition

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Royal Gala' x 'Braeburn' in 1985 in a planned breeding programme at the HortResearch orchard Havelock North, New Zealand. The seed parent 'Royal Gala' is characterised by red striped, globose conical fruit maturing in the early season The pollen parent 'Braeburn' is characterised by orange-red striped, flat globose fruit maturing in the late season. One seedling was selected for fruit texture in 1990, propagated onto clonal rootstock and planted at the HortResearch orchard, Havelock North, New Zealand for further evaluation. Selection criteria: eating quality and storage. Breeder: Allan White, HortResearch, Havelock North, New Zealand.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Fruit pattern of over-colour stripes

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Scifresh'

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety Distinguishing State of Expression in State of Expression in Comments

Characteristics Candidate Variety Comparator Variety

'Royal Gala'	Time of	maturity	very late	early	seed parent.
'Braeburn'	Time of	maturity	very late	late	pollen parent.
'Cripps Pink'	Fruit	Colour	red flush with red	Pink blush over a green	
			stripes	background colour	

	•	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.								
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Scilate'	'Scifresh'							
	Tree: vigour	medium to strong								
	*Tree: type	ramified								
	*Tree: habit (varieties with ramified tree type only)	spreading								
	Tree: type of bearing	on spurs only								
	One-year-old shoot: thickness	medium to thick								
	*One-year-old shoot: length of internode	medium								
	One-year-old shoot: colour on sunny side	reddish brown								
	One-year-old shoot: pubescence	strong								
	*One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	medium to many								
	*Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot	downwards								
	*Leaf blade: length	short to medium								
	*Leaf blade: width	medium								
	*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium to large								
	Leaf blade: intensity of green colour	medium								
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	bicrenate								
	Leaf blade: pubescence on lower side	medium								
	*Petiole: length	medium to long								
	Petiole: extent of anthocyanin colouration from base	large								
	*Flower: predominant colour at balloon stage	dark pink								
pos	*Flower: diameter with petals pressed into horizontal ition	medium								
	*Flower: arrangement of petals	intermediate								
	Flower: position of stigmas relative to anthers	same level								
	Young fruit: extent of anthocyanin overcolour	large to very large								
<b>V</b>	*Fruit: size	large to very large	small to medium							
	*Fruit: height	tall to very tall								
	*Fruit: diameter	large to very large								
	*Fruit: ratio height/diameter	medium								

<b>V</b>	*Fruit: general shape		conic	globose
	Fruit: ribbing		absent or weak	
	Fruit: crowning at calyx end		moderate	
	*Fruit: size of eye		small to medium	
	Fruit: length of sepal		short	
	*Fruit: bloom of skin		absent or weak	
	Fruit: greasiness of skin		absent or weak	
	*Fruit: ground colour		whitish green	
	*Fruit: relative area of over colour		medium to large	
	*Fruit: hue of over colour with bloo	om removed	red	
	*Fruit: intensity of over colour		medium	
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour		solid flush with strongly defined stripes	solid flush with strongly defined stripes
	*Fruit: width of stripes		medium	
<b>✓</b>	*Fruit: area of russet around stalk a	ttachment	medium	absent or small
	Fruit: area of russet on cheeks		medium	
	*Fruit: area of russet around eye ba	sin	medium	
	Fruit: number of lenticels		few to medium	
	Fruit: size of lenticels		medium	small
	*Fruit: length of stalk		medium	
	*Fruit: thickness of stalk		medium	
	*Fruit: depth of stalk cavity		medium to deep	
	*Fruit: width of stalk cavity		medium to broad	
	*Fruit: depth of eye basin		medium	
	*Fruit: width of eye basin		medium to broad	
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh		very firm	
	*Fruit: colour of flesh		cream	
	*Fruit: aperture of locules		closed or slightly open	
	*Time of: beginning of flowering		early	
<b>~</b>	Time for: harvest		very late	late
	Time of: eating maturity		very late	
	or Applications and Sales untry Year	Current Status	Name Applied	

Switzerland	2007	Applied	'Scilate'
New Zealand	2007	Granted	'Scilate'
EU	2007	Applied	'Scilate'
USA	2008	Applied	'Scilate'

Description: Mike Malone, Havelock North, New Zealand

**Application Number** 2006/256 **Variety Name** 'ST 808.15' **Genus Species** *Malus domestica* 

Common Name Apple

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 11 Sep 2006

**Applicant** Western Australian Agriculture Authority, Bentley, WA

**Agent** 

**Qualified Person** Kevin Lacey

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Location** Manjimup Horticultural Research Institute, Manjimup,

Western Australia.

**Descriptor** Apple (fruit varieties) (new) (*Malus domestica*) TG/14/9

**Period** 2006 – 2010.

**Conditions** The trial trees were grafted onto 'MM106' apple rootstock.

The trees were planted at a spacing of 5 meters x 1.79 metres, trained on a central axis system with minimal pruning and supported by a single wire. Irrigation was with inverted micro sprinklers. Commercial orchard management practices were

applied to all trees.

**Trial Design** 10 trees of both the candidate and a comparator were planted

in a single row on a relatively level site with uniform soil type

throughout.

**Measurements** 10 trees of each variety were grown. 5 trees were selected for

sampling with 10 samples taken per tree, resulting in a total of

50 measurements per variety for measured characteristics.

**RHS Chart - edition** 5th edition – 2007.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'ST 808.15' was derived by controlled cross-pollination between 'Cripps Red' (female parent) and 'Royal Gala' (male parent) carried out at the now closed Stoneville Research Station, located in the Perth Hills, Western Australia. It was actively selected from a seedling block containing progeny from the above cross. 'ST 808.15' differs from its female parent 'Cripps Red' in the over colour of the skin of fruit and its male parent 'Royal Gala' in both the over colour of the skin of fruit and its time of maturity. Breeding procedure: unopened flowers of 'Royal Gala' were collected in the field and taken to the laboratory where pollen was collected and stored. 'Cripps Red' flowers were emasculated on the tree, hand pollinated with the 'Royal Gala' pollen and protected from contamination by bagging. The resulting fruit was tagged, harvested and taken to the laboratory where the seed was removed and stratified in a cool-room. Seed was then germinated and planted in pots in a hot-house and the resulting seedlings planted in the field at Stoneville Research Station. Once fruit bearing age was reached the fruit produced by the seedlings was evaluated. 'ST 808.15' was selected through the evaluation process, grafted onto rootstocks, grown in a nursery and subsequently planted in an evaluation trial block at the Manjimup Horticultural Research Institute. After further evaluation at this site 'ST 808.15' was selected as a potential new variety. 'ST 808.15' trees were also planted on grower sites under a lease agreement for observation under commercial orchard conditions. No off-types have been observed in the field. 'ST 808.15' was selected on fruit quality characteristics. The variety was bred by the State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety	of C	Common	Know	ledge
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<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	type	ramified
Fruit	general shape	globose and obloid
Fruit	pattern of over colour	only solid flush
Tree	habit	spreading
Time of	eating maturity	late to very late and very late

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Marea			$\alpha$	4	
Name			Comme	ents	
/~· ~					

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Cripps Red'

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'ST 808.15'	'Cripps Red'
	Tree: vigour	medium	medium
	*Tree: type	ramified	ramified
	*Tree: habit (varieties with ramified tree type only)	spreading	spreading
	Tree: type of bearing	on spurs and long shoots	on spurs and long shoots
	One-year-old shoot: thickness	thick	thick
	*One-year-old shoot: length of internode	short	short
	One-year-old shoot: colour on sunny side	dark brown	medium brown
	One-year-old shoot: pubescence	weak	weak
	*One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	medium	medium
	*Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot	upwards	upwards
	*Leaf blade: length	short to medium	medium to long
	*Leaf blade: width	narrow to medium	medium
	*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium to large
	Leaf blade: intensity of green colour	medium	medium to dark
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	serrate type 1	serrate type 1
	Leaf blade: pubescence on lower side	medium	medium
V	*Petiole: length	short	medium
	Petiole: extent of anthocyanin colouration from base	large to very large	medium to large
	*Flower: predominant colour at balloon stage	dark pink	dark pink
	*Flower: diameter with petals pressed into horizontal	medium to large	medium

position	
*Flower: arrangement of petals	intermediate intermediate
Flower: position of stigmas relative to anthers	above same level
Young fruit: extent of anthocyanin overcolou	12 4 1 12 4 1
*Fruit: size	medium to large small to medium
*Fruit: height	short to medium short to medium
*Fruit: diameter	medium to large medium
*Fruit: ratio height/diameter	small small to medium
*Fruit: general shape	obloid globose
Fruit: ribbing	moderate absent or weak
Fruit: crowning at calyx end	moderate absent or weak
*Fruit: size of eye	medium to large medium
Fruit: length of sepal	short to medium short to medium
*Fruit: bloom of skin	moderate absent or weak
Fruit: greasiness of skin	moderate moderate
*Fruit: ground colour	yellow yellow green
*Fruit: relative area of over colour	large to very large medium to large
*Fruit: hue of over colour - with bloom remov	ved purple red red
*Fruit: intensity of over colour	very dark medium to dark
*Fruit: pattern of over colour	only solid flush only solid flush
*Fruit: area of russet around stalk attachment	medium absent or small
Fruit: area of russet on cheeks	absent or small absent or small
*Fruit: area of russet around eye basin	absent or small absent or small
Fruit: number of lenticels	many to very many
Fruit: size of lenticels	small to medium medium to large
*Fruit: length of stalk	short to medium short to medium
*Fruit: thickness of stalk	thick thin to medium
*Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium medium to deep
*Fruit: width of stalk cavity	medium medium
*Fruit: depth of eye basin	shallow medium
*Fruit: width of eye basin	medium to broad medium to broad
*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm firm
*Fruit: colour of flesh	cream cream

	*Fruit: aperture of locules	closed or slightly open	moderately open
~	*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium to late	early
	Time for: harvest	very late	very late
	*Time of: eating maturity	late to very late	very late

### **Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'ST 808.15'	'Cripps Red'
Emits are a slave of aline with bloom removed (DIIC	nurnle group N7	77 red group 46A

Fruit: over colour of skin with bloom removed (RHS chart) purple group N77 red group 46A

#### **Statistical Table**

'ST 808.15'	'Cripps Red'	
5.17	6.77	
1.03	1.31	
0.945	P≤0.01	
28.84	28.05	
3.30	3.87	
2.814	ns	
27.55	33.99	
3.95	5.41	
2.458	P≤0.01	
3.17	2.00	
0.63	0.31	
0.537	P≤0.01	
19.92	21.05	
6.06	5.56	
4.161	ns	
6.99	6.73	
1.36	0.98	
1.403	ns	
	5.17 1.03 0.945 28.84 3.30 2.814 27.55 3.95 2.458 3.17 0.63 0.537 19.92 6.06 4.161	

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Kevin Lacey, John Sutton and Steele Jacob, Department of Agriculture and Food, WA.

**Application Number** 2006/315 **Variety Name** 'Brittany Gold' **Genus Species** *Prunus armeniaca* 

Common Name Apricot

**Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 27 Feb 2007

**Applicant** Zaiger's Inc. Genetics, USA

**Agent** Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC

**Qualified Person** Graham Fleming

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing US Patents & Trademark Office

**Authority** 

Overseas Data PP13,504

**Reference Number** 

Location

**Descriptor** Apricot (*Prunus armeniaca*) TG/70/4

Period

**Conditions** Where possible the overseas data was verified under local

conditions. The US plant patent data was converted into

standard UPOV descriptors for Apricot.

Trial Design Measurements RHS Chart - edition

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: '20ED49' x '80EG216'. The present new variety was developed by Zaiger's Inc Genetics at their experimental orchard located near Modesto, California, USA. A large number of these first generation seedlings were observed growing on their own roots. After close observation the present variety was chosen for asexual propagation and commercialisation in 1992 based on its desirable fruiting characteristics. 'Brittany Gold' is distinguished from its parents as it matures approximately 7 days later than the maternal parent and approximately 36 days later than the pollen parent. Breeder: Zaiger's Inc Genetics. Breeder: Zaiger's Inc Genetics.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	shape	globose or circular
Fruit	flesh colour	light orange
Flower	pollination	self fertile
Fruit	size	Medium

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Earli Autumn'	'Earli Autumn' is a late maturing apricot and is reported to
	be self fertile as is 'Brittany Gold'.

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

### Variety Distinguishing State of Expression State of Expression in Comments Characteristics in Candidate VarietyComparator Variety

'Patterson' 'Patterson'

'Patterson' matures approximately 18 days before 'Brittany Gold'.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Brittany Gold'	'Earli Autumn'
Tree: vigour	medium	medium
Tree: habit	upright to spreading	upright to spreading
Leaf blade: length	medium	medium
Leaf blade: width	medium	medium
*Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two or three	two or three
Petiole: size of nectaries	small	
*Flower: diameter	large	large
Flower: position of stigma relative to anthers	above	
*Fruit: size	medium	medium
Fruit: shape in lateral view	circular	circular
Fruit: symmetry in ventral view	slightly asymmetric	slightly asymmetric
*Fruit: suture	slightly sunken	moderately sunken
*Fruit: shape of apex	truncate	retuse
Fruit: surface	smooth	
Fruit: pubescence	present	present
*Fruit: ground colour	light orange	light orange
*Fruit: relative area of over colour	absent or very small	absent or very small
*Fruit: colour of flesh	light orange	light orange
Fruit: texture of flesh	fine to medium	
Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm
*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh	absent or very weak	weak to medium
*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	late
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening	late	very late
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Brittany Gold'	'Earli Autumn'

	Fruit: tendency	to crack		absent to very lo	w absent to very low
	Stone: size			medium	
	Flower: pollinat	tion		self fertile	self fertile
<u>Pric</u>	or Applications	and Sales			
Cou	ıntry	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied	
USA	A	2002	Granted	'Brittany Gold'	

First sold in USA January 2003.

Description: Lisa Corcoran, Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

Application Number 2008/322
Variety Name 'Macquarie'
Genus Species Hordeum vulgare

**Common Name** Barley

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 15 Dec 2008

**Applicant** University of Tasmania, Hobart, TAS and Grains Research

and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent

**Qualified Person** Stuart Smith

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Location** Mt Pleasant Laboratories, Launceston, TAS **Descriptor** Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*) TG/19/10

**Period** 27 Jun 2008 – 02 Feb 2009

**Conditions** Four seeds sown per pot by hand into 15cm pots filled with

potting soil with slow release fertiliser. There were three applications of soluble fertiliser and four insecticide applications for aphid control. At coleoptile to one leaf stage

seedlings were reduced to 1 per pot.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block. 7 treatments x 10 reps x 10

plants per plot.

**Measurements** All measured characters were conducted on each plant. Sterile

spiklet attitude, grain rachilla hair type, grain husk, grain spiculation of inner lateral nerves of dorsal side of lemma, hairiness of ventral furrow, median spikelet length of glume and awn relative to grain were measured on the primary tiller

head of 12 plants.

**RHS Chart - edition** 

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: Single cross using 'Gairdner' as the female parent and a double haploid line from 'Alexis'/'Gairdner' cross as the pollen parent in 1999. 2000 – Double haploid production in Western Australia. 2001 –

sowing double haploid lines (single row) at Cressy and a line designated T1677 was selected. 2002 – Sowing T1677 in a single plot yield trial at Forthside Vegetable Research Station. 2003 – Sowing T1677 in replicated plot trials at Cressy Research Station and Forthside Vegetable Research Station. 2004 – Sowing T1677 in replicated plot trials at Cressy Research Station, Exton, Tunbridge, Campbell Town and Forthside Vegetable Research Station all in Tasmania. 2005 – Sowing T1677 in replicated plot trials at Cressy Research Station, Tunbridge, and Campbell Town. 2006 – Sowing T1677 in replicated plot trials at Cressy Research Station, Tunbridge, Exton, Whitemore and Campbell Town. 2007 – Sowing T1677 in replicated plot trials at Cressy Research Station, Tunbridge, Forthside Vegetable Research Station and Campbell Town. Larger-scale yield trials were also conducted at Cressy, Forthside and Tunbridge. This line was submitted to NVT trials in high rainfall areas in 2007.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Lower leaves	hairiness of leaf sheaths	Absent
Awns	anthocyanin coloration of tips	Present
Ear	number of rows	Two
Grain	hairiness of ventral furrow	Absent
Plant	seasonal type	Spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Alexis'	double haploid parent.
'Cooper'	standard variety.
'Franklin'	standard variety.
'Gairdner'	female parent.
'Vertess'	standard variety.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Macquarie'	'Alexis'	'Cooper'	'Franklin'	'Gairdner'	'Vertess'
*Plant: growth habit	intermediate to semi- prostrate	intermediate	semi- prostrate	semi-erect	intermediate to semi- prostrate	semi-erect
*Lowest leaves: hairiness of leaf sheaths	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricle	present s	present	present	present	present	present
*Flag leaf: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of auricle	very weak s	very weak	very weak to weak	very weak	very weak	very weak
*Time of: ear emergence	early	medium	early to medium	medium	early	early to medium
*Awns: anthocyanin colouration of tips	present	present	present	present	present	present
*Awns: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of tips	very weak to weak	very weak	very weak	very weak	very weak to weak	very weak
*Ear: glaucosity	weak	medium	weak	weak	weak to medium	weak
*Plant: length	short	very short	very short	short	short	very short to short
*Ear: number of rows	two	two	two	two	two	two

V	*Ear: density	very lax	medium	lax	medium	very lax	lax to medium
V	Ear: length	very long	medium	short to medium	medium	long	short to medium
	*Awn: length	very long	long	very long	long	long	medium to long
<b>▽</b> attit	*Sterile spikelet: ude	divergent	divergent	divergent	divergent	parallel to weakly divergent	divergent
_	Median spikelet: gth of glume and lwn relative to n	equal	equal	equal	equal	equal	equal
<b>▽</b> hair	*Grain: rachilla	long	long	short	long	short	long
	*Grain: husk	present	present	present	present	present	present
	Grain: spiculation nner lateral nerves lorsal side of ma	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
of v	*Grain: hairiness entral furrow	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
of le	Grain: disposition odicules	clasping	clasping	frontal	frontal	clasping	clasping
		• ,		enring type	enring type	enring type	enring type
	*Season: type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type
	aracteristics Addi			1 0 11	spring type	spring type	spring type
Org	• 1		Descriptor/	1 0 11		'Gairdner'	
Org Cor V	aracteristics Addi gan/Plant Part:	tional to the	Descriptor/	<u>rg</u>			
Org Con incl	nracteristics Addigan/Plant Part: ntext Ear: length uding awns	tional to the	Descriptor/ 'Alexis' medium to	ΓG 'Cooper'	'Franklin' medium to	'Gairdner' long to very	'Vertess'
Org Con I incl	aracteristics Addigan/Plant Part: ntext Ear: length uding awns	tional to the	'Alexis' medium to long	ΓG 'Cooper'	'Franklin' medium to long	'Gairdner' long to very	'Vertess' medium
Org Con incl Star Org Con	aracteristics Addigan/Plant Part: ntext  Ear: length uding awns tistical Table gan/Plant Part: ntext  Plant: time of ear	tional to the 'Macquarie' very long 'Macquarie' emergence (descriptions)	Descriptor/ 'Alexis' medium to long 'Alexis' days)	'Cooper' 'Cooper'	'Franklin' medium to long 'Franklin'	'Gairdner' long to very long 'Gairdner'	'Vertess' medium 'Vertess'
Org Con I incl Star Org Con I Mea	aracteristics Addigan/Plant Part: ntext  Ear: length uding awns  tistical Table gan/Plant Part: ntext  Plant: time of ear	tional to the 'Macquarie' very long 'Macquarie' emergence (d	Descriptor/ 'Alexis' medium to long 'Alexis' days) 9.15	'Cooper'  'Cooper'  6.59	'Franklin' medium to long 'Franklin' 9.13	'Gairdner' long to very long 'Gairdner' 3.89	'Vertess' medium 'Vertess'
Org Con incl Star Org Con W	aracteristics Addigan/Plant Part: ntext  Ear: length uding awns tistical Table gan/Plant Part: ntext  Plant: time of ear	tional to the 'Macquarie' very long 'Macquarie' emergence (descriptions)	Descriptor/ 'Alexis' medium to long 'Alexis' days)	'Cooper' 'Cooper'	'Franklin' medium to long 'Franklin'	'Gairdner' long to very long 'Gairdner'	'Vertess' medium 'Vertess'
Org Con incl Star Org Con W	racteristics Addigan/Plant Part: ntext  Ear: length uding awns tistical Table gan/Plant Part: ntext  Plant: time of ear an Deviation	tional to the 'Macquarie' very long 'Macquarie' emergence (4.50 0.80 1.038	Descriptor/ 'Alexis' medium to long 'Alexis' days) 9.15 0.90	'Cooper' long 'Cooper' 6.59 1.20	'Franklin' medium to long 'Franklin' 9.13 0.80	'Gairdner' long to very long 'Gairdner' 3.89 1.00	'Vertess'  'Vertess'  7.65 0.80
Org Con Iv incl Star Org Con Iv Mea Std. LSI Iv	aracteristics Addigan/Plant Part: ntext  Ear: length uding awns  tistical Table gan/Plant Part: ntext  Plant: time of ear an Deviation D/sig  Plant: length (cm)	tional to the 'Macquarie' very long 'Macquarie' emergence (6 4.50 0.80 1.038	Descriptor/ 'Alexis' medium to long  'Alexis' days) 9.15 0.90 P≤0.01  103.49	rG 'Cooper' long 'Cooper'  6.59 1.20 P≤0.01  105.64	'Franklin' medium to long 'Franklin'  9.13 0.80 P≤0.01  119.89	'Gairdner' long to very long 'Gairdner' 3.89 1.00 ns	'Vertess' medium 'Vertess'  7.65 0.80 P≤0.01  112.85
Org Con incl Star Org Con Wea Std. LSI Wea Std.	racteristics Addigan/Plant Part: ntext  Ear: length uding awns  tistical Table gan/Plant Part: ntext  Plant: time of ear an Deviation D/sig  Plant: length (cm) an Deviation	tional to the 'Macquarie' very long 'Macquarie' emergence (4.50 0.80 1.038	Descriptor/ 'Alexis' medium to long 'Alexis' days) 9.15 0.90 P≤0.01 103.49 5.20	rG 'Cooper' long 'Cooper'  6.59 1.20 P≤0.01  105.64 2.90	'Franklin' medium to long 'Franklin'  9.13 0.80 P≤0.01  119.89 4.70	'Gairdner' long to very long 'Gairdner' 3.89 1.00 ns 117.46 3.70	'Vertess' medium 'Vertess'  7.65 0.80 P≤0.01  112.85 3.40
Org Con incl Star Org Con Wea Std. LSI Wea Std.	aracteristics Addigan/Plant Part: ntext  Ear: length uding awns  tistical Table gan/Plant Part: ntext  Plant: time of ear an Deviation D/sig  Plant: length (cm)	tional to the 'Macquarie' very long 'Macquarie' emergence (4.50 0.80 1.038 118.58 3.20 4.181	Descriptor/ 'Alexis' medium to long  'Alexis' days) 9.15 0.90 P≤0.01  103.49	rG 'Cooper' long 'Cooper'  6.59 1.20 P≤0.01  105.64	'Franklin' medium to long 'Franklin'  9.13 0.80 P≤0.01  119.89	'Gairdner' long to very long 'Gairdner' 3.89 1.00 ns	'Vertess' medium 'Vertess'  7.65 0.80 P≤0.01  112.85

Std. Deviation	4.20	2.90	2.70	1.80	4.40	2.70
LSD/sig	3.803	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Ear: length (excl	uding awns)	(mm)				
Mean	112.01	91.16	87.83	92.10	106.55	87.78
Std. Deviation	2.00	4.10	4.20	3.40	3.00	3.90
LSD/sig	3.642	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Ear: length (including awns) (mm)						
Mean	230.80	192.29	205.73	191.58	216.41	181.23
Std. Deviation	3.80	5.30	4.20	4.30	3.90	5.40
LSD/sig	5.221	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Description: Stuart Smith and Andrea Hurst, Mount Pleasant Laboratories, Launceston, TAS.

Application Number 2009/057 Variety Name 'Macumba' Genus Species *Hordeum vulgare* 

**Common Name** Barley **Synonym** N/A

**Accepted Date** 26 May 2009

**Applicant** Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd, Grains Research

and Development Corporation

Agent Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd, SA

Qualified Person Amanda Box, University of Adelaide, SA

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Charlick Experimental Research Station, Strathalbyn, South

Australia

**Descriptor** Barley (*Hordeum vulgare* )TG/19/10

**Period** 18th Jun – 21st Dec 2009

**Conditions** 

**Trial Design**Trial layout was a nearest neighbour design including the

candidate and 3 comparators ('Namoi', 'Torrens' and

'Schooner').

**Measurements** 19 measurements were taken throughout the growing period

of the trial.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: WI3693 is a waxy hulless type developed by the University of Adelaide Barley Program. WI3693 is derived from a three-way cross between the waxy hulless cultivar, 'Azhul' (University of Arizona, US) and CCN resistant, South Australian covered feed cultivars, 'Barque' and 'Keel'. The cross producing WI3693 was completed in the spring of 1997. Selection of WI3693's high amylopectin starch trait was identified in a segregating F3 bulk using iodine staining of the endosperm of half seeds. WI3693 progressed through early generation selection trials in 2000, Stage 1 trials in 2001, and was fast-tracked and promoted to University of Adelaide Stage 3 trials in 2002. Criteria for selection included hulless caryopsis, 2-row, white grain, competitive grain yields, foliar leaf disease resistance, medium plant height, and both lodging and head loss resistant. Grain quality criteria for selection included high amylopectin starch, high beta-glucan contents and acceptable pearling performance. Subsequently, it was promoted to SARDI Preliminary/Advanced Trials in 2003. WI3693 has been evaluated in National Variety Trials between 2005 and 2007. WI3693 has also been included in collaborative trials in Victoria, New South Wales, Oueensland and Western Australia since 2002. Approximately 100 CCN resistance reselections were made in a summer nursery at the Waite Campus, University of Adelaide in 2002, which were subsequently multiplied at Strathalbyn, South Australia during 2003. The most phenotypically similar selections were bulked to produce approximately 15kg pure seed, from which the commercial variety will be produced. In 2009 5 tonnes of bulk seed was produced at Charlick Experimental Research Station with the grain harvested at the end of the season being used to produce the commercial cultivar.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	Erect
Grain	husk	Absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Namoi'	Grain: husk – absent
'Torrens'	Grain: husk – absent

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	ariety Distinguishing Characteristics		-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Morrell'	Grain	Kernel discolouration	absent	Present
'Morrell'	Plant	Length	medium to tall	Tall
'Schooner'	Grain	Husk	absent	Present

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Macumba'	'Namoi'	'Torrens'
	*Plant: growth habit	erect	erect	erect
	*Lowest leaves: hairiness of leaf sheaths	sabsent	absent	absent
□ auri	*Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of cles	present	present	present
<b>▽</b> colo	*Flag leaf: intensity of anthocyanin ouration of auricles	very weak to weak	medium to strong	very weak to weak
	Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
<b>V</b>	*Time of: ear emergence	medium	early to medium	Early
	*Awns: anthocyanin colouration of tips	present	present	present
□ cole	*Awns: intensity of anthocyanin ouration of tips	very weak	medium	weak to medium
	*Ear: glaucosity	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak
<b>V</b>	Ear: attitude	erect to semi-erect	thorizontal	horizontal
	*Plant: length	medium	medium to long	medium
	*Ear: number of rows	two	two	two
	Ear: shape	tapering	tapering	tapering
	*Ear: density	medium	lax to medium	medium
	Ear: length	medium	medium	medium
	*Awn: length	long	long	long
<b>~</b>	Rachis: curvature of first segment	weak	medium	medium

*Sterile spikelet: attitude	parallel to weakly divergent	divergent	parallel to weakly divergent
Median spikelet: length of glume and it awn relative to grain	<sup>S</sup> equal	equal	equal
*Grain: rachilla hair type	short	short	short
*Grain: husk	absent	absent	absent
Grain: anthocyanin colouration of nerves of lemma	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Grain: spiculation of inner lateral nerve of dorsal side of lemma	<sup>S</sup> very strong	absent or very weak	strong
*Grain: hairiness of ventral furrow	absent	present	absent
Kernel: colour of aleurone layer	whitish	whitish	whitish
*Season: type	spring type	spring type	spring type
Characteristics Additional to the Descrip	tor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Macumba'	'Namoi'	'Torrens'
Stem: lodging under high fertility	absent	present	present
Stem: ear retention	good	medium	poor
Resistance to: scald	high	low	low to moderate
Resistance to: cereal cyst nematode	present	absent	present
Grain: endosperm texture	mealy	steely	steely
Grain: kernel discolouration	resistant	resistant	susceptible
Grain: rachilla hair length	short	short	short
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Macumba'	'Namoi'	'Torrens'
Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm)			
Mean	91.68	91.60	92.68
Std. Deviation	2.36	7.66	5.65
Lsd/sig	7.44	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm)			
Mean	5.89	6.32	6.44
Std. Deviation	0.94	1.11	0.78
Lsd/sig	1.29	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Awn: length (cm)			
Mean	8.79	7.91	8.14
Std. Deviation	0.93	1.09	1.04
Lsd/sig	0.75		
	1.29	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Ear: number of grains		P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Ear: number of grains Mean		P≤0.01 23.30	P≤0.01 22.20
Ear: number of grains	1.29		

Lsd/sig 5.105 P≤0.01 P≤0.01

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Amanda Box, University of Adelaide, SA

**Application Number** 2009/058 **Variety Name** 'Finniss'

**Genus Species** *Hordeum vulgare* 

**Common Name** Barley **Synonym** N/A

**Accepted Date** 25 May 2009

**Applicant** Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd, Grains Research

and Development Corporation

Agent Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd

Qualified Person Amanda Box, University of Adelaide

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Charlick Experimental Research Station, Strathalbyn, SA.

**Descriptor** Barley (*Hordeum vulgare* )TG/19/10

**Period** 18th Jun – 21st Dec 2009.

**Conditions** 

**Trial Design**Trial layout was a nearest neighbour design including the

candidate and 5 comparators.

**Measurements** 19 measurements were taken throughout the growing period

of the trial.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination:WI3930 was bred from a three-way cross between a hulless barley selection CIMMYT 42002 from CIMMYT, Mexico and the South Australian covered feed cultivars 'Galleon' (CCN resistant) and 'Skiff' (CCN susceptible). The cross producing WI3930 was made in the spring of 1990. WI3930 was a CCN resistant reselection taken from a hulless line WI3152 (segregating for CCN resistance) in the summer of 2001/2002. WI3152 progressed through early generation selection trials and was promoted to University of Adelaide Stage 3 trials in 1996. Criteria for selection included hulless caryopsis, 2-row, white grain, competitive grain yields to covered barley variety 'Schooner', foliar leaf disease resistance, semi-dwarf plant height, and both lodging and head loss resistant. Subsequently, it was promoted to SARDI Stage 3 (Preliminary) trials in 1998 and SARDI Stage 4 (Advanced) trial evaluation in SA in 1999. It has also been included in collaborative trials in VIC, NSW, QLD and WA since 1997. In 2001, 48 CCN resistant reselections were taken from WI3152. These were multiplied as strips over summer 2001/2002. During the growing season WI3930 was observed that the individual lines were segregating for growth habit, height and maturity. As a result, selected and promoted 26 reselections in 2002 University of Adelaide Stage 1 trials at Clinton and Strathalbyn. Simultaneously, these reselections were multiplied at Charlick Experimental Research Station, Strathalbyn. Four reselections (identified as WI3930, WI3931, WI3932 and WI3933) were fast-tracked through to 2003 University of Adelaide Stage 3 trials. Subsequently, WI3930 was promoted to SARDI Advanced trial evaluation in South Australia in 2004 and re-evaluated in 2005. WI3930 has been evaluated in National Variety Trials between 2005 and 2010. In addition, WI3930 has been included in collaborative trials SA (8), VIC (2), NSW (1) and WA (1).

**Choice of Comparators** Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Grain	husk	Absent
Lowest leaves	hairiness of leaf sheaths	Absent
Ear	number of rows	Two
Grain	rachilla hair type	Short

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Torrens'	Grain: husk – absent.
'Namoi'	Grain: husk – absent.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expres	sion in State of Expression in
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Var	iety Comparator Variety
'Morrell'	Plant	length	short	Tall
'Schooner'	Grain	husk	absent	Present
'Schooner'	Plant	length	short	medium to tall

Org	an/Plant Part: Context	'Finniss'	'Namoi'	'Torrens'
<b>~</b>	*Plant: growth habit	prostrate	erect	erect
	*Lowest leaves: hairiness of leaf sheaths	sabsent	absent	absent
□ auri	*Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of cles	present	present	present
colo	*Flag leaf: intensity of anthocyanin ouration of auricles	weak	medium to strong	very weak to weak
	Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	very weak to weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
~	*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	early to medium	Early
	*Awns: anthocyanin colouration of tips	present	present	present
colo	*Awns: intensity of anthocyanin ouration of tips	weak	medium	weak to medium
	*Ear: glaucosity	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak
~	Ear: attitude	semi-erect	horizontal	horizontal
~	*Plant: length	short	medium to long	medium
	*Ear: number of rows	two	two	two
	Ear: shape	tapering	tapering	tapering
	*Ear: density	medium to dense	lax to medium	medium
	Ear: length	medium	medium	medium
	*Awn: length	long	long	long

medium

*Sterile spikelet: attitude	parallel to weakly divergent	divergent	parallel to weakly divergent
Median spikelet: length of glume and it awn relative to grain	ts shorter	equal	equal
*Grain: rachilla hair type	short	short	short
*Grain: husk	absent	absent	absent
Grain: anthocyanin colouration of nerves of lemma	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Grain: spiculation of inner lateral nerve of dorsal side of lemma	es weak	absent or very weak	strong
*Grain: hairiness of ventral furrow	absent	present	absent
Kernel: colour of aleurone layer	whitish	whitish	whitish
*Season: type	spring type	spring type	spring type
Characteristics Additional to the Description	otow/TC		
Characteristics Additional to the Descrip Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Finniss'	'Namoi'	'Torrens'
Stem: ear retention	very good	medium	poor
Resistance to: cereal cyst nematode	present	absent	present
Grain: rachilla length	long	short	short
	•		
Seedling: coleoptile length	short	short to medium	short to medium
Seedling: coleoptile length	short	short to medium	short to medium
	short 'Finniss'	short to medium 'Namoi'	short to medium  'Torrens'
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Finniss'		
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean	<b>'Finniss'</b> 82.10	<b>'Namoi'</b> 91.60	<b>'Torrens'</b> 89.90
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation	<b>'Finniss'</b> 82.10 3.87	<b>'Namoi'</b> 91.60 7.66	<b>'Torrens'</b> 89.90 8.36
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	<b>'Finniss'</b> 82.10	<b>'Namoi'</b> 91.60	<b>'Torrens'</b> 89.90
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation	<b>'Finniss'</b> 82.10 3.87 8.91	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01	<b>'Torrens'</b> 89.90 8.36
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean	'Finniss'  82.10 3.87 8.91	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30	<b>'Torrens'</b> 89.90  8.36  P≤0.01
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation	*Finniss*  82.10 3.87 8.91  6.20 0.83	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30 1.11	<b>'Torrens'</b> 89.90 8.36 P≤0.01  5.77 0.83
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	'Finniss'  82.10 3.87 8.91	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30	<b>'Torrens'</b> 89.90  8.36  P≤0.01
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation	*Finniss*  82.10 3.87 8.91  6.20 0.83	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30 1.11	<b>'Torrens'</b> 89.90 8.36 P≤0.01  5.77 0.83
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: number of grains Mean	'Finniss'  82.10 3.87 8.91  6.20 0.83 1.16	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30 1.11 P≤0.01	"Torrens"  89.90 8.36 P≤0.01  5.77 0.83 P≤0.01  20.80
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: number of grains Mean Std. Deviation Std. Deviation	*Finniss*  82.10 3.87 8.91  6.20 0.83 1.16  19.00 3.94	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30 1.11 P≤0.01  23.30 5.08	"Torrens"  89.90 8.36 P≤0.01  5.77 0.83 P≤0.01  20.80 2.35
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  □ Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig □ Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig □ Ear: number of grains Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig □ LSD/sig	'Finniss'  82.10 3.87 8.91  6.20 0.83 1.16	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30 1.11 P≤0.01	"Torrens"  89.90 8.36 P≤0.01  5.77 0.83 P≤0.01  20.80
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: number of grains Mean Std. Deviation Std. Deviation	*Finniss*  82.10 3.87 8.91  6.20 0.83 1.16  19.00 3.94	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30 1.11 P≤0.01  23.30 5.08	"Torrens"  89.90 8.36 P≤0.01  5.77 0.83 P≤0.01  20.80 2.35
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: number of grains Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	*Finniss*  82.10 3.87 8.91  6.20 0.83 1.16  19.00 3.94	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30 1.11 P≤0.01  23.30 5.08	"Torrens"  89.90 8.36 P≤0.01  5.77 0.83 P≤0.01  20.80 2.35
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: number of grains Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Awn: length (cm)	'Finniss'  82.10 3.87 8.91  6.20 0.83 1.16  19.00 3.94 5.518	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30 1.11 P≤0.01  23.30 5.08 P≤0.01	*Torrens*  89.90 8.36 P≤0.01  5.77 0.83 P≤0.01  20.80 2.35 P≤0.01  8.19 1.04
Seedling: coleoptile length  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: length (stem, ear and awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: length (excluding the awns) (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Ear: number of grains Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Awn: length (cm) Mean	'Finniss'  82.10 3.87 8.91  6.20 0.83 1.16  19.00 3.94 5.518	'Namoi'  91.60 7.66 P≤0.01  6.30 1.11 P≤0.01  23.30 5.08 P≤0.01  7.90	"Torrens"  89.90 8.36 P≤0.01  5.77 0.83 P≤0.01  20.80 2.35 P≤0.01  8.19

weak

medium

Rachis: curvature of first segment

Nil.

Description: Amanda Box, University of Adelaide

**Application Number** 2009/347 **Variety Name** 'LC07AS'

**Genus Species** Lotus corniculatus **Common Name** Birdsfoot Trefoil

N/A **Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 15 Jan 2010

**Applicant** Department of Industry and Investment for and on behalf of

> the State of New South Wales, Australian Wool Innovation Limited, Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Rural Industries

Research and Development Corporation

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person David Collins** 

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Location Ucarty, Dowerin shire Western Australia

**Descriptor** Lotus spp. (Lotus corniculatus/ pedunculatus/ tenuis/

subbiflorus) TG/193/1

May 08 to Dec 09 Period

**Conditions** Seeds germinated in glass house in individual tubes then

transplanted into open beds 6 weeks after germination. Soil conditions grey loamy sand pH 5.3 in CaCl2. Trial site sprayed with glyphosate at 1 l/ha before transplanting and Armora at 120 ml/ha 6 weeks after transplanting for brome grass control. No control for pests and diseases was required. Trial was irrigated when required to ensure seedling establishment of seedlings and healthy growth during dry

periods.

**Trial Design** Randomised block design, each plot contained 20 plants

spaced at 40cm intervals. There were 2 replicates.

Measurements taken from 20 plants 1 measurement per plant. Measurements

**RHS Chart - edition** 

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: From 2001 to 2004, the best parent plant were selected according to their performance in herbage and seed production. Selected plants were polycrossed by honey-bees. Half-sib families harvested from this polycross were evaluated in 3 field sites during 2005 and 2006. Elite material selected from the field sites as well as mother plants were selected according to the performance of the progeny test (half-sib families). Individual selected plants or mother plants were handcrossed to combine best herbage producers with best early and prolific flowering plants. The pair-crosses were evaluated in the field to select the progenies that have the combined attributes. Best 12 erect early and prolific flowering plants out of 3160 were selected and polycrossed together with 2 plants from a field persistence evaluation conducted from 2003 to 2007 with honey-bees to produce the synthetic cultivar LC07AS.`

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

**Organ/Plant Part** Context **State of Expression in Group of Varieties**  Flower corolla colour yellow

Leaf density of absent or very sparse

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

LC07AUYF has yellow flower colour

LC07AUF has yellow flower colour

LC07AT has yellow flower colour and prostrate growth habit

San Gabriel has yellow flower colour

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	ety Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expression i		
	Characteri	istics	Candidate Variety	<b>Comparator Variety</b>	
'Goldie'	Plant	time to flower	very early	very late	
Maitland	Flowering	time to flower	early	late	
Norcen	Flowering	time to flower	early	late	
Leo	Flowering	time to flower	early	late	

_	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'LC07AS'	'LC07AT'	'LC07AUF'	'LC07AUYF'	'San Gabriel'
□ hair	Leaf: density of	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse			
	Leaf: intensity of en colour	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium to dark
□ hair	Stem: density of	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse			
<b>▽</b> hab	*Plant: growth it	prostrate	prostrate	erect	erect to semi- erect	erect
~	*Plant: width	narrow to medium	medium	medium	medium to broad	medium
cole	*Flower: bud	orange	orange	orange	orange	yellow
cole	Flower corolla: our	yellow	yellow	yellow	yellow	yellow
infl	Plant: time of orescence ergence	very early	medium	medium	early to medium	late to very late
	Leaf: length of tral leaflet	short to medium	medium	medium	medium to long	medium
cen	*Leaf: width of tral leaflet	narrow to medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
long	Stem: length of gest stem	short to medium	short to medium	medium	medium to long	medium

<u>Ch</u>	Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG						
	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'LC07AS'	'LC07AT'	'LC07AUF'	'LC07AUYF'	'San Gabriel'	
<b>V</b>	Petiol: length	short	short	medium	long	medium	
<b>V</b>	Stipule: length	short	medium	medium	long	medium	
noc	Stem: number of les	few	many	many	many	many	
<b>V</b>	Stipule: width	medium	narrow	medium	wide	medium	
~	Peduncle: length	short	medium	medium	medium	medium	

Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LC07AS'	'LC07AT'	'LC07AUF'	'LC07AUYF'	'San Gabriel'
Stem: length (mm	)				
Mean	226.40	281.00	346.50	378.70	362.00
Std. Deviation	36.31	46.00	58.66	44.88	36.22
Lsd/sig	40.97	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Petiole: length (m	m)				
Mean	3.89	3.33	5.15	15.23	5.76
Std. Deviation	1.07	1.10	1.53	6.56	1.71
Lsd/sig	1.13	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
		110	1_0.01	1_0.01	
Tant. time to now		126.55	120.20	121.25	172.00
Mean Std. Deviation	123.35	136.55	138.30 7.14	131.25	172.90
	7.15 6.13	4.53 P≤0.01	7.14 P≤0.01	7.09 P≤0.01	13.79 P≤0.01
Lsd/sig		P≥0.01	F≥0.01	F≥0.01	F≥0.01
Stipule: length (m	,				
Mean	8.43	8.91	10.55	11.07	9.23
Std. Deviation	0.98	2.17	1.67	1.96	1.73
Lsd/sig	1.48	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Stipule: width (m)	n)				
Mean	6.29	4.96	8.03	8.21	7.25
Std. Deviation	0.98	1.33	1.94	1.71	1.53
Lsd/sig	1.05	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Means Seperation		1.33	1.74	1.92	0.96
Leaflet: length (m	m)				
Mean	10.51	11.39	13.76	14.33	12.95
Std. Deviation	1.26	2.98	1.57	2.61	2.31
Lsd/sig	1.99	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaflet: width (mi	m)				
Mean	5.05	5.05	7.64	6.84	7.11
Std. Deviation	0.80	0.80	1.73	1.75	2.06
Lsd/sig	1.16	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Peduncle: length (	mm)				
Mean	30.50	48.20	39.10	45.80	N/A
Std. Deviation	11.45	15.42	8.63	14.57	
Lsd/sig	10.49	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	
Pod: length (mm)					
Mean	16.87	21.78	21.45	24.80	N/A
Std. Deviation	3.02	3.71	2.14	3.39	
Lsd/sig	2.69	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Stem: number of r	nodes				
Mean	6.35	10.35	12.15	10.30	14.31
Std. Deviation	1.69	2.41	2.15	3.05	2.16
Lsd/sig	2.29	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Description: : David Collins, Northam, Western Australia

**Application Number** 2009/348 **Variety Name** 'LC07AT'

**Genus Species Common Name**Lotus corniculatus

Birdsfoot Trefoil

Synonym N/A

Accepted Date 15 Jan 2010

**Applicant** Department of Industry and Investment for and on behalf of

the State of New South Wales, Future Farm Industries CRC

Ltd, Australian Wool Innovation Limited

**Agent** 

**Qualified Person** David Collins, Northam, WA

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Ucarty, Dowerin Shire Western Australia

**Descriptor** Birdsfoot Trefoil (*Lotus corniculatus*) TG/193/1

**Period** May 08 to Dec 09

**Conditions** Seed germinated in glass house in individual tubes then

transplanted into open beds 6 weeks after germination. Soil conditions grey loamy sand pH 5.3 in CaCl2. Trial site sprayed with glyphosate at 1 l/ha before transplanting and Armora at 120 ml/ha at six weeks after transplanting for brome grass control. No control for pests or disease was required. Trial was irrigated when required to ensure establishment of

seedlings and healthy growth during dry periods.

**Trial Design** Randomised block design, each plot contained 20 plants sown

at 40 cm intervals. There were 3 replicates.

**Measurements** Measurements taken from 20 plants 1 measurement per plant.

**RHS Chart - edition** 

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: thirty clones of each of three cross-pollinated elite breeding lines (SA 25252, SA 25295 and SA833) and the self-pollinated SA 38041 were produced in 2004. In 2004/5, 90 inflorescences of each of the cross-pollinated accessions were emasculated and subsequently pollinated with SA 38041. Successful crosses were harvested.

In 2005, a random sample of 100 F1 seeds were planted per cross in an insect-proof screen-house, together with the parents plants. SSR markers were evaluated on the four parent plants to detect the best polymorphic primer to subsequent utilize in the screening of a random sample of 12 individual plants from each of the three crosses to identify positive cross-pollination. A total of seven, four and three F1's were selected out of the 12 plants per cross studied with the molecular markers. These 11 F1's were hand-pollinated (1156 pair-crosses) to each of their respective parent, selfed or sibmated.

In 2006/7, 3160 spaced plants corresponding to 202 pair-crosses were evaluated for condensed tannin content and early flowering. The best 8 plants were selected and polocrosse with honey-bees in 2007 to produce the synthetic cultivar LC07AT.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	yellow
Flower	bud colour	orange

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'LC07AUF'	Has yellow flower colour.
'LC07A S'	Has yellow flower colour
'LC07AUYF'	Has yellow flower colour

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish	ning	State of Expression in State of Expression in		
	Characteri	stics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
Maitland	Flowering	time to flower	early	late	
Norcen	Flowering	time to flower	early	late	
Leo	Flowering	time to flower	early	late	
'Goldie'	Plant	time to flower	medium	very late	
'San Gabriel'	Plant	time to flower	medium	late to very late	

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'LC07AT'	'LC07AUF'	'LC07AS'	'LC07AUYF'	
	Leaf: density of hairs	absent or very sparse				
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	medium	medium	
	Stem: density of hairs	absent or very sparse				
~	*Plant: growth habit	prostrate	erect	prostrate	erect to semi- erect	
<b>V</b>	*Plant: width	medium	medium	narrow to medium	medium to broad	
	*Flower: bud colour	orange	orange	orange	orange	
	Flower corolla: colour	yellow	yellow	yellow	yellow	
eme	Plant: time of inflorescence ergence	medium	medium	very early	early to medium	
<b>V</b>	Leaf: length of central leaflet	medium	medium	short to medium	medium to long	
V	*Leaf: width of central leaflet	medium	medium	narrow to medium	medium	
~	Stem: length of longest stem	short to medium	medium	short to medium	medium to long	
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG						
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'LC07AT'	'LAU07F'	'LAU07S'	'LAU07YF'	
~	Petiole: length	short	medium	short		
<b>~</b>	Peduncle: length	medium	medium	short		

<b>V</b>	Stipule: length	medium	medium	medium	
~	Stem: number of nodes	many	many	few	
<b>~</b>	Stipule: width	narrow	wide	narrow	
C4 -	4-4-1 T-11-				
	tistical Table gan/Plant Part: Context	'LC07AT'	'LAU07F'	'LAU07S'	'LAU07YF'
<b>▽</b>	Stem: length (mm)				
Me		281.00	346.50	226.40	378.70
	. Deviation	46.00	58.66	36.31	44.88
	l/sig	40.97	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
	Stem: number of nodes (mm)				
Me		10.35	12.15	6.35	10.30
	. Deviation	2.41	2.15	1.69	3.05
	l/sig	2.29	ns	P≤0.01	ns
<b>~</b>	Plant: time to flower (days)				
Me		136.55	138.30	123.35	131.25
	. Deviation	4.53	7.14	7.15	7.09
	l/sig	6.13	ns	P≤0.01	ns
~	Petiole: length (mm)				
Me		3.33	5.15	3.89	6.65
	. Deviation	1.10	1.53	1.07	2.04 D <0.01
_	l/sig	1.13	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
	Stipule: length (mm)				
Me		8.91	10.55	8.43	11.07
	. Deviation	2.17	1.67	0.98	1.96
	l/sig	1.48	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
<b>~</b>	Stipule: width (mm)				
Me		4.96	8.03	6.29	8.21
	. Deviation	1.33	1.94	0.98	1.71
	l/sig	1.05	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
	ans Seperation		3.07	1.33	3.25
	Leaflet: length (mm)				
Me		11.39	13.76	10.51	14.33
	. Deviation	2.98	1.57	1.26	2.61
_	l/sig	1.99	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
	Leaflet: width (mm)				
Me		4.50	7.64	5.05	6.84
	. Deviation	1.09	1.73	0.80	1.75
_	l/sig	1.16	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
	Peduncle: length (mm)				
Me		48.20	39.10	30.50	45.80
	. Deviation	15.42	8.63	11.45	14.57
	l/sig	10.49	ns	P≤0.01	ns
	Pod: length (mm)				

Mean	21.78	21.45	16.87	24.80
Std. Deviation	3.71	2.14	3.02	3.39
Lsd/sig	2.69	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: David Collins, Northam, WA

Application Number2009/349Variety Name'LC07AUYF'Genus SpeciesLotus corniculatusCommon NameBirdsfoot Trefoil

Synonym N/A

Accepted Date 15 Jan 2010

**Applicant** Department of Industry and Investment for and on behalf of

the State of New South Wales, Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Australian Wool Innovation Limited, Instituto Nacional

de Investigacion Agropecuaria

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** David Collins, Northam, Western Australia

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

LocationUcarty, Dowerin Shire Western AustraliaDescriptorBirdsfoot Trefoil (Lotus corniculatus) TG/193/1

**Period** 12 May 08 to 01 Dec 09

**Conditions** Seed germinated in glass house in individual tubes then

transplanted into open beds 6 weeks after germination. Soil conditions grey loamy sand pH 5.3 in CaCl2. Trial site sprayed with glyphosate before transplanting and Amora at 120 ml/ha 6 weeks after transplanting for brome grass control. No control for pest or disease was required. Site topdressed with Super Cu Zn Mo at 120 kg/ha before planting. Trial was irrigated when required to ensure establishment of seedlings

and healthy growth during dry periods.

**Trial Design** Randomised block design, each plot contained 20 plants

spaced at 40cm intervals there were 3 replicates.

Measurements Measurements taken from 20 plants one measurement per

plant.

**RHS Chart - edition** 

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: From 2001 to 2004, the best parent plant were selected according to their performance in herbage and seed production. Selected plants were polycrossed by honey-bees. Half-sib families harvested from this polycross were evaluated in 3 field sites during 2005 and 2006. Elite material selected from the field sites as well as mother plants were selected according to the performance of the progeny test (half-sib families). Individual selected plants or mother plants were hand-crossed to combine best herbage producers with best early and prolific flowering plants. The pair-crosses were evaluated in the field to select the progenies that have the combined attributes. Best 10 plants out of 3160 were selected and polycrossed together with 2 plants from a field persistence evaluation conducted from 2003 to 2007 with honey-bees to produce the synthetic cultivar LC07AUYF.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	Yellow

Flower bud colour Orange

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'LC07AUF'	'LC07AUF' has similar growth habit but is later flowering.
'LC07AT'	'LC07AUT' has similar flowering time but has prostrate growth habit.
'LC07AS'	'LC07AUS' has yellow flower colour but is very early flowering and prostrate.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish	ning	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characteri	stics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
Maitland	Flowering	time to flower	early	Late
Norcen	Flowering	time to flower	early	Late
Leo	Flowering	time to flower	early	Late
'Goldie'	Plant	time to flower	early	very late
'San Gabriel'	Plant	time to flower	early	Late

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'LC07AUYF'	'LC07AUF'	'LC07AS'	'LC07AT'
	Leaf: density of hairs	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	medium	medium
	Stem: density of hairs	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
V	*Plant: growth habit	erect to semi- erect	erect	prostrate	prostrate
<b>V</b>	*Plant: width	medium to broad	medium	narrow to medium	medium
	*Flower: bud colour	orange	orange	orange	orange
	Flower corolla: colour	yellow	yellow	yellow	yellow
eme	Plant: time of inflorescence	early to medium	medium	very early	medium
_	Leaf: length of central leaflet	medium to long	medium	short to medium	medium
	*Leaf: width of central leaflet	medium	medium	narrow to medium	medium
<b>~</b>	Stem: length of longest stem	medium to long	medium	short to medium	short to medium

**Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG** 

Organ/Plant Part: Context		'LC07AUYF	'LC07AUF'	'LC07AUS'	'LC07AUT'
~	Stipule: width	wide	wide	medium	narrow
V	Petiole: length	long	medium	medium	short
<b>V</b>	Peduncle: length	medium	short	short	medium
V	Stipule: length	long	medium	medium	medium

Stem: number of nodes	many	many	few	many
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LC07AUYF	'' 'LC07AUF'	'LC07AUS'	'LC07AUT'
Stem: length (mm)				
Mean	378.70	346.50	226.40	281.00
Std. Deviation	44.88	58.66	36.31	46.00
LSD/sig	40.97	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☐ Stem: number of nodes				
Mean	10.30	12.15	6.35	10.35
Std. Deviation	3.05	2.15	1.69	2.41
LSD/sig	2.29	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Petiole: length (mm)				
Mean	6.56	5.15	3.89	3.33
Std. Deviation	2.04	1.53	1.07	1.10
LSD/sig	1.13	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
	1.15	1_0.01	1_0.01	1_0.01
Peduncle: length (mm)	45.00	26.10	20.50	40.20
Mean	45.80	36.10	30.50	48.20
Std. Deviation	14.57 10.49	8.63	11.45 P≤0.01	15.42
LSD/sig	10.49	ns	F <u>≤</u> 0.01	ns
Stipule: length (mm)				
Mean	11.07	10.55	8.43	8.91
Std. Deviation	1.96	1.67	0.98	2.17
LSD/sig	1.48	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Stipule: width (mm)				
Mean	8.21	8.03	6.29	4.96
Std. Deviation	1.71	1.94	0.98	1.33
LSD/sig	1.05	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: time to flower (days)				
Mean	131.25	138.30	123.35	136.55
Std. Deviation	7.09	7.14	7.15	4.50
LSD/sig	6.13	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Leraflet: length (mm)				
Mean	14.33	13.76	10.51	11.39
Std. Deviation	2.61	1.57	1.26	2.98
LSD/sig	1.99	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaflet: width (mm)				
Mean	6.84	7.64	5.05	4.50
Std. Deviation	1.75	1.73	0.80	1.09
LSD/sig	1.16	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
	1.10	110		
rod. length (lilli)	24.80	21 45	16.07	21.79
Mean Std Davistion	24.80	21.45	16.87	21.78
Std. Deviation	3.39 2.70	2.14 P≤0.01	3.02 P≤0.01	3.71 P≤0.01
LSD/sig	2.70	r <u>&gt;</u> ∪.∪1	1.0.01	r <u>&gt;</u> 0.01

## $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: David Collins, Northam, Western Australia

Application Number2009/350Variety Name'LC07AUF'Genus SpeciesLotus corniculatus

**Common Name** Birdsfoot Trefoil

Synonym N/A

Accepted Date 15 Jan 2010

**Applicant** Department of Industry and Investment for and on behalf of

the State of New South Wales, Future Farm Industries CRC Ltd, Australian Wool Innovation Limited, Instituto Nacional

de Investigacion Agropecuaria.

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** David Collins, Northam, WA

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Ucarty, Dowerin Shire, WA

**Descriptor** Birdsfoot Trefoil (*Lotus corniculatus*) TG/193/1

**Period** 12 May 08 to 01 Dec 09

**Conditions** Seed germinated in glass house in individual tubes then

transplanted into open beds at 6 weeks after germination. Soil conditions grey loamy sand pH 5.3 in CaCl2. Trial site sprayed with glyphosate at 1 l/ha before transplanting and Armora at 120 ml/ha at 6 weeks after transplanting for brome grass control. No control for pests or disease was required. Trial was irrigated to ensure seedling establishment and

healthy growth during dry periods.

**Trial Design** Randomised block design each plot contained 20 plants

spaced at 40 cm intervals, there were 3 replicates.

**Measurements** Measurements taken from 20 plants per plot one measurement

per plant.

**RHS Chart - edition** 

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: From 2001 to 2004, the best parent plant were selected according to their performance in herbage and seed production. Selected plants were polycrossed by honey-bees. Half-sib families harvested from this polycross were evaluated in 3 field sites during 2005 and 2006. Elite material selected from the field sites as well as mother plants were selected according to the performance of the progeny test (half-sib families). Individual selected plants or mother plants were hand-crossed to combine best herbage producers with best early and prolific flowering plants. The pair-crosses were evaluated in the field to select the progenies that have the combined attributes. Best 12 erect early and prolific flowering plants out of 3160 were selected and polycrossed together with 2 plants from a field persistence evaluation conducted from 2003 to 2007 with honey-bees to produce the synthetic cultivar LC07AUF.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	yellow

Flower bud colour orange

Name	Comments
'LC07AUYF'	Has similar growth habit but has later flowering.
'LC07AT'	Has similar flowering but prostrate growth habit.
'LC07AS'	Has yellow flower colour but prostrate growth habit.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	<b>Distinguishing Characteristics</b>	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
		<b>Candidate Variety</b>	<b>Comparator Variety</b>
Maitland	Flowering time to flower	early	late
Norcen	Flowering time to flower	early	late
Leo	Flowering time to flower	early	late
'Goldie'	Plant time to flowering	medium	very late
'San Gabriel'	Plant time to flower	medium	late to very late

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context

'LC07AUF' 'LC07AS' 'LC07AT' 'LC07AUVF'

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'LC07AUF'	'LC07AS'	'LC07AT'	'LC07AUYF'
	Leaf: density of hairs	absent or very sparse			
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	medium	medium
	Stem: density of hairs	absent or very sparse			
~	*Plant: growth habit	erect	prostrate	prostrate	erect to semi- erect
~	*Plant: width	medium	narrow to medium	medium	medium to broad
	*Flower: bud colour	orange	orange	orange	orange
	Flower corolla: colour	yellow	yellow	yellow	yellow
eme	Plant: time of inflorescence ergence	medium	very early to early	medium	early to medium
<b>V</b>	Leaf: length of central leaflet	medium	short to medium	medium	medium to long
	*Leaf: width of central leaflet	medium	narrow to medium	medium	medium
<b>V</b>	Stem: length of longest stem	medium	short to medium	short to medium	medium to long

#### **Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG**

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'LC07AUF'	'LC07AUS'	'LC07AUT'	'LC07AUYF'
~	Petiole: length	medium	short	short	long
V	Peduncle: length	medium	short	medium	medium
V	Stipule: length	medium	short	medium	long
V	Stem: number of nodes	many	few	many	many
<b>V</b>	Stipule: width	wide	medium	narrow	medium

<b>Statis</b>	tical	Tab	ole

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LC07AUF'	'LC07AUS'	'LC07AUT'	'LC07AUYF'
Petiole: length (mm)				
Mean	5.15	3.89	3.33	6.56
Std. Deviation	1.53	1.07	1.10	2.04
LSD/sig	1.13	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Stem: length (mm)				
Mean	346.50	226.40	281.00	378.70
Std. Deviation	58.66	36.31	46.00	44.88
LSD/sig	40.97	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Stem: number of nodes				
Mean	12.15	6.35	10.35	10.30
Std. Deviation	2.15	1.69	2.41	3.05
LSD/sig	2.29	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Plant: time to flower (days)				
Mean	138.30	123.35	136.55	131.25
Std. Deviation	7.14	5.05	4.50	7.09
LSD/sig	6.13	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Peduncle: length (mm)				
Mean	39.10	30.50	48.20	45.80
Std. Deviation	8.63	11.45	15.42	14.57
LSD/sig	10.49	ns	ns	ns
Stipule: length (mm)				
Mean	10.55	8.43	8.91	11.07
Std. Deviation	1.67	0.98	2.17	1.96
LSD/sig	1.48	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation		2.12	1.64	0.52
Stipule: width (mm)				
Mean	8.03	6.29	4.96	8.21
Std. Deviation	1.94	0.98	1.33	1.71
LSD/sig	1.05	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Leaflet: length (mm)				
Mean	13.76	10.51	11.39	14.33
Std. Deviation	1.57	1.26	2.98	2.61
LSD/sig	1.99	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Leaflet: width (mm)				
Mean	7.64	5.05	4.50	6.84
Std. Deviation	1.73	0.80	1.09	1.75
LSD/sig	1.16	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Pod: length (mm)				
Mean	21.45	16.87	21.78	24.80
Std. Deviation	2.14	3.02	3.71	3.39
LSD/sig	2.69	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01

## $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: David Collins, Northam, Western Australia

**Application Number** 2008/191 **Variety Name** 'Balolespri'

**Genus Species** Impatiens walleriana

**Common Name** Busy Lizzie

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 06 Mar 2009

**Applicant** Ball Horticultural Company, West Chicago, Illinois

**Agent** Ball Australia Pty. Ltd., Keysborough, VIC

**Qualified Person** Mark Lunghusen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing Canadian Food Inspection Agency

**Authority** 

Overseas Data 31301-3646

**Reference Number** 

**Location** St Thomas, Ontario, Canada

**Descriptor** Busy Lizzie (*Impatiens walleriana*) TG/102/4

Period 2008

**Conditions** Trials for 'Balolespri' were conducted in a polyhouse during

summer of 2008 in St Thomas, Ontario, Canada. Fifteen plants of each variety were included in the trial. Rooted cuttings were transplanted into 15 cm pots in April 2008.

**Trial Design** 

**Measurements** Observations and measurements taken from 10 plants of each

variety grown in 15cm pots.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Open pollination followed by selection: The variety originated in a controlled breeding program in Elburn, Illinois during Jul 2002. 'Balolespri' was a result of self-pollination of the in-house *Impatiens walleriana* breeding selection designated 3684-2. Selection criteria: flower colour, medium green foliage and mounded growth habit. It was grown on to determine uniformity and stability. Breeder Michael Uchneat, Ball Horticultural Company, West Chicago, Illinois, USA.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf variegation	absent	absent
Flower	type	double
Flower	main colour of upper side	white
Flower	secondary colour of upper side	purple

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Norman on to
Name Comments
1 tuine

'TiPar'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
_	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Balolespri'	'TiPar'		
V	*Plant: height of foliage	very short to short	tall to very tall		
V	*Plant: width	narrow	medium to broad		
	Shoot: anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	weak		
	*Leaf: length	medium to long	medium to long		
<b>V</b>	*Leaf: width	narrow to medium	medium to broad		
	*Leaf: variegation	absent	absent		
only	Leaf: colour of upper side (varieties without variegation y)	medium green	medium green		
□ vari	Leaf: colour of lower side between veins (varieties without egation only)	green and red	green and red		
	Petiole: anthocyanin colouration of upper side	weak	weak		
	*Flower: type	double	double		
<b>V</b>	*Flower: width	broad to very broad	very narrow to narrow		
	*Flower: number of colours	two	two		
	*Flower: main colour (RHS colour chart)	more white than 155B	white		
□ mul	*Flower: secondary colour (varieties with bi- or ticoloured flowers only) (RHS colour chart)	71B with tones of N74A	71B with tones of N74A		
□ bi-	*Flower: distribution of secondary colour (varieties with or multicoloured flowers only)	irregularly distributed on all petals	irregularly distributed on all petals		
□ flov	*Flower: presence of eye zone (varieties with single vers only)	absent	absent		
Ch	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

CII	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/16		
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Balolespri'	'TiPar'
bet	Leaf blade: intensity of red colouration on lower side ween veins	very weak to weak	
	Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration on midrib (lower side)	absent or very week	very weak
<b>~</b>	Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration on veins (lower side)	absent or very week	weak
	Petiole: length	very short to short	very short to short
	Pedicel: mean length	medium to long	
	Pedicel: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very week	
	Flower spur: degree of curvature	weak	weak

	Flower spur: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent or very weak
~	Flower: secondary colour of lower side	N74B	71C

#### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Canada	2007	Granted	'Balolespri'
EU	2007	Withdrawn	'Balolespri'
USA	2007	Granted	'Balolespri'

First sold in the USA in Nov 2006.

 ${\tt Description:}\ Mark\ Lunghusen,\ World\ Select\ Plants/Outback\ Plants,\ Cranbourne,\ VIC.$ 

Application Number2006/049Variety Name'KencoralGL'Genus SpeciesKennedia coccinea

**Common Name** Coral Vine

**Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 22 Sep 2006

**Applicant** George A Lullfitz, Wanneroo, WA

**Agent** 

**Qualified Person** Peter Abell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Muchea, Great Northern Highway, WA

**Descriptor** General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN DES.

**Period** Sep 2006

**Conditions** Winter rainfall climate. Sand ridge in full sun. Irrigation by

drippers. Soil type, Lateritic sand

**Trial Design** 15 plants in rows with comparator in adjacent (2m space)

row.

**Measurements** Observations taken from all plants

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Single plant selection: amongst a population of *Kennedia coccinea* at Lancelin, WA in September 2004. Selection criteria was dense growth habit and large size relative to the typical form of the species. 'KencoralGL' was vegetatively propagated over 3 cycles of propagation in Muchea and Wanneroo, WA. No offtypes were observed and 'KencoralGL' demonstrates the characters for which it was selected. Breeder: George A. Lullfitz, Wanneroo, WA

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	Shape	circular
Leaf	shape of base	obtuse
Leaf	incision of margin	absent
Leaf	undulation of the margin	n very weak
Leaf	glossiness of upper side	strong
Leaf	green colour	dark

#### **Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)**

Name	Comments
Normal industry variety	There are no known cultivars of <i>Kennedia coccinea</i> . It is grown for commercial use from seed. The comparator used was a randomly
	selected seed grown plant propagated from cuttings.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context 'KencoralGL' Normal industry

			variety
<b>V</b>	Plant: type	groundcover	climber
<b>V</b>	Stem: presence of hairs	present	absent
	Stem: presence of anthocyanin in new growth	present	absent
<b>V</b>	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	absent or very weak
	Leaf: leaf type	compound	compound
V	Leaf: size	very large	small
	Leaf: arrangement	alternate	alternate
<b>V</b>	Leaf: length of blade	very long	short
<b>V</b>	Leaf: width of blade	very broad	narrow to medium
<b>V</b>	Leaf: length of petiole	very long	short
	Leaf: shape	circular (orbiculate)	circular (orbiculate)
	Leaf: shape of apex	mucronate	mucronate
	Leaf: shape of base	obtuse	obtuse
	Leaf: incision of margin	absent	absent
	Leaf: undulation of the margin	very weak	very weak
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	strong	strong
	Leaf: green colour	dark	dark

## $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Peter Abell, SPROCZ Pty Ltd, Bilpin, NSW

Application Number 2009/174
Variety Name 'C100'
Genus Species Correa sp
Common Name Correa
Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 13 Aug 2009

**Applicant** Peter James Ollerenshaw, Bywong, NSW

**Agent** n/a

**Qualified Person** Robert Dunstone, Curtin, ACT

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

LocationBywong Nursery, NSWDescriptorCorrea (Correa) PBR CORRPeriodJul 2009 – May 2010.

**Conditions** Cuttings of the four varieties were rooted and planted in a

pine bark based potting mix containing a coated fertiliser in 14 cm pots. Ten replicates per variety were set out in a randomised block pattern under natural light in a shade house,

pest control was not required.

**Trial Design** Randomised block.

**Measurements** Observations and measurements were taken from 10 plants or

parts per variety.

**RHS Chart - edition** 2007

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: A cross was made between Correa 'Federation Belle' and *C. mannii* on 30 June 2004. Approximately 50 seedlings were germinated from the resulting seed and grown on in a greenhouse until flowering. Correa 'C100' was selected for an early flowering season that overlapped with Canberra Day and its medium red and cream bicoloured flowers. The variety was propagated by cuttings over 6 generations to check for ease of propagation, uniformity and stability.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

· ••••••		
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	bush
Plant	height	medium
Plant	attitude of branches	erect
Leaf	shape	ovate
Flower	number of colours	two
Flower	shape	campanulate
Corolla	main colour	red

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Federation Belle'	Parental variety

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Disting: Charac	uishing teristics	-	State of Expression in yComparator Variety	Comments
	Flower	main colour	red	1	The reds are
Marvel'					distinctly different.
Correa	Flower	number of	two	one	
mannii		colours			

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

'C100'	'Federation Belle'
bush	bush
erect	Erect
medium	medium
200C	199A
strong	strong
reddish	reddish
stellate	stellate
strong	strong
reddish	reddish
stellate	stellate
very long	very long
very broad	very broad
ovate	ovate
obtuse	obtuse
rounded	cordate
absent or very wea	ak absent or very weak
convex	convex
flat	flat
opposite	opposite
weak to medium	weak to medium
whitish	whitish
139A	137A
stellate	stellate
medium	strong
reddish	whitish
191A	194A
	bush erect medium 200C strong reddish stellate strong reddish stellate very long very broad ovate obtuse rounded absent or very wea convex flat opposite weak to medium whitish 139A stellate medium reddish

_			
Leaf: lower side	e hairs type	stellate	stellate
Petiole: length		short	short
Petiole: hairines	ss	strong	strong
Petiole: colour	of hairs	reddish	reddish
Petiole: hairs (ty	ype)	stellate	stellate
Flowers: flower	rs ·	solitary	solitary
Flowers: attitud	le	pendulous	pendulous
Flowers: position	on	terminal	terminal
Flowers: shape		campanulate	campanulate
Flowers: hairing	ess	medium	medium
Flowers: length		medium to long	medium to long
Flowers: diame	ter	medium	medium to broad
Flowers: number	er of colours	two	two
Perianth: basal	colour (RHS chart)	45B	51A
Perianth: distal	colour (RHS chart)	4D	150C
Perianth: inner	colour (RHS chart)	4D	145D
Perianth: lobes	reflexing	strong	weak to medium
Calyx: colour (I	RHS chart)	191B	145C
Calyx: hairiness	S	weak	medium
Calyx: colour o	f hairs	whitish	whitish
Flower buds: w	idth	medium	medium to broad
Flower buds: le	ngth	medium	medium
Flower buds: ha	airiness	weak to medium	medium to strong
Flower bud: col	lour of hairs	whitish	reddish
Pedicel: length		medium	short
Pedicel: hairine	SS	medium	medium
Style: length		medium	medium
☐ Style: hairiness		absent or very wea	k absent or very weak
□ Style: colour		white	white
Anther: position	n in relation to corolla	above	above
Anther: colour		yellow	yellow
<b>Prior Applications</b> Nil.	and Sales		

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Description: Robert Dunstone, Jojoba Science, Curtin, ACT.

Application Number 2009/177
Variety Name 'Isabell'
Genus Species Correa sp
Common Name Correa
Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 13 Aug 2009

**Applicant** Peter James Ollerenshaw, Bywong, NSW

**Agent** n/a

**Qualified Person** Robert Dunstone

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

LocationBywong Nursery, NSWDescriptorCorrea (Correa) PBR CORRPeriodJul 2009 – May 2010.

**Conditions** Cuttings of the three varieties were rooted and planted in a

pine bark based potting mix containing a coated fertiliser in 14 cm pots. Ten replicates per variety were set out in a randomised block pattern under natural light in a shade house,

pest control was not required.

**Trial Design** Randomised block.

**Measurements** Observations and measurements were taken from 10 plants or

parts per variety.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1986

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: A cross was made between Correa 'Candy Pink' and *C. pulchella* on 16 May 2003. Approximately 50 seedlings were germinated from the resulting seed and grown on in a greenhouse until flowering. Correa 'Isabell' was selected for light pink flowers and an early flowering pattern. The variety was propagated by cuttings over 7 generations to check for ease of propagation, uniformity and stability.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
growth habit	bush
height	medium
colour	pink
colour	dark green
	growth habit height colour

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'Candy Pink'	Commercial variety with pink flowers.	
'Winter Pink'	Commercial variety with pink flowers.	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Isabell'	'Candy Pink'	'Winter Pink'
Plant: growth habit	bush	bush	bush

	Plant: attitude of branches	semi-erect to prostrate	semi-erect	erect to semi-erect
	Plant: height	medium	medium	medium
	Stem: hairiness	strong	strong	strong
<b>V</b>	Stem: colour of hairs	whitish	reddish	reddish
	Stem: hairs (type)	simple	stellate	simple
<b>V</b>	Branchlets: hairiness	medium to strong	strong	medium to strong
<b>~</b>	Branchlets: colour of hairs	whitish	reddish	reddish
	Branchlets: type of hairs	stellate	stellate	stellate
<b>V</b>	Leaf: length	long	very long	medium
<b>V</b>	Leaf: width	broad	very broad	narrow
<b>V</b>	Leaf: shape	ovate	ovate	elliptic
	Leaf: apex	obtuse	obtuse	obtuse
<b>~</b>	Leaf: base	obtuse	rounded	obtuse
	Leaf: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Leaf: cross section	flat	flat	flat
	Leaf: longitudinal section	flat	flat	flat
	Leaf: arrangement	opposite	opposite	opposite
	Leaf: upper side hairiness	weak to medium	medium to strong	absent or very weak
	Leaf: upper side hairiness colour	whitish	whitish	whitish
	Leaf: upper side colour (RHS chart)	139A	137A	139A
	Leaf: upper side hairs type	stellate	stellate	stellate
	Leaf: lower side hairiness	weak to medium	strong	weak
	Leaf: lower side hairiness colour	whitish	whitish	whitish
	Leaf: lower side colour (RHS chart)	148B	148C	148C
	Leaf: lower side hairs type	stellate	stellate	stellate
	Petiole: length	short	very short	short to medium
	Petiole: hairiness	weak to medium	medium	strong
	Petiole: colour of hairs	reddish	reddish	reddish
	Petiole: hairs (type)	stellate	stellate	stellate
	Flowers: Flowers	solitary	solitary	solitary
	Flowers: attitude	prostrate	prostrate	pendulous
	Flowers: position	terminal	terminal	terminal

	Flowers: shape	campanulate	campanulate	campanulate
	Flowers: hairiness	weak to medium	weak	weak
	Flowers: length	medium	medium to long	short to medium
	Flowers: diameter	medium	medium	narrow
	Flowers: number of colours	one	one	one
~	Perianth: colour (RHS chart)	52D	51B	51B
	Perianth: distal colour (RHS chart)	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Perianth: inner colour (RHS chart)	50D	white	49B
	Perianth: lobes reflexing	weak	weak	medium
~	Calyx: colour (RHS chart)	195A	152C	146B
	Calyx: hairiness	weak to medium	medium	absent or very weak
	Calyx: colour of hairs	whitish	reddish	whitish
	Flower buds: width	narrow	narrow	narrow to medium
	Flower buds: length	short	short	short to medium
	Flower buds: hairiness	weak to medium	medium	weak to medium
	Flower bud: colour of hairs	whitish	whitish	whitish
	Pedicel: length	short	short	long
	Pedicel: hairiness	weak to medium	strong	absent or very weak
	Style: length	short	medium	long
	Style: hairiness	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Style: colour	white	white	white
<b>~</b>	Anther: position in relation to corolla	same level	above	above
	Anther: colour	yellow	yellow	yellow

## **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Description: Robert Dunstone, Jojoba Science, Curtin, ACT.

Application Number 2009/176
Variety Name 'Catie Bec'
Genus Species Correa sp
Common Name Correa
Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 13 Aug 2009

**Applicant** Peter James Ollerenshaw, Bywong, NSW

**Agent** n/a

**Qualified Person** Robert Dunstone

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

LocationBywong Nursery, NSWDescriptorCorrea (Correa) PBR CORRPeriodSept 2009 – May 2010.

**Conditions** Cuttings of the two varieties were rooted and planted in a pine

bark based potting mix containing a coated fertiliser in 14 cm pots. Ten replicates per variety were set out in a randomised block pattern under natural light in a shade house, pest control

was not required.

**Trial Design** Randomised block.

**Measurements** Observations and measurements were taken from 10 plants or

parts per variety.

**RHS Chart - edition** 2007

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: A cross was made between *Correa alba* and *Correa* 'C15c' on 23 May 2005. Approximately 30 seedlings were germinated from the resulting seed and grown on in a greenhouse until flowering. Correa 'Catie Bec' was selected for multiple flowers and a pink flower colour. The variety was propagated by cuttings over 6 generations to check for ease of propagation, uniformity and stability.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	bush
Plant	attitude	semi-erect
Plant	height	medium
Flower	colour	pink

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments

'Candy Pink' A commercial variety with pink flowers that is close to the candidate.

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

•	Distinguishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comments Comparator Variety
		, ar reel	

'Isabell' Flower arrangement multiple solitary The differences between

this variety and the candidate are established in the application for 'Isabell'.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Catie Bec'	'Candy Pink'
	Plant: growth habit	bush	bush
	Plant: attitude of branches	erect to semi-erect	tsemi-erect
	Plant: height	medium	medium
V	Stem: colour (RHS colour chart)	148B	146B
	Stem: hairiness	strong	strong
	Stem: colour of hairs	reddish	reddish
	Stem: hairs (type)	stellate	stellate
	Branchlets: hairiness	strong	strong
	Branchlets: colour of hairs	reddish	reddish
	Branchlets: type of hairs	stellate	stellate
	Leaf: length	very long	very long
	Leaf: width	very broad	very broad
V	Leaf: shape	rhombic	elliptic
	Leaf: apex	obtuse	obtuse
V	Leaf: base	cuneate	obtuse
	Leaf: undulation of margin	medium	very weak to weak
	Leaf: cross section	convex	flat
	Leaf: longitudinal section	flat	flat
	Leaf: arrangement	opposite	opposite
	Leaf: upper side hairiness	medium to strong	medium to strong
	Leaf: upper side hairiness colour	whitish	whitish
V	Leaf: upper side colour (RHS chart)	146A	137A
	Leaf: upper side hairs type	stellate	stellate
	Leaf: lower side hairiness	strong	strong
	Leaf: lower side hairiness colour	whitish	whitish
~	Leaf: lower side colour (RHS chart)	146B	148C
	Leaf: lower side hairs type	stellate	stellate
	Petiole: length	very short to short	very short

	Petiole: hairiness	medium	medium	
	Petiole: colour of hairs	reddish	reddish	
	Petiole: hairs (type)	stellate	stellate	
V	Flowers: arrangement	clustered	solitary	
	Flowers: attitude	prostrate	prostrate	
	Flowers: position	terminal	terminal	
	Flowers: shape	campanulate	campanulate	
	Flowers: hairiness	weak	weak	
	Flowers: length	medium to long	medium to long	
	Flowers: diameter	medium	medium	
	Flowers: number of colours	one	one	
V	Perianth: colour (RHS chart)	62B	51B	
<b>V</b>	Perianth: inner colour (RHS chart)	45B	white	
	Perianth: lobes reflexing	weak to medium	medium	
V	Calyx: colour (RHS chart)	146C	152C	
	Calyx: hairiness	weak to medium	medium	
	Calyx: colour of hairs	reddish	reddish	
	Flower buds: width	narrow to mediun	narrow	
	Flower buds: length	medium	short	
	Flower buds: hairiness	medium	medium	
	Flower bud: colour of hairs	whitish	whitish	
	Pedicel: length	short	short	
	Pedicel: hairiness	strong	strong	
	Style: length	medium	medium	
	Style: hairiness	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
	Style: colour	white	white	
	Anther: position in relation to corolla	below	same level	
	Anther: colour	yellow	yellow	
	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG gan/Plant Part: Context	'Catie Bec'	'Candy Pink'	
V	Corolla: proportion of splitness in relation to corolla length		25-50%	
	Corona, proportion of spinness in relation to corona length (25%)			

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Description: Robert Dunstone, Jojoba Science, Curtin, ACT.

Application Number 2009/175
Variety Name 'Jezabell'
Genus Species Correa sp
Common Name Correa
Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 13 Aug 2009

**Applicant** Peter James Ollerenshaw, Bywong, NSW

**Agent** n/a

**Qualified Person** Robert Dunstone

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

LocationBywong Nursery, NSWDescriptorCorrea (Correa) PBR CORRPeriodSep 2009 to May 2010

**Conditions** Cuttings of the four varieties were rooted and planted in a

pine bark based potting mix containing a coated fertiliser in 14 cm pots. Ten replicates per variety were set out in a randomised block pattern under natural light in a shade house,

pest control was not required.

**Trial Design** Randomised block.

**Measurements** Observations and measurements were taken from 10 plants or

parts per variety.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1986

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: A cross was made between Correa 'Candy Pink' and *C. pulchella* on 16 May 2003. Approximately 50 seedlings were germinated from the resulting seed and grown on in a greenhouse until flowering. Correa 'Jezabell' was selected for bright red flowers, heavy flowering and a late flowering pattern. The variety was propagated by cuttings over 7 generations to check for ease of propagation, uniformity and stability.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	bush
Plant	height	medium
Flower	number of colours	one
Perianth	colour	red group

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Dusky Bells'	Commercial variety with single colour red flowers.
'Little Cate'	Commercial variety with single colour red flowers.
Correa mannii	Native species with single colour red flowers.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	re of the comparators are marked	vitti a tick.	Correa		
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Jezabell'	mannii	'Dusky Bells'	'Little Cate'
	Plant: growth habit	bush	bush	bush	bush
	Plant: attitude of branches	erect	erect	erect to semi- erect	erect
	Plant: height	medium	medium	medium	medium
V	Stem: colour (RHS colour chart)	199A	200C	166A	146A
	Stem: hairiness	strong	strong	weak	medium
<b>V</b>	Stem: colour of hairs	brownish	reddish	whitish	reddish
	Stem: hairs (type)	stellate	stellate	simple	stellate
	Branchlets: hairiness	strong	strong	weak	medium to strong
	Branchlets: colour of hairs	brownish	reddish	reddish	reddish
	Branchlets: type of hairs	stellate	stellate	simple	stellate
	Leaf: length	very long	very long	long	long
	Leaf: width	very broad	very broad	broad	broad
<b>~</b>	Leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic	ovate	ovate
<b>V</b>	Leaf: apex	obtuse	obtuse	acute	rounded
	Leaf: base	rounded	rounded	rounded	rounded
	Leaf: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
<b>~</b>	Leaf: cross section	flat	convex	flat	concave
<b>V</b>	Leaf: longitudinal section	flat	concave	flat	flat
	Leaf: arrangement	opposite	opposite	opposite	opposite
	Leaf: upper side hairiness	weak	weak	weak	weak
	Leaf: upper side hairiness colour	whitish	whitish	whitish	whitish
<b>V</b>	Leaf: upper side colour (RHS chart)	147A	137A	139A	139A
	Leaf: upper side hairs type	stellate	stellate	stellate	stellate
	Leaf: lower side hairiness	weak to medium	medium	weak	weak
	Leaf: lower side hairiness colour	brownish	whitish	whitish	whitish
<b>V</b>	Leaf: lower side colour (RHS chart)	147B	147C	147B	138B
	Leaf: lower side hairs type	stellate	stellate	stellate	stellate
	Petiole: length	very short	short	short	short
	Petiole: hairiness	strong	medium	weak	weak to medium

	Petiole: colour of hairs	reddish	reddish	whitish	reddish
	Petiole: hairs (type)	stellate	stellate	simple	stellate
	Flowers: Flowers	solitary	solitary	solitary	solitary
	Flowers: attitude	pendulous	pendulous	pendulous	pendulous
	Flowers: position	terminal	terminal	terminal	terminal
	Flowers: shape	campanulate	campanulate	campanulate	campanulate
	Flowers: hairiness	weak to medium	medium	weak	medium
	Flowers: length	medium	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
	Flowers: diameter	medium to broad	medium	medium	medium to broad
	Flowers: number of colours	one	one	one	one
<b>V</b>	Perianth: colour (RHS chart)	45A	53B	53C	54A
<b>~</b>	Perianth: inner colour (RHS chart)	47D	1C	54C	54A
	Perianth: lobes reflexing	medium	medium	medium	strong
	Calyx: colour (RHS chart)	144A	146C	146B	144A
	Calyx: hairiness	weak	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak
	Calyx: colour of hairs	brownish	reddish	whitish	reddish
	Flower buds: width	medium	medium	medium	medium
		_			short to
	Flower buds: length	short to medium	medium	medium	medium
			medium medium	medium weak to medium	
	Flower buds: length	medium weak to		weak to	medium weak to
	Flower buds: length Flower buds: hairiness	medium weak to medium whitish medium	medium whitish medium	weak to medium whitish short	medium weak to medium
	Flower buds: length  Flower buds: hairiness  Flower bud: colour of hairs	medium weak to medium whitish medium	medium whitish	weak to medium whitish short	medium weak to medium whitish
	Flower buds: length  Flower buds: hairiness  Flower bud: colour of hairs  Pedicel: length	medium weak to medium whitish medium absent or very weak long	medium whitish medium absent or very weak medium	weak to medium whitish short	medium weak to medium whitish medium
	Flower buds: length  Flower buds: hairiness  Flower bud: colour of hairs  Pedicel: length  Pedicel: hairiness	medium weak to medium whitish medium absent or very weak	medium whitish medium absent or very weak medium	weak to medium whitish short weak medium	medium weak to medium whitish medium weak long
	Flower buds: length  Flower buds: hairiness  Flower bud: colour of hairs  Pedicel: length  Pedicel: hairiness  Style: length	medium weak to medium whitish medium absent or very weak long absent or very	medium whitish medium absent or very weak medium	weak to medium whitish short weak medium absent or very	medium weak to medium whitish medium weak long absent or very
	Flower buds: length  Flower buds: hairiness  Flower bud: colour of hairs  Pedicel: length  Pedicel: hairiness  Style: length  Style: hairiness	medium weak to medium whitish medium absent or very weak long absent or very weak	medium whitish medium absent or very weak medium weak	weak to medium whitish short weak medium absent or very weak	medium weak to medium whitish medium weak long absent or very weak

#### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Robert Dunstone, Jojoba Science, Curtin, ACT.

Application Number2009/283Variety Name'Gullygold'Genus SpeciesCynodon dactylon

**Common Name** Couchgrass

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 02 Feb 2010

**Applicant** Thomas G. Parker, Wisemans Ferry, NSW **Agent** Dad & Dave's Turf, Pitt Town, NSW

**Qualified Person** Matthew Roche

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Department of Employment, Economic Development and

Innovation (DEEDI), Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, Qld (Latitude 27°32′ South, Longitude 153°15′ East,

elevation 25 masl).

**Descriptor** Cynodon (Cynodon dactylon x C. transvaalensis) PBR CYNO

**Period** 22 Jul 2009 to 18 Jun 2010

**Conditions** Individual propagules (four per tube) were grown in 60 x 60

mm tubes until covered and planted on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil 22 Jul 2009; plants not defoliated; weed control by pre-emergence oxadiazon (31 Jul and 5 Nov 2009) and nutrition maintained by slow release fertiliser (15 Oct 9)

applied 31 Jul 2009.

**Trial Design** Thirty spaced plants of each variety ('QLD-Coast' and 'BT-

1') were arranged in six randomised blocks with five plants per plot; 1.5 m between plots, 1.5 m between plants within

plots.

**Measurements** Four diameter of spread measurements were taken per plant

(1 Sep, 16 Sep and 28 Sep 2009 (68 DPP); two stolons per plant were collected 29-30 Sep 2009 and stolon and leaf characteristics were measured; two flowering tillers were collected per plant 15-18 Jun 2010 and leaf and inflorescence characteristics were measured; inflorescence density (no. m²) and average sward height per plant were acquired 9 Jun 2010 (322 DPP); exposed leaf and stolon colour using the Royal Horticultural Society (RHS) colour chart (2007 (fifth) edition) were assessed 22 Sep 2009; digital photos of stolons were

taken 18 Jun 2010.

**RHS Chart - edition** 2007 (fifth) edition

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: discovered in Feb 2006 by Thomas G. Parker as a chance seedling or mutant plant growing among "Common" green couch (*Cynodon dactylon*) in a cricket wicket at Wisemans Ferry, NSW. A selected piece of sod was removed from the wicket block and grown in a pot to undertake initial observations. In Feb 2007 a sample of this material was taken and provided to Dad and Dave's Turf farm, Pitt Town, NSW to grow-on, multiply and take further observations. Following 4 periods of multiplication since Feb 2006 the original plant has not shown any discernible off types. Approximately  $300\text{m}^2$  of turf has been produced as a nursery stock at the NSW farm. Observations undertaken from Thomas Parker and Graeme Colless of Dad and Dave's Turf have reported that the plant is very quick to run across the surface, recovers quickly after scalping and produces a dark green colour with no

fertiliser input.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Internode	length	long
Culm	length	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Silmal Varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)					
Name	Comments				
'Riley's Evergreen'	Trademarked as Conquest in Australia.				
'JT1'	Trademarked as Hardy Turf in Australia.				
'Tifton 10'	•				

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Gullygold'	'JT1'	'Riley's Evergreen'	'Tifton 10'	
Plant: habit	creeping				
Plant: type	mat-forming				
Plant: height	tall				
Plant: longevity	perennial				
Plant: spreading	stolons and rhizomes				
Stolon: nodes	compound				
Stolon: internode ength	long	long	long	long	
Stolon: internode hickness	medium				
Stolon: colour when xposed to sunlight	grey brown N199A	agrey brown N199A	A brown green 147B	brown purple N077A	
Culms: length	medium	medium	medium	medium	
Leaf blade: shape	linear-triangular				
Leaf blade: length	long				
Leaf blade: width	medium				
Leaf blade: colour	dark green 137A	brown green 137B		dark green 147A	
Ligule: appearance	pubescent				
Inflorescence: type	digitate				
Inflorescence: length of peduncle	medium				
Inflorescence: naximum number of pikes	6	6	5	4	
Inflorescence:	3	3	3	3	

minimum number of spikes

Spin	Co	
	Culms: habit	medium
	Inflorescence: anther	present

**Statistical Table** 

<u>Statisfical Table</u>							
Organ/Plant Part:	'Gullygold'	'JT1'	'Riley's	'Tifton 10'			
Context	Gunygolu	911	Evergreen'	THIOH IO			
Plant: mean diameter after 68 days (cm)							
Mean	92.80	83.20	124.60	132.10			
Std. Deviation	35.50	47.00	24.30	27.90			
LSD/sig	33.93	ns	ns	P≤0.01			
Stolon node: number	r of branch stolons	at node three (spac	ed plants)				
Mean	1.48	1.40	1.67	1.52			
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.13	0.93	0.79			
LSD/sig	0.48	ns	ns	ns			
Stolon node: number							
Mean	2.25	2.47	2.87	2.85			
Std. Deviation	0.68	0.53	0.68	0.95			
LSD/sig	0.38		P<0.01	0.93 P≤0.01			
		ns	_	F≥0.01			
Stolon node: number	r of branch stolons						
Mean	2.65	3.67	3.53	3.68			
Std. Deviation	0.71	0.77	0.68	1.11			
LSD/sig	0.49	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Stolon node: number	r of branch stolons	at node six (spaced	l plants)				
Mean	2.90	3.98	4.00	3.97			
Std. Deviation	0.88	1.00	1.07	1.04			
LSD/sig	0.62	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
□ Stolon node: combin	ned number of bran	ch stolons at nodes	two to six (spaced	nlants)			
Mean	10.35	12.53	13.18	13.08			
Std. Deviation	2.19	1.24	2.59	3.23			
LSD/sig	1.61	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
		_					
Stolon node: length	86.16	60.22	69.07	67.06			
Mean Std. Deviation	21.17	2.23	10.38	12.49			
LSD/sig	10.08	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Stolon node: diamete	er of fourth interno	de from stolon tip (	(mm)				
Mean	1.20	1.39	1.37	1.43			
Std. Deviation	0.15	11.70	0.15	0.16			
LSD/sig	0.20	ns	ns	P≤0.01			
Stolon node: length	of sheath on fourth	visible node from	stolon tip (mm)				
Mean Mean	15.31	12.43	12.41	17.40			
Std. Deviation	2.57	0.16	2.05	2.94			
LSD/sig	1.28	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
<u> </u>							
Stolon node: length							
Mean	18.73	12.65	9.92	18.28			
Std. Deviation	5.56	1.70	2.94	4.26			

LSD/sig	2.52	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns			
Stolon node: width of leaf blade on fourth visible node from stolon tip (mm)							
Mean	2.92	2.39	2.62	3.47			
Std. Deviation	0.64	4.16	0.84	0.40			
LSD/sig	0.32	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01			
Stolon node: length:	width ratio of fourt	h visible node fron	n stolon tip				
Mean	6.58	5.66	3.89	5.27			
Std. Deviation	2.01	0.55	1.02	1.12			
LSD/sig	0.97	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Flowering tiller: leng				1_0.01			
Mean	83.75	59.37	61.64	58.93			
Std. Deviation	15.92	11.87	9.15	8.96			
	12.15	P≤0.01	9.13 P≤0.01	8.90 P≤0.01			
LSD/sig				r <u>≤</u> 0.01			
Flowering tiller: leng	gth of leaf blade on	flag leaf on flower	ring tillers (mm)				
Mean	26.04	17.09	13.53	10.39			
Std. Deviation	15.99	9.83	7.00	3.28			
LSD/sig	7.41	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Flowering tiller: wid	th of leaf blade on	flag leaf on flower	ing tillers (mm)				
Mean	2.40	1.51	1.61	1.77			
Std. Deviation	0.67	0.50	0.39	0.36			
LSD/sig	0.29	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Flowering tiller: leng	eth:width ratio of le	eaf blade on flag le	af on flowering till	ers			
Mean	10.25	11.08	8.16	5.95			
Std. Deviation	3.89	3.99	3.27	1.79			
LSD/sig	2.63	ns	ns	P≤0.01			
Flowering tiller: leng							
Mean	21.82	14.49	12.82	11.18			
Std. Deviation	4.56	3.95	3.38	2.99			
LSD/sig	3.14	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
				1_0.01			
Flowering tiller: leng				21.25			
Mean Std. Deviation	55.04	40.29	32.03	21.25			
Std. Deviation	15.81	12.04 P<0.01	9.93 P<0.01	9.41 P<0.01			
LSD/sig	7.78	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Stolon node: number							
Mean	1.07	1.02	1.12	1.07			
Std. Deviation	0.25	0.50	0.56	0.36			
LSD/sig	0.24	ns	ns	ns			
Flowering tiller: wid	th of leaf blade on	fourth leaf on flow	ering tillers (mm)				
Mean	3.36	2.31	2.59	2.60			
Std. Deviation	0.54	0.45	0.35	0.35			
LSD/sig	0.35	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Flowering tiller: leng	gth:width ratio of le	eaf blade on fourth	leaf on flowering t	illers			
Mean	16.66	17.79	13.13	8.30			
Std. Deviation	5.33	5.92	5.30	4.00			
LSD/sig	3.09	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
	rth of fourth interes	ada an flavorina (	llore (mm)				
Flowering tiller: leng Mean	gth of fourth interno	ode on flowering ti	13.74	10.02			
1VICAII	41.34	13.17	13.14	10.02			

Std. Deviation	7.69	5.47	5.57	2.61
LSD/sig	4.35	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: dian	neter of fourth inte	rnode on flowering	tillers (mm)	
Mean	1.04	0.87	0.79	1.09
Std. Deviation	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.16
LSD/sig	0.13	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Flowering tiller: leng	th of peduncle (mr		_	
Mean	97.87	73.26	85.00	71.83
Std. Deviation	19.63	13.60	14.79	12.51
LSD/sig	15.64	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: dian		_		_
Mean	0.70	0.70	0.58	0.65
Std. Deviation	0.10	0.12	0.07	0.03
LSD/sig	0.08	ns	P≤0.01	ns
			1_0.01	113
Flowering tiller: mea				
Mean	58.97	42.12	38.20	42.42
Std. Deviation	10.78	8.42	6.29	5.06
LSD/sig	7.68	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: num	ber of spikes on flo	owering tillers		
Mean	4.55	4.43	4.63	3.47
Std. Deviation	0.53	0.56	0.49	0.50
LSD/sig	0.44	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: count	(no. m2) 19 May 2	010		
Mean	1.03	3.70	11.77	9.50
Std. Deviation	1.10	2.97	4.75	5.56
LSD/sig	2.69	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Sward: height (19 M	av 2010) (cm)			
Mean	33.53	31.85	32.83	32.70
Std. Deviation	6.12	3.66	4.91	3.73
LSD/sig	3.86	ns	ns	ns

## $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Matthew Roche, Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, Qld.

**Application Number** 2010/035 **Variety Name** 'Maki'

Genus Species Pisum sativum
Common Name Field Pea
Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Apr 2010

**Applicant** Plant Research (NZ) Ltd, Lincoln, New Zealand

**Agent** The University of Sydney

**Qualified Person** Stephen Moore

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** The University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

**NSW** 

**Descriptor** Pea (*Pisum sativum*) TG/7/9

**Period** May – Nov 2009

**Conditions** Sown into cereal stubble from previous season, self mulching

black soil Field H14. No fertiliser applied.

**Trial Design** Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks,12m long and

2m wide (5 rows) in 3 replicates.

Measurements Taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: a hybridisation was made between the maternal parent (Proton51/Crusader) and paternal parent (Almota/Crusader) in a greenhouse at Plant Research Ltd, New Zealand. After producing an F<sub>2</sub> population from this cross selected F<sub>2</sub> plants were screened for resistance to bean yellow mosaic virus using mechanical inoculation, psbmv using a molecular marker and for powdery mildew resistance using natural infection with mildew. Single plant selections were made for the following three generations in field nurseries located in New Zealand and in Washington State USA, at which time a row designated as AP18 was bulked in 2003. This line was evaluated in preliminary trials and further bulked up for replicated field trials. The selection criteria was disease resistance (confirming resistance to powdery mildew and pea seed borne mosaic virus, maturity, semi-leafless character, lodging resistance and grain yield potential. Following successful replicated field trials seed production commenced in 2004 in the USA followed by further multiplication in New Zealand. Seed was sent to The University of Sydney under a testing agreement in 2005. Breeder: Mr. Adrian Russell, Plant Research (NZ) Ltd, Lincoln, New Zealand.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<i>3</i>	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{C}}$	
Organ/Plant	Part Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	presence of leaflets	absent
Plant	anthocyanin colouration	absent
Seed	colour of cotyledon	green
Pod	degree of curvature	absent or very weak

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'Crusader'	Parent of 'Maki'.	
'Excell'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Disting	uishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Parafield'	Leaf	presence of leaflets	absent	present
'Almota'	Leaf	presence of leaflets	absent	present
'Proton 51'	Leaf	presence of leaflets	absent	present
'Cressy Blue'	Leaf	presence of leaflets	absent	present
'Kaspa'	Plant	presence of anthocyanin colouration	absent	present
'Yarrum'	Plant	presence of anthocyanin colouration	absent	present

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Maki'	'Crusader'	'Excell'
	Seed: shape	spherical	spherical	spherical
	*Seed: colour of cotyledon	green	green	green
	Seed: dimpled cotyledons (varieties n unwrinkled seed and simple starch ns only)	absent	absent	absent
	*Plant: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent
	*Foliage: colour	green	green	green
□ yell	Foliage: intensity of colour (excluding ow-green and blue-green varieties)	dark	dark	dark
	Foliage: greyish hue	present	present	absent
	*Stipule: type of development	well developed	well developed	well developed
	Stipule: 'rabbit-eared stipules'	absent	absent	absent
□ stip	Stipule: waxiness of surface of upper ule	present	present	present
	*Stipule: flecking	present	present	present
	Stipule: maximum density of flecking	dense	dense	dense
	*Time of: flowering	early to medium	early to medium	early
nod	*Plant: maximum number of flowers pe e (non-fasciated varieties only)	ertwo	two	two
□ with	Flower: colour of standard (varieties nout anthocyanin only)	white	white	white
	Pod: parchment	partially present	partially present	partially present
	*Pod: degree of curvature	absent or very	absent or very	absent or very

	weak	weak	weak
*Pod: type of curvature	concave	concave	concave
*Pod: shape of distal part (varieties without thickened pod wall only)	blunt	blunt	blunt
*Pod: colour	green	blue-green	green
Pod: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	medium
Pod: strings of suture (varieties with no or partial parchment only)	present	present	present
*Pod: number of ovules	few to medium	medium	medium
Pod: intensity of green colour of immature seed	very light to light	light	very light to light
Seed: time of maturity	medium to late	medium	medium
Seed: wrinkling of cotyledon	absent	absent	absent
Resistance to: <i>Erysiphe pisi</i> Syd.	present	absent	absent
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Maki'	'Crusader'	'Excell'
Plant: height (mm)	1724111	CI usuaci	Zacon
Mean	465.00	397.67	489.33
Std. Deviation	47.88	43.45	22.27
LSD/sig	30.26	P≤0.01	ns
Stipule: length (mm)			
Supuic. Ichgui (Illiii)			
Mean	64.03	64.10	59.93
	64.03 10.03	64.10 7.27	59.93 6.35
Mean			
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	10.03	7.27	6.35
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm)	10.03 7.40	7.27 ns	6.35 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	10.03	7.27	6.35
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean	10.03 7.40 36.42	7.27 ns 35.53	6.35 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70	6.35 ns 32.83 4.50
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm)	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns	6.35 ns 32.83 4.50 P≤0.01
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm) Mean	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55 57.30	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns	6.35 ns 32.83 4.50 P≤0.01 57.50
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm)	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns	6.35 ns 32.83 4.50 P≤0.01
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55 57.30 4.82	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns 54.33 4.84	6.35 ns 32.83 4.50 P≤0.01 57.50 5.23
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: maximum width (mm)	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55 57.30 4.82 5.90	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns 54.33 4.84 ns	6.35 ns 32.83 4.50 P≤0.01 57.50 5.23 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: maximum width (mm) Mean	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55 57.30 4.82 5.90	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns 54.33 4.84 ns	6.35 ns 32.83 4.50 P≤0.01 57.50 5.23 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: maximum width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55 57.30 4.82 5.90	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns 54.33 4.84 ns	6.35 ns 32.83 4.50 P≤0.01 57.50 5.23 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: maximum width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55 57.30 4.82 5.90	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns 54.33 4.84 ns	6.35 ns  32.83 4.50 P≤0.01  57.50 5.23 ns  10.60 1.54
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: maximum width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Petiole: length (mm)	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55 57.30 4.82 5.90 10.56 1.45 1.56	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns 54.33 4.84 ns 10.07 0.94 ns	6.35 ns  32.83 4.50 P≤0.01  57.50 5.23 ns  10.60 1.54 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: maximum width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55 57.30 4.82 5.90	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns 54.33 4.84 ns	6.35 ns  32.83 4.50 P≤0.01  57.50 5.23 ns  10.60 1.54
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Stipule: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Pod: maximum width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Petiole: length (mm)	10.03 7.40 36.42 2.48 3.55 57.30 4.82 5.90 10.56 1.45 1.56	7.27 ns 35.53 2.70 ns 54.33 4.84 ns 10.07 0.94 ns	6.35 ns  32.83 4.50 P≤0.01  57.50 5.23 ns  10.60 1.54 ns

Mean	64.80	59.50	66.60
Std. Deviation	7.92	13.32	9.13
LSD/sig	9.48	ns	ns

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior application nil. First sold in Australia in Apr 2009.

Description: Steve Moore, The University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

**Application Number** 2004/320

Variety Name 'Sugranineteen' Genus Species Vitis vinifera

Common Name Grape

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 21 Dec 2004

ApplicantSun World International, LLC, USAAgentSun World Australasia, Bathurst, NSW

**Qualified Person** Garth Swinburn

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

LocationGol Gol, NSW, AustraliaDescriptorGrapevine (Vitis) TG/50/8PeriodAug 2006 – Apr 2010.

**Conditions** The candidate red table grape and two comparator varieties

were grafted onto 'Ruggeri' rootstock and planted in the

vineyard at a commercial nursery at Gol Gol, NSW.

**Trial Design** A replicated trial was established within a single row of vines.

3-vine plots of each variety were replicated five times in

blocks along the row.

**Measurements** Measurements were made on shoots, leaves, bunches, berries

and juice.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1985

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 89345-090-144 x 89361-091-364. Sunworld parental breeding lines were crossed in May 1993 using hybridisation and subsequent ovule culture of normally abortive seeds. The new selection first flowered in May 1996 and was first asexually propagated by David W. Cain in Dec 1996 using hardwood cuttings.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	time of budburst	medium
Berry	colour	red
Berry	time of maturity	medium to late
Berry	presence of seeds	seedless
Berry	size	medium to large

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

1,10st Sillille   tellettes	or common time weage racintimes ( v car)	
Name	Comments	
'Crimson Seedless'	red, seedless, elliptical table grape maturing mid- late in the season.	
'Red Rob'	large, red to black, seedless table grape maturing mid- late in the	
	season	

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expressio	n in State of Expression in
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Variety	y Comparator Variety
'Ruby Seedless'	berry	size	large	small-medium

'Ralli Seedless'	fruit	maturity	late	early
'Red Globe'	berry	presence of seeds	seedless	seeded
'Emperor'	berry	presence of seeds	seedless	seeded
'Flame Seedless'	Fruit	maturity	late	early

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sugranineteen'	'Crimson Seedless'	''Red Rob'
*Time of: bud burst (varieties for fruit production only)	medium	medium	medium
*Young shoot: openness of tip	fully open	wide open	wide open
*Young shoot: density of prostrate hairs on tip	sparse	medium	sparse
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	weak	medium	medium
*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	light copper-red	light copper-red	light copper-red
Young leaf: density of prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Young leaf: density of erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	medium	medium
Shoot: attitude	horizontal to semi- drooping	semi-erect	semi-erect
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internode	green with red stripes	green with red stripes	green with red stripes
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internode	completely green	completely green	completely green
Shoot: number of consecutive tendrils	less than three	less than three	less than three
*Flower: sexual organs	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed
*Adult leaf: size of blade	large	large	medium to large
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	pentagonal	pentagonal	pentagonal
Mature leaf: profile in cross section	undulate	V-shaped	V-shaped
Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium to deep	medium	deep

Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses	slightly overlapped	open	strongly overlapped
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	slightly open	half open	slightly open
Mature leaf: petiole sinus limited by veins	absent	absent	absent
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	short to medium	medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width or	f <sub>medium</sub>	medium	medium
teeth	mixture of both		
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	sides straight & both sides convex	both sides convex	both sides convex
*Mature leaf: anthocyanin colouration of main veins on upper side of blade	weak to medium	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: density of prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Mature leaf: density of erect hair on main veins on lower side of blade	<sub>S</sub> absent or very sparse	sparse	medium
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to middle vein	slightly shorter	slightly longer	slightly longer
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening (varieties for fruit production only)	late	medium	medium
*Bunch: size	large	medium	medium to large
*Bunch: density	medium	medium	medium to dense
*Bunch: length of peduncle	short	medium	medium
*Berry: size	large	medium	medium to large
*Berry: shape in profile	broad elliptic	oblong	ovate
*Berry: colour of skin	grey-red	red	red
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	difficult	relatively easy	relatively easy
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	very weak to weak	weak to medium	strong
Berry: firmness of flesh	soft	slightly firm	very firm
Berry: juiciness of flesh	very juicy	very juicy	slightly juicy
*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none

*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	absent	rudimentary
□ Woody shoot: main colour	reddish brown	reddish brown	yellowish brown
Woody shoot: relief of surface	striate	striate	striate

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sugranineteen'	'Crimson Seedless	''Red Rob'
Berry: presence of bloom	medium	weak	strong

### **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sugranineteen'	'Crimson Seedless	s' 'Red Rob'
Leaf blade: ratio petiole to main v	ein length		
Mean	0.98	0.96	0.87
Std. Deviation	0.16	0.18	0.17
LSD/sig	0.087	ns	P≤.01
Berry: brix(%)			
Mean	16.20	18.04	15.24
Std. Deviation	2.08	2.70	1.58
LSD/sig	0.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: ratio length to width			
Mean	0.75	0.74	0.84
Std. Deviation	0.08	0.08	0.09
LSD/sig	0.04	ns	P≤0.01
Berry: ratio length to diameter			
Mean	1.28	1.38	1.18
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.13	0.10
LSD/sig	0.03	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Berry: length(mm)			
Mean	25.48	25.48	24.93
Std. Deviation	2.16	2.16	2.47
LSD/sig	0.74	P≤0.01	ns
Berry: width(mm)			
Mean	19.97	16.26	21.24
Std. Deviation	1.74	1.32	1.99
LSD/sig	0.51	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Berry: weight(g)			
Mean	5.70	3.50	6.10
Std. Deviation	1.00	0.70	1.36
LSD/sig	1.93	P≤0.01	ns

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Chile	2005	Granted	'Sugranineteen'
Israel	2006	Applied	'Sugranineteen'
EU	2007	Applied	'Sugranineteen'
USA	2001	Granted	'Sugranineteen'

South Africa	2005	Applied	'Sugranineteen'
Brazil	2007	Applied	'Sugranineteen'
New Zealand	2009	Applied	'Sugranineteen'

First sold in October 2003 in USA.

Description: Alison MacGregor, Scholefield & Robinson Mildura Pty Ltd, Mildura, VIC.

Application Number 2008/261 Variety Name 'Fire Cracker'

**Genus Species** Grevillea alpina x rosmarinifolia

**Common Name** Grevillea **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 08 Oct 2008

**Applicant** Michael Wood, Kalaru, NSW

**Agent** Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS

**Qualified Person** Steve Eggleton

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

LocationWonga Park, VIC, AustraliaDescriptorGrevillea PBR GREV.Period2009 to Jun 2010

**Conditions** Trial conducted in the open condition, plants propagated from

cuttings and transferred from tubes to 140mm pots in Jun 2009. Pots filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers. Appropriate pest and disease

treatments were applied as required.

**Trial Design** Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design.

**Measurements** Randomly selected 10 plants from each variety.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: pollination occurred between the maternal parent *Grevillea alpina* (Grampians form) and the pollen parent of *G. rosmarinifolia* 'Rosy's Baby'. In June 2004, seed was collected and sown and a subsequent seedling was raised and grown to flowering maturity where it was initially selected for its growth habit and flower number in May 2005. A further generation was the grown via cuttings. Final selection criteria was plant habit dense and flower colour bright yellow and red. All subsequent generations have remained uniform and stable. Propagation is via cuttings.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

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<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	height	short
Leaf	colour of upper side	light green
Leaf	division of blade	all leaves entire on plant
Leaf	shape of blade outline	linear
Bud	colour of perianth	red
Inflorescence	predominant colour	red
Bud	limb colour	yellow

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

<b>▼</b> T	•
Name	Comments
Name	Commens

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Bonnie Prince Charlie'

### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin Characteristi	0	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	nState of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
G. alpina (Grampians form)	Plant	growth habit	bushy	spreading	Maternal parent.
'Rosy's Baby	'Inflorescence	predominant colour	red	pink	Paternal parent.
'Fireworks'	Plant	attitude of branches	semi-erect	erect	
'Fireworks' 'Charlie's Angel'	Plant Plant	growth habit growth habit	bushy bushy	upright prostrate	

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Fire Cracker'	'Bonnie Prince Charlie'
	Plant: growth habit	bushy	upright
	Plant: attitude of branches	semi-erect	erect to semi-erect
	Plant: height	short (< 1m)	short (< 1m)
flov	Plant: density (assessment of foliage at wering)	dense	medium
	Young stem: colour	greyed orange	greyed orange
	Stem: colour	greyed orange	greyed orange
	Stem: hairiness	weak	weak
	Petiole: length	very short	very short
	Leaf: length	very short (< 5cm)	very short (< 5cm)
	Leaf: width at widest point	very narrow (< 5cm)	very narrow (< 5cm)
	Leaf: attitude to stem	erect to semi-erect	semi-erect
	Leaf: curvature of margin	flat or slightly recurved, under surface on either side of the mid vein wholly exposed	flat or slightly recurved, under surface on either side of the mid vein wholly exposed
	Leaf: colour of upper side (including hairs)	light green	light green
	Leaf: colour of lower side (including hairs)	light green	light green
	Leaf: degree of hairiness on upper side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	Leaf: degree of hairiness on lower side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	Leaf: undulation of margin	weak	weak to medium
	Leaf: division of blade	all leaves on plant entire	all leaves on plant entire
divi	Leaf: shape of blade outline (varieties with ision of blade absent only)	linear	linear

Flowering branch: position of inflorescence	terminal only	terminal only
Inflorescence: length	very short	short
Inflorescence: width	very narrow to narrow	narrow to medium
Inflorescence: predominant colour	red	red
Inflorescence: density of florets	dense	medium to dense
Inflorescence: number of flowers	few to medium	few to medium
Inflorescence: attitude	horizontal to semi- drooping	horizontal to semi- drooping
Inflorescence: form	cylindrical	cylindrical
Inflorescence: branching	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Inflorescence: sequence of opening of the flowers	centrifugal	centrifugal
Rachis: length	very short to short	short
Bud: colour of perianth	red	red
Bud: colour of limb	yellow	yellow
Bud: attitude of limb in relation to longitudinal axis of bud (late bud prior to anthesis)	drooping	drooping
Flower: attitude of pedicel in relation to rachis	leaning towards inflorescence peduncle	leaning towards inflorescence peduncle
Flower: length of pedicel	very short	short
Perianth: colour	red	red
Perianth: degree of hairiness (outside of perianth including limb)	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Perianth: coherence of tepals on dorsal side	less than one third	less than one third
Perianth: coherence of tepals on ventral side		greater than two thirds
Tepal: flanging at margin	weak	absent or very weak
Nectary: colour	yellow	white
Ovary: colour	green	green
Ovary: hairiness	strong to very strong	strong to very strong
Style: colour	red	red
Style: curvature (after anthesis before dehiscence of perianth)	straight	straight
Style: hairiness	weak to medium	weak to medium
Style: position of hairs	evenly distributed along length	evenly distributed along length
Pistil: length	short	medium

Pistil: length in relation to length of pe	erianthmuch longer	much longer
Stigma: colour	green	green
Pollen presenter: attitude to style	lateral	lateral
Pollen presenter: colour	green	green
Pollen presenter: shape	flat	flat
Pollen: colour	yellow	yellow

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Fire Cracker'	'Bonnie Prince Charlie'
leaf: colour of upper side (RHS)	yellow-green 146A	yellow-green 146A
leaf: colour of lower side (RHS)	yellow-green 146C	yellow-green 147B
□ Bud: colour of limb (RHS)	yellow 9A	yellow 12A
perianth: colour (RHS)	red 42A	red 42A
Style: colour (RHS)	red 47A	red 47A

**Statistical Table** 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Fire Cracker'	'Bonnie Prince Charlie'
Leaf: length (mm)		
Mean	20.40	33.50
Std. Deviation	2.30	2.70
LSD/sig	2.3	P≤0.01
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	4.30	5.40
Std. Deviation	0.30	0.50
LSD/sig	0.4	P≤0.01
Pistil: length (mm)		
Mean	19.00	25.60
Std. Deviation	0.50	0.70
LSD/sig	0.6	P≤0.01

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Steve Eggleton., Plant Growers Australia, Wonga Park, VIC.

**Application Number** 2009/038

Variety Name 'Ninderry-Sunrise'

**Genus Species** Grevillea formosa x Grevillea banksii

**Common Name** Grevillea **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 8 Jul 2009

**Applicant** Waragrow Holdings Pty Ltd T/as Fairhill Native Plants &

Botanic Gardens, Yandina, QLD

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** David Hockings

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Fairhill Native Plants & Botanic Gardens, Yandina, QLD

**Descriptor** Grevillea (*Grevillea*) PBR GREV

**Period** Mar – Apr 2010

**Conditions** Open nursery conditions, 140 mm pots on concrete floor and

with no overhead shade.

**Trial Design** 10 plants of each of the candidate and both comparators.

Arranged in 2 replicated and randomised blocks.

**Measurements** Measurements from all plants.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1986.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent *Grevillea formosa* x pollen parent *Grevillea banksii*. The seed parent is characterised by yellow-green flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by red flower colour. Pollen was collected from *G. banksii* and dusted on the stigma disks of emasculated *G. formosa* flowers. The main objective of the breeding program was to combine the vigour and flower colour of *G. banksii* with the large flower size of *G. formosa*. The resulting seeds were collected from the *G. formosa* parent and sown. The plants were evaluated for size and vigour; flower colour and size; longevity of flowering period. The plants which did not show the desired characteristics were eliminated and the selected plants were planted into trial plots for further evaluation. After a period of three years of evaluation 'Ninderry-Sunrise' was selected with the desired characteristics. Breeder: Nick Hansa, Fairhill Native Plants & Botanic Gardens, Yandina, QLD.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	Spreading
Plant	attitude of branches	semi-erect to prostrate
Plant	height	Medium
Flowering branch	position of inflorescence	terminal only
Inflorescence	attitude	horizontal to semi-drooping

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Ivory Whip'	Similar growth habit. Also bred from <i>Grevillea formosa</i>

'Billy Bonkers'

parentage.

Similar growth habit. Also bred from *Grevillea formosa* parentage.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishi Characteris	O	-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Cooroora Cascade'	Plant	growth habit	spreading	prostrate	
Grevillea formosa	Flower	colour	orange-pink	yellow-green	seed parent

	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.						
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Ninderry-Sunrise	''Billy Bonkers'	'Ivory Whip'			
	Plant: growth habit	spreading	spreading	spreading			
	Plant: attitude of branches	semi-erect to prostrate	semi-erect to prostrate	semi-erect to prostrate			
	Plant: height	medium (1-3m)	medium (1-3m)	medium (1-3m)			
□ foli	Plant: density (assessment of age at flowering)	medium to dense	dense to very dense	medium to dense			
	Young stem: colour	greyed orange	greyed orange	greyed orange			
	Stem: colour	greyed orange	brown	greyed orange			
	Stem: hairiness	strong to very strong	strong to very strong	very strong			
	Petiole: length	medium to long	medium	medium to long			
	Leaf: length	medium (10-15cm)	short (5-10cm)	long (15-20cm)			
	Leaf: width at widest point	broad (15-20cm)	medium (10-15cm)	medium (10-15cm)			
	Leaf: attitude to stem	semi-erect	semi-erect to horizontal	semi-erect			
	Leaf: curvature of margin	smoothly recurved, under surface on either side of the mid-vein partly exposed	smoothly recurved, under surface on either side of the mid-vein partly exposed	smoothly recurved, under surface on either side of the mid-vein partly exposed			
(inc	Leaf: colour of upper side cluding hairs)	dark green	dark green	dark green			
(inc	Leaf: colour of lower side cluding hairs)	medium green	medium green	medium green			
side	Leaf: degree of hairiness on upper	weak	weak	weak			
side	Leaf: degree of hairiness on lower	strong	strong	strong			

Leaf: undulation of margin very weak very weak some or all leaves on plant divided on plant
Leaf: division of blade  Leaf: shape of blade outline (varieties with division of blade absent only)  Leaf: degree of division of blade (varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: number of lobes (varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: regularity of lobing
(varieties with division of blade absent n/a n/a n/a n/a only)  Leaf: degree of division of blade (varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: depth of division of blade (varieties with division of blade varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: number of lobes (varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: regularity of lobing
(varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: depth of division of blade (varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: number of lobes (varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: number of lobes (varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: regularity of lobing  third order third
(varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: number of lobes (varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: regularity of lobing  two thirds of way to two thirds of way to two thirds of way midrib  midrib  medium  medium
with division of blade present only)  Leaf: regularity of lobing
Lear. regularity of fooling
(varieties with division of blade regular regular regular present only)
Leaf: attitude of longitudinal axis of lobes to longitudinal axis of midrib semi-erect semi-erect (varieties with division of blade present only)
Leaf: attitude of longitudinal axis of lobes to one another on same side of parallel parallel leaf (varieties with division of blade present only)
Leaf: shape of apex of sinus (varieties with division of blade present only)  Leaf: shape of apex of sinus pointed pointed pointed
Leaf: width of sinus (rounded and flattened sinus only) (varieties with narrow to medium medium medium to broad division of blade present only)
Lobe: length (varieties with division of blade present only) medium to long medium short to medium
Lobe: width (varieties with division of blade present only)  very narrow to narrow narrow to mediu
Lobe: shape of apex of ultimate lobe (varieties with division of blade pointed present only) pointed pointed
Leaf: shape of apex outline (varieties with division of blade absent <sup>n/a</sup> n/a n/a only)

□ infl	Flowering branch: position of orescence	terminal only	terminal only	terminal only
	Inflorescence: length	short to medium	short to medium	medium to long
	Inflorescence: width	medium	medium	medium to broad
<b>V</b>	Inflorescence: predominant colour	orange	red	white
	Inflorescence: density of florets	dense	dense	dense
	Inflorescence: number of flowers	many to very many	many to very many	many
	Inflorescence: attitude	horizontal to semi- drooping	horizontal to semi- drooping	horizontal to semi- drooping
	Inflorescence: form	secund	secund	cylindrical
	Inflorescence: branching	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
ope	Inflorescence: sequence of ning of the flowers	centripetal	centripetal	centripetal
	Rachis: length	short to medium	medium	medium to long
<b>V</b>	Bud: colour of perianth	green	green	white
	Bud: colour of limb	green	green	green
	Bud: attitude of limb in relation to gitudinal axis of bud (late bud prior nthesis)	upright	upright	upright
□ rela	Flower: attitude of pedicel in tion to rachis	perpendicular	perpendicular	perpendicular
	Flower: length of pedicel	short	medium	short to medium
<b>V</b>	Perianth: colour	orange	red	white
(ou	Perianth: degree of hairiness tside of perianth including limb)	absent or very weak	medium to strong	strong
	Perianth: colour of hairs	n/a	white	n/a
	Perianth: length	medium	medium	medium to long
	Perianth: width	medium	medium	medium to broad
dor	Perianth: coherence of tepals on sal side	greater than two thirds	greater than two thirds	greater than two thirds
□ ven	Perianth: coherence of tepals on tral side	less than one third	less than one third	less than one third
	Tepal: flanging at margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
<b>V</b>	Nectary: colour	orange	green	white
<b>V</b>	Ovary: colour	green	green	white
	Ovary: hairiness	strong to very strong	very strong	very strong

<b>V</b>	Style: colour	orange (RHS 29A)	red (RHS 53B)	white (RHS 157 A-B)
bef	Style: curvature (after anthesis ore dehiscence of perianth)	gently curved	gently curved	gently curved
	Style: position of curve	continuous along length	continuous along length	continuous along length
	Style: hairiness	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	k weak
	Style: position of hairs	concentrated towards ovary end	concentrated towards ovary end	concentrated towards ovary end
	Pistil: length	medium	medium	short to medium
of p	Pistil: length in relation to length perianth	much longer	much longer	moderately longer
<b>V</b>	Stigma: colour	yellow	pink	green
	Pollen presenter: attitude to style	oblique	oblique	oblique
<b>~</b>	Pollen presenter: colour	yellow	white	green
□ styl	Pollen presenter: concurrence with e	present	present	present
	Pollen presenter: shape	dome	dome	dome
	Pollen: colour	yellow	yellow	yellow

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in Apr 2008.

Description: David Hockings, Maleny, QLD.

**Application Number** 2009/009 Variety Name 'G-2'

**Genus Species** *Megathyrsus maximus* (syn. *Panicum maximum*)

**Common Name** Guinea grass

**Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 03 Feb 2009

**Applicant** GeneGro Pty Ltd, Alexandra Hills, QLD

Agent

**Oualified Person** Donald S. Loch, (Alexandra Hills, QLD)

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Location Cleveland, QLD (Latitude 27°31'S, longitude 153°15'E,

elevation 75 masl)

Grass (General descriptor for grasses) PBR GRAS **Descriptor** 

Period 16 Nov 2008 – 26 Feb 2009

**Conditions** Seed sown on 16 Nov 2008; seedlings transplanted

> individually into 40 x 40 mm tubes (one per tube) on 30 Nov 2008. Seedlings planted out as a spaced plants (0.6 m between plants within rows, 1.5 m between rows) on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil on 18 Dec 2008; weed control by preemergence oxadiazon at time of planting; applied mixed fertiliser (N:P:K:S = 15.4:3.0:11.0:15.4) on 16 Dec 2008 to give 99 kg N, 19 kg P, 70 kg K, and 99 kg S per hectare; supplementary irrigation applied as required to maintain

unstressed growth.

30 spaced plants of each of 5 cultivars ('G-2', 'Natsukaze', **Trial Design** 

'Makueni', 'Gatton', 'Petrie') arranged in 6 randomised blocks (rows) with 5 plants per plot; 1.5 m between blocks

(rows) and 0.6 m between plants within blocks.

Days to flowering after field planting determined for each Measurements

> plant (16 Jan – 9 Feb 2009); one reproductive culm per plant sampled to stem, leaf and inflorescence measure characteristics (23-26 Feb 2009); culm stem diameter calculated by averaging the diameters of the second lowest

internode and the top internode (i.e. below the peduncle).

**RHS Chart - edition** 2001 edition

### **Origin and Breeding**

'G-2' was discovered as an aberrant leafy plant with long, soft leaves in an isolated plot of 'Natsukaze' Guinea grass growing at the breeder's home in Gympie (QLD) in Dec 1999. While 'G-2' appears to have resulted from sexual reproduction in the (normally) apomictic 'Natsukaze', it has remained true-to-type throughout >4 cycles of seed multiplication at Sheldon and Walkamin during 2003-08. The original plant has maintained a strong vigorous perennial growth habit for >8 years, unlike the parent 'Natsukaze' which is a short-lived perennial that loses vigour in the second year after planting. Breeder: Dr David C. Loch.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	time of flowering	very early or early (day-neutral response)

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Natsukaze'	Early flowering Japanese cultivar; parental genotype.
'Gatton'	Gatton panic; widely sown very early flowering cultivar.
'Petrie'	Green panic; widely sown very early flowering cultivar.
'Makueni'	Early flowering East African cultivar no longer commercially available.

### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish	hing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Riversdale'	Flower	time of flowering	early	late
'Tanzânia-1'	Flower	time of flowering	early	late
'Vencedor'	Flower	time of flowering	early	late
'TD-58'	Flower	time of flowering	early	late
'Mombaça'	Flower	time of flowering	early	late
'Hamil'	Flower	time of flowering	early	very late
'Colonião'	Flower	time of flowering	early	very late
'Natsuyutaka'	Flower	time of flowering	early	medium

	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'G-2'	'Gatton'	'Petrie'	'Makueni'	'Natsukaze'
	Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
	Plant: life-cycle	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial	perennial
life onl	Plant: duration of -cycle (perennials y)	long	long	long	long	short
	Plant: growth habit	tufted	tufted	tufted	tufted	tufted
	Plant: stolons	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
	Plant: rhizomes	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
~	Culm: length	medium	short	very short to short	medium	medium to long
V	Culm: width	medium	narrow	narrow	medium	broad
inte	Culm: number of ernodes	very few to few	medium	medium	very few to few	medium to many
□ pub	Culm: node	present	present	present	present	present
<b>▽</b> pub	Culm: extent of pescence of nodes	strong	weak	medium	strong	strong
V	Culm: stem	present	absent	present	present	present

pubescence					
Culm: extent of pubescence of sten	IIICUIUIII		weak	medium	medium
Peduncle: leng	long to ver long	medium	short to medium	long to very	medium to long
Peduncle: wid	medium to th broad	narrow	narrow to medium	medium to broad	medium to broad
Culm: leaf col (RHS colour chart)	N1107D	en dark green N137A	brown green 137B-C	brown green 137B	brown green N137B
Culm: leaf bla surface	de papillose	smooth	smooth	papillose	papillose
Culm: leaf bla vernation	de convolute	convolute	convolute	convolute	convolute
Culm: blade m	nargin scabrous	scabrous	scabrous	scabrous	scabrous
Culm: leaf she auricle	eath absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Culm: ligule	present	present	present	present	present
Culm: ligule s	ciliate membrane (apical hai tructure <sub>l</sub> ong as, or longer than membrane	membrane rs as (apical hairs shorter than membrane)	ciliate membrane (apical hairs long as, or longer than, membrane)	ciliate membrane as(apical hairs as long as, or longer than, membrane)	ciliate membrane (apical hairs as long as, or longer than, membrane)
Collar: colour	lighter that leaf sheath	_	lighter than leaf sheath	lighter than leaf sheath	same as leaf sheath
Collar: hairine	ess present	absent	absent	present	absent
Culm: flag lea	f length <sup>long</sup>	very short to short	short	long	short to medium
Culm: flag lea	f width medium	very narrow narrow	to very narrow narrow	to medium	broad to very broad
	f shape lanceolate	lanceolate	lanceolate	lanceolate	lanceolate
Culm: flag lea sheath length	f long	very short to short	short to medium	long	short
Culm: leaf she length	eath long	very short to short	short to medium	long	short
Culm: pubesce leaf sheath	ence of present	absent	present	present	present
Culm: extent of pubescence on least	Suong		strong	strong	strong
Culm: distribute pubescence on least	1 0711		full	full	full
Culm: leaf bla length	de long	very short to short	short	long	short to medium

Culm: leaf blade width	narrow to medium	narrow	narrow	narrow to medium	broad to very broad
Culm: leaf shape	lanceolate	lanceolate	lanceolate	lanceolate	lanceolate
Culm: leaf blade glaucosity	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Culm: shape of leaf apex	narrow acute				
Culm: leaf blade pubescence	present	absent	present	present	present
Culm: extent of pubescence on leaf blade	strong		weak	medium	strong
Culm: distribution of leaf blade pubescence	both sides		both sides	both sides	both sides
Plant: sex expression	hermaphrodite	hermaphrodite	hermaphrodite	hermaphrodite	hermaphrodite
Inflorescence: type	panicle	panicle	panicle	panicle	panicle
Inflorescence: disposition of racemes	borne on a central axis				
Inflorescence: number of racemes	many	many	many	many	many
Inflorescence: male sterility	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Inflorescence: average number of spikes	more than four	rmore than four	rmore than four	rmore than four	rmore than four
Stigma: colour	red-purple	purple	red-purple	purple	purple
Awns: presence	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Characteristics Addition	nal to the Desc	riptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'G-2'	'Gatton'	'Petrie'	'Makueni'	'Natsukaze'

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'G-2'	'Gatton'	'Petrie'	'Makueni'	'Natsukaze'
Culm: leaf pubescence	very soft		soft	soft	very soft
Culm: colour of basa stem within tussock	<sub>ll</sub> brown green 146D	brown green 137D	brown green 146D	brown green 146D	brown green 146D

**Statistical Table** 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'G-2'	'Gatton'	'Petrie'	'Makueni'	'Natsukaze'
Culm: length of m	ature culm (cn	1)			
Mean	180.20	156.22	145.08	178.02	195.65
Std. Deviation	14.74	13.13	10.72	20.03	12.52

LSD/sig	8.82	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Culm: number of ma	ture culm node	s (excluding ped	uncle and pla	nt base)	
Mean	3.47	5.02	4.72	3.37	5.98
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.47	0.61	0.66	0.47
LSD/sig	0.40	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Culm: mean stem dia			_		_
Mean	4.30	3.72	3.81	4.31	5.49
Std. Deviation	0.32	0.40	0.40	0.35	0.48
LSD/sig	0.27	P≤0.01	0.40 P≤0.01	ns	0.40 P≤0.01
			1_0.01	113	1_0.01
Culm: length of pedu Mean	906.73	578.83	556.53	895.82	703.88
Std. Deviation	153.07	80.84	64.99	149.04	60.62
LSD/sig	63.85	80.84 P≤0.01	04.99 P≤0.01		00.02 P≤0.01
		_	_	ns	r <u>&gt;</u> 0.01
Cuiiii. diainetei oi pe					
Mean	2.53	1.57	1.80	2.53	2.59
Std. Deviation	0.26	0.19	0.28	0.26	0.28
LSD/sig	0.17	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Culm: length of flag	leaf sheath on t	flowering culms	(mm)		
Mean	399.63	269.63	293.15	409.17	304.77
Std. Deviation	26.45	30.30	24.09	25.19	23.59
LSD/sig	16.92	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Culm: length of blad	e on flag leaf o	n flowering culm	us (mm)		
Mean	498.45	177.93	230.23	466.85	287.17
Std. Deviation	76.33	45.20	53.38	66.95	54.73
LSD/sig	40.36	P≤0.01	25.56 P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
			_	113	1 _0.01
Culm: whath of blade	e on flag leaf or			•••	
Mean	21.54	13.13	13.47	20.38	26.72
Std. Deviation	3.65	2.99	2.85	3.67	5.77
LSD/sig	2.78	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Culm: length:width r	atio of blade or	n flag leaf on flow	wering culms		
Mean	23.42	13.83	17.39	23.20	10.98
Std. Deviation	3.51	3.42	3.83	2.93	2.03
LSD/sig	1.86	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Culm: length of sheath on first leaf below flag leaf on flowering culms (mm)					
Mean	236.18	144.40	169.57	243.32	157.92
Std. Deviation	16.59	16.32	16.08	19.52	16.65
LSD/sig	9.85	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Culm: length of blad	e on first leaf b	elow flag leaf on	flowering cu	ılms (mm)	
Mean	731.33	327.37	362.30	722.92	487.70
Std. Deviation	78.37	59.36	60.13	84.94	57.94
LSD/sig	44.49	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
<u> </u>					
Culm: width of blade Mean	e on first leaf be 18.88	15.44	15.14	19.70	25.74
Std. Deviation	3.01	2.63	2.53	2.73	4.03
LSD/sig	2.20	2.03 P≤0.01	2.33 P≤0.01	2.73 ns	4.03 P≤0.01
LDD/ SIE	2.20	1 _0.01	1 _0.01	113	1 _0.01

Culm: length:width	ratio of blade o	n first leaf below	flag leaf on	flowering culm	S
Mean	39.61	21.48	24.38	37.42	19.39
Std. Deviation	7.01	3.76	4.73	7.02	3.81
LSD/sig	3.72	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: length	h of panicle (m	m)			
Mean	444.72	272.82	285.42	436.53	358.30
Std. Deviation	29.95	22.46	30.68	33.31	21.22
LSD/sig	20.65	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Flower: days after se	owing to first fl	owering			
Mean	76.87	63.63	65.95	72.69	71.07
Std. Deviation	2.18	3.11	1.94	1.55	1.55
LSD/sig	3.60	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil}$

Description: Donald S. Loch (Alexandra Hills, QLD)

**Application Number** 2005/225

Variety Name 'Goldenlighthouse'

Genus Species Banksia spinulosa var. collina

**Common Name** Hairpin Banksia

Synonym N/A

Accepted Date 20 Dec 2005

**Applicant** Judith Ann Geary, Bega Garden Nursery, NSW

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Judith Geary

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

LocationBega Garden Nursery, NSWDescriptorNational Descriptor - Banksia

**Period** 2005 – 2010

**Conditions** Open nursery situation. Plants watered by standard nursery

stock methods. All plants were vegetatively propagated and advanced tube stock potted into pots using a pine bark based "protea mix" with controlled release low P fertiliser and with

additional K being applied in liquid form.

Trial Design Twelve pots each of the candidate and comparator were

aligned in a randomised pattern.

Measurements Measurements from ten plants of each variety with leaf

samples being taken at the same point on stems with every plant. Conflorescence measurements were taken from four

samples.

RHS Chart - edition 2007

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Seedling selection: *Banksia spinulosa* 'Goldenlighthouse' was originated as an open-pollinated seedling of *B. spinulosa var collina* and a unidentified Banksia as a pollen parent were selected under cultivation from tube stock planted in 2000. Propagation from these plants was vegetatively (flowers are sterile) two batches of cuttings were grown. It has subsequently been propagated vegetatively for seven generations without the occurrence of any off types. All showing the same growth habit and flowering through the field trial. Breeding and selection were conducted by Judith Geary at Bega Garden Nursery, NSW

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

•	0	
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	presence of lignotuber	present
Leaf	width at widest point	narrow
Leaf	colour of upper side	medium green
Leaf	shape of apex of sinus	rounded
Conflorescence	attitude	erect

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Banksia spinulosa var. collina gold form

'Carnarvon Gold' This is also a *Banksia spinulosa* var.*collina* variety.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	<b>-</b>	State of Expression in
	Characteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Giant Candles'			Similar flower size but
			different species

more of the comparators are marked with	n a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Goldenlighthouse'	Banksia 'spinulosa var. collina	'Carnarvon Gold'
Plant: growth habit	upright	bushy	upright
Plant: height	medium (1-3m)	short (< 1m)	tall (> 3m)
Plant: attitude of branches	erect to semi-erect	semi-erect	erect
Plant: density of leaves on branchlets	medium	dense	sparse
Plant: presence of lignotuber	present	present	present
Branchlet: colour	greyed purple	brown	brown
Branchlet: presence of hairiness	present	absent	present
Branchlet: degree of hairiness	weak	very weak	very weak
Leaf: length (sample leaf from middle part of branchlet)	medium	short to medium	long
Leaf: width at widest point (sample leaf from middle part of branchlet)	narrow	narrow	narrow
Leaf: attitude to branchlet	erect to semi-erect	semi-erect to horizontal	erect to semi-erect
Leaf: curvature of margin	flat or slightly recurved	flat or slightly recurved	flat or slightly recurved
Leaf: colour of upper side (including hairs)	medium green	medium green	medium green
Leaf: colour of lower side (including hairs)	white	white	white
Leaf: density of hairiness on upper side	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Leaf: density of hairiness on lower side	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Leaf: undulation of margin	very strong	strong	weak
Leaf: shape of blade outline	linear	linear	linear
Leaf: shape of apex of sinus	rounded	rounded	rounded

Leaf: shape of apex outline (varieties with division of blade absent only)	truncate	truncate	truncate
Conflorescence: length	very long	short	medium
Conflorescence: width	medium	narrow	narrow
Conflorescence: predominant colour (al flowers in conflorescence at anthesis)	l yellow	yellow	yellow
Conflorescence: attitude	erect	erect	erect
Conflorescence: shape	cylindrical	cylindrical	cylindrical
Conflorescence: sequence of opening of the flowers	synchronous	synchronous	synchronous
Conflorescence: predominant position in relation to foliage	n <sub>level</sub>	below	level
Bud: colour of limb	yellow	orange	yellow
Style: colour before anthesis (RHS colour chart)	yellow orange RHS 16A	orange RHS 24A	yellow green RHS 1C
Style: colour just after anthesis (RHS colour chart)	yellow RHS 9A	yellow RHS 2A	light yellow RHS 12D
•			

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil

**Application Number** 2000/273 **Variety Name** 'ML 99'

**Genus Species** *Medicago sativa* 

Common Name Lucerne

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 31 Aug 2000

**Applicant** Pasture Genetics Pty Ltd, Adelaide, SA.

Agent

**Qualified Person** Ross Downes

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Adelaide, SA

**Descriptor** Lucerne (*Medicago sativa*) TG/6/5

**Period** Winter, spring 2009

**Conditions** Irrigated

**Trial Design** Randomised block

**Measurements** Plots of 10 square metres were sown in autumn 2009. Two

generations of ML 99 were sown along with the variety Multi8 for comparative multileaf assessment. Sardi 10 was also sown as a comparator for comparative assessment of winter activity. Data were collected from two replications with thirty plants sampled at random from each plot (sixty samples per variety). In November 2009 data were collected on number of multileaves per stem (multileaf being four or more leaflets per leaf) and number of leaves per stem. On 7 December plants were sampled a second time to determine number of stems with and without multileaves. Plants were also measured to determine stem length after flowering. Flower colour was recorded as light, medium and dark blue. Pod numbers were recorded on all stems sampled. Plots were cut on 7 March 2010 and height of sixty plants per entry was recorded on 6 April 2010 to provide an indication of winter

dormancy/activity.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Recurrent Selection: Intense selection for multifoliate expression at seedling stage from US germplasm '8G519' in 1998, and intercrossing of selections in 1999. Intense selection for multifoliate expression within and between families in 1999. In 2000, intercrossing of selections was done to produce breeder's seed. At the time of selection, 'ML 99' has 95% of its plants had multifoliate expression where as the parental material had only approximately 45% of plants that had multifoliate expression. Breeder: Dr I Kaehne.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	multifoliate	medium - high
Plant	winter-activity	high

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'FG 8G519'	Parent, winter activity 8, multileaf type
'Multi-8'	Winter activity 8, multileaf type
'Sardi 10'	Winter activity 10, not multileaf

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Sta	tistical	Table
$\mathcal{L}^{\mathbf{u}}$	usucai	Lanc

Statistical Labic			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'ML 99'	'Multi-8'	'Sardi 10'
Plant: stem length in spring (cm)			
Mean	69.50	68.90	
Std. Deviation	9.30	8.80	
LSD/sig	3.9	ns	
Leaf: multileaf (number per stem)			
Mean	4.17	2.72	
Std. Deviation	3.45	3.44	
LSD/sig	1.04	P≤0.01	
Stem: length (autumn) (cm)			
Mean	55.00	51.30	53.00
Std. Deviation	6.70	8.50	8.60
LSD/sig	3.4	P≤0.01	ns
Frequency of plants with multileave	es (%)		
Mean	75.0	47.50	
Std. Deviation	6.40	10.3	
LSD/sig	17.5	P≤0.01	
Frequency of plants with multileave	es (%) (arcsine	transformed)	
Mean	60.1	43.50	
Std. Deviation	4.10	6.0	
LSD/sig	11.2	P≤0.01	
No. of pods/stem			
Mean	7.40	8.60	
Std. Deviation	9.00	11.20	
LSD/sig	4.3	ns	

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil

Description: Ross Downes, Moruya, NSW.

Application Number 2009/355
Variety Name 'Sogo F-1314'
Genus Species Phalaenopsis hybrid

**Common Name** Moth Orchid

Synonym N/A

**Accepted Date** 

**Applicant** Feng Chiang Kuei, Taiwan

**Agent** Flora International Pty Ltd, Leppington, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen, Central Coast, NSW

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Overseas Testing** CPVO

**Authority** 

Overseas Data 2008/2188

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Leppington, NSW

**Descriptor** Phalaenopsis (*Phalaenopsis*) TG/213/1

**Period** Jan - May 2010

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Leppington, NSW in an environmentally controlled greenhouse. Trial of the candidate was conducted with typical commercial conditions including cool period for flower induction during the growth cycle prior to assessment. Comparisons of characteristics are based on Dutch trials, which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Naktuinbouw, Roelofarendsveen, the Netherlands. Plant nutrition using standard commercial practice, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

**Trial Design** Completely random selection from commercial crop.

**Measurements** One per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2007

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Rong Guan Amah' x pollen parent 'Timothy Christopher', in a planned breeding program at Jiyang, Meinong Kaohsiung County, Taiwan during the years 2002 to 2004. The seed parent is characterized by a medium flower diameter and a very short inflorescence height and the pollen parent is characterized by a narrow flower diameter and a very short inflorescence height. Selection criteria: desirable flower colour and very small plant size. Propagation: vegetative by micropropagation. 2002 to 2004: hybridization of parent lines; pod harvest; laboratory inoculation and seed germination and growth; nursery deflasking and growth; 2005: selection of single plant based on flower colour and miniature plant form. 2005-present: continued asexual propagation and pilot commercial trials; virus testing and commercial multiplication. Breeder: Feng Chiang Kuei, Jiyang, Meinong Kaohsiung County, Taiwan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	size	very small
Leaf	shape	Elliptic
Flower	fragrance	Absent

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
Name	Comm

'Timothy Christopher' Parent variety; also known as SOGO F1777.

### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	<b>Distinguishing State of Expression</b>	State of Expression in Comments
	<b>Characteristics in Candidate Variet</b>	yComparator Variety
Sogo	flowerl Shape of Semi-circular	Close to rhomboid
Manta	petal	
Sogo	flowerl Shape of Semi-circular	Close to rhomboid
Amaglad	petal	

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Sogo F-1314'	'Timothy Christopher'
	*Plant: size	very small	Very small
V	*Leaf: length	medium	short
	*Leaf: width	narrow to medium	nnarrow to medium
	*Leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic
	Leaf: shape of apex	obtuse	obtuse
	Leaf: symmetry of apex	asymmetric	asymmetric
	Leaf: attitude	semi-erect to horizontal	semi-erect
	Leaf: colour of upper side	medium green	medium green
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Inflorescence: type	raceme	raceme
	*Inflorescence: length	short to medium	short
	*Inflorescence: number of flowers	medium	medium
	*Peduncle: length	short to medium	short to medium
	Peduncle: thickness	thin	very thin to thin
	Peduncle: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Flower: general appearance of petals and sepals	spreading	spreading
	Flower: texture of the surface of sepals and petals	smooth	smooth
V	*Flower: length in front view	very short	short
~	*Flower: width in front view	very narrow	narrow

V	*Flower: arrangement of petals	open	touching
	Flower: fragrance	absent	absent
	*Sepal: shape	elliptic	elliptic
<b>V</b>	*Sepal: length	very short	short
	*Sepal: width	very narrow to narrow	narrow
V	*Sepal: curvature of longitudinal axis	straight	incurving
<b>V</b>	Sepal: cross section	straight	concave
	Sepal: twisting	absent	absent
	*Sepal: undulation of margin	absent	absent
	*Dorsal sepal: number of colours	one	one
	*Dorsal sepal: colour pattern	evenly coloured	evenly coloured
	*Dorsal sepal: main colour (RHS colour chart)	white N155D	white N155D
<b>~</b>	*Lateral sepal: number of colours	one	two
<b>~</b>	*Lateral sepal: colour pattern	evenly coloured	spotted
	*Lateral sepal: main colour (RHS colour chart)	white N155D	white N155D
	*Petal: shape	ovate	ovate
	*Petal: length	very short to shor	rt short
	*Petal: width	very narrow to narrow	narrow
	*Petal: curvature of longitudinal axis	straight	straight
	Petal: shape in cross section	flat	flat
	Petal: twisting	absent	absent
	Petal: undulation of margin	absent	absent
	*Petal: number of colours	one	one
	*Petal: colour pattern	evenly coloured	evenly coloured
	*Petal: main colour (RHS colour chart)	white N155D	white N155D
	*Lip: length of apical lobe	short	short
	*Lip: width of apical lobe	narrow	narrow
	*Lip: presence of whiskers	present	present
	Lip: length of whiskers relative to length of apical lobe	very short to shor	rt short
	*Lip: shape of apical lobe	ovate	ovate
	Lip: bump and ridge on apical lobe	present	present
	*Lip: type of shape of lateral lobe	type V	type V
<b>V</b>	*Lip: type of curvature of lateral lobe	type II	type I

	*Lip: size of lateral lobe relative to apical lobe	smaller	smaller
V	*Lip: number of colours	two	three
	*Lip: colour pattern of apical lobe	spotted	spotted
V	*Lip: main colour of apical lobe (RHS colour chart)	white N155D	white 155A
<b>V</b>	*Lip: colour of pattern of apical lobe (RHS colour chart)	ca dark purple red 060B	light blue violet 076B
	*Lip: colour pattern of lateral lobe	striped	striped
~	*Lip: main colour of lateral lobe (RHS colour chart)	white N155D	white 155A
~	*Lip: colour of pattern of lateral lobe (RHS colour chart)	dark purple red 060B	light blue violet 076B
	Lip: callus	prominent	prominent
	Lip: pubescence	absent	absent
<b>~</b>	Column: colour of apex (RHS colour chart)	white N155D	light yellow brown 159A

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2008	pending	'SOGO F1314

First sold in Germany 2008

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2009/354
Variety Name 'Sogo F-1774'
Genus Species Phalaenopsis hybrid

**Common Name** Moth Orchid

Synonym N/A

**Accepted Date** 

**Applicant** Feng Chiang Kuei

**Agent** Flora International Pty Ltd

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing CPVO

**Authority** 

Overseas Data 2007/1063

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Leppington, NSW

**Descriptor** Phalaenopsis (*Phalaenopsis*) TG/213/1

**Period** Jan – May 2010

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Leppington, NSW in an environmentally controlled greenhouse. Trial of the candidate was conducted with typical commercial conditions including cool period for flower induction during the growth cycle prior to assessment. Comparisons of characteristics are based on Dutch trials, which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Wageningen, the Netherlands. Plant nutrition using standard commercial practice, pest and

disease treatments applied as required.

**Trial Design** completely random selection from commercial crop

**Measurements** one per plant

RHS Chart - edition 2007

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'An Tai Jade' x pollen parent 'Tzu Chaing Dance', in a planned breeding program at Jiyang, Meinong Kaohsiung County, Taiwan during the years 2002 to 2004. The seed parent is characterized by a yellow green flower colour and a very short inflorescence height and the pollen parent is characterized by a green yellow flower colour and a medium inflorescence height. Selection criteria: desirable flower colour and very small plant size. Propagation: vegetative by micropropagation. 2002 to 2004: hybridization of parent lines; pod harvest; laboratory inoculation and seed germination and growth; nursery deflasking and growth; 2005: selection of single plant based on flower colour and miniature plant form. 2005-present: continued asexual propagation and pilot commercial trials; virus testing and commercial multiplication. Breeder: Feng Chiang Kuei, Jiyang, Meinong Kaohsiung County, Taiwan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Plant size very small Flower width in front view narrow Lip callus prominent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments

'Timothy Christopher' Also known as SOGO F1777.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety Distinguishing State of Expression State of Expression in Comments
Characteristics in Candidate VarietyComparator Variety

'Golden Petal main white yellow Candidate petal colour

Timothy' colour can look more yellow in northern hemisphere

conditions.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick.		<b>'Timothy</b>
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Sogo F-1774'	Christopher'
	*Plant: size	very small	very small
	*Leaf: length	short to medium	short
	*Leaf: width	narrow to medium	nnarrow to medium
	*Leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic
	Leaf: shape of apex	obtuse	obtuse
	Leaf: symmetry of apex	asymmetric	asymmetric
	Leaf: attitude	semi-erect	semi-erect
	Leaf: colour of upper side	medium green	medium green
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Inflorescence: type	raceme	raceme
	*Inflorescence: length	short	short
	*Inflorescence: number of flowers	medium	medium
V	*Peduncle: length	very short to shor	t short to medium
	Peduncle: thickness	very thin to thin	very thin to thin
	Peduncle: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Flower: general appearance of petals and sepals	spreading	spreading
	Flower: texture of the surface of sepals and petals	smooth	smooth
	*Flower: length in front view	very short	short
	*Flower: width in front view	narrow	narrow
V	*Flower: arrangement of petals	open	touching

□ Flow	ver: fragrance	absent	absent
	pal: shape	elliptic	elliptic
	pal: length	very short	short
	pal: width	very narrow	narrow
<u> </u>	pal: curvature of longitudinal axis	straight	incurving
	al: cross section	straight	concave
	al: twisting	absent	absent
	pal: undulation of margin	absent	absent
<u>.</u>	rsal sepal: number of colours	two	one
<u> </u>	rsal sepal: colour pattern	shaded and spotted	
□ *Doi	rsal sepal: main colour (RHS colour chart)	white N155A	white N155D
*Do	rsal sepal: secondary colour (RHS colour chart)	76B	
□ *Lat	eral sepal: number of colours	two	two
*Lat	eral sepal: colour pattern	shaded and spotted	spotted
*Lat	eral sepal: main colour (RHS colour chart)	white N155A	white N155D
□ *Lat	eral sepal: secondary colour (RHS colour chart)	76B	76B
*Pet	al: shape	rhombic	ovate
□ *Pet	al: length	very short to shor	t short
□ *Pet	al: width	very narrow to narrow	narrow
□ *Pet	al: curvature of longitudinal axis	straight	straight
Peta	l: shape in cross section	flat	flat
Peta	l: twisting	absent	absent
Peta	l: undulation of margin	absent	absent
▼ *Pet	al: number of colours	two	one
*Pet	al: colour pattern	shaded and spotted	
*Pet	al: main colour (RHS colour chart)	white N155A	white N155D
*Pet	al: extent of shade (shaded varieties only)	small to medium	
*Pet	al: secondary colour (RHS colour chart)	76B	
□ *T :	e: length of apical lobe	very short to shor	t short
"Lip			
□ *Lip	e: width of apical lobe	very narrow to narrow	narrow
*Lip	e: width of apical lobe e: presence of whiskers	•	narrow present

	Lip: bump and ridge on apical lobe	present	present
V	*Lip: type of shape of lateral lobe	type IV	type V
	*Lip: type of curvature of lateral lobe	type I	type I
	*Lip: size of lateral lobe relative to apical lobe	smaller	smaller
	*Lip: number of colours	three	three
<b>V</b>	*Lip: colour pattern of apical lobe	shaded	spotted
	*Lip: main colour of apical lobe (RHS colour chart)	white 155A	white 155A
~	*Lip: colour of pattern of apical lobe (RHS colour chart)	164A	76B
	*Lip: colour pattern of lateral lobe	striped	striped
	*Lip: main colour of lateral lobe (RHS colour chart)	white 155A	white 155A
	*Lip: colour of pattern of lateral lobe (RHS colour chart)	light blue violet 076B	light blue violet 076B
	Lip: callus	prominent	prominent
	Lip: pubescence	absent	absent
V	Column: colour of apex (RHS colour chart)	light yellow orange 011D	light yellow brown 159A

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedEU2007Granted'SOGO F1774'

First sold in Germany 2006.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

**Application Number** 2007/050 **Variety Name** 'One50'

**Genus Species Common Name**Lolium perenne
Perennial Ryegrass

**Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 06 Mar 2007

**Applicant** PGG Wrightson Seeds Ltd, New Zealand

**Agent** Wrightson Seeds (Australia) Pty Ltd, Laverton, VIC

**Qualified Person** Jennifer Ngaire James

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** AsureQuality Ltd, Lincoln, Canterbury, New Zealand

**Descriptor** Ryegrass (new) (*Lolium* spp.) TG/4/8

**Period** 2007-2009

**Conditions** Spaced plants: seeds were sown and seedlings raised in the

glasshouse in early Mar, plants transplanted in mid May and received irrigation via sprinkler. Field measurements taken

during Jun – Dec 2009.

Trial Design Randomised spaced plots: 6 replicates of 10 plants per

variety. Row plots: 2 replicates of 5 metres with density

plants per replicate of 200 plants per metre.

Measurements All observations on spaced plants (VS and MS) were made on

60 plants or parts taken from each of 60 plants. Observations on rows (VG) were made on each row as a whole (entire)

unit.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Recurrent selection" 'One50' was selected for yield, late flowering, disease resistance and uniformity from crosses of elite Spanish and New Zealand breeding lines. The elite breeding lines involved complex crosses of New Zealand germplasm origin selected for performance in the Northland region with selections from North West Spain Germplasm selected in Canterbury, New Zealand. It was initially codenamed "PG150' later named as 'One50'.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	diploid
Plant	heading time	medium to late
Plant	height	medium to tall

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DIMINE	varieties of common time vieuge lacinimea ( v cl
Name	Comments
Alto'	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Aries HD'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Arrow'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Dobson'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Indiana'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish	ing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Grasslands Impact'	lemma	awns	absence or trace only	Present but variable
'Bronsyn'	plant	heading date	late	mid season
Grasslands Samson	plant	heading date	late	mid seaon
Grasslands Nui	plant	heading date	Late	mid seaon

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'One50'	'Aberavon'	''Aberdart	''Alto'	'Aries HD'	'Arrow'	'Dobson	''Indiana'	'Tolosa'
*Plant:	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid
Plant: vegetative growth habit (without vernalisation)	medium to semi- prostrate					•	erect to medium		medium
Leaf: length	long	short to medium	short to medium	long	medium to long	long	long	medium to long	medium to long
Leaf: width	medium	narrow to medium	medium	medium	medium	medium to broad	medium	narrow	medium to broad
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	dark	dark	medium to dark	medium	medium	medium	dark	medium
Plant: width	medium to wide	narrow to medium	medium	medium		narrow to medium		medium	medium
Plant: vegetative growth habit (after vernalisation)	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium		medium to semi- prostrate	medium
Plant: height	medium to tall	medium	medium	medium to tall	medium to tall	tall	medium to tall	medium	medium to tall
Plant: natural height at	short to medium	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium	short to medium	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Aberdart'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Aberavon'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Tolosa'

inflorescence emergence

Plant: width medium at inflorescence to wide emergence medium to wide to wide

<b>Statistical Table</b>
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5tatistical Tax									
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'One50	"Aberavon	''Aberdart	''Alto'	'Aries HD'	'Arrow	"Dobson	''Indiana	''Tolosa'
Plant: time	of inflo	rescence em	ergence (da	vs)					
Mean	74.70	86.60	76.70	73.60	65.30	69.20	65.60	66.70	77.00
Std. Deviation	6.83	7.15	8.60	7.48	6.92	6.59	6.43	6.26	6.92
Lsd/sig	2.1	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flag leaf: v	width (m	m)							
Mean	5.78	6.16	4.85	5.97	7.84	4.85	6.93	6.11	5.07
Std. Deviation	1.06	0.88	1.15	0.83	1.22	0.89	1.42	1.11	0.85
Lsd/sig	0.69	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Flag leaf: 1	length (n	nm)							
	113.58		130.61	134.17	172.60	121.83	163.53	157.25	108.79
Std. Deviation		26.04	25.48		33.55	32.48	35.76	29.98	20.63
	14.81	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		P≤0.01		P<0.01	P≤0.01	ns
_		idth ratio (m		_	_		_	_	
Mean Mean	19.91	22.71	28.00	22.63	22.36	25.47	24.11	26.40	21.91
Std. Deviation		4.24	4.27	3.86	4.33	6.16	5.60	6.19	4.71
Lsd/sig	3.68	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01		P≤0.01	ns
		gest stem (n							
Mean	701.62		721.24	683 42	718 17	650.00	685.21	744.59	641.72
Std. Deviation		69.86	71.07	65.70	65.19	76.85	64.62	77.80	70.04
Lsd/sig	52.65	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
_									
C	tn of upp 223.08	per internode		241.00	246 20	220.92	262.05	241.76	200.62
Mean Std. Deviation		43.09	247.78 37.54	35.28	37.56	229.83 29.78	262.85 35.51	241.76 38.01	200.63 30.25
Lsd/sig	25.86	43.09 ns	ns	ns	ns	29.78 ns	33.31 P≤0.01	ns	ns
_			115	115	115	118	1 <u>&gt;</u> 0.01	118	115
Inflorescer									
Mean	207.79		224.19			206.92		235.14	204.52
Std. Deviation			30.99	29.31		29.51		32.18	22.72
Lsd/sig	13.88		P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Inflorescer	nce: num	ber of spikel	lets						
Mean	24.29	31.37	26.54	24.37	26.78		23.74	28.12	26.10
Std. Deviation	4.21	5.73	4.21	4.23	4.43	3.95	3.12	4.15	3.75
Lsd/sig	2.09	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
□ Inflorescer	nce: dens	sity(no. of sp	ikelets/leng	th of inf	lorescer	ice)			
Mean	8.70	6.88	8.59	8.28	8.99	8.45	8.94	8.52	7.95
Std. Deviation		1.46	1.43	1.24	1.43	1.53	1.13	1.56	1.12
Lsd/sig	0.75	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01

Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet (mm)									
Mean	10.24	10.19	11.38	11.14	12.79	13.38	12.66	11.98	9.28
Std. Deviation	1.98	1.95	1.98	2.03	1.96	2.14	1.50	2.77	1.62
Lsd/sig	1.04	ns	P≤0.01	ns	$P\!\!\leq\!\!0.01$	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn (mm)									
Mean	19.90	16.81	18.19	17.70	20.59	18.30	17.51	19.86	18.96
Std. Deviation	2.39	2.25	2.39	2.86	3.44	2.28	2.32	3.87	3.26
Lsd/sig	1.71	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2007	Granted	'One50'

First sold in March 2006 in New Zealand.

Description: Jennifer James, Palmesrston North, New Zealand

**Application Number** 2008/032 **Variety Name** 'Konamul'

**Genus Species** Alstroemeria hybrid

**Common Name** Peruvian Lily

**Synonym** Nil

28 Mar 2008 **Accepted Date** 

**Applicant** Konst Breeding B.V., Nieuwveen, The Netherlands

**Agent** Ball Australia, Devon Meadows, VIC - postal address for

service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.

Mark Lunghusen **Qualified Person** 

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Overseas Testing CPVO** 

**Authority** 

**Overseas Data** INC 930

**Reference Number** 

Wageningen, The Netherlands Location

Alstroemeria (new) (Alstroemeria) TG/29/7 **Descriptor** 

Period 2009

**Conditions** Characteristics are based solely on trials done in Wageningen,

> The Netherlands and published in the test report INC 930 dated 20 Nov 2009. Comparator data was extracted from PVJ

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**Trial Design** Randomised.

Measurements Taken from trial plants

**RHS Chart - edition** 

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination followed by seedling selection: seed parent 10056-5 x pollen parent 97-0-4, in a planned breeding program at the applicant's research station at Nieuwveen, The Netherlands in 2001. 'Konamul' was selected from the resulting seedling in May 2003. Both parents are non-commercial varieties from the breeding program. Selection criteria: heat tolerance. Propagation: a number of mature stock plants were generated from the original seedling by tissue culture through 55 generations to confirm uniformity and stability. Breeder Konst Breeding B.V., Nieuwyeen. The Netherlands.

### **Choice of Comparators** Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

**Organ/Plant Part** Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties Plant height tall Flower main colour

orange

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name **Comments** 

'Stanata' Similar variety with orange and pink flowers.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	illi a lick.	'Konamul'	'Stanata'
*Plant: height		tall	tall
Stem: thickness		medium	medium
Leaf: length		short to medium	medium
Leaf: width		medium	medium to broad
*Umbel: number of branches		medium	medium
*Umbel: length of branches		medium	long
*Flower: length of pedicel		short to medium	medium
*Flower: main colour		orange	orange
*Flower: size		large	large
*Outer tepal: shape of blade		broad obovate	broad obovate
*Outer tepal: depth of emargination		medium	very deep
*Outer tepal: main colour of central ze Chart)	one (RHS Colour	orange RHS 29B	red RHS 53B
*Outer tepal: main colour of top zone	(RHS Colour Chart)	55B	61 D
*Outer tepal: main colour of lateral zo Chart)	one (RHS Colour	29B	29B
*Outer tepal: main colour of basal zor Chart)	ne (RHS Colour	29D-29D	
*Outer tepal: very small or small strip of lateral zone of upper side of blade	es on marginal part	absent	
*Outer tepal: large or very large stripe blade	es on upper side of	absent	
*Inner tepal: shape of blade		elliptic	elliptic
*Inner lateral tepal: size of striped zon	ne on upper side	large	
*Inner lateral tepal: main colour of str side (RHS Colour Chart)	iped zone on upper	5B-5C	9B
*Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes	on upper side	medium	medium
*Inner lateral tepal: length of longest	stripes on upper side	medium	
*Inner lateral tepal: width of widest st	ripes on upper side	medium	medium
*Inner median tepal: difference in strite to inner lateral tepal	ped pattern compared	lpresent	
*Filament: main colour		pink	pink
Filament: small spots		absent	absent
*Anther: colour just before the start of	f dehiscence	yellowish	greenish

	*Ovary: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
<b>~</b>	*Ovary: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	weak to medium

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
The Netherlands	2007	under procedure	'Konamul'
United Kingdom	2009	under procedure	'Konamul'

First sold in Japan in 10 May 2006 and AUS in 29 May 2007.

 ${\tt Description: Mark\ Lunghusen,\ World\ Select\ Plants/Outback\ Plants,\ Cranbourne,\ VIC.}$ 

**Application Number** 2007/337 **Variety Name** 'Konevotio'

Genus Species Alstroemeria hybrid

**Common Name** Peruvian Lily

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 30 Jan 2008

**Applicant** Konst Breeding B.V., Nieuwveen, The Netherlands

Agent Ball Australia, Devon Meadows, VIC - postal address for

service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.

**Qualified Person** Mark Lunghusen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Overseas Testing** Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

**Authority** 

**Overseas Data** 2006/1841

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Wageningen, The Netherlands

**Descriptor** Alstroemeria (new) (*Alstroemeria*) TG/29/7

Period 2008

**Conditions** Characteristics are based solely on trials done in Wageningen,

The Netherlands and published in the test report dated 13/10/2008. Comparator data was extracted from PVJ Vol

15(2).

Trial Design Randomised

**Measurements** Taken from trial plants

**RHS Chart - edition** 

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination followed by seedling selection: seed parent 88-19-5 x pollen parent 97-0-4, in a planned breeding program at the applicant's research station at Nieuwveen, The Netherlands in 2003. Both parents are non-commercial varieties from the breeding program. Selection criteria: short stem and heat tolerance. Propagation: a number of mature stock plants were generated from the original seedling by tissue culture through 40 generations to confirm uniformity and stability. Breeder Konst Breeding B.V., Nieuwveen, The Netherlands.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Stem	thick	medium
Leaf	width	medium
Flower	main colour	red-purple group

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (vCK)	
Name	Comments	

'Napoli'

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Konevotio'	'Napoli'
_			exact data is not
	*Plant: height	short	available
	Stem: thickness	medium	medium
	Leaf: length	medium	short to medium
	Leaf: width	medium	medium
	*Umbel: number of branches	many	medium to many
	*Umbel: length of branches	short	very short to short
~	*Flower: length of pedicel	short	long
~	*Flower: main colour	medium pink	red purple
	*Flower: size	medium to large	medium
	*Outer tepal: shape of blade	medium obovate	obovate
	*Outer tepal: depth of emargination	shallow	shallow
<b>▽</b> Cha	*Outer tepal: main colour of central zone (RHS Colour art)	N57C	64A
	*Outer tepal: main colour of top zone (RHS Colour Chart)	N57C	
□ Cha	*Outer tepal: main colour of lateral zone (RHS Colour art)	29B-29C	
□ Cha	*Outer tepal: main colour of basal zone (RHS Colour art)	29D	
of la	*Outer tepal: very small or small stripes on marginal part ateral zone of upper side of blade	absent	
blac	*Outer tepal: large or very large stripes on upper side of le	absent	
	*Inner tepal: shape of blade	elliptic	
	*Inner lateral tepal: size of striped zone on upper side	medium to large	
side	*Inner lateral tepal: main colour of striped zone on upper e (RHS Colour Chart)	008A-008B	pale yellow
	*Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes on upper side	medium	medium
	*Inner lateral tepal: length of longest stripes on upper side	short to medium	
	*Inner lateral tepal: width of widest stripes on upper side	narrow to medium	nmedium
to in	*Inner median tepal: difference in striped pattern compared nner lateral tepal	d present	
<b>V</b>	*Filament: main colour	pink	purple
	Filament: small spots	absent	

*Anther: colour just before the start of dehiscence	purplish	purplish
*Ovary: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
*Ovary: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	very weak	weak to medium

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
New Zealand	2008	Granted	'Konevotio'
EU	2006	Granted	'Konevotio'

First sold in the USA in June 2006. First Australian sale in January 2007.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, World Select Plants/Outback Plants, Cranbourne, VIC.

**Application Number** 2008/033 **Variety Name** 'Konratus'

Genus Species Alstroemeria hybrid

**Common Name** Peruvian Lily

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 28 Mar 2008

**Applicant** Konst Breeding B.V., Nieuwveen, The Netherlands

Agent Ball Australia, Devon Meadows, VIC - postal address for

service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.

**Qualified Person** Mark Lunghusen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Overseas Testing** Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

**Authority** 

**Overseas Data** 2007/0105

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Wageningen, The Netherlands

**Descriptor** Alstroemeria (new) (*Alstroemeria*) TG/29/7

Period 2008

**Conditions** Characteristics are based solely on trials done in Wageningen,

The Netherlands and published in the test report dated 14-10-2008. Comparator data was extracted from PVJ Vol 15(2).

Trial Design Randomised

**Measurements** Taken from trial plants

**RHS Chart - edition** 

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination followed by seedling selection: seed parent 5782-14 x pollen parent 7068-2, in a planned breeding program at the applicant's research station at Nieuwveens, The Netherlands in 2001. 'Konratus' was selected from the resulting seedling in May 2003. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding program. Selection criteria: heat tolerance and flower colour. Propagation: a number of mature stock plants were generated from the original seedling by tissue culture through 60 generations to confirm distinctness, uniformity and stability. Breeder: Konst Breeding, Niewveen, The Netherlands.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	red-purple group
Flower	size	medium

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillinai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)	
Name	Comments	
'Napoli'		

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Konratus'	'Napoli'
_			exact data is not
	*Plant: height	tall	available
~	Stem: thickness	very thick	medium
	Leaf: length	medium	short to medium
~	Leaf: width	very broad	medium
	*Umbel: number of branches	medium to many	medium to many
<b>V</b>	*Umbel: length of branches	long to very long	very short to short
	*Flower: length of pedicel	very long	long
V	*Flower: main colour	purple pink	red purple
	*Flower: size	medium	medium
	*Outer tepal: shape of blade	broad obovate	obovate
~	*Outer tepal: depth of emargination	very deep	shallow
<b>▽</b> Cha	*Outer tepal: main colour of central zone (RHS Colour art)	72C	64A
	*Outer tepal: main colour of top zone (RHS Colour Chart)	N57B	
□ Cha	*Outer tepal: main colour of lateral zone (RHS Colour art)	72C	
□ Cha	*Outer tepal: main colour of basal zone (RHS Colour art)	65B and 65C	
of la	*Outer tepal: very small or small stripes on marginal part ateral zone of upper side of blade	present	
blac	*Outer tepal: large or very large stripes on upper side of le	absent	
	*Inner tepal: shape of blade	obovate	
	*Inner lateral tepal: size of striped zone on upper side	very large	
side	*Inner lateral tepal: main colour of striped zone on upper e (RHS Colour Chart)	155A and 72C	
	*Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes on upper side	medium	medium
	*Inner lateral tepal: length of longest stripes on upper side	medium to long	
	*Inner lateral tepal: width of widest stripes on upper side	medium	medium
to in	*Inner median tepal: difference in striped pattern compared nner lateral tepal	<sup>l</sup> absent	
<b>V</b>	*Filament: main colour	pink	purple
	Filament: small spots	absent	

*Anther: colour just before the start of dehiscence	greenish	purplish
*Ovary: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
*Ovary: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	weak to medium

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2007	Granted	'Konratus'
GB	2008	Under procedure	'Konratus'

First sold in France in March 2007. First Australian sale in May 2007.

 ${\tt Description:}\ Mark\ Lunghusen,\ World\ Select\ Plants/Outback\ Plants,\ Cranbourne,\ VIC.$ 

**Application Number** 2007/336 **Variety Name** 'Konpulse'

Genus Species Alstroemeria hybrid

**Common Name** Peruvian Lily

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 30 Jan 2008

**Applicant** Konst Breeding B.V., Nieuwveen, The Netherlands

Agent Ball Australia, Devon Meadows, VIC - postal address for

service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.

Qualified Person Mark Lunghusen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Overseas Testing** Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

**Authority** 

Overseas Data 2006/0939

**Reference Number** 

LocationWageningen, The NetherlandsDescriptorAlstroemeria (Alstroemeria)

**Period** 2007

**Conditions** Characteristics are based solely on trials done in Wageningen,

The Netherlands and published in the test report dated 11 Feb 2008. Comparator data was extracted from PVJ Vol 15(2).

Trial Design Randomised

**Measurements** Taken from trial plants

**RHS Chart - edition** 

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 3150-30 x pollen parent 5261-4 in a planned breeding program at the applicant's research station at Nieuwveen, The Netherlands. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding program. Selection criteria: from this cross 'Konpulse' was chosen on the basis of short flower stems. Propagation: a number of mature stock plants were generated from the original seedling by tissue culture through 40 generations to confirm uniformity and stability. 'Konpulse' is commercially propagated by tissue culture. Breeder: J.W.M. Konst, Nieuwveen, The Netherlands.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Stem	length	short
Leaf	shape of blade	elliptic
Flower	main colour	red/red-purple group

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TVIOST SIIIII	varience of common timo wreage facilities ( v C11)
Name	Comments
'Napoli'	Most similar variety.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick.		<i>(</i>
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Konpulse'	'Napoli'
	*Stem: length	short	short
V	*Stem: thickness	thin	medium
	*Stem: density of foliage	medium	medium to dense
	*Leaf: length	medium	short to medium
	*Leaf: width	medium	medium
	*Leaf: shape of blade	elliptic	elliptic
	*Leaf: longitudinal axis of blade	straight	straight
V	*Inflorescence: number of branches in umbel	few to medium	medium to many
	*Inflorescence: length of branches in umbel	short	very short to short
<b>V</b>	*Inflorescence: length of pedicel	medium	long
<b>V</b>	*Flower: main colour	red	red purple
	*Flower: size	small to medium	medium
	*Flower: spread of tepals	small to medium	small to medium
	*Outer tepal: shape of blade	obovate	obovate
	*Outer tepal: depth of emargination	shallow	shallow
col	*Outer tepal: main colour of inner side of blade (RHS our chart)	042A-043A	064A
	*Outer tepal: stripes on inner side of blade	absent	
	*Inner tepal: shape of blade	elliptic	
zon	*Inner lateral tepal: main colour of inner side of middle te of blade (RHS colour chart)	007A	pale yellow
<b>V</b>	*Inner lateral tepal: size of stripes on inner side of blade	very small to small	medium
V	*Stamens: main colour of filament	pink	purple
	*Stamens: small spots on filament	absent	
<b>V</b>	*Stamens: colour of anthers at the start of dehiscence	greenish	purplish
	Pistil: anthocyanin colouration of ovary	absent or very weak	weak to medium
~	Pistil: spots on the stigma	absent	present

#### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
New Zealand	2008	Granted	'Konpulse'
EU	2006	Granted	'Konpulse'
USA	2006	Granted	'Konpulse'

First sold in the USA in June 2005. First Australian sale in January 2007.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, World Select Plants/Outback Plants, Cranbourne, VIC.

**Application Number** 2009/029 **Variety Name** 'Konanel'

Genus Species Alstroemeria hybrid

**Common Name** Peruvian Lily

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 27 May 2009

**Applicant** Konst Breeding B.V., Nieuwveen, The Netherlands

Agent Ball Australia, Keysborough, VIC

**Qualified Person** Mark Lunghusen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Overseas Testing** Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

**Authority** 

**Overseas Data** 2008/0058

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Wageningen, The Netherlands

**Descriptor** Alstroemeria (new) (*Alstroemeria*) TG/29/7

**Period** 2009

**Conditions** Characteristics are based solely on trials done in Wageningen,

The Netherlands and published in the test report INC 937 dated 20 Nov 2009. Comparator data was extracted from PVJ

Vol 20(1).

Trial Design Randomized

**Measurements** Taken from trial plants

**RHS Chart - edition** 

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: in March 2004 a spontaneous mutation was discovered on *Alstroemeria* 'Konsacram' with a distinctive flower colour. Plants were trialled from 2005-2007 to determine uniformity and stability. Propagation: a number of mature stock plants were generated from the original seedling by tissue culture through 43 generations to confirm uniformity and stability. Breeder Konst Breeding B.V., Nieuwveen, The Netherlands.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

, arrety or common rand	, 1110450	
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	height	tall
Leaf	length	medium
Leaf	width	medium
Flower	size	large

#### **Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)**

	+ 000 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Name	Comments
'Konsacram'	Parental variety

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Konanel' 'Konsacram'

	*Plant: height	tall	tall
	Stem: thickness	medium	medium to thick
	Leaf: length	medium	medium
	Leaf: width	medium	medium
	*Umbel: number of branches	medium	medium to many
	*Umbel: length of branches	medium	medium to long
•	*Flower: length of pedicel	short to medium	long
~	*Flower: main colour	red purple	light pink
	*Flower: size	medium to large	large
~	*Outer tepal: shape of blade	broad elliptic	broad obovate
	*Outer tepal: depth of emargination	deep	very deep
<b>▼</b> Col	*Outer tepal: main colour of central zone (RHS our Chart)	53C-53D	62B-27D
□ Cha	*Outer tepal: main colour of top zone (RHS Colour art)	red purple N57C	
□ Col	*Outer tepal: main colour of lateral zone (RHS our Chart)	red purple N57C	
□ Col	*Outer tepal: main colour of basal zone (RHS our Chart)	69C- 69D	
□ mar	*Outer tepal: very small or small stripes on ginal part of lateral zone of upper side of blade	absent	absent
side	*Outer tepal: large or very large stripes on upper e of blade	absent	absent
	*Inner tepal: shape of blade	elliptic	elliptic
side	*Inner lateral tepal: size of striped zone on upper	large	
<b>▽</b> upp	*Inner lateral tepal: main colour of striped zone on er side (RHS Colour Chart)	8B	5C
	*Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes on upper side	medium	
□ upp	*Inner lateral tepal: length of longest stripes on er side	medium	
upp	*Inner lateral tepal: width of widest stripes on er side	narrow	medium
com	*Inner median tepal: difference in striped pattern pared to inner lateral tepal	present	

*Filament: main colour	red purple	red purple
Filament: small spots	absent	absent
*Anther: colour just before the start of dehiscence	greenish	greenish
*Ovary: anthocyanin colouration	present	
*Ovary: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2008	Granted	'Konanel'
GB	2009	Under Procedure	'Konanel'

First sold in Germany in Feb 2007.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, World Select Plants/Outback Plants, Cranbourne, VIC.

**Application Number** 2009/316

Variety Name 'Kakegawa S91'
Genus Species Petunia x Calibrachoa

**Common Name** Petchoa **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 16 Apr 2010

ApplicantSakata Seed Corporation, Yokohama, JPAgentSakata Seed Oceania, Warragul, VIC

**Qualified Person** Mark Lunghusen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing Canadian Food Inspection Agency

**Authority** 

Overseas Data 3313

**Reference Number** 

**Location** St Thomas, Ontario, Canada

**Descriptor** Calibrachoa (*Calibrachoa*) TG/207/1

**Period** 2007

**Conditions** Trials were conducted in a polyhouse during the summer

2007 at BioFlora Inc. in St. Tomas Ontario. Fifteen plants of each variety were included in the trial. All plants were grown from rooted cuttings and transplanted into 11.5 cm pots on

July 10, 2007.

**Trial Design** 

**Measurements** Observations and measurements were taken from 10 plants or

parts per variety.

**RHS Chart - edition** 2001

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination followed by seedling selection: in May 2003, the new *Petunia x Calibrachoa* variety was developed using an intergeneric cross between *Petunia* inhouse hybrid 04H-73 and a *Calibrachoa* in-house hybrid 571-2. After crossing the parent lines, 1320 ovules were removed from flowers on the female parent and cultured by standard ovule culture techniques. In Dec 2003, 6 intergeneric hybrid plantlets were transplanted to soil less media for greenhouse culture and acclimatization. In Mar 2004, 6 plants out of 6 hybrid lines were vegetatively propagated to produce rooted cuttings. In April 2004, the 6 plants were transplanted to an open field and evaluated for flower colour and plant growth habit through July. In Aug 2004, 'Kakegawa S91' which has a bright terracotta (apricot with pinkish-red vein) flower colour and a mounding plant growth habit was selected and vegetatively propagated. In Sep 2004, 10 cuttings were evaluated in an open field through Nov 2004. In Nov 2004, the breeder confirmed that the distinct characteristics of selection 'Kakegawa S91' were fixed and stable. Breeder Akinobu Ui, Sakata Seed Corporation, Yokohama, Japan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	habit	semi-upright
Flower	type	single

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Must Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'Dancalipet'	Most similar variety.	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kakegawa S91'	'Dancalipet'
Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
*Plant: height	medium	short
*Leaf blade: length	short	medium to long
*Leaf blade: width	medium	medium
Leaf blade: shape of apex	obtuse	obtuse
*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
*Leaf blade: green colour of upper side (non-variegated varieties only)	dark	dark
Sepal: anthocyanin colouration	present	
*Flower: type	single	single
*Corolla lobe: number of colours of upper side	more than two	one
*Corolla lobe: main colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)	24C-20D	N74A with N66A tones
*Corolla lobe: secondary colour of upper side (bi- and multi-coloured varieties only) (RHS colour chart)	9A	N/A
Corolla lobe: tertiary colour of upper side (multi-coloured varieties only) (RHS colour chart)	54B	N/A
*Corolla lobe: conspicuousness of veins on upper side	weak	strong
Corolla lobe: main colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	8D with 70C	75A with 64C
*Corolla tube: main colour of inner side (RHS colour chart)	12A with brown 200A	9A - 10B
Corolla tube: conspicuousness of veins on inner side	strong	strong
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kakegawa S91'	'Dancalipet'
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very week absent or very	strong anthocyanin
Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration on midrib (lower side)	) wools	

Characteristics reactional to the Descriptor, 19		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kakegawa S91'	'Dancalipet'
V	absent or very	strong
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	week	anthocyanin
	absent or very	
Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration on midrib (lower side	)1-	

~	Flower: shape	funnel form	salver form
<b>~</b>	Corolla lobe: apex	retuse	rounded

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Canada	2007	Granted	'Kakegawa S91'
EU	2007	Granted	'Kakegawa S91'
USA	2007	Granted	'Kakegawa S91'
NZ	2010	Applied	'Kakegawa S91'

First sold in the USA in 2007.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, World Select Plants/Outback Plants, Cranbourne, VIC.

**Application Number** 2008/365

Variety Name 'EUROPRIMA'
Genus Species Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 17 Dec 2008

ApplicantEUROPLANT Pflanzenzucht GmbH, GermanyAgentAgtec Agriculture Pty Ltd, Hilston, NSW

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Feb – May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

**Measurements** Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Marena' x 'Albatros' in the EUROPLANT Pflanzenzucht GmbH Potato Breeding Program in Kaltenberg, Germany in 1998. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, processing quality and storability. A breeding line was selected from this cross and released as 'Europrima' in 2008. The female parent has an ovoid lightsprout whereas 'Europrima' is conical. 'Albatros' sets more berries than 'Europrima'.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

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<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	shape	short-oval
Plant	height	Medium
Tuber	drymatter content	High
Tuber	skin colour	light beige

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments	TVIOSE SIIIIII	varieties of common time weage identified (veil)	
	Name	Comments	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Atlantic'

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EUROPRIMA'	'Atlantic'
Lightsprout: size	medium	medium
*Lightsprout: shape	conical	ovoid
*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	medium
*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration of base	medium	High
*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	strong	medium to strong
Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	medium	medium
Lightsprout: habit of tip	intermediate	closed to intermediate
Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	medium	absent or very weak
Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	medium to strong	weak to medium
*Lightsprout: number of root tips	few to medium	medium
Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	medium	short to medium
Plant: foliage structure	intermediate type	intermediate type
*Plant: growth habit	upright to semi- upright	semi-upright
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	weak
Leaf: outline size	medium to large	medium
Leaf: openness	closed to intermediate	intermediate to open
Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium to strong	strong
Leaf: green colour	medium to dark	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	absent or very weak	weak
Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	medium
Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	narrow to medium	nmedium
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	Low
Leaflet: waviness of margin	medium	weak
Leaflet: depth of veins	medium	medium to deep
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	medium	dull to medium
	absent or very weak	medium
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration		
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration  Plant: height	medium	medium

Inflorescence: size	small	small to medium
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Flower corolla: size	small	small
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or very weak	medium
*Plant: time of maturity	early	medium
*Tuber: shape	short-oval	short-oval
Tuber: depth of eyes	medium to deep	medium
*Tuber: colour of skin	light beige	Light beige
*Tuber: colour of base of eye	yellow	yellow
*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	white
Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light (light beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	absent or very weak	absent or very weak

**Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG** 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EUROPRIMA' 'Atlantic'
Stem: thickness	medium medium
Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	medium small
Tuber: skin smoothness	medium rough

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2006	Granted	'EUROPRIMA'
Canada	2009	Applied	'EUROPRIMA'

First sold in Germany April 2008.

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston. SA.

**Application Number** 2009/264 **Variety Name** 'Margit'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 16 Apr 2010

**Applicant** Solana Agrar-Produkte GMBH & Co KG, Germany

**Agent** Western Potatoes Ltd, West Perth, WA

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Feb – May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

**Measurements** Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: breeding line '88-236-3' x '92-320-1' in the SaKa Pflanzenzucht GbR Potato Breeding Program in Windeby, Germany in 1998. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, cooking quality and storability. A breeding line derived from this cross was selected and released as 'Margit' in 2007. The female parent has lighter tuber flesh colour than 'Margit'. '92-320-1' has red violet flowers whereas 'Margit' has white flowers.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

, 41100) 01 0011111011 12110 111		
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	shape	oval to long oval
Tuber	skin colour	yellow
Tuber	flesh colour	light yellow
Flower	colour	white
Leaflet	width	narrow to medium

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

~ ~	~ .
Name	Comments
Name	Comments

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingui	shing Characteristics	State of Expression : Candidate Variety	in State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Miranda'	Plant	time of maturity	medium	Early
'Freya'	Tuber	Shape	long oval	Oval

Orga	an/Plant Part: Context	'Margit'	'Bintje'
	Lightsprout: size	medium	medium to large
<b>✓</b> ,	*Lightsprout: shape	ovoid	conical
×	Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	strong
	Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin aration of base	high	high
□ <sub>*</sub>	Lightsprout: pubescence of base	very weak to weak	medium to strong
	Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	small to medium	medium
	Lightsprout: habit of tip	intermediate	intermediate to open
	Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	medium to strong	medium to strong
<b>▽</b> I	Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	weak	medium to strong
□ ,	Lightsprout: number of root tips	few	few to medium
	Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	short	short
	Plant: foliage structure	stem type	intermediate type
<b>V</b> ,	*Plant: growth habit	upright	semi-upright
,	Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	medium to strong
<b>▽</b> I	Leaf: outline size	medium to large	small to medium
	Leaf: openness	intermediate to open	intermediate
	Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium	medium
<b>▽</b> I	Leaf: green colour	dark	light to medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	medium
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
	Γerminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Bintje'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Miranda'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Freya'

	Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak	absent or very weak
V	Leaflet: depth of veins	medium to deep	shallow to medium
	Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	medium	dull
	Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	absent or very weak
	Plant: height	medium	medium to tall
	*Plant: frequency of flowers	high	low to medium
	Inflorescence: size	large	medium
	Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	weak to medium	absent or very weak
	Flower corolla: size	medium to large	medium to large
inn	*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on er side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Plant: time of maturity	medium	medium to late
	*Tuber: shape	oval	long-oval
~	Tuber: depth of eyes	very shallow to shallow	shallow to medium
	*Tuber: colour of skin	yellow	yellow
	*Tuber: colour of base of eye	yellow	yellow
	*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	light yellow
	Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light ht beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG gan/Plant Part: Context	'Margit'	'Bintje'
		<u> </u>	•
~	Stem: thickness	thick	medium

Characteristics illustrational to the Descriptor, i.e.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Margit'	'Bintje'
Stem: thickness	thick	medium
Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	medium	small
Tuber: skin smoothness	smooth	smooth

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Germany	2003	Granted	'Margit'
EU	2007	Granted	'Margit'
France	1987	Surrendered	'Margit'

First sold in March 2007 in Germany

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA.

**Application Number** 2009/263 **Variety Name** 'Red Lady'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 16 Apr 2010

**Applicant** Solana Agrar-Produkte GMBH & Co KG, Germany

**Agent** Western Potatoes Ltd, West Perth, WA

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Feb – May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

**Measurements** Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Dura' x 'Velox' in the Solana Agrar-Produkte GMBH Potato Breeding Program in Windeby, Germany in 1996. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, cooking quality and storability. A breeding line was selected and released as 'Red Lady' in 2005. The female parent is susceptible to wart disease (pathotype 1) whereas 'Red Lady' is resistant. 'Velox' has yellow skin colour.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	shape	long-oval
Tuber	flesh colour	light yellow
Leaf	openness	Intermediate to open
Leaf	glossiness	medium to glossy
Leaflet	vein depth	medium to deep

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

~ ~	~ .
Name	Comments
Name	Comments

#### 'Desiree'

Variety	Distingui	shing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characte	ristics	<b>Candidate Variety</b>	Comparator Variety
'Rosara'	Plant	time of maturity	main crop	very early

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Red Lady'	'Desiree'
<b>V</b>	Lightsprout: size	medium	large
<b>V</b>	*Lightsprout: shape	conical	narrow cylindrical
~	*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium
cole	*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin ouration of base	medium	absent or low
	*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	weak	medium
	Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	medium to large	small
	Lightsprout: habit of tip	intermediate	closed
	Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	strong	absent or very weak
	Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	medium	absent or very weak
	*Lightsprout: number of root tips	Few	many
	Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	short to medium	medium
	Plant: foliage structure	intermediate type	intermediate type
	*Plant: growth habit	upright to semi- upright	semi-upright
	*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	weak	weak to medium
	Leaf: outline size	medium	small to medium
	Leaf: openness	intermediate to open	intermediate to open
	Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium to strong	medium
	Leaf: green colour	medium to dark	medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	medium	weak
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium to large	medium
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	narrow to medium	medium
	Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low
	Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak to medium	absent or very weak
	Leaflet: depth of veins	Medium to deep	medium to deep

Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	Medium to gloss	y medium to glossy
Plant: height	medium	medium
*Plant: frequency of flowers	absent or very lo	w medium to high
*Plant: time of maturity	medium to late	medium
*Tuber: shape	long-oval	long-oval
Tuber: depth of eyes	very shallow to shallow	medium
*Tuber: colour of skin	reddish brown	red
*Tuber: colour of base of eye	red	red
*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	light yellow
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Red Lady'	'Desiree'
Stem: thickness	medium	thick
Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	medium	medium
Tuber: skin smoothness	smooth	smooth

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2003	Granted	'Red Lady'
USA	2005	Applied	'Red Lady'

First sold in October 2005 in Germany

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA.

**Application Number** 2007/292 **Variety Name** 'Horizon'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 25 Mar 2009

**Applicant** Higgins Agriculture, UK

**Agent** Western Potatoes Limited, Claremont, WA

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie, SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Feb – May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

Measurements Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Russet Burbank' x 'Sante'. in Higgins Agriculture breeding program in Doncaster, UK in 1996. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, processing quality and storability. A breeding line was selected from this cross and released as 'Horizon' in 2001. 'Russet Burbank' differs from 'Horizon' in having long oval tuber shape. The male parent 'Sante' has significantly lower dry matter content of tubers.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Compan Knowledge

Variety of Common	Knowledge
O /DI / D /	~

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	dry matter content	High
Tuber	skin smoothness	Netted

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Russet Burbank'

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish	ing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Blanka'	Lightsprout	anthocyanin colour of base	weak	Medium
'Blanka'	Leaflet	depth of veins	medium	Deep

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'Horizon'	'Russet Burbank'
	Lightsprout: size	medium	small
V	*Lightsprout: shape	spherical	ovoid
	*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium	weak
colo	*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin ouration of base	absent or low	absent or low
	*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	weak	weak to medium
	Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	medium	small to medium
	Lightsprout: habit of tip	intermediate	closed to intermediate
	Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
	Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	medium	weak
	*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium	few to medium
	Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	medium	short
V	Plant: foliage structure	stem type	leaf type
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright to spreading
	*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	weak
	Leaf: outline size	medium	medium to large
	Leaf: openness	intermediate to oper	nintermediate to open
	Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium to strong	medium
	Leaf: green colour	medium	light to medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	medium
□ leng	Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to gth	medium to broad	narrow
	Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low
	Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak	medium
	Leaflet: depth of veins	medium to deep	medium
	Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	medium	medium
	Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	

very rough

	Plant: height	medium to tall	short to medium
	*Plant: frequency of flowers	very high	absent or very low
	Inflorescence: size	medium	
	Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	absent or very weak	
	Flower corolla: size	medium	
on i	*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration nner side	absent or very weak	
	*Plant: time of maturity	early	medium to late
<b>V</b>	*Tuber: shape	round	long-oval
	Tuber: depth of eyes	medium to deep	medium
~	*Tuber: colour of skin	yellow	reddish brown
	*Tuber: colour of base of eye	yellow	yellow
<b>V</b>	*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	white
ligh	Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to at (light beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Horizon'	'Russet Burbank'
	Stem: thickness	medium	medium
	Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	small	medium

rough

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Tuber: skin smoothness

	0110 001100		
Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
UK	1999	Granted	'Horizon'
EU	2002	Granted	'Horizon'
South Africa	2004	Applied	'Horizon'

First sold in Saudi Arabia October 2003.

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA.

**Application Number** 2009/218 **Variety Name** 'Mette'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 08 Oct 2009

ApplicantLandbrugets Kartoffelfond, DenmarkAgentAgtec Agriculture Pty Ltd, Hillston, NSW

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Feb – May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

Measurements Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: breeding line 88-BGO-28 x 'Cara' in the Landbrugets Kartoffelfond Potato Breeding Program in Vandel, Denmark in 1988. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, cooking quality and storability. Breeding Line 95-CHV-1 was selected and released as 'Mette' in 2003. The female parent has a slight difference in tuber flesh colour than 'Mette'. 'Cara' tuber skin is part-coloured.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of common time w	variety of Common Knowledge			
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Tuber	Shape	long to long oval		
Tuber	skin colour	Yellow		
Flower	colour	White		
Lightsprout	shape	Conical		

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCIX)	
Name	Comments	

'Bintje'

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Mette'	'Bintje'
	Lightsprout: size	medium	medium to large
	*Lightsprout: shape	conical	conical
V	*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	very weak to weak	strong
colo	*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin ouration of base	absent or low	High
	*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	very weak to weak	medium to strong
	Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base		
~	Lightsprout: habit of tip	closed to intermediate	intermediate to open
V	Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	weak	medium to strong
V	Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	weak	medium to strong
	*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium to many	few to medium
	Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	short to medium	short
	Plant: foliage structure	stem type	intermediate type
	*Plant: growth habit	upright to semi- upright	semi-upright
V	*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	weak	medium to strong
	Leaf: outline size	medium	small to medium
	Leaf: openness	medium intermediate to open	small to medium intermediate
		intermediate to	intermediate
	Leaf: openness	intermediate to open medium to strong	intermediate
	Leaf: openness  Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	intermediate to open medium to strong	intermediate medium
	Leaf: openness  Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets  Leaf: green colour	intermediate to open medium to strong medium to dark very weak to weak	intermediate medium light to medium absent or very
	Leaf: openness  Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets  Leaf: green colour  Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	intermediate to open medium to strong medium to dark very weak to weak medium to large	intermediate medium light to medium absent or very weak
	Leaf: openness  Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets  Leaf: green colour  Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side  Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	intermediate to open medium to strong medium to dark very weak to weak medium to large	intermediate medium light to medium absent or very weak medium
	Leaf: openness  Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets  Leaf: green colour  Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side  Second pair of lateral leaflets: size  Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	intermediate to open medium to strong medium to dark very weak to weak medium to large narrow to medium low weak	intermediate  medium light to medium absent or very weak medium anarrow to medium low absent or very weak
	Leaf: openness  Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets  Leaf: green colour  Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side  Second pair of lateral leaflets: size  Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length  Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	intermediate to open medium to strong medium to dark very weak to weak medium to large narrow to medium low	intermediate  medium light to medium absent or very weak medium narrow to medium low absent or very
	Leaf: openness  Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets  Leaf: green colour  Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side  Second pair of lateral leaflets: size  Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length  Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence  Leaflet: waviness of margin	intermediate to open medium to strong medium to dark very weak to weak medium to large narrow to medium low weak shallow to	intermediate  medium light to medium absent or very weak medium narrow to medium low absent or very weak shallow to
	Leaf: openness  Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets  Leaf: green colour  Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side  Second pair of lateral leaflets: size  Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length  Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence  Leaflet: waviness of margin  Leaflet: depth of veins	intermediate to open medium to strong medium to dark very weak to weak medium to large narrow to medium low weak shallow to medium	intermediate  medium light to medium absent or very weak medium narrow to medium low absent or very weak shallow to medium

	*Plant: frequency of flowers	high to very high	low to medium
	Inflorescence: size	large	medium
	Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	weak to medium	absent or very weak
	Flower corolla: size	medium to large	medium to large
inne	*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on er side	absent or very weak	
	*Plant: time of maturity	late	medium to late
	*Tuber: shape	long	long-oval
	Tuber: depth of eyes	shallow	shallow to medium
	*Tuber: colour of skin	yellow	yellow
	*Tuber: colour of base of eye	yellow	yellow
	*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	light yellow
□ (lig	Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light ht beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Cha	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Mette'	'Bintje'
V	Stem: thickness	thick	thin
V	Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	large	small

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA.

**Application Number** 2009/212 **Variety Name** 'Musica'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 12 Oct 2009

**Applicant** C Meijer BV, The Netherlands

**Agent** Agriculture Pty Ltd, Hillston, NSW

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Feb – May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

Measurements Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: breeding line CMK1993-042-005 x 'Lady Christl' in the CJ Meijer BV Potato Breeding Program in Rilland, the Netherlands in 1997. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, cooking quality and storability. Breeding Line CMK1998-032-005 was selected and commercially released as 'Musica' in 2007. The female parent has significantly lighter yellow tuber flesh colour than 'Musica'. 'Lady Christl' has red violet flowers whereas 'Musica' has white flowers.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	shape	long oval
Tuber	skin colour	Yellow
Tuber	flesh colour	Yellow
Flower	colour	White
Lightsprout	size	medium to large
Lightsprout	shape	Conical

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Nicola'

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.	-	(2-2)
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Musica'	'Nicola'
Lightsprout: size	large	medium to large
*Lightsprout: shape	conical	conical
*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium	medium to strong
*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration of base	absent or low	absent or low
*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	medium to strong	strong
Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	medium	
Lightsprout: habit of tip	intermediate to open	Open
Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	very weak to weak	medium to strong
Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	weak to medium	
*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium to many	medium to many
Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	medium	
Plant: foliage structure	leaf type	stem type
*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright to spreading	semi-upright to spreading
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Leaf: outline size	medium to large	small to medium
Leaf: openness	closed to intermediate	open
Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium to strong	medium
Leaf: green colour	light to medium	light to medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium to large	small to medium
Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	medium	medium
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low
Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak	absent or very weak
Leaflet: depth of veins	medium	medium
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	dull to medium	medium to glossy
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very	

		weak		
	Plant: height	medium	medium to tall	
	*Plant: frequency of flowers	absent or very lov	vlow to medium	
	Inflorescence: size	small to medium		
	Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	absent or very weak		
	Flower corolla: size	medium		
inne	*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on er side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
	*Plant: time of maturity	early to medium	medium to late	
	*Tuber: shape	long-oval	long-oval	
	Tuber: depth of eyes	shallow	shallow	
	*Tuber: colour of skin	yellow	yellow	
	*Tuber: colour of base of eye	yellow	yellow	
<b>~</b>	*Tuber: colour of flesh	dark yellow	medium yellow	
□ (lig	Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light ht beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Musica'	'Nicola'	
	Stem: thickness	medium	medium	
<b>V</b>	Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	medium	small	

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
The Netherlands	2006	Granted	'Musica'
EU	2006	Granted	'Musica'

First sold in March 2007, The Netherlands.

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA.

**Application Number** 2009/213 **Variety Name** 'Orchestra'

Genus Species Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 12 Oct 2009

**Applicant** C Meijer BV, The Netherlands

**Agent** Agriculture Pty Ltd, Hillston, NSW

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Feb – May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

Measurements Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Maradonna' x 'Cupido' in the C Meijer BV Potato Breeding Program at Rilland, The Netherlands in 1996. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, cooking quality and storability. Breeding line CMK 1997-053-017 was selected and released as 'Orchestra' in 2007. The female parent is later in maturity than 'Orchestra'. 'Cupido' has oval tuber shape and 'Orchestra' is round oval.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Kn	owledge
O/D14 D4	C

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	shape	round oval to oval
Tuber	skin colour	Yellow
Tuber	flesh colour	light yellow

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

	,
NT	C
Name	Comments

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Lady Claire'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Melody'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequen	tly excluded
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Variety	Distinguis	shing	State of Expression	in State of Expression in
	Character	ristics	Candidate Variety	<b>Comparator Variety</b>
'Melody'	Flower	colour	white	red violet

	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Orchestra'	'Lady Claire' medium to large		
	Lightsprout: size	medium to large	J		
	*Lightsprout: shape	ovoid	ovoid		
	*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	strong		
cole	*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin ouration of base	absent or low	High		
	*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	medium	medium to strong		
	Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	medium	medium		
	Lightsprout: habit of tip	intermediate to open	intermediate		
	Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	weak	weak to medium		
	Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	medium to strong	medium to strong		
	*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium	few to medium		
	Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	short	medium		
~	Plant: foliage structure	intermediate type	leaf type		
	*Plant: growth habit	upright to semi- upright	semi-upright		
	*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	medium		
	Leaf: outline size	medium to large	medium to large		
	Leaf: openness	intermediate to open	open		
	Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium to strong	medium to strong		
<b>~</b>	Leaf: green colour	medium to dark	light to medium		
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	medium		
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	medium	medium		
	Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low to medium		
	Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak	weak to medium		
	Leaflet: depth of veins	medium	shallow to medium		
	Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	medium	dull to medium		

medium

smooth

Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	weak	absent or very weak
Plant: height	medium to tall	tall
*Plant: frequency of flowers	high	low
Inflorescence: size	medium to large	small
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Plant: time of maturity	early	late
*Tuber: shape	oval	oval
Tuber: depth of eyes	shallow to medium	medium
*Tuber: colour of skin	yellow	yellow
*Tuber: colour of base of eye	yellow	yellow
*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	light yellow
Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light (light beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	absent or very weak	weak
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Orchestra'	'Lady Claire'
Stem: thickness	medium	medium
Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	medium	medium

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Tuber: skin smoothness

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Netherlands	2006	Granted	'Orchestra'
EU	2006	Granted	'Orchestra'

First sold in March 2007 in The Netherlands.

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA.

**Application Number** 2009/214 **Variety Name** 'Senna'

Genus Species Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 29 Oct 2009

ApplicantLandbrugets Kartoffelfond, DenmarkAgentAgtec Agriculture Pty Ltd, Hillston, NSW

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Feb – May 2010.

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

Measurements Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Rosella' (female) x 90-BOT-611 in the Landbrugets Kartoffelfond Potato Breeding Program at Vandel, Denmark in 1990. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, cooking quality and storability. Breeding line 98-CXQ-4 was selected and released as 'Senna' in 2009. The female parent has white flowers. The male parent has cream coloured tuber flesh.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	shape	Oval
Tuber	skin smoothness	Smooth

Tuber flesh colour medium to dark yellow

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Laura'

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguisl Character	U	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Desiree'	Tuber	skin colour	dark red	light red

	an/Plant Part: Context	'Senna'	'Laura'
	Lightsprout: size	medium	small to medium
~	*Lightsprout: shape	ovoid	conical
	*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	strong
	*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin uration of base	absent or low	absent or low
<b>~</b>	*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	strong to very strong	medium
	Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base		small to medium
	Lightsprout: habit of tip	intermediate to open	intermediate
<b>V</b>	Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	weak to medium	strong
	Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	medium	medium
	*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium	medium to many
	Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	short	medium
	Plant: foliage structure	intermediate type	intermediate type
	*Plant: growth habit	upright to semi- upright	semi-upright
	*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	weak
	Leaf: outline size	medium	medium to large
	Leaf: openness	intermediate to open	intermediate
	Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium	medium
	Leaf: green colour	medium	medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	weak	weak
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	medium to large
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	narrow to medium	medium
<b>V</b>	Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	medium
	Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak to medium	medium
	Leaflet: depth of veins	medium to deep	medium to deep
	Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	medium	medium
_	Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	weak	absent or very

large

small

Plant: height	medium to tall	tall
*Plant: frequency of flowers	high	medium
Inflorescence: size	medium to large	small to medium
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	medium	weak to medium
Flower corolla: size	medium to large	medium
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	medium	weak
*Flower corolla: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or low	absent or low
*Flower corolla: extent of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	medium	small
*Plant: time of maturity	medium	medium
*Tuber: shape	oval	oval
Tuber: depth of eyes	shallow to medium	very shallow to shallow
*Tuber: colour of skin	red	red
*Tuber: colour of base of eye	red	red
*Tuber: colour of flesh	medium yellow	dark yellow
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Senna'	'Laura'
Stem: thickness	thick	medium
Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	small	medium
Tuber: skin smoothness	smooth	smooth

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Tuber: size of lenticels

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Norway	2008	Applied	'Senna'
EU	2008	Granted'	'Senna'

First sold in April 2009

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA.

**Application Number** 2009/216 **Variety Name** 'Polaris'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 29 Oct 2009

ApplicantLasndbrugets Kartoffelfond, DenmarkAgentAgtec Agriculture Pty Ltd, Hillston, NSW

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Feb to May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

Measurements Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: breeding line N86-BCK-21 (female) was pollinated by breeding line N84-AXX-3 (male) in the Landbrugets Kartoffelfond Potato Breeding Program in Vandel, Denmark in 1984. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, cooking quality and storability. Breeding line 97-CHV-1 was selected and released as 'Polaris' in 2009. Both parents have round-oval to round tubers and 'Polaris' has oval tubers.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

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<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	shape	short-oval to oval
Tuber	skin colour	Yellow
Tuber	flesh colour	light to medium yellow
Leaflet	width	Narrow

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments	TVIOSE SIIIIII	varieties of common time wreage identified (vert)	
	Name	Comments	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Winston'

Organ/Plant Part: Co	ontext	'Polaris'	'Winston'
Lightsprout: size		medium to large	medium to large
*Lightsprout: shap	pe	spherical	broad cylindrical
	nsity of anthocyanin colouration	strong to very strong	weak
*Lightsprout: prop colouration of base	portion of blue in anthocyanin	high	absent or low
*Lightsprout: pub	escence of base	medium to strong	weak
Lightsprout: size of	of tip in relation to base	medium to large	
Lightsprout: habit	of tip	intermediate to open	closed to intermediate
Lightsprout: antho	ocyanin colouration of tip	strong	weak
Lightsprout: pubes	scence of tip	medium to strong	weak to medium
*Lightsprout: num	nber of root tips	medium to many	Few
Lightsprout: length	h of lateral shoots	short	medium
Plant: foliage struc	cture	intermediate type	intermediate type
*Plant: growth hal	bit	upright to semi- upright	semi-upright
*Stem: anthocyan	in colouration	medium	weak
Leaf: outline size		medium to large	small to medium
Leaf: openness		intermediate to open	open
Leaf: presence of	secondary leaflets	strong	weak
Leaf: green colour	r	light to medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin	colouration on midrib of upper side	weak to medium	absent or very weak
Second pair of late	eral leaflets: size	medium	medium
Second pair of late	eral leaflets: width in relation to length	narrow to medium	narrow
Terminal and later	ral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	medium	low
Leaflet: waviness	of margin	weak to medium	weak
Leaflet: depth of v	veins veins	shallow to medium	shallow to medium
Leaflet: glossiness	s of the upperside	medium	medium to glossy
Flower bud: antho	ocyanin colouration	strong	
Plant: height		tall	medium
*Plant: frequency	of flowers	high	absent or very low

	Inflorescence: size	medium to large	
	Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	medium	
	Flower corolla: size	medium to large	
inne	*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on er side	absent or very weak	
	*Plant: time of maturity	late	
	*Tuber: shape	short-oval	short-oval
	Tuber: depth of eyes	deep	very shallow
	*Tuber: colour of skin	yellow	yellow
	*Tuber: colour of base of eye	yellow	yellow
	*Tuber: colour of flesh	medium yellow	light yellow
(lig	*Tuber: colour of flesh  Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light ht beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	medium yellow strong to very strong	absent or very weak

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Polaris'	'Winston'
Stem: thickness	thick	medium
Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	large	small
Tuber: skin smoothness	rough	smooth

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Norway	2008	Applied	'Polaris'
EU	2008	Granted	'Polaris'

First sold in April 2008

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA.

**Application Number** 2008/079 **Variety Name** 'Smiley'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 13 Aug 2009

ApplicantHiggins Agriculture, United KingdomAgentWestern Potatoes Limited, Claremont, WA

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Feb to May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 February 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

Measurements Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Rode Eersteling'x SVP P80 1756 619 in the Aardappel Veredelingsbedrift D Biedmond BV Potato Breeding Program in the Netherlands in 1998. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, cooking quality and storability. A breeding line was selected from this cross and released as 'Smile' in 2006. The female parent has all red skin and lacks the distinctive white eye brow mark of 'Smile'. This variety is being named 'Smiley' in Australia.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	skin colour	red
Plant	foliage structure	Intermediate
Tuber	shape	oval to long oval
Tuber	flesh colour	light yellow
Tuber	skin smoothness	smooth to medium
Tuber	eye depth	Medium

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin	g Characteristics	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
			Candidate Variety	<b>Comparator Variety</b>
'Red Rascal'	Tuber	skin colour	red with white mark on eye	red without white mark

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Smiley'	'Desiree'
	Lightsprout: size	medium	large
V	*Lightsprout: shape	ovoid	narrow cylindrical
	*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium
col	*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin ouration of base	absent or low	absent or low
	*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	medium	medium
V	Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	large	small
	Lightsprout: habit of tip	intermediate	closed
~	Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	strong	absent or very weak
~	Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	strong	absent or very weak
	*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium	many
<b>V</b>	Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	long	medium
	Plant: foliage structure	intermediate type	intermediate type
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright to spreading	semi-upright
	*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	medium	weak to medium
	Leaf: outline size	medium	small to medium
	Leaf: openness	intermediate	intermediate to open
	Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium	medium
	Leaf: green colour	light to medium	medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	medium	weak
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	medium
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	medium to broad	medium
	Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	medium to high	low
	Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak	absent or very

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Desiree'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Red Rascal'

		weak
Leaflet: depth of veins	medium	medium to deep
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	dull	medium to glossy
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	weak
Plant: height	short to medium	medium
*Plant: frequency of flowers	absent or very low	medium to high
Inflorescence: size	small	medium
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	medium	medium
Flower corolla: size	medium	medium
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on nner side	medium to strong	medium
*Flower corolla: proportion of blue in anthocyanin olouration on inner side	absent or low	absent or low
*Flower corolla: extent of anthocyanin colouration on oner side	medium	medium
*Plant: time of maturity	early	medium
*Tuber: shape	oval	long-oval
Tuber: depth of eyes	medium	medium
*Tuber: colour of skin	Red parti- coloured	red
*Tuber: colour of base of eye	white	red
*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	light yellow
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Smiley'	'Desiree'
Stem: thickness	medium	thick
Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	medium	medium
Tuber: skin smoothness	medium	smooth
Flower: size of white tips	large	medium
Prior Applications and Sales		

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedThe Netherlands2003Granted'Smile'EU2006Granted'Smile'

First sold in UK December 2005

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA.

**Application Number** 2009/215 **Variety Name** 'BUY 1'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

**Accepted Date** 29 Oct 2009

ApplicantLandbrugets Kartoffelfond, DenmarkAgentAgtec Agriculture Pty Ltd, Hillston, NSW

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6

**Period** Feb to May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

Measurements Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: N85-BAX-10 x N86-BCC-13 in the Landbrugets Kartoffelfond Potato Breeding Program in Vandel, Denmark in 1985. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, cooking quality and storability. Breeding line 92-BUY-1 was selected and has not yet been commercially released. It will be released as 'BUY 1' in 2010. The female parent has more oval shaped tubers. The male parent has long oval tuber shape.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	shape	short oval to oval
Tuber	flesh colour	light to medium yellow
Tuber	skin colour	yellow
Lightsprout	shape	ovoid

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments	TVIOSE SIIIIII	varieties of common time wreage identified (vert)	
	Name	Comments	

'Lady Claire'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequent	tly excluded
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Variety	Distinguish	ing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characteri	stics	<b>Candidate Variety</b>	Comparator Variety
'Orla'	Plant	height	medium to tall	short

more of the comparators are marked with a tick. Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BUY 1'	'Lady Claire'
Lightsprout: size	large	medium to large
*Lightsprout: shape	ovoid	ovoid
*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	strong
*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration of base	absent or low	high
*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	strong	medium
Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	medium	medium
Lightsprout: habit of tip	intermediate	intermediate
Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	weak to medium	weak to medium
Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	medium to strong	medium to strong
*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium to many	few to medium
Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	short	medium
Plant: foliage structure	intermediate type	leaf type
*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	medium
Leaf: outline size	medium	medium to large
Leaf: openness	intermediate	open
Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	strong	medium to strong
Leaf: green colour	medium to dark	light to medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	medium
Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	medium to broad	medium
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low to medium
Leaflet: waviness of margin	medium	weak to medium
Leaflet: depth of veins	medium to deep	shallow to medium
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	medium to glossy	dull to medium
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	weak	absent or very

			weak
	Plant: height	medium to tall	tall
	*Plant: frequency of flowers	high to very high	low
	Inflorescence: size	medium to large	small
	Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Flower corolla: size	medium to large	medium
inne	*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on er side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
<b>V</b>	*Plant: time of maturity	early to medium	late
	*Tuber: shape	short-oval	oval
	Tuber: depth of eyes	shallow to medium	medium
	*Tuber: colour of skin	yellow	yellow
<b>V</b>	*Tuber: colour of base of eye	white	yellow
	*Tuber: colour of flesh	medium yellow	light yellow
□ (lig	Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light ht beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	absent or very weak	weak
Cha	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	<b>'BUY 1'</b>	'Lady Claire'
<b>V</b>	Stem: thickness	thick	thin
<b>~</b>	Secondary leaflet on lateral leaflet: size	large	small
<b>~</b>	Tuber: skin smoothness	rough	medium
_			

strong

weak

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Leaflet: hairiness

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA.

**Application Number** 2008/090 **Variety Name** 'VERDI'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 20 Jun 2008

**Applicant** SaKA Planzenzucht GbR, Germany

**Agent** Western Potatoes Limited, West Perth, WA

**Qualified Person** John Fennell

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Waikerie SA

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6

**Period** Feb – May 2010

**Conditions** Plantlets ex-Genetic Resources Centre raised from tissue

cultures and planted into potting mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 22 Feb 2010. Pots placed on benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse to maintain freedom

from insect vectors and viruses.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block design. Three replicates of 20

plants per variety.

Measurements Observations of plant and foliage characteristics were taken

on 15 and 27 Apr 2010. Daylength conditions were not suitable for flower initiation and flower characteristics are taken from published UPOV descriptions. Tuber characteristics were recorded on 23 May 2010. Lightsprout

data was sourced from UPOV descriptions.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Tomensa' x'Diana' in the SaKA Planzenzucht GbR Potato Breeding Program in Windeby, Germany in 1994. Subsequently selection trials occurred at multiple sites with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, cooking quality and storability. A breeding line was selected and released as 'Verdi' in 2004. The female parent is earlier in maturity and has white flowers. The male parent is earlier in maturity and has oval tuber shape.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

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<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	shape	short oval
Tuber	skin smoothness	medium to rough
Flower	colour	red violet
Tuber	drymatter content	high

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TVIOSE SIIIIII	varieties of common timowicage lacinimica (velt)	
N.T.		
Name	Comments	
1 (dille	Comments	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Atlantic'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguis	shing	State of Expression	in State of Expression in
	Characte	ristics	Candidate Variety	<b>Comparator Variety</b>
'Snowden'	Flower	colour	red violet	white

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'VERDI'	'Atlantic'
	Lightsprout: size	small to medium	medium
V	*Lightsprout: shape	conical	ovoid
	*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium
cole	*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin ouration of base	absent or low	high
	*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	weak	medium to strong
	Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	medium	medium
	Lightsprout: habit of tip	intermediate to open	closed to intermediate
	Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	medium	very weak to weak
	Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	weak to medium	weak to medium
	*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium	medium
	Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	medium	short to medium
	Plant: foliage structure	intermediate type	intermediate type
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
	*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	weak	weak
V	Leaf: outline size	small	medium
	Leaf: openness	open	intermediate to open
V	Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium	strong
	Leaf: green colour	medium	medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	absent or very weak	medium
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	medium
	Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	medium	medium
	Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low
	Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak	weak
	Leaflet: depth of veins	medium to deep	medium to deep
	Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	medium	dull to medium

Flower bud:	anthocyanin colou	ration	medium	medium
Plant: height			medium	medium
	ency of flowers		medium to high	medium
Inflorescence	•		medium to large	small to medium
		ouration on peduncle	weak	absent or very weak
□ Flower corol	la: size		large	small
*Flower cordinner side	olla: intensity of an	nthocyanin colouration or	<sup>1</sup> medium	medium
*Flower core		blue in anthocyanin	absent or low	medium
*Flower cord	olla: extent of antho	ocyanin colouration on	medium	
□ *Plant: time	of maturity		medium	medium
*Tuber: shap	e		short-oval	short-oval
☐ Tuber: depth	of eyes		medium	medium
*Tuber: colo	ur of skin		light beige	light beige
□ *Tuber: colo				yellow
*Tuber: colour of flesh			light yellow	white
	cyanin colouration ellow skinned var	of skin in reaction to ligieties only)	ht weak to medium	absent or very weak
	Additional to the	Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Par			'VERDI'	'Atlantic'
Stem: thickn	ess		medium	thick
	aflet on lateral lea	flet: size	small	small
Tuber: skin s	moothness		medium	rough
Prior Application	ons and Sales			
Country Canada Chile New Zealand Poland	Year 2008 2006 2008 2002	Current Status Applied Granted Applied Withdrawn	Name Applied 'VERDI' 'VERDI' 'VERDI' 'VERDI'	
EU	2003	Granted	'VERDI'	
Russia	2006	Applied	'VERDI'	

First sold in Germany March 2004.

2008

2007

Description: John Fennell, Blakiston, SA

USA

South Africa

Applied

Applied

'VERDI'

'VERDI'

Application Number 2009/226 Variety Name 'Plumred Vl' Genus Species *Prunus* hybrid

Common Name Prunus - Interspecific Plum

**Synonym** Red Red VI **Accepted Date** 11 Nov 2009

ApplicantLowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USAAgentBuchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

**Qualified Person** Peter Buchanan

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

**Authority** 

Overseas Data US Plant Patent 21,051

**Reference Number** 

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvale, QLD,

4352.

**Descriptor** Japanese Plum (*Prunus salicina*) TG/84/3

**Period** 2 years

**Conditions** The trial was conducted under normal growing conditions for

Hodgsonvale, QLD. Sufficient winter chill as observed and average summer temperatures for the area. There were some dry conditions experienced and supplemental irrigation was used. All standard orchard practice and maintenance was used

for the length of the trial and will continue.

**Trial Design** 10 trees of the candidate variety were planted at a spacing of

2.5 metres between trees and 5 metres between tree rows. The comparator was also planted on the same tree number and

spacings.

**Measurements** Observations of the tree, fruit and flower characteristics were

made to confirm that the variety is the same description in the US PP 21,051. Upon completion of the observations the

variety matched the supplied description in all ways.

**RHS Chart - edition** Nil

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: During the blooming season Glen Bradford isolated as seed parents individual and groups of different plum trees by covering them with screen houses. A hive of bees was placed inside each house, and bouquets to provide pollen from different plum trees are placed in buckets near the trees approximately every two days for the duration of the bloom. During 2000 one such house containing a 'Fortune' plum tree was crossed by Glen Bradford in this manner. To pollinate the 'Fortune' plum, he selected bouquets from several sources of plum trees, apricots and interspecific plum-apricot without keeping specific written details. Upon reaching maturity the fruit from the 'Fortune' plum was harvested and the seeds removed, cracked and stratified as a group with the label "H4". They were grown as seedlings on their own roots and then planted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard at Bradford Farms, Le Grand, California. During the summer of 2003 the claimed variety was selected as a single plant from the group of seedlings described above.

Subsequent to the origination of the present variety it was asexually reproduced using budding and grafting and such reproduction of plant and fruit characteristics were true to the original in all respects. Breeder: Lowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common	Knowledge
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Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	symmetry	symmetric
Fruit	shape of apex	flat
Fruit	position of maximum diameter	at centre
Fruit	ground colour of skin	red
Fruit	acidity	medium
Fruit	time of ripening	medium

### **Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)**

Must Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)
Name	Comments
'Fortune'	'Fortune' plum is a red skinned plum that matures with the candidate variety. It is also the selected seed parent.

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variet	yComparator Variety	
'Black	Fruit skin colour	red	black	'Black Yummy' plum
Yummy'				was rejected because of
_				different skin colour.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Plumred Vl'	'Fortune'
	Tree: vigour	medium to strong	medium to strong
	Tree: density of the head	open	very open to open
	One year old shoot: attitude	semi-erect to horizontal	erect
	One year old shoot: intensity of colour	dark	medium to dark
	Spur: length	medium	medium
	Wood bud: size	medium	small to medium
	Wood bud: shape	rounded	conical
	Wood bud: position relative to shoot	adpressed	adpressed
	Leaf: attitude	upwards to horizontal	upwards
	*Leaf blade: shape	elliptic	elliptic
	*Leaf blade: angle of the tip	pointed	right angle or nearly right angle
	Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	dark	dark

	Loof, alossings of years aids	medium to strong	strong
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very weak to	very weak to
_	Leaf blade: hairiness of lower side	weak	weak
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	serrate	serrate
	*Petiole: length	medium	medium to long
	Petiole: hairiness of upper side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	Petiole: depth of groove	very shallow to shallow	very shallow to shallow
	Leaf: position of glands	on both leaf base and petiole	on both leaf base and petiole
	*Peduncle: length	medium	medium
	Flowers: on one year old shoots	present	present
	Flowers: frequency of flowers with double petals	none or very few	none or very few
	Flowers: size	medium	medium to large
	Flower: overlapping of petals	touching to overlapping	free to touching
	Sepal: shape	elliptic	elliptic
	Petal: size	medium to large	medium to large
	*Petal: shape	circular	circular
	Petal: undulation of margin	weak to medium	weak to medium
	Stigma: position as compared with anthers	same level to above	same level to above
V	*Fruit: size	large	medium
V	*Fruit: general shape	rounded	oblong
	*Fruit: position of maximum diameter	at centre	at centre
	*Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	symmetric
	Fruit: shape of apex	flat	flat
	Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	shallow to medium	medium
	*Fruit: ground colour of skin	red	red
V	*Fruit: colour of flesh	red	yellow
V	Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm to very firm	medium to firm
~	Fruit: juiciness	very strong	medium
	Fruit: acidity	medium	medium
<b>~</b>	Fruit: sweetness	very high	medium
~	*Fruit: degree of adherence of stone to flesh	fully adherent	semi-adherent
		medium	small to medium

	*Stone: general shape in profile	round-elliptical	round-elliptical
<b>~</b>	Stone: shape in ventral view	sub-globular	flattened
	Stone: shape in basal view	round-elliptical	long-elliptical
	Stone: symmetry in profile	symmetric	symmetric
	Stone: symmetry in ventral view	symmetric	symmetric
	*Stone: position of maximum width	at centre	at centre
	Stone: texture of lateral surfaces	rough	rough
	Stone: margins of dorsal groove	entire	entire
	Stone: sharpness of the edges	medium	medium
	Stone: width of ventral zone	medium	medium
	Stone: width of stalk-end	medium	medium
	Stone: angle of stalk-end	right angle or nearly right angle	right angle or nearly right angle
	Stone: shape of pistil end	pointed	pointed
	*Time of: flowering	medium	medium
	*Time of: ripening	medium	medium

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedUSA2009Granted'Plumred VI'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Peter Buchanan, Hodgsonvale, QLD.

**Application Number** 2010/070 **Variety Name** 'KP8'

Genus SpeciesChloris gayanaCommon NameRhodes Grass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 03 May 2010

**Applicant** Blue Ribbon Seed and Pulse Exporters Pty Ltd, Australian

Premium Seeds Holdings Pty Ltd

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Donald S. Loch

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Location** Birkdale, QLD (Latitude 27°30'S, longitude 153°14'E,

elevation 50 masl)

**Descriptor**Rhodes Grass (*Chloris gayana*)**Period**4 Jan 2010 – 15 May 2010

**Conditions** Seed sown on 4 Jan 2010; seedlings transplanted individually

into 40 x 40 mm tubes (one per tube) on 19 Jan 2010. Seedlings planted out as spaced plants (2.6 m between plants within rows, 3 m between rows) on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil 5 Feb 2010; weed control by pre-emergence oxadiazon at time of planting, manual weeding, glyphosate, and dicamba + MCPA as required; applied mixed fertiliser (N:P:K:S = 15.1:4.4:11.5:13.6) on 21 Jan 2009 to give 101 kg N, 29 kg P, 77 kg K, and 91 kg S per hectare; supplementary irrigation applied as required to maintain unstressed growth.

**Trial Design** 60 spaced plants of each of 3 cultivars ('KP8', 'KG2', 'KP4')

arranged in 12 randomised blocks (rows) with 5 plants per plot; 3 m between blocks (rows) and 2.6 m between plants

within blocks.

Measurements Days to flowering after field planting determined for each

plant (15 Mar – 28 Apr 2010); diameter of lateral spread measured 24 Mar 2010; plant habit and stolon characteristics (one stolon sampled per plant) measured 24-25 Mar 2010; leaf and stem colours determined (6 May 2010); one reproductive culm per plant sampled to measure stem, leaf and inflorescence characteristics (7-15 May 2010); culm stem diameter calculated by averaging the diameters of the second lowest internode and the top internode (i.e. below the

peduncle).

**RHS Chart - edition** 2001 edition

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Mass phenotypic selection was applied to four successive generations of seedlings derived from 'KP4' Rhodes grass grown between 2002 and 2006. In each generation, selection was made progressively in 3 stages based on (1) germination under saline conditions, (2) growth and survival under saline conditions, and (3) improved agronomic characteristics (late flowering, prostrate growth habit, densely branching stolon growth) under non-saline conditions. 'KP8' is a synthetic cultivar derived from

the final 10 plants selected from the F4 breeding generation. These 10 plants were vegetatively propagated to establish a balanced polycross block at Walkamin (QLD) with >100 m isolation from other tetraploid Rhodes grass cultivars. Commercial seed of 'KP8' will be produced from the second generation of multiplication past the initial vegetatively-established polycross plot. Breeder: Margaret Zorin (Birkdale, QLD).

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Knowledge				
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	ploidy	diploid		
Stolon	number of branches	many		
Flower	time of flowering	early or medium (day-neutral flowering response)		

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'KP4'	Early flowering diploid Rhodes grass; prostrate to semi-erect spreading
	growth habit.
'KG2'	Medium flowering diploid Rhodes grass; semi-erect spreading growth habit.

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Disting	guishing	State of	State of	Comments
	Chara	cteristics	-	Expression in	
			Candidate	Comparator	
			Variety	Variety	
'Nemkat'	Stolon	number of branches	many	few	Early-flowering diploid Katambora- type Rhodes grass (day-neutral flowering response)
'Finecut'	Plant	growth habit	spreading prostrate	erect	Very early-flowering diploid Katambora-type Rhodes grass (day- neutral flowering response)
'Finecut'	Flower	date of flowering	medium	very early	
'Topcut'	Plant	growth habit	spreading prostrate	erect	Very early-flowering diploid Pioneer-type Rhodes grass (day- neutral flowering response)
'Topcut'	Flower	date of flowering	medium	very early	
'Gulfcut'	Plant	growth habit	spreading prostrate	erect	Very early-flowering diploid Katambora-type Rhodes grass (day- neutral flowering response)
'Gulfcut'	Flower	date of flowering	medium	very early	
'Reclaimer'	Plant	growth habit	spreading prostrate	semi-erect	Very early-flowering diploid Katambora-type Rhodes grass (day- neutral flowering response)
'Reclaimer'	Flower	date of flowering	medium	very early	
'Salcut'	Plant	growth habit	spreading prostrate	erect	Very early-flowering diploid Pioneer-type Rhodes grass (day- neutral flowering response)

'Salcut'	Flower date of medium flowering	very early	
'Callide'	Ploidy chromosomediploid number	tetraploid	Late flowering tetraploid Rhodes grass (quantitative short-day flowering response)
'Samford'	Ploidy chromosomediploid number	tetraploid	Late flowering tetraploid Rhodes grass (quantitative short-day flowering response)
'Toro'	Ploidy chromosomediploid number	tetraploid	Late flowering Callide-type tetraploid Rhodes grass (quantitative short-day flowering response)
'Sabre'	Ploidy chromosomediploid number	tetraploid	Late flowering Callide-type tetraploid Rhodes grass (quantitative short-day flowering response)
'Mariner'	Ploidy chromosomediploid number	tetraploid	Late flowering Samford-type tetraploid Rhodes grass (quantitative short-day flowering response)

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'KP8'	<b>'KG2'</b>	'KP4'	
	Plant: ploidy	diploid	diploid	diploid	
V	Plant: growth habit	prostrate to semi- prostrate	intermediate	semi-prostrate	
	growth habit: expression of stolons	strong to very strong	strong to very strong	strong to very strong	
	Stolon: number of branches	many	many	many to very many	
V	Stolon: length of internode	very short to short	very short to short	short to medium	
	Stolon: width of internode	very narrow to narrow	very narrow to narrow	narrow	
Stolon: colour where exposed to sun (in brown green 147Bbrown green 146Adark g summer) (RHS colour chart)					
	Stolon: length of leaf sheath	very short to short	short	short	
	Stolon: length of leaf blade	very short to short	short	short	
	Stolon: width of leaf blade	very narrow to narrow	very narrow to narrow	narrow	
<b>~</b>	Culm: length	short to medium	short	medium	
<b>V</b>	Culm: width	narrow	narrow	narrow to medium	
	Culm: leaf colour (RHS colour chart)	brown green 146A	Abrown green 146A	Abrown green 146A	
	Peduncle: length	medium to long	medium	medium to long	
	Peduncle: width	very narrow to narrow	very narrow to narrow	very narrow to narrow	
<b>V</b>	Culm: penultimate leaf sheath length	medium	medium	medium to long	
<b>V</b>	Culm: penultimate leaf blade length	short	short to medium	short to medium	

Culm: penultimate leaf blade width	very narrow to narrow	narrow	narrow
Culm: flag leaf sheath length	short to medium	medium	medium
Culm: flag leaf length of blade	very short	very short	very short to short
Culm: flag leaf width of blade	very narrow to narrow	very narrow to narrow	very narrow
Inflorescence: number of racemes	few	medium	medium
Inflorescence: attitude of racemes	semi-erect	pendulous to semi-erect	pendulous to semi-erect
Inflorescence: colour of racemes	medium brown	light brown	dark brown
Inflorescence: average raceme length	very short to shor	t short	short
Awn: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
Plant: time of flowering	medium	medium	early
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'KP8'	'KG2'	'KP4'
Plant: mean plant diameter 79 days after	er sowing (cm)		
Mean	282.20	266.57	301.98
Std. Deviation	56.05	55.47	61.87
LSD/sig	36.14	ns	ns
Flower: days after sowing to first flower	ering		
Mean	93.66	96.07	84.45
Std. Deviation	8.61	9.39	10.32
LSD/sig	4.11	ns	P≤0.01
T C			1_0,01
Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean	116.05	119.44	139.81
Std. Deviation	26.13	30.52	29.88
LSD/sig	15.10	ns	P≤0.01
Stolon: diameter of fourth internode fro	_		
Mean	2.65	2.69	3.05
Std. Deviation	0.41	0.35	0.50
LSD/sig	0.25	ns	P≤0.01
Stolon: length:diameter ratio of fourth i	internode from stole	on tip	
Mean	43.98	44.56	46.46
Std. Deviation	8.36	10.65	10.12
LSD/sig	5.65	ns	ns
Stolon: number of shoots on fourth inte			
Mean	5.23	ир 4.93	5.88
Std. Deviation	3.53	2.17	3.71
LSD/sig	1.50		
		ns	ns
Stolon: length of outer leaf sheath on fo			
Mean	39.18	44.54	42.78
Std. Deviation	8.60	9.09	13.03

I ab / :	c 50		
LSD/sig	6.58	ns	ns
Stolon: length of blade on leaf at fourth	node from stolon	tip (mm)	
Mean	87.10	103.80	98.97
Std. Deviation	28.63	28.12	41.87
LSD/sig	21.50	ns	ns
Г	1.0 .1	• ,	
Stolon: width of blade on leaf at fourth			c 0.4
Mean	5.71	5.70	6.04
Std. Deviation	0.71	0.58	0.88
LSD/sig	0.45	ns	ns
Stolon: length:width ratio of blade on le	eaf at fourth node f	rom stolon tip	
Mean	15.15	18.09	16.40
Std. Deviation	4.10	4.00	6.70
LSD/sig	3.02	P≤0.01	ns
	2.02	1_0.01	
Culm: length of mature culm (cm)			
Mean	120.32	115.03	127.70
Std. Deviation	13.41	11.85	15.69
LSD/sig	7.60	ns	ns
Culm: number of mature culm nodes (e	excluding neduncle	and plant base)	
Mean	5.78	5.95	5.48
Std. Deviation	1.08	1.42	1.16
LSD/sig	0.71	ns	ns
		113	115
Culm: diameter of second lowest culm	internode (mm)		
Mean	3.51	3.36	3.84
Std. Deviation	0.64	0.42	0.63
LSD/sig	0.30	ns	P≤0.01
Culm: diameter of top culm internode by	pelow the peduncle	(mm)	
Mean	2.27	2.31	2.40
Std. Deviation	0.36	0.33	0.48
LSD/sig	0.20	ns	ns
□ .			113
Culm: mean stem diameter of culm exc	cluding peduncle (n	nm)	
Mean	2.89	2.84	3.12
Std. Deviation	0.42	0.33	0.51
LSD/sig	0.23	ns	P≤0.01
Culm: length of peduncle on flowering	culms (mm)		
Mean	330.65	317.52	339.93
Std. Deviation	52.99	49.36	67.76
LSD/sig	25.74		
		ns	ns
Culm: diameter of peduncle on floweri	ng culms (mm)		
Mean	0.91	0.93	0.98
Std. Deviation	0.15	0.12	0.18
LSD/sig	0.09	ns	ns
Culm: length of flag leaf sheath on flow	vering culms (mm)		
Mean	160.85	168.47	171.30
Std. Deviation	20.37	18.64	23.34
LSD/sig	11.44	ns	ns

Culm: length of blade on flag leaf on f	lowering culms (m	m)	
Mean	89.70	97.52	106.42
Std. Deviation	39.53	34.33	45.14
LSD/sig	17.68	ns	ns
Culm: width of blade on flag leaf on fl	owering culms (mr	n)	
Mean	4.02	4.10	3.93
Std. Deviation	0.97	0.79	1.13
LSD/sig	0.61	ns	ns
Culm: length:width ratio of blade on fl	ag leaf on flowerin	g culms	
Mean	21.91	23.59	27.14
Std. Deviation	6.35	6.75	8.80
LSD/sig	3.82	ns	P≤0.01
Culm: length of sheath on first leaf bel	ow flag leaf on flo	wering culms (mm)	1
Mean	99.68	102.87	112.23
Std. Deviation	13.66	12.52	14.02
LSD/sig	6.86	ns	P<0.01
			1_0.01
Cumi. length of blade on first leaf belo			222 90
Mean	190.97	222.93	223.80
Std. Deviation	64.77 31.01	50.15 P≤0.01	63.82 P<0.01
LSD/sig			P≤0.01
Culm: width of blade on first leaf belo			676
Mean	6.49	6.67	6.76
Std. Deviation	1.17	0.92	1.78
LSD/sig	0.70	ns	ns
Culm: length:width ratio of blade on fi		leaf on flowering c	ulms
Mean	29.16	33.52	33.45
Std. Deviation	7.26	6.76	6.69
LSD/sig	2.85	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: total length of racemes	per inflorescence (1	nm)	
Mean	842.97	1105.00	1091.82
Std. Deviation	213.95	277.07	312.65
LSD/sig	130.40	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: number of racemes per	inflorescence		
Mean	10.07	12.57	12.38
Std. Deviation	2.11	2.67	2.98
LSD/sig	1.60	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: mean length of individu			
Mean	83.70	87.59	88.26
Std. Deviation	11.94	9.32	13.40
LSD/sig	5.62	ns	ns

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Donald S. Loch} \ (Alexandra \ Hills, QLD) \ and \ Margaret \ Zorin \ (Birkdale, QLD)$ 

**Application Number** 2010/071 **Variety Name** 'KG2'

Genus Species Chloris gayana
Common Name Rhodes Grass

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 03 May 2010

**Applicant** Blue Ribbon Seed and Pulse Exporters Pty Ltd, Australian

Premium Seeds Holdings Pty Ltd

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Donald S. Loch

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Location** Birkdale, QLD (Latitude 27°30'S, longitude 153°14'E,

elevation 50 masl).

**Descriptor** Rhodes Grass (*Chloris gayana*) PBR CHLO

**Period** 4 Jan 2010 – 15 May 2010

**Conditions** Seed sown on 4 Jan 2010; seedlings transplanted individually

into 40 x 40 mm tubes (one per tube) on 19 Jan 2010. Seedlings planted out as spaced plants (2.6 m between plants within rows, 3 m between rows) on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil 5 Feb 2010; weed control by pre-emergence oxadiazon at time of planting, manual weeding, glyphosate, and dicamba + MCPA as required; applied mixed fertiliser (N:P:K:S = 15.1:4.4:11.5:13.6) on 21 Jan 2009 to give 101 kg N, 29 kg P, 77 kg K, and 91 kg S per hectare; supplementary irrigation applied as required to maintain unstressed growth.

**Trial Design** 60 spaced plants of each of 3 cultivars ('KG2', 'KP8', 'KP4')

arranged in 12 randomised blocks (rows) with 5 plants per plot; 3m between blocks (rows) and 2.6m between plants

within blocks.

Measurements Days to flowering after field planting determined for each

plant (15 Mar – 28 Apr 2010); diameter of lateral spread measured 24 Mar 2010; plant habit and stolon characteristics (one stolon sampled per plant) measured 24-25 Mar 2010; leaf and stem colours determined (6 May 2010); one reproductive culm per plant sampled to measure stem, leaf and inflorescence characteristics (7-15 May 2010); culm stem diameter calculated by averaging the diameters of the second lowest internode and the top internode (i.e. below the

peduncle).

**RHS Chart - edition** 2001 edition

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Mass phenotypic selection was applied to four successive generations of seedlings derived from 'KP4' Rhodes grass grown between 2002 and 2006. In each generation, selection was made progressively in 3 stages based on (1) germination under saline conditions, (2) growth and survival under saline conditions, and (3) improved agronomic characteristics (late flowering, prostrate or semi-erect growth habit, densely branching stolon growth) under non-saline conditions. After 2 generations,

the KG breeding population was split off the main breeding population, which was subsequently used to produce the more prostrate 'KP8'. A further 2 generations of mass selection for leafy semi-erect fine-textured plants in the KG population was conducted in parallel to the KP breeding population. 'KG2' is a synthetic cultivar derived from the final 12 plants selected from the F4 breeding generation. These 12 plants were vegetatively propagated to establish a balanced polycross block at Walkamin (Qld) with >100 m isolation from other tetraploid Rhodes grass cultivars. Commercial seed of 'KG2' will be produced from the second generation of multiplication past the initial vegetatively-established polycross plot. Breeder: Margaret Zorin (Birkdale, QLD).

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

· unitely of committee		
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	diploid
Stolon	number of branches	many
Flower	date of flowering	early or medium (day-neutral flowering response)

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'KP4'	Flowering diploid Rhodes grass; prostrate to semi-erect spreading growth habit.
'KP8'	Medium flowering diploid Rhodes grass; prostrate spreading growth habit.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of State of Expression in Expression in		Comments	
	Churus		Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety		
'Nemkat'		number of branches	many	few	Early-flowering diploid Katambora- type Rhodes grass (day-neutral flowering response)	
'Finecut'	Plant	growth habit	spreading semi-erect	erect	Very early-flowering diploid Katambora-type Rhodes grass (day- neutral flowering response)	
'Finecut'		date of flowering	medium	very early		
'Topcut'	Plant	growth habit	spreading semi-erect	erect	Very early-flowering diploid Pioneer-type Rhodes grass (day- neutral flowering response)	
'Topcut'		date of flowering	medium	very early		
'Gulfcut'	Plant	growth habit	spreading semi-erect	erect	Very early-flowering diploid Katambora-type Rhodes grass (day- neutral flowering response)	
'Gulfcut'	Flower	date of flowering	medium	very early		
'Reclaimer'	Plant	growth habit	spreading semi-erect	semi-erect	Very early-flowering diploid Katambora-type Rhodes grass (day- neutral flowering response)	
'Reclaimer'	Flower	date of	medium	very early		

'Salcut'	Plant	flowering growth habit spreading semi-erect	erect	Very early-flowering diploid Pioneer-type Rhodes grass (day- neutral flowering response)
'Salcut'	Flower	r date of medium flowering	very early	<b>5</b> 1
'Callide'	Ploidy	chromosome diploid number	tetraploid	Late flowering tetraploid Rhodes grass (quantitative short-day flowering response)
'Samford'	Ploidy	chromosome diploid number	tetraploid	Late flowering tetraploid Rhodes grass (quantitative short-day flowering response)
'Toro'	Ploidy	chromosome diploid number	tetraploid	Late flowering Callide-type tetraploid Rhodes grass (quantitative short-day flowering response)
'Sabre'	Ploidy	chromosome diploid number	tetraploid	Late flowering Callide-type tetraploid Rhodes grass (quantitative short-day flowering response)
'Mariner'	Ploidy	chromosome diploid number	tetraploid	Late flowering Samford-type tetraploid Rhodes grass (quantitative short-day flowering response)

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	<b>'KG2'</b>	'KP4'	'KP8'
	Plant: ploidy	diploid	diploid	diploid
~	Plant: growth habit	intermediate	semi-prostrate	prostrate to semi- prostrate
	growth habit: expression of stolons	strong to very strong	strong to very strong	strong to very strong
	Stolon: number of branches	many	many to very many	many
V	Stolon: length of internode	very short to short	short to medium	very short to short
~	Stolon: width of internode	very narrow to narrow	narrow	very narrow to narrow
sun	Stolon: colour where exposed to sun (in nmer) (RHS colour chart)	brown green 146A	Adark green 147A	dark green 147B
	Stolon: length of leaf sheath	short	short	very short to short
	Stolon: length of leaf blade	short	short	very short to short
	Stolon: width of leaf blade	very narrow to narrow	narrow	very narrow to narrow
V	Culm: length	short	medium	short to medium
V	Culm: width	narrow	narrow to medium	narrow
	Culm: leaf colour (RHS colour chart)	brown green 146A	Abrown green 146A	Abrown green 146A
	Peduncle: length	medium	medium to long	medium to long

Peduncle: width	very narrow to narrow	very narrow to narrow	very narrow to narrow
Culm: penultimate leaf sheath length	medium	medium to long	medium
Culm: penultimate leaf blade length	short to medium	short to medium	short
Culm: penultimate leaf blade width	narrow	narrow	very narrow to narrow
Culm: flag leaf sheath length	medium	medium	short to medium
Culm: flag leaf length of blade	very short	very short to short	rt very short
Culm: flag leaf width of blade	very narrow to narrow	very narrow	very narrow to narrow
Inflorescence: number of racemes	medium	medium	few
Inflorescence: attitude of racemes	pendulous to semi-erect	pendulous to semi-erect	semi-erect
✓ Inflorescence: colour of racemes	light brown	dark brown	medium brown
Inflorescence: average raceme length	short	short	very short to short
Awn: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
Plant: time of flowering	medium	early	medium
Ç			
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'KG2'	'KP4'	'KP8'
Plant: mean plant diameter 79 days after		111	
Mean	266.57	301.98	282.20
		301.98 61.87	282.20 56.05
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	266.57		
Mean Std. Deviation	266.57 55.47 36.14	61.87	56.05
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07	61.87 ns 84.45	56.05 ns 93.66
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32	56.05 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07	61.87 ns 84.45	56.05 ns 93.66
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32 P≤0.01	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32 P≤0.01 139.81 29.88	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32 P≤0.01	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10 om stolon tip (mm)	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32 P≤0.01 139.81 29.88 P≤0.01	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10 om stolon tip (mm) 2.69	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32 P≤0.01 139.81 29.88 P≤0.01	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10 om stolon tip (mm) 2.69 0.35	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32 P≤0.01 139.81 29.88 P≤0.01 3.05 0.50	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13 ns 2.65 0.41
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10 om stolon tip (mm) 2.69	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32 P≤0.01 139.81 29.88 P≤0.01	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10 om stolon tip (mm) 2.69 0.35 0.25	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32 P≤0.01 139.81 29.88 P≤0.01 3.05 0.50 P≤0.01	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13 ns 2.65 0.41
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10 om stolon tip (mm) 2.69 0.35 0.25	61.87 ns 84.45 10.32 P≤0.01 139.81 29.88 P≤0.01 3.05 0.50 P≤0.01	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13 ns 2.65 0.41
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length:diameter ratio of fourth Mean Std. Deviation	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10 om stolon tip (mm) 2.69 0.35 0.25 internode from stol 44.56 10.65	61.87 ns  84.45 10.32 P≤0.01  139.81 29.88 P≤0.01  3.05 0.50 P≤0.01  on tip	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13 ns 2.65 0.41 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length:diameter ratio of fourth Mean	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10 om stolon tip (mm) 2.69 0.35 0.25 internode from stol 44.56	61.87 ns  84.45 10.32 P≤0.01  139.81 29.88 P≤0.01  3.05 0.50 P≤0.01  on tip 46.46	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13 ns 2.65 0.41 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length:diameter ratio of fourth Mean Std. Deviation	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10 om stolon tip (mm) 2.69 0.35 0.25 internode from stol 44.56 10.65 5.65	61.87 ns  84.45 10.32 P≤0.01  139.81 29.88 P≤0.01  3.05 0.50 P≤0.01  on tip 46.46 10.12 ns	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13 ns 2.65 0.41 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: days after sowing to first flower Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length:diameter ratio of fourth Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Stolon: length:diameter ratio of fourth Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	266.57 55.47 36.14 ering 96.07 9.39 4.11 stolon tip (mm) 119.44 30.52 15.10 om stolon tip (mm) 2.69 0.35 0.25 internode from stol 44.56 10.65 5.65	61.87 ns  84.45 10.32 P≤0.01  139.81 29.88 P≤0.01  3.05 0.50 P≤0.01  on tip 46.46 10.12 ns	56.05 ns 93.66 8.61 ns 116.05 26.13 ns 2.65 0.41 ns

LSD/sig	1.50	ns	ns
Stolon: length of outer leaf sheath or	n fourth node from	n stolon tip (mm)	
Mean	44.54	42.78	39.18
Std. Deviation	9.09	13.03	8.60
LSD/sig	6.58	ns	ns
Stolon: longth of blade on loof at fou	wth node from sto	lon tin (mm)	
Stolon: length of blade on leaf at fou Mean	103.80	98.97	87.10
Std. Deviation	28.12	41.87	28.63
LSD/sig	21.50	ns	28.03 ns
			113
Stolon: width of blade on leaf at four		<b>.</b> '	
Mean	5.70	6.04	5.71
Std. Deviation	0.58	0.88	0.71
LSD/sig	0.45	ns	ns
Stolon: length:width ratio of blade of	n leaf at fourth no	ode from stolon tip	
Mean	18.09	16.40	15.15
Std. Deviation	4.00	6.70	4.10
LSD/sig	3.02	ns	ns
Culm: length of mature culm (cm)			
Mean	115.03	127.70	120.32
Std. Deviation	11.85	15.69	13.41
LSD/sig	7.60	P≤0.01	ns
		_	
Culm: number of mature culm nodes			
Mean	5.95	5.48	5.78
Std. Deviation	1.42	1.16	1.08
LSD/sig	0.71	ns	ns
Culm: diameter of second lowest cul	lm internode (mm	1)	
Mean	3.36	3.84	3.51
Std. Deviation	0.42	0.63	0.64
LSD/sig	0.30	P≤0.01	ns
Culm: diameter of top culm internod	le helow the nedu	ncle (mm)	
Mean	2.31	2.40	2.27
Std. Deviation	0.33	0.48	0.36
LSD/sig	0.20	ns	ns
Cumi: mean stem diameter of cumi e			2.00
Mean	2.84	3.12	2.89
Std. Deviation	0.33 0.23	0.51 P≤0.01	0.42
LSD/sig		P <u>&gt;</u> 0.01	ns
Culm: length of peduncle on floweri			
Mean	317.52	339.93	330.65
Std. Deviation	49.36	67.76	52.99
LSD/sig	25.74	ns	ns
Culm: diameter of peduncle on flow	ering culms (mm)	)	
Mean	0.93	0.98	0.91
Std. Deviation	0.12	0.18	0.15
LSD/sig	0.09	ns	ns
U			

Culm: length of flag leaf sheath on flow	vering culms (mm)		
Mean	168.47	171.30	160.85
Std. Deviation	18.64	23.34	20.37
LSD/sig	11.44	ns	ns
			115
Culm: length of blade on flag leaf on flo	_		00 <b>-</b> 0
Mean	97.52	106.42	89.70
Std. Deviation	34.33	45.14	39.53
LSD/sig	17.68	ns	ns
Culm: width of blade on flag leaf on flo	_		
Mean	4.10	3.93	4.02
Std. Deviation	0.79	1.13	0.97
LSD/sig	0.61	ns	ns
Culm: length:width ratio of blade on fla	g leaf on flowering	g culms	
Mean	23.59	27.14	21.91
Std. Deviation	6.75	8.80	6.35
LSD/sig	3.82	ns	ns
Culm: length of sheath on first leaf belo	w flag leaf on flow	vering culms (mm)	
Mean	102.87	112.23	99.68
Std. Deviation	12.52	14.02	13.66
LSD/sig	6.86	P≤0.01	ns
Culm: length of blade on first leaf below	y flog loof on flow	oring oulms (mm)	
Mean	222.93	223.80	190.97
Std. Deviation	50.15	63.82	64.77
LSD/sig	31.01	ns	P≤0.01
			1 _0.01
Culm: width of blade on first leaf below			c 40
Mean	6.67	6.76	6.49
Std. Deviation	0.92	1.78	1.17
LSD/sig	0.70	ns	ns
Culm: length:width ratio of blade on first	_		
Mean	33.52	33.45	29.16
Std. Deviation	6.76	6.69	7.26
LSD/sig	2.85	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: total length of racemes pe	er inflorescence (m	nm)	
Mean	1105.00	1091.82	842.97
Std. Deviation	277.07	312.65	213.95
LSD/sig	130.40	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: number of racemes per in	florescence		
Mean	12.57	12.38	10.07
Std. Deviation	2.67	2.98	2.11
LSD/sig	1.60	ns	P≤0.01
		115	1 _0.01
innorescence: mean length of marvidua			
Mean	87.59	88.26	83.70
Std. Deviation	9.32	13.40	11.94
LSD/sig	5.62	ns	ns

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Donald S. Loch (Alexandra Hills, QLD) and Margaret Zorin (Birkdale, QLD)

Application Number2008/226Variety Name'Schaelic'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose
Synonym St. Patrick!
Accepted Date 02 Oct 2008

ApplicantPiet Schreurs Holding B.V. NetherlandAgentSchreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, NSWQualified PersonIan Paananen, Central Coast, NSW

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing Naktuinbow, Netherland

**Authority** 

**Overseas Data** 2006/1639

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Leppington, NSW

**Descriptor** Rose (*Rosa*) (new) TG/11/8

**Period** Mar-May 2010

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Leppington, NSW in an environmentally controlled greenhouse. Trial of the candidate was conducted with typical commercial conditions during the growth cycle prior to assessment. Comparisons of characteristics are based on Dutch trials, which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Wageningen, The Netherlands. Plants were on their own roots, stems were disbudded to a single flower according to standard commercial practice, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

**Trial Design** Completely random selection from commercial beds.

**Measurements** One per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2007

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: unnamed seed parent x unnamed pollen parent, in a planned breeding program at De Kwakel, The Netherlands during the years 2001 to 2004. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding programme. Selection criteria: long stem length, suited to dry shipment, suitable commercial yield of flower stems, attractive green flower colour, upright growth habit, disease resistance. Propagation: vegetative by cuttings. Breeder: P.N.J. Schreurs, Piet Schreurs De Kwakel BV, De Kwakel, The Netherlands.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Plant	growth habit	upright
Flower	colour group	green

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'SPEbegro'	Also known as 'Green Planet'.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'Schaelic'	'SPEbegro'
		bed	bed
	*Plant: growth type		ocu
clin	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	upright	upright
	Plant: height	short to medium	short to medium
_	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	absent
	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak	
V	Stem: number of prickles	absent or very few	medium
	Leaf: size	small to medium	
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak to medium	
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic	
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acuminate	
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	absent	
□ flov	Flowering shoot: number of flowers (varieties with no vering laterals only)	very few	
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium to many	medium
	*Flower: colour group	green	green
	Flower: colour of the centre	green	green
V	Flower: density of petals	dense	medium
<b>V</b>	*Flower: diameter	small to medium	medium to large
V	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	star-shaped
<b>V</b>	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flat
~	*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flattened convex

	Flower: fragrance		absent or weak	absent or weak
	*Sepal: extensions		strong to very strong	
~	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-on	e	present	absent
	*Petal: shape		transverse elliptic	
~	Petal: incisions		very weak to weak	medium
	Petal: reflexing of margin		very weak to weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: undulation		weak to medium	weak to medium
	*Petal: size		medium	medium to large
	*Petal: length		medium	medium to long
	*Petal: width		medium to broad	broad
~	*Petal: number of colours on inner s	ide	two	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour		even	even
	*Petal: main colour on the inner side	e (RHS Colour Chart)	light green 145D to yellow green 150D	
cole	*Petal: secondary colour (varieties vours on inner side of petal only) (RHS		light blue pink ca 54D	
(var	*Petal: distribution of secondary colricties with two or more colours on in		at marginal zone	
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side		absent	
	*Petal: main colour on the outer side	e (RHS Colour Chart)	light green 145D to yellow green 150D	
	Outer stamen: predominant colour o	f filament	medium yellow	
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section		pitcher-shaped	
Prior Applications and Sales				
Co EU	untry Year 2008	<b>Current Status</b> Granted	Name Applied 'Schaelic'	

First sold in Sri Lanka January 2006.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number2008/225Variety Name'Schowinti'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common NameRoseSynonymVoodoo!Accepted Date02 Oct 2008

ApplicantPiet Schreurs Holding B.V. NetherlandAgentSchreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, NSWQualified PersonIan Paananen, Central Coast, NSW

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing Naktuinbow, Netherland

**Authority** 

Overseas Data AO5931

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Leppington, NSW

**Descriptor** Rose (*Rosa*) (new) TG/11/8

**Period** Mar-May 2010

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Leppington, NSW in an environmentally controlled greenhouse. Trial of the candidate was conducted with typical commercial conditions during the growth cycle prior to assessment. Comparisons of characteristics are based on Dutch trials, which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Wageningen, The Netherlands. Plants were on their own roots, stems were disbudded to a single flower according to standard commercial practice, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

**Trial Design** Completely random selection from commercial beds.

**Measurements** One per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2007

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: un-named seed parent x un-named pollen parent, in a planned breeding program at De Kwakel, The Netherlands during the years 1999 to 2003. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding programme. Selection criteria: long stem length, suited to dry shipment, suitable commercial yield of flower stems, attractive orange flower colour, upright growth habit, disease resistance. Propagation: vegetative by cuttings. Breeder: P.N.J. Schreurs, Piet Schreurs De Kwakel BV, De Kwakel, The Netherlands.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	narrow bushy
Flower	diameter	Medium
Flower	fragrance	Weak

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Schretulp'	From the same breeder.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Schowinti'	'Schretulp'
	Plant: growth habit	narrow bushy	narrow bushy
	Plant: height	medium	short to medium
	Plant: width	narrow to mediun	nmedium
~	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	strong to very strong	weak to medium
	Young shoot: hue of anthocyanin colouration	reddish brown	bronze to reddish brown
	Prickles: presence	present	present
	Prickle: shape of lower side	concave	deep concave
~	Short prickles: number	medium	few
<b>~</b>	Long prickles: number	medium	few
	*Leaf: size	medium to large	medium to large
	Leaf: green colour	medium	medium
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	medium
<b>~</b>	Leaflet: cross section	slight convex	slight concave
	Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	absent or very weak
	Terminal leaflet: length of blade	medium to long	medium
	Terminal leaflet: width of blade	medium	medium
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base	rounded	rounded
<b>V</b>	Flower pedicel: number of hairs or prickles	many	very few
	Flower bud: shape of longitudinal section	ovate	ovate
<b>V</b>	*Flower: type	double	semi-double
	Flower: number of petals	medium to many	few
	*Flower : diameter	medium	medium
<b>~</b>	Flower: view from above	star-shaped	round
	Flower: side view of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex
	Flower: side view of lower part	flat	flat
	Flower: fragrance	weak	weak
<b>V</b>	Sepal: extensions	strong to very strong	medium

<b>V</b>	*Petal: size	large	small
cha:	*Petal: colour of middle zone of inner side(RHS colour rt)	orange red 028A	orange ca 024A
cha	*Petal : colour of marginal zone of inner side(RHS colour rt)	orange red 028A	light blue pink ca 055C and orange 024A
	*Petal: spot at base of inner side	present	present
	*Petal: size of spot at base of inner side	medium to large	medium to large
cha:	*Petal: colour of spot at base of inner side (RHS colour rt)	yellow ca 007A	yellow orange ca 014B
cha:	*Petal: colour of middle zone of outer side (RHS colour rt)	orange 029B	orange 024B to 028C
cha	Petal: colour of marginal zone of outer side (RHS colour rt)	orange 029B	orange 024B to 028C
~	*Petal: spot at base of outer side	absent	present
~	Petal: reflexing of margin	strong	medium
	Petal: undulation of margin	weak	weak
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	orange	orange red

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Colombia	2005	Applied	'Schowinti'
Ecuador	2005	Applied	'Schowinti'
Japan	2007	Applied	'Schowinti'

First sold in Ecuador October 2005.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number2008/230Variety Name'Schiallo'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common NameRoseSynonymLeonessa!Accepted Date02 Oct 2008

**Applicant** Piet Schreurs Holding B.V. Netherland

**Agent** Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd

**Qualified Person** Ian Paananen, Central Coast, NSW

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing Naktuinbow, Netherland

**Authority** 

**Overseas Data** 2006/0052

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Leppington, NSW

**Descriptor** Rose (*Rosa*) (new) TG/11/8

**Period** Mar-May 2010

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Leppington, NSW in an environmentally controlled greenhouse. Trial of the candidate was conducted with typical commercial conditions during the growth cycle prior to assessment. Comparisons of characteristics are based on Dutch trials, which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Wageningen, The Netherlands. Plants were on their own roots, stems were disbudded to a single flower according to standard commercial practice, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

**Trial Design** Completely random selection from commercial beds.

**Measurements** One per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2007

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: unnamed seed parent x unnamed pollen parent, in a planned breeding program at De Kwakel, The Netherlands during the years 2000 to 2004. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding programme. Selection criteria: long stem length, suited to dry shipment, suitable commercial yield of flower stems, attractive yellow flower colour, upright growth habit, disease resistance. Propagation: vegetative by cuttings. Breeder: P.N.J. Schreurs, Piet Schreurs De Kwakel BV, De Kwakel, The Netherlands.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Plant	growth habit	Upright
Flower	colour group	yellow

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Schretroje'	From same breeder; also known as Ilios!

more of the comparators are marked with a tick Organ/Plant Part: Context		chretroje'
	bed Be	•
*Plant: growth type		eu
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with climber)	growth type upright up	oright
Plant: height	short to medium me	edium
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present pr	esent
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin coloura	ion medium me	edium
Stem: number of prickles	few to medium fe	w to medium
Prickles: predominant colour	reddish gr	eenish
Leaf: size	large lar	rge
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium me	edium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent ab	esent
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic ov	rate
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded ob	otuse
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute ac	uminate
Flowering shoot: number of flowers (varieties flowering laterals only)	vith no very few Ve	ery few
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate me	edium ovate
*Flower: type	double do	ouble
*Flower: number of petals	medium to many me	edium to many
*Flower: colour group	yellow ye	llow
Flower: colour of the centre	yellow ye	llow
Flower: density of petals	dense me	edium to dense
*Flower: diameter	medium me	edium to large
*Flower: shape	star-shaped ro	und
Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex Fl	at
*Flower: profile of lower part	flat Fl	at
Flower: fragrance	absent or weak ab	sent or weak

~	*Sepal: extensions	strong to very strong	medium to strong
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
~	*Petal: shape	transverse elliptic	obovate
	Petal: incisions	medium to strong	
<b>~</b>	Petal: reflexing of margin	medium to strong	weak
	Petal: undulation	weak	weak
	*Petal: size	medium	medium to large
	*Petal: length	medium	medium to long
	*Petal: width	medium	medium to broad
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
V	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards the top	e even
~	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	yellow 007C	yellow 005B
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	absent	absent
<b>V</b>	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	light yellow	orange
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Japan	2007	Applied	'Schiallo'
EŪ	2006	Granted	'Schiallo'

First sold in Italy March 2005.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number2008/231Variety Name'Schunukka'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common NameRoseSynonymAnouk!Accepted Date02 Oct 2008

ApplicantPiet Schreurs Holding B.V. NetherlandAgentSchreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, NSWQualified PersonIan Paananen, Central Coast, NSW

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing Naktuinbow, Netherland

**Authority** 

**Overseas Data** 2006/1630

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Leppington, NSW

**Descriptor** Rose (*Rosa*) (new) TG/11/8

**Period** Mar-May 2010

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Leppington, NSW in an environmentally controlled greenhouse. Trial of the candidate was conducted with typical commercial conditions during the growth cycle prior to assessment. Comparisons of characteristics are based on Dutch trials, which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Wageningen, The Netherlands. Plants were on their own roots, stems were disbudded to a single flower according to standard commercial practice, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

**Trial Design** Completely random selection from commercial beds.

**Measurements** One per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2007

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: unnamed seed parent x unnamed pollen parent, in a planned breeding program at De Kwakel, The Netherlands during the years 2000 to 2003. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding programme. Selection criteria: long stem length, suited to dry shipment, suitable commercial yield of flower stems, attractive pale orange flower colour, upright growth habit, disease resistance. Propagation: vegetative by cuttings. Breeder: P.N.J. Schreurs, Piet Schreurs De Kwakel BV, De Kwakel, The Netherlands.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Plant	growth habit	Upright
Flower	type	Double

# Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

'Lexaelat'

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'Schunukka'	'Lexaelat'
_	*Plant: growth type	bed	Bed
clin	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	upright	upright
V	Plant: height	short to medium	medium to tall
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
V	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak	medium
	Stem: number of prickles	medium	few to medium
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
	Leaf: size	large	large
<b>V</b>	Leaf: intensity of green colour	dark	light to medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
V	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	absent or very weak
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	absent or very weak
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic	narrow elliptic
V	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	obtuse
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few	
wit	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties a flowering laterals only)	very few	
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	broad ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
<b>V</b>	*Flower: number of petals	very many	medium
<b>V</b>	*Flower: colour group	pink blend	pink
<b>V</b>	Flower: colour of the centre	orange	pink
<b>V</b>	Flower: density of petals	dense	loose to medium
<b>V</b>	*Flower: diameter	medium	large
•	*Flower: shape	star-shaped	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex

	*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flattened convex
	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
	*Sepal: extensions	very strong	strong
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
<b>V</b>	*Petal: shape	rounded	obovate
	Petal: incisions	weak	absent or very weak
<b>V</b>	Petal: reflexing of margin	strong	medium
	Petal: undulation	weak	weak
<b>V</b>	*Petal: size	medium	large
	*Petal: length	medium	medium to long
<b>V</b>	*Petal: width	medium	broad
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	One
<b>V</b>	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards the	Even
<b>V</b>	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	light yellow 012D	grey 157B
<b>V</b>	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	absent	present
<b>V</b>	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	light yellow 012D	light red pink 049D
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	medium yellow	light yellow
<b>V</b>	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	funnel-shaped

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Israel	2006	Applied	'Schunukka'
EU	2008	Granted	'Schunukka'

First sold in Iran December 2004.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

**Application Number** 2007/041 **Variety Name** 'BQT II'

Genus Species Lolium hybridum syn boucheanum

**Common Name** Ryegrass

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 16 Feb 2007

**Applicant** PGG Wrightson Seeds Ltd, New Zealand.

**Agent** Wrightson Seeds (Australia) Pty Ltd, Laverton, VIC

**Qualified Person** Jennifer Ngaire James

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** AsureQuality Ltd, Lincoln, Canterbury, New Zealand

**Descriptor** Ryegrass (new) (*Lolium* spp.) TG/4/8

**Period** 2007 – 2009

**Conditions** 

**Trial Design** Randomised spaced plots: 6 replicates of 10 plants per variety

Row plots; 2 replicates of 5 metres with density of plants per

replicate of 200 plants per metre.

**Measurements** All observations of spaced plants (VS) and (MS) were made

on 60 plants or parts taken from each 60 plants. Observations

on rows (VG) were made on each row as a whole unit.

#### **RHS Chart - edition**

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: KLp96-4 blend xHE481-21 in 1997-98. Summer 1998-99: 'Syn II' seed of the above cross was harvested. 1999: Single plants evaluated, 25 elite plants polycrossed and harvested as half-sib families. 2000: 25 half sib families evaluated at 4 sites in replicated plots. Summer 2000/01: Forage quality data collected from plots. Feb 2001: Four elite half sib families were selected based on best overall performance at all sites. 2001: Seed from 4 elite families inoculated with Endo 5 endophyte and further selection cycle included. 2002: Further selection cycle, including selection for reduced ergovaline levels. 2003: Further selection cycle including selection for further ergovaline reduction. 2004: Seed from selected plants combined to form composite sample code named KLp204 and subsequently as 'BQT II'

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	tetraploid
Plant	species	Lolium boucheanum (syn hybridum)
Planr	time of inflorescence	late
	emergence	

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Ohau'	Tetraploid hybrid ryegrass.
'Aligote'	Tetraploid hybrid ryegrass.
'Boxmore'	Tetraploid hybrid ryegrass.

'BQT' Tetraploid hybrid ryegrass. 'Grasslands Sterling' Tetraploid hybrid ryegrass. 'Storm' Tetraploid hybrid ryegrass.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu	ishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	n State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Bealy'	plant	ear emergence	medium to late	late
'Bealy'	plant	tiller density	high	low

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.							
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BQT II'	'Aligote'	'Boxmore'	'BQT'	'Grasslands Sterling'	G'Ohau'	'Storm'
*Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
Plant: vegetative growth habit (without vernalisation)	medium	semi- prostrate	semi- prostrate	medium	medium to semi- prostrate	semi- prostrate	semi- prostrate
Leaf: length	medium	long	-	medium	medium to long	medium	medium
Leaf: width	medium	broad	broad	medium	medium	medium to broad	medium to broad
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	light to medium	medium	light to medium	medium	medium	medium
Plant: width	medium	medium to wide	medium to wide	medium	medium	medium to wide	medium to wide
Plant: vegetative growth habit (after vernalisation)	medium	medium	medium to semi- prostrate	medium	medium to semi- prostrate	semi-erect to medium	meannm
Plant: height	medium	medium to tall	tall	medium	medium	tall	medium
*Plant: time of inflorescence emergence (after vernalisation)	late						
Plant: natural height at inflorescence emergence	short to medium	medium	medium	short to medium	short to medium	medium	short to medium
Plant: width at inflorescence emergence	medium		medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Flag leaf: length	medium						
□ *Flag leaf: width	narrow to medium						

Flag leaf: length/width ratio	medium				
*Plant: length of longest stem, inflorescence included	medium				
Plant: length of upper internode	medium				
Inflorescence: length	short to medium	long	medium	medium to long	medium to long
Inflorescence: number of spikelets	medium				
Inflorescence: density	medium				
Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet	short to medium				
Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn	medium				

### **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part Context	''BQT II'	'Aligote'	'Boxmore'	'BQT'	'Grasslands Sterling'	'Ohau'	'Storm'
Plant: time of	inflorescenc	e emergenc	e (days)				
Mean	78.30	75.90	80.50	79.40	73.80	71.20	78.80
Std. Deviation	6.19	7.07	7.70	6.91	6.61	7.55	7.75
LSD/sig	4.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Flag leaf: widt	th (mm)						
Mean	4.20	7.70	5.70	5.60	5.30	7.50	8.10
Std. Deviation	0.83	1.18	1.05	0.88	1.05	1.50	1.46
LSD/sig	0.70	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flag leaf: leng	th/width rat	io (mm)					
Mean	29.75	23.57	31.96	23.99	31.60	20.32	19.24
Std. Deviation	7.57	4.15	6.70	4.67	7.38	4.22	3.35
LSD/sig	4.55	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: length o	of longest ste	em (mm)					
Mean	679.30	927.40	906.2	742.50	800.30	745.00	844.20
Std. Deviation	72.68	88.81	91.91	56.00	69.17	72.43	71.40
LSD/sig	45.13	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: length of upper internode (mm)							
Mean	236.30	294.80	274.5	252.40	264.90	242.30	285.40
Std. Deviation	34.71	39.94	36.54	33.69	32.33	31.02	35.83

LSD/sig	21.64	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence:	Inflorescence: length (mm)						
Mean	200.80	310.30	299.0	229.20	264.70	235.70	261.60
Std. Deviation	24.10	45.15	38.66	29.75	32.33	30.73	37.69
LSD/sig	19.55	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence:	number of	spikelets (m	nm)				
Mean	22.70	29.95	30.97	23.97	27.52	24.12	27.47
Std. Deviation	3.69	5.26	4.63	3.85	3.91	3.27	4.23
LSD/sig	2.58	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: density (mm)							
Mean	9.01	10.61	9.79	9.70	9.79	9.86	9.66
Std. Deviation	1.30	2.05	1.44	1.35	1.45	1.20	1.51
LSD/sig	0.88	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Inflorescence:	length of o	uter glume	on basal spi	kelet (mm)			
Mean	11.43	11.91	10.45	13.26	13.12	12.43	11.38
Std. Deviation	1.46	1.86	1.91	1.86	1.87	1.47	1.92
LSD/sig	1.10	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Inflorescence:	length of b	asal spikele	t excluding	awn (mm)			
Mean	17.46	21.02	19.31	18.35	19.78	20.04	18.77
Std. Deviation	1.93	3.03	3.26	2.05	2.62	2.99	2.99
LSD/sig	1.74	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Flag leaf: length (mm)							
Mean	122.25	178.25	175.50	128.50	162.92	151.00	154.33
Std. Deviation	27.07	33.67	32.49	26.85	31.67	39.10	33.46
LSD/sig	17.90	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedNew Zealand2006Granted'BQT II'

First sold in February 2006 in Australia.

Description: Jennifer James, Palmesrston North, New Zealand

**Application Number** 2010/038 **Variety Name** 'QLD-Coast'

Genus Species Sporobolus virginicus

**Common Name** Sand Couch

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 19 Apr 2010

**Applicant** The State of Queensland through its Department of

Employment, Economic Development and Innovation

(DEED), Brisbane, QLD

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Matthew Roche

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Location** Department of Employment, Economic Development and

Innovation (DEEDI), Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, QLD (Latitude 27°32' South, Longitude 153°15' East,

elevation 25 masl).

**Descriptor** Cynodon (Cynodon dactylon x C. transvaalensis) PBR

**CYNO** 

**Period** 22 Jul 2009 – 19 May 2010

**Conditions** Individual propagules (four per tube) were grown in 60 x 60

mm tubes until covered and planted on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil 22 Jul 2009; plants not defoliated; weed control by pre-emergence oxadiazon (31 Jul and 5 Nov 2009) and nutrition maintained by slow release fertiliser (15-10-9)

applied 31 Jul 2009.

**Trial Design** Thirty spaced plants of each variety (QLD-Coast and BT-1)

were arranged in six randomised blocks with five plants per plot; 1.5 m between plots, 1.5 m between plants within plots.

**Measurements** Four diameter of spread measurements were taken per plant

(12-13 Oct, 26 Oct, 9 Nov and 17 Nov 2009 (118 DPP); two stolons per plant were collected 8-9 Feb. 2010 and stolon and leaf characteristics were measured; two flowering tillers were collected per plant 13-19 Apr 2010 and leaf and inflorescence characteristics were measured; inflorescence density (no. m²) and average sward height per plant were acquired 19 May 2010 (301 DPP); exposed leaf and stolon colour using the Royal Horticultural Society (RHS) colour chart (2007 (fifth) edition), along with digital photos were taken 15 Feb 2010.

**RHS Chart - edition** 2007 (fifth) edition

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Selected in Jul 2004 by Matthew Roche as a plant growing on the foreshore within Redland City, QLD. The location from which the *Sporobolus virginicus* ecotype was selected was partially submerged in sea water as a result of changing tides. The plant was selected on the basis of its compact and dense growth habit, along with its suspected salt tolerance. A sample was taken and planted at the Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation (DEEDI) Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, QLD for observation. Between 2004 and 2009 the cultivar had

been vegetatively multiplied on more than ten occasions to plant in trial work for evaluation and observation. Following planting in the field, under adequate fertiliser and potable irrigation, the plant is fast spreading, producing a moderate to tall canopy that is dense while producing few seed heads. Under optimum management the plant provides a dense sward and can be cut at a range of heights from 5-30 mm. The plant responds well (improvement in turfgrass quality) to the use of poorer quality water and under high management it is likely to respond to greens (golf and lawn bowls) conditions. Breeder: Matthew Roche, Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	height	moderate
Plant	texture	fine
Leaf	colour	green

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'BT-1'	Trademarked as Salt Fine.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Ozlawn'	Plant texture	fine	coarse	The PBR status of 'Ozlawn' had been terminated.
'Nathus Green'	Plant texture	fine	coarse	The PBR status of 'Nathus Gree'n had been terminated.
Common form	Plant texture	fine	coarse	torminates.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'QLD-Coast'	'BT-1'
	Plant: habit	creeping	
	Plant: type	mat-forming	
	Plant: height	moderate	moderate
	Plant: longevity	perennial	
	Plant: spreading	stolons and rhizomes	
	Stolon: internode length	medium	
	Stolon: internode thickness	thin	
V	Stolon: colour when exposed to sunlight	199A	137C
	Culms: length	moderate	

Leaf blade: shape	linear and pungent	
Leaf blade: length	medium to long	
Leaf blade: width	narrow	narrow
Leaf blade: colour	137B	137A
Ligule: appearance	pubescent	
Inflorescence: type	spike-like	
Inflorescence: length of peduncle	short to moderate	
Culms: habit	mostly ascending or the lowest internodes stoloniferous	
Leaf blade: presentation	leaf angle to the stem is approximately 45 degrees	
Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'QLD-Coast'	<b>'BT-1'</b>
Plant: mean diameter after 118 days (	(cm)	
Mean	68.90	18.90
Std. Deviation	20.90	5.80
LSD/sig	10.0	P≤0.01
Stolon node: number of branch stolor	ns at node two (spaced plants)	
Mean	0.67	0.70
Std. Deviation	0.48	0.47
LSD/sig	0.17	ns
Stolon node: number of branch stolor	ns at node three (spaced plants	)

Plant: mean diameter after 118 days (cm	1)			
Mean	68.90	18.90		
Std. Deviation	20.90	5.80		
LSD/sig	10.0	P≤0.01		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons a	at node two (spaced plants)			
Mean	0.67	0.70		
Std. Deviation	0.48	0.47		
LSD/sig	0.17	ns		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons a	at node three (spaced plants)			
Mean	1.12	0.87		
Std. Deviation	0.52	0.47		
LSD/sig	0.34	ns		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons a	at node four (spaced plants)			
Mean	1.35	1.02		
Std. Deviation	0.83	0.44		
LSD/sig	1.02	ns		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons a	at node five (spaced plants)			
Mean	1.75	1.25		
Std. Deviation	1.23	0.24		
LSD/sig	1.36	ns		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons a	at node six (spaced plants)			
Mean	1.83	1.24		
Std. Deviation	1.35	0.70		
LSD/sig	1.37	ns		
Stolon node: combined number of branch stolons at nodes two to six (spaced plants)				
Mean	6.72	5.07		
Std. Deviation	3.38	1.66		
LSD/sig	3.81	ns		

Stolon node: length of fourth internode	from stolon tin (mm)	
Mean	39.34	27.09
Std. Deviation	12.75	7.68
LSD/sig	29.41	ns
Г		113
Storon node: diameter of fourth interno	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Mean	0.97	0.99
Std. Deviation	0.34	0.27
LSD/sig	0.32	ns
Stolon node: length of sheath on fourth	visible node from stolon tip	(mm)
Mean	13.22	15.91
Std. Deviation	2.70	4.81
LSD/sig	5.93	ns
Stolon node: length of leaf blade on for	ırth visible node from stolon	tin (mm)
Mean	17.22	24.80
Std. Deviation	10.32	31.06
LSD/sig	32.46	ns
Г		
Stolon node: width of leaf blade on fou		
Mean	1.65	1.87
Std. Deviation	0.55	0.63
LSD/sig	0.95	ns
Stolon node: length:width ratio of fourt	h visible node from stolon ti	р
Mean	9.58	14.32
Std. Deviation	4.84	12.84
LSD/sig	13.88	ns
Flowering tiller: length of sheath on fla	g leaf on flowering tillers (m	ım)
Mean	47.94	51.78
Std. Deviation	8.91	9.23
LSD/sig	7.82	ns
Flowering tiller: length of leaf blade on		
Mean	19.14	11.61
Std. Deviation	11.91	5.01
LSD/sig	3.90	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: width of leaf blade on		
Mean	0.98	0.96
Std. Deviation	0.43	0.33
LSD/sig	0.27	ns
Flowering tiller: length:width ratio of le	eaf blade on flag leaf on flow	vering tillers
Mean	19.99	12.13
Std. Deviation	8.06	3.88
LSD/sig	2.61	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length of sheath on for	urth leaf on flowering tillers	(mm)
Mean	17.34	21.03
Std. Deviation	4.41	6.64
LSD/sig	6.31	ns

Flowering tiller: length of leaf blade on	fourth leaf on flowering till	ars (mm)
Mean	35.30	45.20
Std. Deviation	13.80	20.10
LSD/sig	19.4	ns
Flowering tiller: width of leaf blade on	fourth leaf on flowering tille	ers (mm)
Mean	1.53	2.17
Std. Deviation	0.46	0.50
LSD/sig	0.47	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length:width ratio of le	eaf blade on fourth leaf on fl	owering tillers
Mean	23.61	20.50
Std. Deviation	8.89	7.49
LSD/sig	7.45	ns
Flowering tiller: length of fourth intern	ode on flowering tillers (mm	1)
Mean	20.20	23.95
Std. Deviation	9.30	8.81
LSD/sig	13.83	ns
	1 (1 ' '11 /	`
Flowering tiller: diameter of fourth inte		
Mean	0.62	0.83
Std. Deviation	0.12	0.14 P<0.01
LSD/sig	0.10	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: diameter of peduncle (	mm)	
Mean	0.46	0.55
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.09
LSD/sig	0.07	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: spike length (mm)		
Mean	53.26	38.98
Std. Deviation	11.23	6.40
LSD/sig	8.14	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: Spike diameter (mm)		
Mean	1.21	2.12
Std. Deviation	0.35	0.49
LSD/sig	0.49	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: Fourth leaf angle from		40.00
Mean	77.20	48.80
Std. Deviation	20.50	12.50
LSD/sig	12.1	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: count (no. m2) 19 May 2	2010	
Mean	1.80	85.80
Std. Deviation	2.40	47.60
LSD/sig	73.93	P≤0.01
Sward: height (19 May 2010)		
Mean	25.92	20.96
Std. Deviation	21.84	9.75
LSD/sig	8.92	ns
<i>5</i>		

Flowering tiller: length of	peduncle (mm)	
Mean	84.10	75.20
Std. Deviation	23.20	16.50
LSD/sig	14.76	ns

Description: Matthew Roche, Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, QLD.

**Application Number** 2007/162

Variety Name 'Southern Charm'
Genus Species Magnolia grandiflora
Common Name Southern Magnolia

**Synonym** Teddy Bear **Accepted Date** 23 Jul 2007

ApplicantHead Ornamentals Inc., Seneca, South CarolinaAgentCoolwyn Nurseries Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC

**Qualified Person** Christopher Prescott

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing United States Patent

**Authority** 

Overseas Data PP13,049

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Strickland, USA

**Descriptor** Magnolia (*Magnolia*) PBR MAGN.

Period Oct 2000

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at 29 Victoria Avenue, Monbulk VIC (Latitude 37°52'S, Longitude 145°24'E). The Magnolias were maintained in an optimum nursery environment in the open in 200 mm pots.

Pots filled with pine bark mix.

**Trial Design** 10 plants of both the candidate and comparator were selected

at random from a larger population from the stock at the nursery. All plants used (except for flower data) were

approximately 18 months old.

**Measurements** Measurements were taken at random from the selected plants.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: the parents were two unidentified selections of *Magnolia grandiflora* in 1980. The seed was collected and sown in 1980. The seedlings were container grown and then planted in the field in 1982. 'Southern Charm' was selected from the seedling population in 1995 and propagated by branch cuttings for nine cycles since 1998. 'Southern Charm' has shown to be uniform and stable during this trial period. All work was carried out by or under the supervision of Mr Robert Head at his nursery in Seneca, South Carolina, USA

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	white
Plant	seasonality	evergreen
Plant	growth habit	upright
Plant	form	narrowly pyramidal
Plant	growth rate	slow
Plant	height (at 18 months)	short

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Little Gem'

'Southern Charm' Verification of US data

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Exmouth'	Plant height (at 18 months)	short	medium

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Southern Charm'	' 'Little Gem'	'Southern Charm' US data
Plant: seasonality	evergreen	evergreen	evergreen
Plant: type	tree	tree	tree
Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright
Young leaf: main colour upper side	greenish	greenish	greenish
Leaf: length of blade	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: width of blade	medium	narrow	medium
Leaf: shape of blade	oblong	oblong	oblong
Leaf: main colour upper side	medium green	dark green	dark green
Flower bud: colour	white	white	white
Flower: diameter	medium	medium	medium
Flower: main colour	white	white	white
Flower: shape (lateral view)	cup	cup	cup
Petal: length	medium	medium	medium
Petal: width	medium	medium	medium
Petal: width in relation to length	medium (2/3) to large (3/4)	large (3/4)	small (1/2) to medium (2/3)
Petal: main colour mid zone upp side (RHS colour chart)	er white 155A	whiter than 155A	white 155A
Petal: main colour mid zone low side (RHS colour chart)	er white 155A	whiter than 155A	white 155A
Style: colour	yellow	yellow	yellow
Filament: colour	yellow	yellow	yellow
Anther: colour	yellow	yellow	yellow
Flower: number of petals	medium	medium	medium
Time of: beginning of flowering	early	early	early

Plant: length of flowering	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
<b>Characteristics Additional to the De</b>	escriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Southern Charm'	'Little Gem'	'Teddy Bear' US data
Leaf: main colour lower side	browned orange 164A	browned orange	browned orange
Young leaf: main colour upper surface	144B	144B	137A
Young leaf: main colour lower side	165B	165B	166B
Leaf: main colour upper side	146A	147A	139A
Leaf: undulation	weak	strong	
Flower buds: at 18 months	absent	sometimes present	
Leaf: apex	obtuse	acute	
Plant: branching habit (at 18	very weak to weak	medium to strong	

months)

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2008	Applied	'Southern Charm'
USA	2001	Granted	'Southern Charm'

First sold in the USA in 2002 under the name 'Teddy Bear'.

Description: Christopher Prescott, 145 Moore Street, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number2002/261Variety Name'Panaro One'Genus SpeciesPrunus aviumCommon NameSweet Cherry

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 15 Apr 2003

**Applicant** University of Bologna, Italy.

**Agent** Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC

**Qualified Person** Graham Fleming

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing CPVO

**Authority** 

**Overseas Data** 2001/1541

**Reference Number** 

Location

**Descriptor** Cherry (*Prunus avium*) TG/35/6

Period

**Conditions** Where possible the overseas data was verified under local

conditions.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Burlat' x 'Sunburst'. The present new variety of cherry tree was developed in 1984 by the University of Bologna, Italy. The seedlings from this controlled pollination were observed growing and between 1990 and 1992 one such seedling was chosen for further propagation and evaluation. Finally in 2001 the new variety was chosen for commercialisation based on its desirable fruiting characteristics. 'Panaro 1' can be distinguished from both its parents in that it is larger in size and darker in skin colour compared to 'Burlat'. 'Panaro One' is also more reinform or cordate in shape compared to the rounded shape of Sunburst and matures approximately 16-18 days earlier than 'Sunburst'. Breeder: University of Bologna, Italy.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	<b>State of Expression in Group of Varieties</b>
Time of	fruit maturity	very early to early

Fruit flesh colour Red

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

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Name	<b>A</b>				
Nama	Comments				
Tallic					

'Earlisweet' matures approximately 4-5 days later than 'Panaro One', and where 'Panaro One' is believed to be self fertile 'Earlisweet' requires a pollinator.

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

T del le cies of	Common time wreage racinities and babbequentry enclases
Variety	Comments
'Moreau'	'Moreau' was initially considered but was subsequently excluded as the fruit of
	'Moreau' is smaller in size and has a darker skin colour compared to 'Panaro One'.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Panaro One'	'Earlisweet'
*Tree: type	normal	
Tree: vigour	strong	strong
*Tree: habit	semi-upright	upright
*Tree: branching	strong	
One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	medium	
One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation to shoot	strongly held out	
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip	weak	
Leaf blade: length	long	long
Leaf blade: width	broad	medium to broad
*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	large	medium
Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	medium	medium to dark
*Leaf: length of petiole	long	
Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade	medium	
*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
Petiole: colour of nectaries	dark red	
Flower: diameter of corolla	large	large
Flower: shape of petal	broad elliptic	
Flower: relative position of petal margins	free	
*Fruit: size	large	medium
*Fruit: shape	reniform	round
Fruit: pistil end	depressed	
*Fruit: colour of skin	brown red	light red
Fruit: size of lenticels on skin	small	
Fruit: number of lenticels on skin	few	
Fruit: colour of juice	red	
Fruit: colour of flesh	red	red
*Fruit: firmness	soft	firm
Fruit: acidity	medium	medium
Fruit: sweetness	medium	medium
Fruit: juiciness	medium	medium
*Fruit: length of stalk	very short	

Fruit: abscission layer between stalk and fruit	present	
Fruit: thickness of stalk	medium	medium
*Stone: size	large	
*Stone: shape	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
*Stone: size relative to fruit	medium	
*Time of: flowering	medium	late
*Time of: fruit maturity	very early	very early to early

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

First sold in Italy November 2001.

Description: Lisa Corcoran. Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

**Application Number** 2002/153

Variety Name 'Royal Rainier'
Genus Species Prunus avium
Common Name Sweet Cherry

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 16 Apr 2003

**Applicant** Zaiger's Inc. Genetics

**Agent** Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC

**Qualified Person** Graham Fleming

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing US Patent & Trademark Office

**Authority** 

Overseas Data PP10,790

**Reference Number** 

Location

**Descriptor** Cherry (*Prunus avium*) TG/35/6

Period

**Conditions** Where possible the overseas data was verified under local

conditions. The US Plant Patent data was converted into

standard UPOV characteristics for Cherry.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Open pollination: The new and distinct variety of cherry tree was developed by Zaiger's Inc Genetics at their experimental orchard near Modesto, California, USA as an open pollinated seedling of proprietary line '32G153'. The selection '32G153' originated as an open pollinated seedling of 'Stella' cherry. A large number of these open pollinated seedlings were observed growing and one such seedling, the present variety, was chosen for asexual propagation and commercialisation based on its desirable fruiting characteristics and named 'Royal Rainier'. Breeder: Zaiger's Inc Genetics, Modesto, CA.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Time of	flowering	medium
Fruit	size	medium to large
Fruit	skin colour	yellow ground colour
Fruit	flesh colour	Yellow
Time of	fruit maturity	early to medium

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Corresponde
Name	Comments

'Rosie Rainier' 'Rosie Rainier' matures slightly earlier, has a higher degree of red skin blush and handles better compared to 'Royal Rainier'.

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

#### Variety

'Stella' 'Stella' was initially considered but subsequently excluded as 'Stella' is self fertile, has

red skin and red flesh compared to the yellow flesh of 'Royal Rainier' and matures approximately 5-7 days later than 'Royal Rainier'.

'Rainier' 'Rainier' was initially considered but subsequently excluded based on its later maturity time and susceptibility to cracking and marking compared to 'Royal Rainier'.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Royal Rainier'	'Rosie Rainier'
	Tree: vigour	medium	medium
	*Tree: habit	upright	upright
	Leaf blade: length	long	long
	Leaf blade: width	broad	broad
	*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	medium to dark	
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
V	Flower: diameter of corolla	large	medium
	*Fruit: size	medium to large	large
	*Fruit: shape	round	round
<b>V</b>	*Fruit: colour of skin	yellow	vermillion on pale yellow background
	Fruit: colour of flesh	yellow	yellow
	*Fruit: firmness	firm	firm
	Fruit: acidity	medium	medium
	Fruit: sweetness	medium	medium
	Fruit: thickness of stalk	medium	
<b>~</b>	*Stone: shape	round	broad elliptic
	*Time of: flowering	medium	medium
	*Time of: fruit maturity	early to medium	early to medium

#### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Chile	2004	Granted	'Royal Rainier'
USA	1997	Granted	'Royal Rainier'

First sold in USA October 1997.

Description: Lisa Corcoran, Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

Application Number2002/262Variety Name'Panaro Three'Genus SpeciesPrunus aviumCommon NameSweet Cherry

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 15 Apr 2003

**Applicant** University of Bologna, Italy

**Agent** Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

**Qualified Person** Graham Fleming

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing CPVO

**Authority** 

**Overseas Data** 2001/1542

**Reference Number** 

Location

**Descriptor** Cherry (*Prunus avium*) TG/35/6

Period

**Conditions** Where possible the overseas data was verified under local

conditions.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Open Pollination: 'Burlat'. The new and distinct variety of cherry tree was developed by the University of Bologna in Italy as an open pollinated seedling of 'Burlat' cherry. These seedlings were observed growing between 1990 and 1992 at which time one such seedling, the present variety, was chosen for further propagation and evaluation. Finally in 2001 the present variety was chosen for commercialisation based on its desirable fruiting characteristics. Breeder: University of Bologna, Italy. 'Panaro Three' differs from 'Burlat' in that it has larger, firmer fruit that matures approximately 12-14 days later compared to that of 'Burlat'.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	size	very large
Fruit	shape	reniform
Fruit	colour of flesh	red to dark red
Time of	fruit maturity	early to medium

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Commonto

Wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)
Name	Comments

'Sumpaca'

Variotre

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

v ar icty	Comments
'Giorgia'	'Giorgia' was initially considered but subsequently excluded based on

differences in fruit size, shape and quality.

□ *Tree: type         normal         normal           □ Tree: vigour         strong         medium           □ *Tree: habit         upright         upright           □ *Tree: branching         medium         medium           □ One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels         medium         few           □ One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation shoot         slightly held out adpressed           □ Voung shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip         medium         absent or very weak           □ Leaf blade: length         long         long           □ Leaf blade: width         Broad         broad           □ *Leaf blade: ratio length/width         large         medium           □ *Leaf: length of petiole         long         long           □ Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade         medium         medium           □ *Petiole: nectaries         present         present           □ Petiole: nectaries         present         present           □ Power: diameter of corolla         large         light red           □ Flower: diameter of corolla         large         broad elliptic         broad elliptic           □ Flower: relative position of petal margins         touching         overlapping           □ *Fruit: shape		re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'Panaro Three'	'Sumpaca'
*Tree: habit upright upright upright wright tree: habit tree: habit upright upright upright tree: branching medium medium few one-year-old shoot: number of lenticels medium few one-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation shoot shoot for well absent or very weak to shoot to shoot well absent or very weak long long long long long long long long		*Tree: type	normal	normal
□ *Tree: branching       medium       medium         ▼ One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels       medium       few         ▼ One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation to shoot       slightly held out adpressed         ▼ Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip       medium       absent or very weak         □ Leaf blade: length       long       long         □ Leaf blade: width       Broad       broad         ▼ *Leaf blade: ratio length/width       large       medium         □ Leaf blade: green colour of upper side       medium       medium         □ *Leaf: length of petiole       long       long         □ Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade       medium         □ *Petiole: nectaries       present       present         ▼ Petiole: colour of nectaries       present       present         ▼ Petiole: colour of nectaries       orange yellow       light red         □ Flower: diameter of corolla       large         □ Flower: shape of petal       broad elliptic       broad elliptic         □ Flower: relative position of petal margins       touching       overlapping         □ *Fruit: size       *Fruit: shape       reniform       reniform         □ Fruit: spistil end       depressed         □ *Fruit: colour o	<b>V</b>	Tree: vigour	strong	medium
Text. one-year-old shoot: number of lenticels         medium         few           ✓ One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation to shoot         slightly held out adpressed           ✓ One-year-old shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip         medium         absent or very weak           ✓ Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip         medium         absent or very weak           ✓ Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip         medium         absent or very weak           ✓ Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip         medium         long           Leaf blade: length         long         long           Leaf blade: width         large         medium           Leaf blade: ratio length/width         large         medium           Leaf blade: green colour of upper side         long         long           Leaf blade: green colour of upper side         medium         medium           *Leaf: length of petiole         long         long           Leaf: ratio length of petiole         long         long           Leaf: length of petiole         long         long           Petiole: nectaries         present         present           Flower: diameter of corolla         large         light red           Flower: diameter of corolla         large         very large		*Tree: habit	upright	upright
One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation shoot  Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip medium absent or very weak Leaf blade: length long long Leaf blade: width Broad broad  *Leaf blade: ratio length/width large medium medium medium Leaf blade: green colour of upper side medium medium  *Leaf: length of petiole long long long  Leaf: ratio length of petiole medium medium  *Petiole: nectaries present present present  Petiole: colour of nectaries orange yellow light red  Flower: diameter of corolla large  Flower: relative position of petal margins touching overlapping  *Fruit: size very large very large  *Fruit: spistil end depressed  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  medium medium  #Fruit: firmness  Fruit: caidity  #Fruit: acidity  #Fruit: acidity		*Tree: branching	medium	medium
To shoot oshoot  Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip  Leaf blade: length  Leaf blade: width  Heaf blade: ratio length/width  Leaf blade: green colour of upper side  Leaf: length of petiole  Leaf: length of petiole  Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade  Petiole: nectaries  Petiole: colour of nectaries  Flower: diameter of corolla  Flower: shape of petal  Flower: relative position of petal margins  Fruit: size  *Fruit: size  *Fruit: size  *Fruit: size of lenticels on skin  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin  Fruit: colour of flesh  Fruit: firmness  Fruit: firmness  Fruit: acidity  *Fruit: acidity  medium  absent or very weak  absent or very  weak  blong  long	<b>V</b>	One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	medium	few
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip  Leaf blade: length  Leaf blade: ratio length/width  Leaf blade: green colour of upper side  *Leaf: length of petiole  Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade  *Petiole: nectaries  Petiole: colour of nectaries  Petiole: colour of nectaries  Plower: diameter of corolla  Flower: shape of petal  Flower: relative position of petal margins  *Fruit: size  *Fruit: shape  Fruit: shape  Fruit: pistil end  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin  Fruit: colour of flesh  Fruit: firmness  Fruit: firmness  Fruit: acidity  Fruit: acidity  Redum  Broad  broad  broad  medium  medium  medium  medium  weak  Broad  broad  broad  medium  medium  medium  medium  weak  Broad  broad  broad  medium		•	slightly held out	-
Leaf blade: width Broad broad  *Leaf blade: ratio length/width large medium  Leaf blade: green colour of upper side medium medium  *Leaf: length of petiole long long  Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade medium  *Petiole: nectaries present present  Petiole: colour of nectaries orange yellow light red  Flower: diameter of corolla large  Flower: shape of petal broad elliptic broad elliptic  Flower: relative position of petal margins touching overlapping  *Fruit: size very large very large  *Fruit: shape  Fruit: pistil end depressed  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin small  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: firmness  Fruit: acidity  medium	~	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip	medium	•
*Leaf blade: ratio length/width large medium medium  Leaf blade: green colour of upper side medium medium  *Leaf: length of petiole long long  Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade medium  *Petiole: nectaries present present present  Petiole: colour of nectaries orange yellow light red  Flower: diameter of corolla large  Flower: shape of petal broad elliptic broad elliptic  Flower: relative position of petal margins touching overlapping  *Fruit: size very large very large  *Fruit: shape reniform reniform  Fruit: pistil end depressed  *Fruit: colour of skin blackish dark red  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of juice red purple  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: acidity		Leaf blade: length	long	long
Leaf blade: green colour of upper side medium medium  *Leaf: length of petiole long long  Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade medium  *Petiole: nectaries present present  Petiole: colour of nectaries orange yellow light red  Flower: diameter of corolla large  Flower: shape of petal broad elliptic broad elliptic  Flower: relative position of petal margins touching overlapping  *Fruit: size very large very large  *Fruit: shape reniform reniform  Fruit: pistil end depressed  *Fruit: colour of skin small  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of juice red purple  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: acidity		Leaf blade: width	Broad	broad
*Leaf: length of petiole long long  Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade medium  *Petiole: nectaries present present  Petiole: colour of nectaries orange yellow light red  Flower: diameter of corolla large  Flower: shape of petal broad elliptic broad elliptic  Flower: relative position of petal margins touching overlapping  *Fruit: size very large very large  *Fruit: shape reniform reniform  Fruit: pistil end depressed  *Fruit: colour of skin blackish dark red  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of juice red purple  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: acidity	V	*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	large	medium
Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade  *Petiole: nectaries  Petiole: colour of nectaries  Petiole: colour of nectaries  Flower: diameter of corolla  Flower: shape of petal  Flower: relative position of petal margins  *Fruit: size  *Fruit: size  *Fruit: shape  Fruit: shape  Fruit: pistil end  Fruit: colour of skin  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin  Fruit: colour of flesh  *Fruit: firmness  medium  Fruit: acidity  medium  medium  medium  resent  present  pred dark red  purple  pruit: colour of flesh  *Fruit: firmness  medium  medium		Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	medium	medium
*Petiole: nectaries present present  Petiole: colour of nectaries orange yellow light red  Flower: diameter of corolla large  Flower: shape of petal broad elliptic broad elliptic  Flower: relative position of petal margins touching overlapping  *Fruit: size very large very large  *Fruit: shape reniform reniform  Fruit: pistil end depressed  *Fruit: colour of skin blackish dark red  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of juice red purple  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: acidity  *Fruit: acidity		*Leaf: length of petiole	long	long
Petiole: colour of nectaries  Flower: diameter of corolla  Flower: shape of petal  Flower: relative position of petal margins  Fruit: size  *Fruit: size  *Fruit: shape  Fruit: pistil end  Fruit: colour of skin  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin  Fruit: colour of flesh  Fruit: colour of flesh  Fruit: firmness  Fruit: firmness  Fruit: acidity  renge yellow  light red  large  broad elliptic  bro		Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade	medium	
Flower: diameter of corolla  Flower: shape of petal  Flower: relative position of petal margins  *Fruit: size  *Fruit: shape  Fruit: pistil end  Fruit: colour of skin  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin  Fruit: colour of flesh  Fruit: colour of flesh  Fruit: diameter of corolla  large  broad elliptic  broad ellipti		*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
Flower: shape of petal broad elliptic broad elliptic  Flower: relative position of petal margins touching overlapping  *Fruit: size very large very large  *Fruit: shape reniform reniform  Fruit: pistil end depressed  *Fruit: colour of skin blackish dark red  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of juice red purple  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: acidity	V	Petiole: colour of nectaries	orange yellow	light red
Flower: relative position of petal margins  Flower: relative position of petal margins  Fruit: size  *Fruit: shape  Fruit: pistil end  Fruit: colour of skin  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin  Fruit: colour of juice  Fruit: colour of flesh  Fruit: firmness  medium  Fruit: acidity  Fruit: acidity		Flower: diameter of corolla	large	
*Fruit: size very large very large  *Fruit: shape reniform reniform  Fruit: pistil end depressed  *Fruit: colour of skin blackish dark red  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of juice red purple  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: acidity medium		Flower: shape of petal	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
*Fruit: shape reniform reniform  Fruit: pistil end depressed  *Fruit: colour of skin blackish dark red  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin small  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of juice red purple  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: acidity	V	Flower: relative position of petal margins	touching	overlapping
Fruit: pistil end depressed  *Fruit: colour of skin blackish dark red  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin small  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of juice red purple  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: acidity medium		*Fruit: size	very large	very large
*Fruit: colour of skin blackish dark red  Fruit: size of lenticels on skin small  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin few  Fruit: colour of juice red purple  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: acidity medium		*Fruit: shape	reniform	reniform
Fruit: size of lenticels on skin  Fruit: number of lenticels on skin  Fruit: colour of juice  Fruit: colour of flesh  Fruit: firmness  Fruit: acidity  Fruit: acidity  Fruit: colour of skin  small  few  red  purple  red  dark red  medium  medium		Fruit: pistil end	depressed	
Fruit: number of lenticels on skin  Fruit: colour of juice  Fruit: colour of flesh  *Fruit: firmness  medium  Fruit: acidity  few  red  purple  red  dark red  medium	V	*Fruit: colour of skin	blackish	dark red
Fruit: colour of juice red purple  Fruit: colour of flesh red dark red  *Fruit: firmness medium medium  Fruit: acidity medium		Fruit: size of lenticels on skin	small	
Fruit: colour of flesh  Fruit: colour of flesh  *Fruit: firmness  medium  Fruit: acidity  medium		Fruit: number of lenticels on skin	few	
*Fruit: firmness medium medium Fruit: acidity medium		Fruit: colour of juice	red	purple
Fruit: acidity medium		Fruit: colour of flesh	red	dark red
		*Fruit: firmness	medium	medium
madium		Fruit: acidity	medium	
Fruit: sweetness		Fruit: sweetness	medium	
Fruit: juiciness medium strong	<b>V</b>	Fruit: juiciness	medium	strong

~	*Fruit: length of stalk	short	long
	Fruit: abscission layer between stalk and fruit	absent	
	Fruit: thickness of stalk	thick	
~	*Stone: size	medium	large
~	*Stone: shape	round	broad elliptic
	*Stone: size relative to fruit	small	small to medium
~	*Time of: flowering	medium	late
	*Time of: fruit maturity	early to medium	early to medium

First sold in Italy November 2001.

 $Description: \textbf{\textit{Lisa Corcoran}}, Graham's \ Factree \ Pty \ Ltd, \ Hoddles \ Creek, \ VIC.$ 

Application Number2002/158Variety Name'Earlisweet'Genus SpeciesPrunus aviumCommon NameSweet Cherry

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 16 Apr 2003

**Applicant** Zaiger's Inc. Genetics

**Agent** Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC

**Qualified Person** Graham Fleming

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing US Patents & Trademark Office

**Authority** 

Overseas Data PP9,783

**Reference Number** 

Location

**Descriptor** Cherry (*Prunus avium*) TG/35/6

Period

**Conditions** Where possible the overseas data was verified under local

conditions. The US Plant Patent data was converted into

standard UPOV descriptors for Cherry.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Open pollination: 'Stella'. The new and distinct variety of cherry was developed by Zaiger's Inc Genetics at their experimental orchard located near Modesto, California, USA. A large number of these open pollinated seedlings were observed growing and one such seedling, the present variety, was chosen for asexual propagation and commercialisation based on its desirable fruiting characteristics. 'Earlisweet' can be distinguished from its parent 'Stella' as it blossoms approximately 7 days earlier as well as having earlier maturing fruit of approximately 23 days before 'Stella'. Breeder: Zaiger's Inc Genetics, Modesto, CA.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Time of	fruit maturity	very early to early

#### Fruit flesh colour Red

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

#### Name Comments

'Panaro One' 'Panaro One' matures approximately 4 – 5 days early and is reported to be self fertile compared to 'Earlisweet' which is slightly later in maturity and requires a pollinator.

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

#### **Variety** Comments

'Early Burlat' 'Early Burlat' was originally considered but later excluded based on the differences in blossom timing and fruit cracking susceptibility compared to 'Earlisweet'.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Earlisweet'	'Panaro One'
	Tree: vigour	strong	strong
	*Tree: habit	upright	semi-upright
	Leaf blade: length	long	long
	Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	broad
	*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	medium to dark	medium
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	Flower: diameter of corolla	large	large
<b>~</b>	*Fruit: size	medium	large
<b>V</b>	*Fruit: shape	round	reniform
<b>V</b>	*Fruit: colour of skin	light red	brown red
	Fruit: colour of flesh	red	red
<b>V</b>	*Fruit: firmness	firm	soft
	Fruit: acidity	medium	medium
	Fruit: sweetness	medium	medium
	Fruit: juiciness	medium	medium
	Fruit: thickness of stalk	medium	medium
	*Stone: shape	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
	*Time of: flowering	medium	medium
	*Time of: fruit maturity	very early to early	very early

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Earlisweet'	'Panaro One'
Flower: pollination	not self fertile	self fertile

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
USA	1995	Granted	'Earlisweet'

First sold in USA January 1997.

Description: Lisa Corcoran, Graham's Factree, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

Application Number2002/264Variety Name'Panaro Four'Genus SpeciesPrunus aviumCommon NameSweet Cherry

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 15 Apr 2003

**Applicant** University of Bologna, Italy

**Agent** Graham's Factree Pty Ltd, Hoddles Creek, VIC

**Qualified Person** Graham Fleming

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing CPVO

**Authority** 

**Overseas Data** 2001/1540

**Reference Number** 

Location

**Descriptor** Cherry (*Prunus avium*) TG/35/6

Period

**Conditions** Where possible the overseas data was verified under local

conditions.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Lapins'x'Burlat'. The new and distinct variety of cherry tree was developed by the University of Bologna, Italy. The resulting seedlings from this cross pollination were observed growing and between 1990 and 1992 the present variety was selected for further propagation and observation. Finally in 2001 the new variety was chosen for commercialisation based on its desirable fruiting characteristics. 'Panaro Four' can be distinguished from both its parents in that 'Panaro Four' has black skin and firm flesh compared to the red to dark red skin and softer flesh of both 'Lapins' and 'Burlat'. Breeder: University of Bologna, Italy.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	Flesh colour	red to dark red
Time of	flowering	medium
Time of	fruit maturity	early to medium

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
Name	i ammanic

'Santina' 'Santina' is similar to 'Panaro Four' in that it is also regarded as self fertile and matures mid season with 'Panaro Four'.

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Comments	
'Van'	Initially 'Van' was considered but subsequently excluded based on its later	
	maturity, susceptibility to cracking and need for a pollinator.	

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'Panaro Four'	'Santina'
	*Tree: type	normal	normal
	Tree: vigour	medium	medium
<b>V</b>	*Tree: habit	semi-upright	spreading to drooping
	*Tree: branching	strong	
	One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	medium	
to s	One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation shoot	slightly held out	slightly held out
<b>V</b>	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip	medium	weak
	Leaf blade: length	long	long
	Leaf blade: width	broad	broad
	*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	medium	medium
	*Leaf: length of petiole	long	long
	Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade	medium	medium
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
<b>~</b>	Petiole: colour of nectaries	orange yellow	purple
	Flower: diameter of corolla	large	
	Flower: shape of petal	broad elliptic	
<b>V</b>	Flower: relative position of petal margins	touching	free
<b>~</b>	*Fruit: size	large	very large
	*Fruit: shape	reniform	reniform
	Fruit: pistil end	depressed	
<b>V</b>	*Fruit: colour of skin	brown red	blackish
<b>~</b>	Fruit: size of lenticels on skin	medium	small
<b>V</b>	Fruit: number of lenticels on skin	medium	many
<b>~</b>	Fruit: colour of juice	red	purple
	Fruit: colour of flesh	pink	dark red
	*Fruit: firmness	medium	medium
	Fruit: acidity	medium	medium to high
	Fruit: sweetness	medium	low to medium
	Fruit: juiciness	medium	medium to strong

<b>V</b>	*Fruit: length of stalk	short	medium to long
	Fruit: abscission layer between stalk and fruit	present	
	Fruit: thickness of stalk	thick	
	*Stone: size	medium	
	*Stone: shape	broad elliptic	
	*Stone: size relative to fruit	medium	
	*Time of: flowering	medium	medium
	*Time of: fruit maturity	early to medium	early to medium

First sold in Italy November 2001.

Description: Lisa Corcoran, Graham's Factree, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

**Details of Application** 

**Application Number** 2006/219 **Variety Name** 'Resolute II'

**Genus Species** Festuca arundinacea

Common Name Tall Fescue

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 11 Sep 2006

**Applicant** PGG Wrightson Seeds Ltd, New Zealand

**Agent** Wrightson Seeds (Australia) Pty Ltd, Laverton, VIC

**Qualified Person** Jennifer Ngaire James

## **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** AsureQuality Ltd, Lincoln, Canterbury, New Zealand

**Descriptor** Tall Fescue (*Festuca arundinacea*) TG/39/8

**Period** 2007-2009

**Conditions** Spaced plants: Seed sown and seedlings raised in glasshouse

in early Mar, transplanted in mid May and sprinkler irrigated. Field measurements were taken from Jun – Dec. Row plants

sown in late Feb.

**Trial Design** Randomised spaced plots: 6 replicates of 10 plants per

variety. Row plots: 2 replicates of 5 metres with density

plants per replicate of 200 plants per metre.

Measurements All observations on spaced plants (VS and MS) were made on

60 plants or parts taken from each of 60 plants. Observations

on rows (VG) were made on each row as a whole.

**RHS Chart - edition** 

### **Origin and Breeding**

Open pollination followed by polycross: Resolute. Seeds of Resolute inoculated with AR542 endophyte were sown. Winter/spring 2001: Selection for vigour and softness. Oct 2001: Elites transplanted to polycross. Dec 2001 41 plants harvested and seed blended to form Resolute S1. Autumn 2002: Seeds of Resolute S1 were sown. Sep 2003 – Mar 2003: Selection for vigour, disease resistance, improved endophyte density in tillers and softness. Apr 2003 – Jun 2003: Selection for scarab tolerance. Jul 2003: 9 elite plants selected and placed in polycross. Jan 2004 Seed from 7 parents blended to form 'Resolute II'\_Nucleus I. It differs from 'Resolute' in having medium long panicle (284mm) as compared short panicle of the parent (202mm).

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContextState of Expression in Group of VarietiesPlantploidyhexaploidPlantnatural height afterlong

natural height after vernalisation

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Prosper'

'Amelie'

'Grasslands Advance' (Advance)

'Quantum'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety			State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Creole'	inflorescence	length	short	medium
'Encore'	inflorescence	length	short	very long
'Fraydo'	inflorescence	length	short	medium to long
Bombina	inflorescence	length	short	long
'Midwin'	inflorescence	length	short	long

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.								
Organ/Plant Part:Context	'Resolute II'	'Amelie'	'Typhoon'	'Advance'	'Flecha'	'Prosper'	'Quantum'	'Quantum II'
*Ploidy:	hexaploid							
*Leaf: intensity of green colour during vegetative growth stage	Smedium	dark	light to medium	medium		dark to very dark		
Plant: natural height after vernalisation	long							
*Plant: time of inflorescence emergence	early					medium to late		
Plant: growth habit at inflorescence emergence	semi-erect	intermediate	intermediate to semi- prostrate	intermediate		intermediate		
Plant: natural height at inflorescence emergence	long	short to medium	medium	medium		medium to long		
*Stem: length of longest stem including inflorescence	medium				medium to long			
*Flag leaf: width	medium	medium to wide	medium to wide	medium		narrow to medium		
Inflorescence: length	short to medium			medium				
*Flag leaf: length on representative stem	long	long to very long	medium to long	medium		long to very long	medium	medium

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Quantum II'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Grasslands Flecha' (Flecha)

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Ceres. Typhoon' (Typhoon)

	Statistical Table								
	Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Resolute II'	'Amelie'	'Typhoon'	'Advance'	'Flecha	''Prosper'	'Quantum'	'Quantum II'
	Plant: time of inf	Florescence	amarganca (d	love)					
	Mean	48.83	65.60	55.88	58.98	51.70	57.17		
	Std. Deviation	3.56	5.58	5.68	3.78	3.98	4.07		
	LSD/sig	4.49	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01		
	□								
	Flag leaf: width	` ′							
	Mean	7.47	7.92	8.23	8.53	7.30	7.40		
	Std. Deviation	1.05	1.30	1.47	1.47	1.02	1.15		
	LSD/sig	0.84	ns	Ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns		
	Flag leaf: length	(mm)							
	Mean	228.17	151.17	151.35	149.92	225.92	209.17		
	Std. Deviation	41.97	32.54	32.49	32.53	46.39	43.99		
	LSD/sig	23.87	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	<u>n</u> s		
•	▼								
	Stem: length of l			050.75	007.00	1100.50	1110 77		
	Mean	985.00	1001.25	958.75	985.00		)1143.75		
	Std. Deviation	106.72	112.58	94.69	88.11	168.74 D<0.01			
	LSD/sig	119.67	ns	Ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≥0.01		
	Stem: length of u	apper intern	ode (mm)						
	Mean	492.67	542.25	504.18	486.92	588.43	619.25		
	Std. Deviation	80.76	70.09	82.87	79.76	112.42	110.05		
	LSD/sig	58.43	ns	Ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
	<b>▼</b>								
	Inflorescence: le: Mean	ngtn (mm) 243.25	248.75	266.00	256.42	301.67	322.42		
	Std. Deviation	38.85	42.32	72.18	40.62	56.62			
	LSD/sig	31.40	ns	Ns	ns	P≤0.01			
	ESD/sig	31.40	115	145	113	1 _0.01	1_0.01		
	Inflorescence: sp	ikelet lengt	th (mm)						
	Mean	11.23	14.47	11.99	12.29	11.70	12.65		
	Std. Deviation	1.79	2.56	2.04	2.32	1.72	1.65		
	LSD/sig	1.49	P≤0.01	Ns	ns	ns	ns		
	<b>Prior Application</b>	ns and Sa	les						
	Country	Year	-	Current	Status	Name	Applied		
	New Zealand	2006		Granted		'Resol			
	1.1. Dominio	2000		Siunica		110001			

Description: Jennifer James, Palmesrston North, New Zealand.

**Details of Application** 

**Application Number** 2005/158 **Variety Name** 'Flat Fred'

Genus Species Scaevola crassifolia
Common Name Thick-leaved Fan Flower

**Synonym** 

Accepted Date 13 Jul 2005

**Applicant** George A Lullfitz, Wanneroo, WA

**Agent** 

**Qualified Person** Peter Abell

## **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Great Northern Highway Muchea WA

**Descriptor** General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN DES.

**Period** September 2006-September 2006

Conditions Winter rainfall climate. Sand ridge in full sun. Irrigation by

drippers. Soil type, Lateritic Sand

**Trial Design** 15 plants in rows at 1metre spacing with comparator

following in the same row.

**Measurements** Observations taken from all plants

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Seedling selection: amongst a population of *Scaevola crassifolia* grown at Lullfitz Nursery, Muchea, WA in July 2003. Main selection criteria was low to prostrate growth habit. The selected seedling was vegetatively propagated over 4 cycles of propagation in Muchea and Wanneroo, WA between 2003 and 2005. No offtypes were observed. Breeder: George A. Lullfitz, Wanneroo, WA.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	type	shrub
Stem	degree of hairiness	absent or low
Leaf	type	simple
Leaf	size	medium
Leaf	type of incision	toothed
Leaf	presence of variegation	absent

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
Industry variety	The comparator is an unnamed variety grown in the
	industry.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Flat Fred'	<b>Industry variety</b>
	Plant: type	shrub	shrub
<b>V</b>	Plant: growth habit	spreading	bushy
<b>V</b>	Plant: size	very small	small to medium
	Stem: degree of hairiness	absent or low	absent or low
	Stem: thorns, prickles, spines etc	absent	absent
	Stem: presence of hairs	absent	absent
	Stem: presence of anthocyanin in new growth	present	present
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium	absent or very weak to weak
	Leaf: leaf type	simple	simple
	Leaf: size	medium	medium
	Leaf: attitude	semi-erect	erect
	Leaf: arrangement	alternate	alternate
	Leaf: length of blade	short to medium	medium
	Leaf: width of blade	medium to broad	broad
	Leaf: length of petiole	very short	very short
<b>V</b>	Leaf: shape	obovate	circular (orbiculate)
	Leaf: shape of apex	acuminate	acuminate
	Leaf: shape of base	cuneate	cuneate
	Leaf: incision of margin	present	present
	Leaf: depth of incision	very shallow to shallow	shallow to medium
	Leaf: type of incision	toothed	toothed
	Leaf: undulation of the margin	very weak	very weak
	Leaf: green colour	medium	medium
	Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent
	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Flat Fred'	<b>Industry variety</b>

horizontal

semi-erect

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

Stem: attitude

First sold in Australia in May 2005

Description: Peter Abell, SPROCZ Pty Ltd, Bilpin, NSW

### **GRANTS**

Acacia cognata

#### BOWER WATTLE, RIVER WATTLE

## 'Curvaceous'

Application No: 2008/061 Applicant: **Phillip Dowling** 

Certificate No: 4017 Expiry Date: 8 June, 2030.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

## 'Fettuccini'

Application No: 2008/266 Applicant: **Phillip Dowling** 

Certificate No: 4043 Expiry Date: 30 June, 2030.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Brassica juncea

#### INDIAN MUSTARD

## 'Caza'

Application No: 2006/032

Applicant: **University of Western Australia** Certificate No: 4035 Expiry Date: 22 June, 2030.

Calathea roseo-picta

#### **CALATHEA**

## 'Dottie'

Application No: 2005/159

Applicant: Twyford International Inc.

Certificate No: 4036 Expiry Date: 22 June, 2030. Agent: **Jackson's Nursery**, The Gap, Brisbane, QLD.

Camellia sasanqua

#### CAMELLIA

## 'PAREMI'

Application No: 2004/239

Applicant: **The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 4007 Expiry Date: 24 April, 2030.

#### Agent: R J Cherry Holdings Pty Ltd, Kulnura, NSW.

## 'PARREB'®

Application No: 2004/238

Applicant: **The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 4006 Expiry Date: 24 April, 2030. Agent: **R J Cherry Holdings Pty Ltd**, Kulnura, NSW.

## 'PARSIM'

Application No: 2004/237

Applicant: **The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 4005 Expiry Date: 24 April, 2030. Agent: **R J Cherry Holdings Pty Ltd**, Kulnura, NSW.

Cannabis sativa

INDUSTRIAL HEMP

## 'Kepnock'

Application No: 2008/132

Applicant: **Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 4014 Expiry Date: 7 June, 2030.

Citrus sinensis

#### **SWEET ORANGE**

## 'Modica'

Application No: 2003/305 Applicant: **John Modica** 

Certificate No: 4034 Expiry Date: 22 June, 2030.

Coprosma repens

#### MIRROR PLANT

## 'Lemon and Lime',

Application No: 2009/061

**Applicant: Growing Spectrum Ltd** 

Certificate No: 4011 Expiry Date: 12 May, 2030.

Agent: Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

#### Crowea saligna

#### WAX FLOWER, WILLOW-LEAVED CROWEA

## 'PPCS1'®

Application No: 2007/259

Applicant: Prestige Plants Pty Ltd

Certificate No: 4010 Expiry Date: 29 April, 2030.

Agent: Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Dianella revoluta

SPREADING FLAX-LILY, BLUEBERRY LILY, BLACK-ANTHER FLAX-LILY, BLUE FLAX LILY

### 'LHC1'

Application No: 2008/221

Applicant: **Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 4028 Expiry Date: 18 June, 2030.

Dianthus x allwoodii

**PINKS** 

## 'WP05 Yves' syn Coconut Sundae b

Application No: 2008/200 Applicant: **Whetman Pinks Ltd.** 

Certificate No: 4015 Expiry Date: 8 June, 2030.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Glycine max

**SOYBEAN** 

## 'Moonbi'

Application No: 2009/062

Applicant: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation, Grains Research and Development Corporation, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales

Certificate No: 4021 Expiry Date: 15 June, 2030.

Agent: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation, Canberra,, ACT.

#### Hardenbergia violacea

#### FALSE SARSPARILLA

## 'Regent'

Application No: 2008/138

Applicant: Peter James Ollerenshaw

Certificate No: 4029 Expiry Date: 16 June, 2030.

Helleborus hybrid

#### WINTER ROSE

## 'Walhelivor' syn Ivory Prince

Application No: 2007/334 Applicant: **David Tristram** 

Certificate No: 4016 Expiry Date: 8 June, 2030.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry,, TAS.

Hydrangea macrophylla

#### **HYDRANGEA**

## 'Blushing Bride'

Application No: 2006/119

Applicant: The University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.

Certificate No: 4031 Expiry Date: 21 June, 2030. Agent: **Fleming's Nurseries Pty Ltd**, Monbulk, VIC.

Kalanchoe blossfeldiana

### KALANCHOE

## 'DON FREDERICO'®

Application No: 2006/078

Applicant: Knaap Licenties B.V.

Certificate No: 4038 Expiry Date: 22 June, 2030.

Agent: Crop and Nursery Services, KINCUMBER,, NSW.

## 'DON JUAN'®

Application No: 2006/079

Applicant: Knaap Licenties B.V.

Certificate No: 4037 Expiry Date: 22 June, 2030.

Agent: Crop and Nursery Services, KINCUMBER, NSW.

#### Lactuca sativa

#### **LETTUCE**

## 'KITARE'

Application No: 2006/301

Applicant: **Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV** Certificate No: 4018 Expiry Date: 8 June, 2030.

Agent: Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, DAYLESFORD,, VIC.

Lilium hybrid

LILY

### 'Catalonie'

Application No: 2006/363

Applicant: **Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.** Certificate No: 4008 Expiry Date: 24 April, 2030.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC.

Liriope muscari

LILYTURF

### 'LIRBLONDE',

Application No: 2008/310 Applicant: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd** 

Certificate No: 4023 Expiry Date: 16 June, 2030.

Metrosideros collina

**CHRISTMAS BUSH** 

## 'Crimson Glory'

Application No: 2008/324 Applicant: **Terry Keogh** 

Certificate No: 4045 Expiry Date: 30 June, 2030. Agent: **Aussie Winners Pty Ltd**, Redland Bay,, Qld.

## 'Red Baby'

Application No: 2008/323 Applicant: **Terry Keogh** 

Certificate No: 4044 Expiry Date: 30 June, 2030. Agent: **Aussie Winners Pty Ltd**, Redland Bay,, Qld.

#### Mimusops elengi

#### SPANISH CHERRY

## 'Mini-Mim'

Application No: 2009/086

**Applicant: Darwin Plant Wholesalers** 

Certificate No: 4019 Expiry Date: 9 June, 2035.

Pennisetum alopecuroides

**SWAMP FOXTAIL** 

## 'PAV300'

Application No: 2008/101
Applicant: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd** 

Certificate No: 4022 Expiry Date: 16 June, 2030.

Pennisetum clandestinum

#### KIKUYU GRASS

## 'Crowne'

Application No: 2009/259 Applicant: **Muscat Turf Pty Ltd** 

Certificate No: 4020 Expiry Date: 10 June, 2030.

## 'K-5'<sup>₺</sup>

Application No: 2008/149 Applicant: **GeneGro Pty Ltd** 

Certificate No: 4042 Expiry Date: 30 June, 2030.

Phaseolus vulgaris

FRENCH BEAN, SNAP BEAN

## 'Boone'

Application No: 2009/007

Applicant: **Harris Moran Seed Company** Certificate No: 4001 Expiry Date: 13 April, 2030.

Agent: Clause Pacific, Bulleen, VIC.

### 'Hickok'

Application No: 2009/005

Applicant: **Harris Moran Seed Company** Certificate No: 4003 Expiry Date: 13 April, 2030.

Agent: Clause Pacific, Bulleen, VIC.

### 'Pike'

Application No: 2009/006

Applicant: **Harris Moran Seed Company** Certificate No: 4002 Expiry Date: 13 April, 2030.

Agent: Clause Pacific, Bulleen, VIC.

Phormium tenax

NEW ZEALAND FLAX

### 'PhoHar01'

Application No: 2008/114 Applicant: **Richard Harris** 

Certificate No: 3999 Expiry Date: 11 April, 2030.

Agent: Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd, Silvan, VIC.

## 'PhoHar02'

Application No: 2008/246 Applicant: **Richard Harris** 

Certificate No: 4000 Expiry Date: 11 April, 2030. Agent: **Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd**, Silvan, VIC.

Platanus orientalis

ORIENTAL PLANE

## 'Alford Blaze',

Application No: 2008/016

Applicant: ALLENTON NURSERIES INTERNATIONAL LTD

Certificate No: 3998 Expiry Date: 11 April, 2035.

Agent: Australian Nurserymen's Fruit Improvement Company Ltd (ANFIC), Bathurst, NSW.

Prunus armeniaca

APRICOT

## 'Cluthafire'

Application No: 2004/062

Applicant: The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research

Certificate No: 4040 Expiry Date: 21 June, 2035.

Agent: Australian Nurserymans Fruit Improvement Company Limited, Bathurst, NSW.

## 'Mascot'

Application No: 2004/063

Applicant: The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research

Certificate No: 4041 Expiry Date: 22 June, 2035.

Agent: Australian Nurserymans Fruit Improvement Company Limited, Bathurst, NSW.

## 'Suaprinine'

Application No: 2006/165

Applicant: **Sun World International, LLC** Certificate No: 4004 Expiry Date: 23 April, 2035. Agent: **Sun World Australasia**, Oberon, NSW.

Rosa hybrid

**ROSE** 

## 'Aushunter'

Application No: 2003/062

Applicant: David Austin Roses Ltd

Certificate No: 4009 Expiry Date: 29 April, 2030. Agent: **Leigh Siebler**, HARTWELL, VIC.

## ${\bf `Delchifrou'^{\Diamond}}$

Application No: 2008/197 Applicant: **Delbard Pepinieres** 

Certificate No: 4032 Expiry Date: 21 June, 2030. Agent: **Rankins Nursery P/L**, Officer, VIC.

Saccharum hybrid

SUGARCANE

## **'О235'**Ф

Application No: 2007/223 Applicant: **BSES Limited** 

Certificate No: 4039 Expiry Date: 22 June, 2030.

## 'Q238'<sup>©</sup>

Application No: 2009/084 Applicant: **BSES Limited** 

Certificate No: 4027 Expiry Date: 16 June, 2030.

## 'Q240'<sup>©</sup>

Application No: 2009/083 Applicant: **BSES Limited**  Certificate No: 4026 Expiry Date: 16 June, 2030.

Senecio hybrid

SENECIO, CINERARIA

## 'Sunsenebabu', syn Baby Blue

Application No: 2007/184

Applicant: Suntory Flowers Limited

Certificate No: 4013 Expiry Date: 12 May, 2030.

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

## 'Sunsenebapiba' syn Baby Magenta Bicolour

Application No: 2007/183

Applicant: Suntory Flowers Limited

Certificate No: 4012 Expiry Date: 12 May, 2030.

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

Triticum aestivum

**WHEAT** 

## 'Livingston'

Application No: 2004/289

Applicant: The University of Sydney, Grain Research and Development Corporation

Certificate No: 4030 Expiry Date: 21 June, 2030.

Agent: Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Osmond, SA.

Urochloa mosambicensis

UROCHLOA

### 'Tarwan'

Application No: 2009/010 Applicant: **Allan G. Storch** 

Certificate No: 4046 Expiry Date: 30 June, 2030.

Vaccinium hybrid

SOUTHERN HIGHBUSH BLUEBERRY

## 'Farthing'

Application No: 2009/076

Applicant: **University of Florida Board of Trustees** Certificate No: 4024 Expiry Date: 16 June, 2030.

Agent: CostaExchange Ltd, Corindi Beach, NSW.

## 'Scintilla'

Application No: 2009/077

Applicant: **University of Florida Board of Trustees** Certificate No: 4025 Expiry Date: 16 June, 2030. Agent: **CostaExchange Ltd**, Corindi Beach, NSW.

Vitis vinifera

**GRAPE** 

## 'Regal Seedless'®

Application No: 2003/088

Applicant: Arc Infruitec Nietvoorbij

Certificate No: 4033 Expiry Date: 22 June, 2030. Agent: **Nangiloc Colignan Farms**, Red Cliffs, VIC.

## **Denomination Changed**

Applic ation				Changed	
No.	Genus	Species	Common Name	From	Changed To
2009/187	Saccharum	hybrid	Sugarcane	QN92-1234	Q241
2005/225	Banksia	spinulosa var. collina	Hairpin Banksia	Lighthouse	Goldenlighthouse

**Change of Agent** 

	ge of Ag				
Applicat			<b>X</b> 7 • . 4	Clare LE	CI I.T.
ion No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Changed From	Changed To Dragontree Beheer
2007/147	Dracaena	deremensis	Lemon Surprise	Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd	B.V.
2007/147	Dracaena	deremensis	Lemon Surprise	Railini Botaineais Fty Ltu	Dragontree Beheer
2007/148	Dracaena	deremensis	Malaika	Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd	B.V.
2007/110	Dracaena	derentensis	Iviaiaika	Turini Botanears I ty Eta	Dragontree Beheer
2007/149	Dracaena	deremensis	White Surprise	Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd	B.V.
1998/112	Medicago	sativa	Salado	PlantTech	Seedmark
1999/163	Triticum	aestivum	Wylah	PlantTech	Seedmark
2001/297	Brassica	napus var.	Lantern	PlantTech	Seedmark
2005/006	Brassica	napus	Bravo TT	PlantTech	Seedmark
2000/4/42			D 111	71	
2000/143	Triticum	aestivum	Babbler	PlantTech	Seedmark
2002/215	Tuiti a		Ellison	Cumming Coods Dtv I td	Australian Grain
2002/315	Triticum	aestivum	EIIISOII	Sunprime Seeds Pty Ltd	Technologies Pty Ltd
2002/314	Triticum	aestivum	Marombi	Sunprime Seeds Pty Ltd	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd
2002/314	Trucum	acsiiviini	Watermer	Sumprime Seeds I ty Eta	Australian Grain
2001/006	Triticum	aestivum	Braewood	Sunprime Seeds Pty Ltd	Technologies Pty Ltd
				•	Australian Grain
2002/311	Triticum	aestivum	SUN 376G	Sunprime Seeds Pty Ltd	Technologies Pty Ltd
					Australian Grain
2003/320	Triticum	aestivum	SUN404B	Sunprime Seeds Pty Ltd	Technologies Pty Ltd
					Australian Grain
2004/126	Triticum	aestivum	SUN421T	Sunprime Seeds Pty Ltd	Technologies Pty Ltd
					Australian Grain
2004/289	Triticum	aestivum	Livingston	Sunprime Seeds Pty Ltd	Technologies Pty Ltd
				Braddles Pty Ltd ATF Hermitage	
2001/191	Pittosporum	tenuifolium	Going Green	Nursery Superannuation Fund	Hermitage Nursery
				•	
				Braddles Pty Ltd ATF Hermitage	
2007/115	Pittosporum	tenuifolium	Kiwijade	Nursery Superannuation Fund	Hermitage Nursery
					Australian Grain
2002/212	Pisum	sativum	Yarrum	Sunprime Seeds Pty Ltd	Technologies Pty Ltd
2000/270	I 1		E11 C	Plants Management Australia Pty	Ausplanz Investments Pty
2009/279	Lomandra	confertifolia	Emerald Grace	Ltd	Ltd

# **Change of Applicant's Name**

				Commo		
App. No.	Genus	Species	Variety	n Name	Changed From	Changed To
1995/132	Syzygium	auetralo	Bush Christmas	Lilly Pilly	Fairhill Native	Waragrow Holdings Pty Ltd T/as Fairhill Native Plants & Botanic Gardens
1993/132	Syzygiuiii	austraic	Omounas	Lilly Filly	Tants	Dotaine Gardens
2009/038	Grevillea	formosa x Grevillea banksii	Ninderry- Sunrise	Grevillea	Fairhill Native Plants	Waragrow Holdings Pty Ltd T/as Fairhill Native Plants & Botanic Gardens
2010/039	Grevillea	formosa x Honey Gem	Ninderry- Gold	Grevillea	Fairhill Native Plants	Waragrow Holdings Pty Ltd T/as Fairhill Native Plants & Botanic Gardens
2003/319	Triticum	aestivum	TMB406F2	Wheat	Sunprime Seeds Pty Ltd	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd
1998/066	Triticum	aestivum	H45	Wheat	Sunprime Seeds Pty Ltd	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd
2001/303	Thuja	occidentalis	Futuristic	White Ceda	Braddles Pty Ltd A/T/F Hermitage Nursery Super Fund	Hermitage Nursery P/L
2003/255	Pittosporui	ntenuifolium	Varoegated Screenmas ter	Kohuhu	Braddles Pty Ltd A/T/F Hermitage Nursery Super Fund	Hermitage Nursery P/L
2006/201	Pittosporui	ntenuifolium	Gold Screenmas ter	Kohuhu	Braddles Pty Ltd A/T/F Hermitage Nursery Super Fund	Hermitage Nursery P/L
1995/152	Sesamum	indicum	EDITH	Sesame	Department of Regional Development, Primary Industry, Fisheries and	Department of Resources (DoR)

**Assignment of Rights** 

110015111				Common		
App. No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Name	<b>Changed From</b>	Changed To
2010/037	Rosa	rugosa	Freycinet	Rugosa Rose	Lilia Weatherly	Prophyl Pty Ltd
					Rudd A.M.	Dragontree Beheer
2006/169	Dracaena	deremensis	White Jewel	Dragon Tree	Scheffers	B.V.
					Rudd A.M.	Dragontree Beheer
2006/170	Dracaena	deremensis	Kanzi	Dragon Tree	Scheffers	B.V.
					Department of	
					Industry &	
					Investment for and	
					on behalf of the	
					State of New South	
					Wales and Grains	
					Research	Commonwealth
					Development	Scientific and
					Corporation	Industrial Research
2008/077	Brassica	iuncea	NORAM	Mustard		Organisation
2000/07/	B. cissica	J		TTGStar G		
					Western Australian	
			Clearfield WHT		Agriculture	
2000/102	Triticum	aestivum	JNZ	Wheat	Authority	InterGrain Pty Ltd
2000/102	Trucum	uesiivum	JIVE	** iicat	Authority	InterGrain I ty Ltu
					Western Australian	
			Clearfield WHT		Agriculture	
2000/102	T	<u>.</u> .	· ·	XX71		Later Carlo De Lat
2000/103	Triticum	aestivum	STL	Wheat	Authority	InterGrain Pty Ltd

## **WITHDRAWN**

The following varieties are no longer under PBR provisional protection

			Common Name	
App. No.	Genus	Species		Variety
2007/251	Hardenbergia	comptoniana	False Sarsparilla	LittleGL
2002/113	Ornithogalum	hybrid	Star of Bethlehem	Chesapeake Sunset
2007/253	Melaleuca	lanceolata	Rottnest Teatree	Short1GL
2008/372	Melaleuca	spathulata	Pom-pom Honey Myrtle	Anklebiter
2007/248	Calothamnus	quadrifidus	One sided bottlebrush	CalgreyGL
2007/246	Pimelea	physodes	Qualup bell	QualredGL
2007/054	Verbena	x hybrida	Garden Verbena	USBENA5117
2007/055	Verbena	x hybrida	Garden Verbena	USBENA5002
2005/075	Angelonia	hybrid	Angelonia	Anwhit
2005/104	Angelonia	hybrid	Angelonia	Anblauzwei
2005/103	Angelonia	hybrid	Angelonia	Anstern
2006/155	Angelonia	hybrid	Angelonia	Ansky
2006/154	Angelonia	hybrid	Angelonia	Anpink
2009/056	Cucurbita	moschata	Pumpkin	Sunglow
2010/019	Solanum	tuberosun L.	Potato	Smart
2008/277	Lamium	maculatum	Spotted deadnettle	CandyFrost
2007/176	Dianella	caerulea	Blue Flax-Lily	Pattison's Gift
2008/249	Dianella	caerulea	Blue Flax-Lily	Allyn Flat Chat
2007/104	Actinidia	chinensis	Kiwifruit	RA/17

## **Grants Surrendered**

App. No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	<b>Common Name</b>
2007/146	Chlorophytum	comosum	Ocean		Spider Plant
1996/170	Lilium	hybrid	LOMBARDIA		Lily
2006/361	Lilium	hybrid	Giacondo		Lily
2006/364	Lilium	hybrid	Argentina		Lily
2002/044	Lilium	hybrid	TARRAGONA		Lily
1996/176	Lilium	hybrid	OUR MEDUSA		Lily
1996/177	Lilium	hybrid	BERNINI		Lily
2006/231	Rosa	hybrid	Preruclou		Rose
2005/232	Brassica	napus	ATR-Summitt		Canola
2005/044	Lactuca	sativa	Sirmaï		Lettuce
2005/306	Lactuca	sativa	Xsara		Lettuce
2004/030	Impatiens	walleriana	Balpixotse		Busy Lizzie
1999/206	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Stalog	Olga	Peruvian Lily
1994/062	Anigozanthos	hybrid	Bush Ochre		Kangaroo Paw
2003/203	Spathiphyllum	hybrid	Stwentynine	Sensation Junior	Peace Lily
				Fiesta Lavender Orchid	
1998/003	Impatiens	walleriana	Lavender Orchid	Double	Busy Lizzie
1998/004	Impatiens	walleriana	Fiesta White		Busy Lizzie
			SPARKLER	FIESTA SPARKLER	
1995/041	Impatiens	walleriana	SALMON	SALMON	Busy Lizzie
1998/005	Impatiens	walleriana	Pink Ruffle	Fiesta Pink Ruffle	Busy Lizzie
2000/068	Impatiens	walleriana	Balfiecobl	Fiesta Coral Bells	Busy Lizzie
2003/199	Impatiens	walleriana	Balfieplos	Apple Blossom	Busy Lizzie
2003/200	Impatiens	walleriana	Balfiespray	Cherry Sparkler	Busy Lizzie
2004/158	Hesperozygis	hybrid	Sunmindepi		Hesperozygis
2001/186	Verbena	hybrid	Sunmaref TP-SAP	Salmon Pink	Verbena
2003/250	Torenia	hybrid	Sunrenirirepa	Amethyst Magic	Wishbone Flower
1995/126	Solanum	tuberosum	REMARKA		Potato
1996/039	Solanum	tuberosum	ST. JOHNS		Potato
					Lacy Tree
2001/268	Philodendron	selloum	Sarah's Way		Philodendron
2001/165	Gossypium	hirsutum	Sicot 80		Cotton
2002/217	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelkufepi	Trailing Plum	Calibrachoa
1998/055	Olea	europaea	DRS 01 URANO		Olive
1997/075	Freesia	hybrid	VARAYEL	RAPID YELLOW	Freesia
2007/120	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Zalsadon	Snowdon	Peruvian Lily
2008/022	Brassica	napus	Storm TT		Canola
2002/097	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Fuego		Peruvian Lily
2004/009	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Kofuji		Peruvian Lily
1998/139	Triticum	aestivum	Ajana		Wheat
2001/140	Luma	apiculata	TUNLUM1		Luma
2005/093	Hydrangea	Macrophylla	Hydrangea	Rabearth	
1993/221	Cynara	scolymus	IMPERIAL STAR		Globe Artichoke
2000/142	Triticum	aestivum	Thornbill		Wheat

Grants Expired
The following varieties are no longer under PBR protection:

		,		
App. No.	Genus	Species	<b>Common Name</b>	Variety
1990/023	Lolium	Perenne	Perennial Ryegrass	Roper
1990/043	Schlumbergera	Truncatus	Christmas Cactus	Christmas Fantasy
1990/049	Dipladenia	Sanderii	Mandevilla	Scarlet Pimpernel
1990/046	Rosa	Hybrid	Rose	Auscot
1990/047	Rosa	Hybrid	Rose	Ausblush
1990/050	Hardenbergia	Violacea	False Sarsparilla	Mini-Haha
1990/055	Medicago	Sativa	Lucerne	Quadrella
1990/060	Malus	Domestica	Apple	Big Time
1990/061	Leucodendron	Hybrid	Leucadendron	Katie's Blush
1990/024	Bothriochloa	Pertusa	Indian Bluegrass	Dawson
1990/077	Trifolium	Pratense	Red Clover	Grasslands Colenso
1990/078	Stylosanthes	Hamata	Caribbean Stylo	Amiga

## **GRANTS REVOKED**

The following varieties are no longer under PBR protection

App No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	Common Name
				LAVENDER	
1992/030	Lantana	sellowiana	MONSWEE	SWIRL	Lantana
		dactylon x Cynodon			Hybrid Green Couch
1996/203	Cynodon	transvaalensis	Champion Dwarf		Grass
2000/340	Chrysanthemum	hybrid	UoM95-105-6		Chrysanthemum
2001/003	Cannabis	sativa	Finola		Industrial Hemp

2003/351	Sesamum	maicam	ranabe	Sesame	Department of Regional Development, Primary Industry, Fisheries and	Resources (DoR)  Department of
2000/054	0		Rakabe	0	Department of Regional Development, Primary Industry, Fisheries and Resources	Department of

## Corrigenda

**STRAWBERRY** 

Fragaria x ananassa 'Florida Radiance'

Application No: 2009/125

The synonym Florida Fortuna was inadvertently omitted from the acceptance process and the subsequent description published in PVJ 22.3. The synonym Florida Fortuna has been added to the description.



## **Part 3 Appendices**

The appendices to *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 23 Issue 2) are listed below:

- Home
- Appendix 1 Fees
- Appendix 2 Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee
- Appendix 3 Index of Accredited Consultant 'Qualified Persons'
- Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant 'Qualified Persons'
- Appendix 5 Addresses of UPOV and Member States
- Appendix 6 Centralised Testing Centres
- Appendix 7 List of Plant Classes for Denomination Purposes
- Appendix 8 Register of Plant Varieties

#### **APPENDIX 1**

#### **FEES**

Two fee structures exist as a result of the transition from Plant Variety Rights to Plant Breeders Rights. For new applications (those lodged on or after 11 November 1994) the PBR fees apply. For older applications lodged before 11 November 1994 and not finally disposed of (Granted, Withdrawn, Refused etc.) the PVR fees in force at the time apply.

The Treasurer has determined that all statutory fees under PBR regulations will be exempted from GST.

#### **Payment of Fees**

All cheques for fees should be made payable and sent to:

Collector of Public Monies C/-Plant Breeders Rights Office, IP Australia GPO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606

The **application fee** (\$300) must accompany the application at the time of lodgement.

#### Consequences of not paying fees when due

Application fee

Should an application not be accompanied by the prescribed application fee the application will be deemed to be 'non-valid' and neither assigned an application number nor examined for acceptance pending the payment of the fee.

### Examination fee

Non-payment of the examination fee of an application will automatically result, at the end of 12 months from the date of acceptance<sup>1</sup>, in a refusal of the application. The consequences of refusal are the same as for applications deemed to be inactive (see 'inactive applications' below).

Consideration of a request for an extension of the period of provisional protection from the initial 12-month period may require the prior payment of the examination fee.

### Certificate fee

Following the successful completion of the examination, including the public notice period, the applicant will be required and invoiced to pay the certification fee. Payment of the certification fee is a prerequisite to granting PBR and issuing the official certificate by the PBR office. Failure to pay the fee may result in a refusal to grant PBR.

#### Annual fee

Should an annual renewal fee not be paid within 30 days after the due date, the grant of PBR will be revoked under Section 50 of the PBR Act. To assist grantees, the PBR office will invoice grantees or their Australian agents for renewal fees.

#### Inactive applications

An application will be deemed inactive if, after 24 months of provisional protection (or 12 months in the case of non-payment of the examination fee) the PBR Office has not received a completed application or has not been advised to proceed with the examination or an extension of provisional protection has not been requested or not granted or a certificate fee has not been paid. Inactive applications will be examined and, should they not fully comply with Section 44 of the PBR Act 1994, they will be refused. As a result provisional protection will lapse, priority claims on that variety will be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The time limit to pay examination fees on imported varieties can be deferred for a maximum of 12 months after the variety has been released from quarantine. Contact the PBR Office for further details.

lost and should the variety have been sold, it will be ineligible for plant breeders rights on reapplication. Continued use of labels or any other means to falsely imply that a variety is protected after the application has been refused is an offence under Section 75 of the Act.

FEES				
Basic Fees	Sc	hedule		
	<b>A</b> \$	В	C	D
Application	<b>3</b> 00	300	400	300
Examination - per application	1400	1200	1400	800
Certificate	300	300	250	300
Total Basic Fees	2000	1800	2050	1400
Annual Renewal - all applications	300			

#### Schedule

- A Single applications and applications based on an official overseas test reports.
- **B** Applicable when two or more Part 2 Applications are lodged simultaneously and the varieties are of the same genus and the examinations can be completed at one location at the same time.
- C Applications lodged under PVR (prior to 10<sup>th</sup> Nov 1994)
- **D** Applicable to 5 or more applications examined at an Accredited Centralised Testing Centre

Other Fees		
Variation to application(s) - per hour or part thereof	75	
Change of Assignment - per application	100	
Copy of an application (Part1 and/or Part2), an objection		
or a detailed description	50	
Copy of an entry in the Register	50	
Lodging an objection	100	
Annual subscription to Plant Varieties Journal	40	
Back issues of Plant Varieties Journal	14	
Administration - Other work relevant to PBR		
- per hour or part thereof	75	
Application for declaration of		
essential derivation	800	
Application for		
(a) revocation of a PBR	500	
(b) revocation of a declaration		
of essential derivation	500	
Compulsory licence	500	
Request under subsection 19(11) for exemption from		
public access - varieties with no direct use as a consumer	100	

## **APPENDIX 2**

## Plant Breeders Rights Advisory Committee (PBRAC)

(Members of the PBRAC hold office in accordance with Section 85 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act* 1994.)

## **Committee Members**

Member Representing Plant Breeders	Member Representing Plant Breeders
Mr Christopher Prescott Prescott Roses Pty Ltd PO Box 507 BERWICK VIC 3806	Mr Denis McGrath Advise Pty Ltd PO Box 63 INVERLEIGH 3321
Member Representing Users  Mr Kerrie Gleeson Australian Grain Technologies 23 Pinehurst Avenue  PO Box 26 DUBBO NSW 2830	Member Representing Consumers  Ms Penny Hendy 483 Ross Road KATUNGA VIC 3640
Member Representing Conservation  Professor Robert Henry Centre for Plant Conservation Genetics South Cross University  PO Box 157 LISMORE NSW 2480	Member Representing Indigenous Interests  Mr John Collyer Worn Gundidj Aboriginal Cooperative PO Box 1134 Warrnambool VIC 3280
Member with Appropriate Qualifications  Mr Benny Browne Griffith Hack 509 St Kilda Road MELBOURNE VIC 3004	Member with Appropriate Qualifications  Professor Brad Sherman TC Beirne School of Law University of Queensland ST LUCIA QLD 4072
Chair (Delegate of the PBR Registrar)  Mr Doug Waterhouse IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden ACT 2606	

#### APPENDIX 3 - INDEX OF ACCREDITED CONSULTANT 'QUALIFIED PERSONS'

The following persons have been accredited by the PBR office based on information provided by these persons. From the information provided by the applicants, the PBR office believes that these people can fulfil the role of 'qualified person' in the application for plant breeder's rights. Neither accreditation nor publication of a name in the list of persons is an implicit recommendation of the person so listed. The PBR office cannot be held liable for damages that may arise from the omission or inclusion of a person's name in the list nor does it assume any responsibility for losses or damages arising from agreements entered into between applicants and any person in the list of accredited persons. Qualified persons charge a fee for services rendered.

#### A guide to the use of the index of consultants:

- locate in the left column of Table 1 the plant group for which you are applying;
- listed in the right column are the names of accredited qualified persons from which you can choose a consultant;
- in Table 2 find that consultant's name, telephone number and area in which they are willing to consult (they may consult outside the nominated area):
- using the "Nomination of Qualified Person" form as a guide, agree provisionally on the scope and terms of the consultancy; complete the form and attach it to Part 1 of the application form;
- when you are notified that your nomination of a consultant qualified person is acceptable in the letter of acceptance
  of your application for PBR you should again consult the qualified person when planning the rest of the application
  for PBR.

	TABLE 1
PLANT GROUP/SPECIES/FAMILY	CONSULTANT'S NAME (TELEPHONE AND AREA IN TABLE 2)
Actinidia	Lye, Colin Paananen, Ian Richards, Graeme
Agapanthus	Paananen, Ian
Almonds	Granger, Andrew Swinburn, Garth
Alstroemeria	Paananen, Ian
Ajuga	Paananen, Ian
Apple	Buchanan, Peter Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Langford, Garry Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Mitchell, Leslie Portman, Anthony Scholefield, Peter Tancred, Stephen Valentine, Bruce

Anigozanthos	Paananen, Ian Kirby, Greg Smith, Daniel
Anthurium	Paananen, Ian
Aroid	Harrison, Peter
Avocado	Lye, Colin Edwards, Arthur MacGregor, Alison Owen-Turner, John Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth Whiley, Tony
Azalea	Barrett, Mike Hempel, Maciej Paananen, Ian
Barley (Common)	Collins, David Downes, Ross Khan, Akram Platz, Greg Rhodes, Phil Rogers, Clinton Saunders, James
Berry Fruit	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Greer, Neil Scholefield, Peter Zorin, Margaret
Blackberry (Rubus sp)	Paananen, Ian
Blandfordia	Treverrow, Florence
Blueberry	Paananen, Ian Scalzo, Jessica Zorin, Margaret
Bougainvillea	Iredell, Janet Willa Prince, John
Brachyscome	Paananen, Ian

Brassica	Bannan, Nathaniel Chequer, Robert Cooper, Kath Downes, Ross Easton, Andrew Fennell, John Gororo, Nelson Johnston, Evan Kadkol, Gururaj Laker, Richard Light, Kate McMichael, Prue O'Connell Peter Rhodes, Phil Rudolph, Paul Sanders, Milton Saunders, James Scholefield, Peter Mouwen, Heidi Watson, Brigid Zadow, Diane
Brunia	Dunstone, Bob
Buddleia	Robb, John
	Paananen, Ian
Buffalo Grass	Paananen, Ian
Calibrachoa	Paananen, Ian
Camellia	Paananen, Ian Robb, John
Cannabis (low THC varieties only and subject to holding a current licence from the appropriate authority)	Bolton, Keith Calabria, Patrick
Carnation/Dianthus	Paananen, Ian

Cereals	Bullen, Kenneth Collins, David Cook, Bruce Cooper, Kath Downes, Ross Fennell, John Hare, Raymond Harrison, Peter Henry, Robert J Johnston, Evan Khan, Akram Mitchell, Leslie Moore, Stephen Oates, John Platz, Greg Porter, Richard Poulsen, David Rhodes, Phil Roake, Jeremy
	Rogers, Clinton Rose, John Saunders, James Scattini, Walter John Siedel, John Watson, Brigid Wilson, Frances
Cherry	Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Granger, Andrew Mackay, Alastair Mitchell, Leslie Pumpa, Lucy Scholefield, Peter
Chickpeas	Downes,Ross Collins, David Goulden, David Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Chrysanthemum	Paananen, Ian
Citrus	Calabria, Patrick Chalmers, Yasmin Michelle Edwards, Arthur Lee, Slade MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Owen-Turner, John Parr, Wayne Scholefield, Peter Swinburn, Garth Sykes, Stephen Topp, Bruce
Clivia	Smith, Kenneth

Clover	Bannan, Nathaniel Downes, Ross James, Jennifer Johnston, Evan Lake, Andrew Miller, Jeff Mitchell, Leslie Nichols, Phillip Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James Watson, Brigid
Cotton	Khan, Akram Leske, Richard
Cucurbits	Herrington, Mark McMichael, Prue O'Connell Peter Rhodes, Phil Scholefield, Peter Sykes, Stephen
Desmanthus	Brennan, Paul
Dianella	Paananen, Ian
Dogwood	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham
Echinacea	Paananen, Ian
Eucalyptus	Paananen, Ian
Euphorbia	Paananen, Ian
Feijoa	Parr, Wayne Scholefield, Peter
Fibre Crops	Gillespie, David Khan, Akram
Fig	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Parr, Wayne
Flower Bulbs	Verdegaal, John
Forage Brassicas	Goulden, David Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James

Forage Grasses	Bannan, Nathaniel Downes, Ross Fennell, John Harrison, Peter Johnston, Evan Kirby, Greg Mitchell, Leslie Rhodes, Phil Smith, Kevin Watson, Brigid
Forage Legumes	Downes, Ross Fennell, John Foster, Kevin Harrison, Peter Hill, Jeff James, Jennifer Lake, Andrew Miller, Jeff Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James Siedel, John
Fruit	Brown, Gordon Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Fleming, Graham Gillespie, David Granger, Andrew Kennedy, Peter Lenoir, Roland McCarthy, Alec Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Portman, Sian Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter
Fuchsia	Paananen, Ian
Gerbera	Paananen, Ian
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony

Grape	Burne, Peter Chalmers, Yasmin Michelle Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Porter, Richard Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Smith, Daniel Swinburn, Garth Sykes, Stephen Valentine, Bruce
Grevillea	Dunstone, Bob Herrington, Mark Paananen, Ian
Gypsophila	Paananen, Ian
Hardenbergia	Dunstone, Bob
Hops (Humulus sp)	Paananen, Ian
Hydrangea	Hanger, Brian Paananen, Ian
Impatiens	Paananen, Ian
Jojoba	Dunstone, Bob
Kalanchoe	Paananen, Ian
Lavender	Paananen, Ian

Legumes	Aberdeen, Ian Collins, David Cook, Bruce Cruickshank, Alan Downes, Ross Foster, Kevin Harrison, Peter Imrie, Bruce Kirby, Greg Khan, Akram Knights, Edmund Lake, Andrew Loch, Don Mitchell, Leslie Rhodes, Phil Rose, John Saunders, James Siedel, John
Loutile	Colling David
Lentils	Collins, David
	Downes, Ross Goulden, David
	Khan, Akram
	Porter, Richard
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Lilium	Paananen, Ian
Liriope	Paananen, Ian
Lettuce	O'Connell, Peter
Lomandra	Paananen, Ian
Lucerne	Bannan, Nathaniel
	Downes, Ross
	Johnston, Evan
	Lake, Andrew
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Nichols, Phillip Porter, Richard
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Lupin	Collins, David
	Sanders, Milton
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Magnolia	Paananen, Ian
Mandevilla	Paananen, Ian
Mango	Lye, Colin
	Owen-Turner, John
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Parr, Wayne
	Whiley, Tony

Mushrooms, edible	Wong, Percy	
Myrtaceae	Dunstone, Bob	
Native grasses	Paananen, Ian	
	Quinn, Patrick	
Oat	Collins, David	
	Downes, Ross	
	Khan, Akram	
	Platz, Greg	
	Rhodes, Phil	
	Rogers, Clinton	
	Saunders, James	
Oilseed crops	Downes, Ross	
•	Poulsen, David	
	Siedel, John	
	Rhodes, Phil	
	Saunders, James	
Olives	Bazzani, Mr Luigi	
	Granger, Andrew	
Onions	Bannan, Nathaniel	
	Fennell, John	
	Khan, Akram	
	Laker, Richard	
	McMichael, Prue	
	O'Connell Peter	
	Scholefield, Peter	
	Rhodes, Phil	

#### Ornamentals - Exotic

Abell, Peter Armitage, Paul Angus, Tim Barth, Gail Collins, Ian Cunneen, Thomas Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Eggleton, Steve Fisk, Anne Marie Fleming, Graham Guy, Gareme Harrison, Dion Harrison, Peter Hempel, Maciej Johnston, Margaret Khan, Akram Lamont, Greg Larkman, Clive Lenoir, Roland Lowe, Greg Lunghusen, Mark Marcsik, Doris McMichael, Prue Milne, Carolynn Mitchell, Hamish Mitchell, Leslie Oates, John O'Brien, Shaun Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Prince, John Robb, John Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Singh, Deo Smith, Ian Stewart, Angus Van der Staay, Rosemaree Anne Watkins, Phillip

Watkinson, Andrew

Ornamentals - Indigenous

Abell, Peter

Allen, Paul

Angus, Tim

Barrett, Mike

Barth, Gail

Cunneen, Thomas

Delaporte, Kate

Downes, Ross

Eggleton, Steve

Granger, Andrew

Harrison, Dion

Harrison, Peter

Henry, Robert J

Hockings, David

Jack, Brian

Johnston, Margaret

Kirby, Greg

Khan, Akram

Lenoir, Roland

Lowe, Greg

Lunghusen, Mark

McMichael, Prue

Milne, Carolynn

Mitchell, Hamish

Molyneux, W M

Oates, John

O'Brien, Shaun

Paananen, Ian

Prince, John Pumpa, Lucy

Schapel, Amanda

Scholefield, Peter

Singh, Deo

Slater, Tony

Smith, Ian

Tan, Beng

Watkins, Phillip

Ornithopus

Foster, Kevin Nichols, Phillip

Osmanthus

Paananen, Ian Robb, John

Osteospermum

Paananen, Ian

Pastures & Turf	Anderson, Malcolm Avery, Angela Bannan, Nathaniel Cameron, Stephen Cook, Bruce Downes, Ross Harrison, Peter Kemp, Stuart Kirby, Greg James, Jennifer Loch, Don McMaugh, Peter Miller, Jeff Mitchell, Leslie Neylan, John Paananen, Ian Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Rogers, Clinton Rose, John Saunders, James Sewell, James Smith, Raymond Scattini, Walter John Smith, Kevin Wilkes, Gregory Wilson, Frances Zorin, Margaret
Peanut	Cruickshank, Alan George, Doug
Pear	Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Langford, Garry Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Paananen, Ian Portman, Anthony Richards, Susanna Scholefield, Peter Tancred, Stephen Valentine, Bruce
Pelargonium	Paananen, Ian
Persimmon	Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth
Petunia	Paananen, Ian
Philodendron	Paananen, Ian
Philotheca	Dunstone, Bob
Phormium	Paananen, Ian

Photinia	Robb, John	
Pistacia	Richardson, Clive Sykes, Stephen	
Pisum	Downes, Ross Goulden, David McMichael, Prue Rhodes, Phil Sanders, Milton Saunders, James	
Potatoes	Delaporte, Kate Fennell, John Friemond, Terry Guertsen, Paul Hill, Jim Johnston, Evan McMichael, Prue O'Connell Peter Pumpa, Lucy Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Slater, Tony Wilson, Graeme	
Proteaceae	Barth, Gail Kirby, Neil Paananen, Ian Robb, John Scholefield, Peter	
Prunus	Buchanan, Peter Calabria, Patrick Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Granger, Andrew Kennedy, Peter Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Portman, Anthony Richards, Graeme Richards, Susanna Topp, Bruce Wilkes, Gregory Witherspoon, Jennifer	
Pulse Crops	Collins, David Downes, Ross Graetz, Darren Oates, John Porter, Richard Poulsen, David Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James	

Dagahami	Downedy Liz		
Raspberry	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham		
	Herrington, Mark		
	Scholefield, Peter		
	Zorin, Margaret		
	Zoriii, Margaret		
Rhododendron	Barrett, Mike		
	Paananen, Ian		
Rose	Barrett, Mike		
	Darmody, Liz		
	Delaporte, Kate		
	Fleming, Graham		
	Hanger, Brian		
	Lee, Peter		
	McKirdy, Simon		
	Paananen, Ian		
	Prescott, Chris		
	Pumpa, Lucy		
	Schapel, Amanda		
	Scholefield, Peter		
	Swane, Geoff		
	Syrus, A Kim		
Scaevola	Paananen, Ian		
Sesame	Bennett, Malcolm		
	Harrison, Peter		
	Imrie, Bruce		
Sorghum	Khan, Akram		
Soybean	Harrison, Peter		
	James, Andrew		
Spathiphylum	Paananen, Ian		
Spices and Medicinal Plants	Hoxha, Adriana		
	Khan, Akram		
Stone Fruit	Barrett, Mike		
	Cramond, Gregory		
	Darmody, Liz		
	Fleming, Graham		
	Granger, Andrew		
	Kennedy, Peter		
	MacGregor, Alison		
	Mackay, Alistair		
	Malone, Michael		
	Scholefield, Peter		
	Swinburn, Garth		
	Valentine, Bruce		
	raichtine, Diuce		

Verbena	Paananen, Ian		
	Westra Van Holthe, Jan		
	Scholefield, Peter		
	Rhodes, Phil Schapel, Amanda		
	Pumpa, Lucy		
	Pearson, Craig		
	O'Connor, Lauren		
	Oates, John		
	MacGregor, Alison McMichael, Prue		
	Lenoir, Roland		
	Laker, Richard		
	Khan, Akram		
	Hoxha, Adriana		
	Harrison, Peter		
	Gillespie, David		
	Frkovic, Edward		
	Fennell, John		
Vegetables	Delaporte, Kate		
Vegetables	Bannan, Nathaniel		
Umbrella Tree	Paananen, Ian		
	Whiley, Tony		
	Scholefield, Peter		
	Parr, Wayne		
	Kulkarni, Vinod		
110picai/5uo-110picai Ciops	Harrison, Peter		
Tropical/Sub-Tropical Crops	Fittler, Michael		
	Saunders, James		
	Rhodes, Phil		
	Cooper, Kath		
	Collins, David		
	Downes, Ross		
Tree Crops	McRae, Tony		
	Rhodes, Phil Scholefield, Peter		
	O'Connell Peter		
	McMichael, Prue		
	Laker, Richard		
	Khan, Akram		
Tomato	Herrington, Mark		
Sunflower	George, Doug		
	Piperidis, George		
Sugarcane	Cox, Mike		
	Zorin, Margaret		
	Scholefield, Peter		
	Morrison, Bruce		
•	Mitchell, Leslie		
Strawberry	Herrington, Mark		

Walnut	Mitchell, Leslie	
Wheat (Aestivum & Durum Groups)	Brennan, Paul	
	Collins, David	
	Downes, Ross	
	Fittler, Michael	
	Hoxha, Adriana	
	Kadkol, Gururaj	
	Khan, Akram	
	Platz, Greg	
	Rhodes, Phil	
	Rogers, Clinton	
	Saunders, James	
	Sanders, Milton	
Zantedeschia	Paananen, Ian	

## TABLE 2

NAME Abell, Peter	<b>TELEPHONE</b> 0438 392 837 mobile	<b>AREA OF OPERATION</b> Australia
Aberdeen, Ian	03 5782 1029 03 5782 2073 fax	SE Australia
Allen, Paul	07 3824 0263 ph/fax	SE QLD, Northern NSW
Anderson, Malcolm	03 5573 0900	Victoria
	03 5571 1523 fax	
	017 870 252 mobile	
Angus, Tim	(64 4) 568 3878 ph/fax	Australia and New Zealand
	001164211871076 mobile	
	plantatim@zip.co.nz	
Armitage, Paul	03 9756 7233	Victoria
	03 9756 6948 fax	
Avery, Angela	02 6030 4500	South Eastern Australia
	02 6030 4600 fax	
Bannan, Nathaniel	03 8318 9019	Australia
	03 8318 9002 fax	
	0429 720 013 mobile	
Barrett, Mike	02 9875 3087	NSW/ACT
	02 9980 1662 fax	
	0407 062 494 mobile	
Barth, Gail	08 8389 7479	SA and Victoria
Bazzani, Luigi	08 9772 1207	Western Australia
	08 9772 1333 fax	
Bennett, Malcolm	08 8973 9733	NT, QLD, NSW, WA
	08 8973 9777 fax	
Bolton, Keith	02 6621 5123	Australia
	0428 888 123 mobile	
Brennan, Paul	02 6688 0245	Australia
	0407 662 242 mobile	
Brown, Gordon	03 6239 6411	Tasmania
	03 6239 6711 fax	
Buchanan, Peter	07 4615 2182	Eastern Australia
	07 4615 2183 fax	
Burne, Peter	08 8582 0338 ph	South Australia
	08 8583 2104 fax	
	0418 834 102 mobile	
Calabria, Patrick	02 6963 6360	Riverina area of NSW
	0438 636 219 mobile	
Chalmers, Yasmin Michelle	03 5023 4644	Murray Valley Region – from
	03 5023 5814	Swan Hill (VIC) to Waikerie
	0428 234 231 mobile	(SA)
Chequer, Robert	03 5382 1269	Victoria
	0419 145 262 mobile	
Collins, David	08 9623 2343 ph/fax	Central Western Wheatbelt of
	0154 42694 mobile	Western Australia
Cooper, Kath	08 8339 3049	South Australia
	0429 191 848 mobile	
Cox, Mike	07 4132 5200	Queensland and NSW
	07 4132 5253 fax	
Cramond, Gregory	08 8390 0299	Australia
- •	08 8390 0033 fax	
	0417 842 558 mobile	
Cruickshank, Alan	07 4160 0722	QLD
	07 4162 3238 fax	

Cunneen, Thomas	02 4889 8647	Sydney Region
Darmody, Liz	02 4889 8657 fax 03 9756 6105	Australia
Burnouy, Eliz	03 9752 0005 fax	Tustiana
Delaporte, Kate	08 8373 2488	South Australia
	08 8373 2442 fax	
Daniel Britania	0427 394 240 mobile	ACT Coult Foot Access?
Downes, Ross	02 4474 0456 ph 02 4474 0476 fax	ACT, South East Australia
	0402472601 mobile	
Dunstone, Bob	02 6281 1754 ph/fax	South East NSW
Easton, Andrew	07 4690 2666	QLD and NSW
	07 4630 1063 fax	
Edwards, Arthur	08 8586 1232	SE Australia
	08 8595 1394 fax	
Eggleton, Steve	0409 609 300 mobile 03 9876 1097	Melbourne Region
Eggleton, Steve	03 9876 1697 03 9876 1696 fax	Melbourne Region
Engel, Richard	08 9397 5941	WA
	08 9397 5941 fax	
Fennell, John	08 8369 8840	Australia
	08 8389 8899 fax	
	0401 121 891 mobile	
Farquhar, Wayne	08 85657000	South Australia
Fittler, Michael	08 85657011 fax 02 6773 2522	NSW
Pittier, Michael	02 6773 3232	1 <b>\\\\</b> 3 \\\
Fleming, Graham	03 9756 6105	Australia
	03 9752 0005 fax	
Friemond, Terry	08 9203 6720	Western Australia
	08 9203 6720 fax	
T	0438 915 811 mobile	25. 11
Foster, Kevin	08 9368 3804 08 9474 2840 fax	Mediterranean areas of Australia
Frkovic, Edward	08 9474 2840 fax 02 6962 7333	Australia
TROVIC, Laward	02 6964 1311 fax	Austrana
George, Doug	07 5460 1308	Australia
	07 5460 1112 fax	
Gillespie, David	07 4155 6344	Wide Bay Burnett District, QLD
	07 4155 6656 fax	
Gororo, Nelson	03 5382 5911	Mediterranean areas of Australia
	03 5382 5755 fax 0428 534 770 mobile	
Goulden, David	64 3 325 6400	New Zealand
Gouldon, David	64 3 325 2074 fax	New Zealand
Graetz, Darren	08 8303 9362	South Australia
	08 8303 9424 fax	
Granger, Andrew	08 8389 8809	South Australia
G V	08 8389 8899 fax	
Greer, Neil	07 5441 1118	Australia
	07 5476 0098 fax 0418 881 755 mobile	
Guertsen, Paul	02 6845 3789	NSW, VIC, SE QLD
Guortson, Fuur	02 6845 3382 fax	118 11, 110, 82 Q22
	0407 658 105 mobile	
Hanger, Brian	03 9837 5547 ph/fax	Victoria
	0418 598106 mobile	01 B 1444111
Hare, Ray	02 6763 1232 02 6763 1232 for	QLD, NSW VIC & SA
	02 6763 1222 fax	

Harrison, Dion	07 5460 1313 07 5460 1283 fax	south east QLD and northern NSW
Hamisan Datan		
Harrison, Peter	08 8948 1894 ph	Tropical/Sub-tropical Australia,
	08 8948 3894 fax	including NT and NW of WA
	0407 034 083 mobile	and tropical arid areas
Hempel, Maciej	02 4628 0376	NSW, QLD, VIC, SA
	02 4625 2293 fax	
Henry, Robert J	02 6620 3010	Australia
•	02 6622 2080 fax	
Herrington, Mark	07 5441 2211	Southern Queensland
	07 5441 2235 fax	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Hill, Jeff	08 8303 9487	South Australia
Tim, Jen	08 8303 9607 fax	South Australia
TEH T		A 4 1' -
Hill, Jim	03 6428 2519	Australia
	03 6428 2049 fax	
	0428 262 765 mobile	
Hockings, David	07 5494 3385 ph/fax	Southern Queensland
Hoxha, Adriana	02 9351 8813	NSW
	0427 507 621 mobile/fax	
Imrie, Bruce	02 4474 0951	SE Australia
	02 4474 0952	22110011111
	imriecsc@sci.net.au	
Iradall Ianat Willa		SE Overaland
Iredell, Janet Willa	07 3202 6351 ph/fax	SE Queensland
Jack, Brian	08 9952 5040	South West WA
	08 9952 5053 fax	
James, Andrew	07 3214 2278	Australia
	07 3214 2272 fax	
James, Jennifer	+64 6 3518214	Manawatu Region, New Zealand
Johnston, Evan	64 3358 1745	Canterbury, New Zealand
	0214 417 13 mobile	•
Johnston, Margaret	07 5460 1240	SE Queensland
somiston, wargaret	07 5460 1455 fax	SE Queensiand
Kadkol, Gururaj	03 5382 1269	North Western Victoria
Kaukoi, Gururaj	03 5382 1209 03 5381 1210 fax	North Western Victoria
TZ G		CE A . 1'
Kemp, Stuart	03 8390 8150	SE Australia
	0437 278 873 mobile	
Kennedy, Peter	02 6382 7600	New South Wales
	02 6382 2228 fax	
Khan, Akram	02 9351 8821	New South Wales
	02 9351 8875 fax	
Kirby, Greg	08 8201 2176	South Australia
,,8	08 8201 3015 fax	
Kirby, Neil	02 4754 2637	New South Wales
Kiloy, Nell	02 4754 2640 fax	New Bouth Wales
Vnights Edmund		North Western NCW
Knights, Edmund	02 6763 1100	North Western NSW
	02 6763 1222 fax	
Kulkarni, Vinod	08 8945 2942	Australia
	0412 681 800 mobile	
Lake, Andrew	08 8177 0558	SE Australia
	0418 818 798 mobile	
	lake@arcom.com.au	
Laker, Richard	08 87258987	Australia
· • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	08 8723 0142 fax	
	0417 855 592 mobile	
Lamont Grag	02 8778 5388	Sudnay ragion
Lamont, Greg		Sydney region
I 6 1 0	02 9734 9866 fax	A 11
Langford, Garry	03 6266 4344	Australia
	03 6266 4023 fax	
	0418 312 910 mobile	

Larkman, Clive	03 9735 3831	Victoria
Larkinan, Chve	03 9733 3831	Victoria
	larkman@tpgi.com.au	
Lee, Peter	03 6330 1147	SE Australia
,	03 6330 1927 fax	
Lee, Slade	02 6620 3410	Queensland/Northern New South
	02 6622 2080 fax	Wales
Lenoir, Roland	02 6231 9063 ph/fax	Australia
Leske, Richard	07 4671 3136	Cotton growing regions of QLD
	07 4671 3113 fax	& NSW
Light, Kate	03 5362 2175	Victoria
	0419 145 768 mobile	
Loch, Don	07 3286 1488	Queensland
	07 3286 3094 fax	
Lowe, Greg	02 4389 8750	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
	02 4389 4958 fax	
	0411 327390 mobile	
Lunghusen, Mark	03 5998 2083	Melbourne & environs
	03 5998 2089fax	
Les Calin	0407 050 133 mobile	NT OLD and NOW
Lye, Colin	07 4671 0044	NT, QLD and NSW
	07 4671 0066 fax 0427 786 668 mobile	
MacGregor, Alison	03 5023 4644	Couthorn Australia Murray
MacGregor, Alison	0419 229 713 mobile	Southern Australia – Murray Valley Region
Mackay, Alastair	08 9310 5342 ph/fax	Western Australia
Wackay, Alastan	0159 87221 mobile	Western Austrana
McMaugh, Peter	02 9872 7833	Australia
Wie Widdin, Total	02 9872 7855 fax	Tustuiu
Malone, Michael	+64 6 877 8196	New Zealand
1,241,011,011,401	+64 6 877 4761 fax	Tion Dominio
Marcsik, Doris	08 8999 2017	Northern Territory and
	08 8999 2049	Queensland
McCarthy, Alec	08 9780 6273	South West WA
•	08 9780 6136 fax	
McKirdy, Simon	042 163 8229 mobile	Australia
McMichael, Prue	08 8373 2488	SE Australia
	08 8373 2442 fax	
McRae, Tony	08 8723 0688	Australia
	08 8723 0660 fax	
Miller, Jeff	64 6 356 8019 extn 8027	Manawatu region, New Zealand
	64 3 351 8142 fax	
Milne, Carolynn	07 3206 3509	QLD
Mitchell, Hamish	03 9737 9568	Victoria
X6. 1. 11. 7. 11	03 9737 9899 fax	ATTER COLUMN ATTER
Mitchell, Leslie	03 5821 2021	VIC, Southern NSW
Malana William	03 5831 1592 fax	XII at a sit a
Molyneux, William	03 5965 2011	Victoria
Manua Chamban	03 5965 2033 fax	NOW
Moore, Stephen	02 6799 2230	NSW
Morrison, Bruce	02 6799 2239 fax 03 9210 9251	East of Melbourne
Monison, Bruce	03 9800 3521 fax	Last of Melbourne
Mouwen, Heidi	07 4690 2666	QLD, NSW
1100 110101	07 4630 2000	ZLD, 110 11
Neylan, John	03 9886 6200	VIC, NSW, SA
- · - <i>y</i> , • • •	0413 620 256 mobile	, , ~
Nichols, Phillip	08 9387 7442	Western Australia
, 1	08 9383 9907 fax	

Oates, John	02 4473 8465	Sydney region, Eastern Australia
O'Brien, Shaun	07 5442 3055 07 5442 3044 fax	SE Queensland
O'Connell, Peter	0407 584 417 mobile 02 9403 0787 02 9402 6664 fax	VIC, NSW, QLD
O'Connor, Lauren	0488 233 704 mobile 07 3359 3113 0418 510 480 mobile	Australia
Owen-Turner, John	07 4129 5217 07 4129 5511 fax	Burnett region, Central Queensland region
Paananen, Ian	02 4381 0051 02 8569 1896 fax	Australia (based in Sydney) and New Zealand
Parr, Wayne	0412 826 589 mobile 07 4129 4147 07 4129 4463 fax	QLD, Northern NSW
Piperidis, George	07 3331 3373 07 3871 0383 fax	QLD, Northern NSW
Platz, Greg	07 4639 8817 07 4639 8800 fax	QLD, Northern NSW
Porter, Richard	08 8431 5396 08 8431 5396 fax 0413 270 670 mobile	Adelaide region, South Australia
Portman, Anthony	08 9274 5355 08 9250 1859 fax	South-west Western Australia
Portman, Sian	08 9725 0660 0421 606 651 mobile	Western Australia
Poulsen, David	07 4661 2944 07 4661 5257 fax	SE QLD, Northern NSW
Prescott, Chris	03 5998 5100 03 5998 5333 0417 340 558 mobile	Victoria
Prince, John	07 5533 0211 07 5533 0488 fax	SE QLD
Pumpa, Lucy	08 8373 2488 08 8373 2422 fax 0400 041 881 mobile	South Australia
Quinn, Patrick	03 5427 0485	SE Australia
Richards, Graeme	02 4570 1358	Australia
,	02 4570 1314 fax	
	0405 178 211 mobile	
Richards, Susanna	03 5833 5235	SE Australia
	03 5833 5299 fax	
	0429 674 606 mobile	
Richardson, Clive	03 51550255	Victoria
Rhodes, Phil	64 3322 5405	New Zealand
	0211 862 422 mobile	
	phil@epr.co.nz	
Roake, Jeremy	02 9351 8830	Sydney Region
	02 9351 8875 fax	
Robb, John	02 4376 1330	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
	02 4376 1271 fax	
D (1)	0199 19252 mobile	
Rogers, Clinton	03 8318 9016	Australia
	03 8318 9001 fax	
Deer John	0448 160 660 mobile	SE Outanal and
Rose, John	07 4661 2944	SE Queensland
	07 4661 5257 fax	

Rudolph, Paul	03 5381 2168 03 5381 1210 fax	Victoria
Saunders, James	0438 083 840 mobile 03 8318 9016 03 8318 9002 fax	Australia
Sanders, Milton	0408 037 801 mobile 08 9825 8087 08 9387 4388 fax	Southern Australia: WA,Vic, NSW, SA
Sewell, James	0427 031 951 mobile 03 5334 7871 0403 546 811 mobile	Southern Australia
Scalzo, Jessica	+64 6975 8908 2122 689 08 mobile	New Zealand and Australia
Scattini, Walter	07 3356 0863 ph/fax	Tropical and sub-tropical Australia
Schapel, Amanda	08 8373 2488 0408 344 843 mobile	South Australia
Scholefield, Peter	08 8373 2488 08 8373 2442 fax	SE Australia
Singh, Deo	018 082022 mobile 0418 880787 mobile 07 3207 5998 fax	Brisbane
Slater, Tony	03 9210 9222 03 9800 3521 fax 0408 656 021 mobile	SE Australia
Smith, Kenneth	02 4570 9069	Australia
Smith, Kevin	03 5573 0900	SE Australia
Smith, Mike	03 5571 1523 fax 07 5444 9630	SE Queensland
Smith, Stuart	03 6336 5234	SE Australia
	03 6334 4961 fax	
Smith, Ian	03 9720 1751	Australia
Stewart, Angus	0407 201 789 02 4385 9788ph/fax 0419 632 123 mobile	Sydney, Gosford
Swane, Geoff	02 6889 1545 02 6889 2533 fax 0419 841580 mobile	Central western NSW
Swinburn, Garth	03 5023 4644	Murray Valley Region - from
Sykes, Stephen	03 5023 5814 fax 03 5051 3100	Swan Hill (Vic) to Waikere (SA) Victoria
Syrus, A Kim	03 5051 3111 fax 03 8556 2555 03 8556 2955 fax	Adelaide
Tan, Beng	08 9266 7168	Perth & environs
Tancred, Stephen	08 9266 2495 07 4681 2931 07 4681 4274 fax	QLD, NSW
T El	0157 62888 mobile	Ametralia
Treverrow, Florence Topp, Bruce	02 6629 3359 07 4681 1255	Australia SE QLD, Northern NSW
10pp, 21400	07 4681 1769 fax	22 (22) 1 (0.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
Valentine, Bruce	02 6361 3919	New South Wales
Van der Staay, Rosemaree Anne	02 6361 3573 fax 03 6248 6863	Tasmania
, an der Staay, Roseniaree Aime	03 6248 0803 03 6248 7402 fax	1 asinama
Verdegaal, John	03 6458 3581	Australia and New Zealand
	03 6458 3581 fax	

Watkins, Phillip	08 9537 1811 08 9537 3589 fax 0416 191 472 mobile	Perth Region
Watkinson, Andrew	07 5445 6654	Northern NSW and Southern
	0409 065 266 mobile	QLD
Watson, Brigid	03 5688 1058	Victoria
	0429 702 277 mobile	
Westra Van Holthe, Jan	03 9706 3033	Australia
	03 9706 3182 fax	
Whiley, Tony	07 5441 5441	QLD
Wilkes, Gregory	02 4570 1358	Sydney region
	02 4570 1314 fax	
	0418 642 359 mobile	
Wilson, Frances	64 3 318 8514	Canterbury, New Zealand
	64 3 318 8549 fax	-
Wilson, Graeme	03 5957 1200	SE Australia
	03 5957 1210 fax	
Wong, Percy	02 9036 7767	Australia
Zadow, Diane	03 5382 1269	Victoria
	03 5381 1210 fax	
	0419 145 763 mobile	
Zorin, Margaret	07 3207 4306	Eastern Australia
, ,	0418 984 555	

# **Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant Qualified Persons**

## Name

Aquilizan, Flaviano

Armour, David

Baelde, Arie

Baker, Grant

Bally, Ian

Bell, David

Birchall, Craig

Bennett, Kathryn

Bennett, Nick

Bernuetz, Andrew

Berryman, Pam

Box, Amanda Jane

Brennan, Paul

Brewer, Lester

Brindley, Tony

Bunker, John

Bunker, Kerry

Burton, Wayne

Buselich, David

Cameron, Nick

Cecil, Andrew

Chesher, Wayne

Clayton-Greene, Kevin

Constable, Greg

Cook, Esther

Corcoran, Lisa

Coventry, Stewart

Craig, Andrew

Craigie, Gail

Crowhurst, Alan

Culvenor, Richard

De Betue, Remco

de Koning, Carolyn

Done, Anthony

Donnelly, Peter

Downe, Graeme

Eastwood, Russell

Eglinton, Jason

Elliott, Philip

Evans, Pedro

Eykamp, Donald

Eyles, Gary

Fitzgibbon, John

Flett, Peter

Geary, Judith

Gibbons, Philip

Gillies, Leanne

Glover, Russell

Gurciullo, Gaetano

Haire, Chris

Hawkey, David

Hollamby, Gil

Hoppo, Suzanne

Howie, Jake

Hurst, Andrea

Irwin, John

Janhsen, Joanne

Johnson, Peter

Jiranek, Vladimir

Jupp, Noel

Kaehne, Ian

Kaiser, Stefan

Katelaris, Andrew

Katz, Mark

Kebblewhite, Tony

Kempff, Stefan

Kennedy, Chris

Kobelt, Eric

Lacey, Kevin

Lawson, Marion

Leddin, Anthony

Lee, Kathryn

Leeks, Conrad

Leighton, A

Leonforte, Antonio

Lewis, Hartley

Loi, Angelo

Lonergan, Paul

Lowe, Russell

Luckett, David

Mack, Ian

Mackie, Julie

Mansfield, Daniel

Mason, Lloyd

Matic, Rade

Matthews, Michael

McCabe, Dominic

McCallum, Lesley McCredden, John

McDonald, David

Menzies, Kim

Miller, Kylie

Mitchell, Steven

Moss, Ian

Mullins, Kathleen

Mungall, Neil

Myors, Philip

Nathan, Dutschke

Neilson, Peter

Newman, Allen

Noone, Brian

Norriss, Michael

O'Brien, Tim

O'Sullivan, Robert

Palmer, Ross

Paull, Jeff

Pearce, Bob

Peoples, Alan

Porter, Gavin

Potter, Trent

Pressler, Craig

Reeve, Christopher

Reid, Peter

Reinke, Russell

Roche, Matthew

Rose, Ian

Russell, Dougal

Sadeque, Abdus

Sanders, Milton

Sanewski, Garth

Schilg, Karl

Schreuders, Harry

Scott, Ralph

Senior, Michael

Smith, Chris

Smith, Malcolm

Smith, Raymond

Smith, Susan

Snelling, Cath

Snowball, Richard

Song, Leonard

Sounness, Janine

Stiller, Warwick

Stuart, Peter

Sturgess, Eric Percy

Sutton, John

Taylor, Kerry

Todd, Peter

Trigg, Pamela

Trimboli, Daniel

Urwin, Nigel

Vater, Daniel

Vaughan, Peter

Venkatanagappa, Shoba

Venn, Neil

Verdegaal, John

Warner, Bradley

Warren, Andrew

Weatherly, Lilia

Weber, Ryan

Wei, Xianming

Williams, Joanne

Williams, Rex

Williams, Shannon

Wilke, John

Wilson, Rob

Wilson, Stephen

Winter, Bruce

Wirthensohn, Michelle

Yan, Guijun

Zeppa, Aldo	

## **APPENDIX 5**

## ADDRESSES OF UPOV AND MEMBER STATES

## International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV):

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) 34, Chemin des Colombettes CH-1211
Geneva 20
SWITZERLAND

Phone: (41-22) 338 9111 Fax: (41-22) 733 0336 Web site: http://www.upov.int

**List of Addresses** of Plant Variety Protection Offices in UPOV Member States

Status of Ratification in UPOV member States is available from UPOV website.

#### **APPENDIX 6**

## **CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRES**

Under Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations introduced in 1996, establishments may be officially authorised by the PBR office to conduct test growings. An authorised establishment will be known as Centralised Test Centre (CTC).

Usually, the implementation of PBR in Australia relies on a 'breeder testing' system in which the applicant, in conjunction with a nominated Qualified Person (QP), establishes, conducts and reports a comparative trial. More often than not, trials by several breeders are being conducted concurrently at different sites. This makes valid comparisons difficult and often results in costly duplication.

While the current system is and will remain satisfactory, other optional testing methods are now available which will add flexibility to the PBR process.

Centralised Testing is one such optional system. It is based upon the authorisation of private or public establishments to test one or more genera of plants. Applicants can choose to submit their varieties for testing by a CTC or continue to do the test themselves. Remember, using a CTC to test your variety is voluntary.

The use of CTCs recognises the advantages of testing a larger number of candidate varieties (with a larger number of comparators) in a single comprehensive trial. Not only is there an increase in scientific rigour but also there are substantial economies of scale and commensurate cost savings. A CTC will establish, conduct and report each trial on behalf of the applicant.

The PBR office has amended its fees so that cost savings can be passed to applicants who choose to test their varieties in a CTC. Accordingly, when 5 or more candidate varieties of the same genus are tested simultaneously, each will qualify for the CTC examination fee of \$800. This is a saving of nearly 40% over the normal fee of \$1400.

Trials containing less than 5 candidate varieties capable of being examined simultaneously will not be considered as Centralised test trials regardless of the authorisation of the facility. Candidate varieties in non-qualifying small trials will not qualify for CTC reduction of examination fees.

Establishments wishing to be authorised as a CTC may apply in writing to the PBR office outlining their claims against the selection criteria. Initially, only one CTC will be authorised for each genus. Exemptions to this rule can be claimed due to special circumstances, industry needs and quarantine regulations. Authorisations will be reviewed periodically.

Authorisation of CTCs is not aimed solely at large research institutions. Smaller establishments with appropriate facilities and experience can also apply for CTC status. There is no cost for authorisation as a CTC.

## APPLICATIONS FOR AUTHORISATION AS A 'CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRE'

Establishments interested in gaining authorisation as a Centralised Testing Centre should apply in writing addressing each of the Conditions and Selection Criteria outlined below.

#### **Conditions and Selection Criteria**

To be authorised as a CTC, the following conditions and criteria will need to be met:

### **Appropriate facilities**

While in part determined by the genera being tested, all establishments must have facilities that allow the conduct and completion of moderate to large-scale scientific experiments without undue environmental influences. Again dependent on genera, a range of complementary testing and propagation facilities (e.g. outdoor, glasshouse, shadehouse, tissue culture stations) is desirable.

### **Experienced staff**

Adequately trained staff, and access to appropriately accredited Qualified Persons, with a history of successful PVR/PBR applications will need to be available for all stages of the trial from planting to the presentation of the

analysed data. These staff will require the authority to ensure timely maintenance of the trial. Where provided by the PBR office, the protocol and technical guidelines for the conduct of the trial must be followed.

#### **Substantial industry support**

Normally the establishment will be recognised by a state or national industry society or association. This may include/be replaced by a written commitment from major nurseries or other applicants, who have a history of regularly making applications for PBR in Australia, to use the facility.

#### Capability for long-term storage of genetic material

Depending upon the genus, a CTC must be in a position to make a long-term commitment to collect and maintain, at minimal cost, genetic resources of vegetatively propagated species as a source of comparative varieties. Applicants indicating a willingness to act as a national genetic resource centre in perpetuity will be favoured.

#### **Contract testing for 3rd Parties**

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office operators of a CTC must be prepared to test varieties submitted by a third party.

## Relationship between CTC and 3rd Parties

A formal arrangement between the CTC and any third party including fees for service will need to be prepared and signed before the commencement of the trial. It will include among other things: how the plant material will be delivered (e.g. date, stage of development plant, condition etc); allow the applicant and/or their agent and QP access to the site during normal working hours; and release the use of all trial data to the owners of the varieties included in the trial.

#### One trial at a time

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office, all candidates and comparators should be tested in a single trial.

## One CTC per genus

Normally only one CTC will be authorised to test a genus. Special circumstances may exist (environmental factors, quarantine etc) to allow more than one CTC per genus, though a special case will need to be made to the PBR office. More than one CTC maybe allowed for roses.

One CTC may be authorised to test more than one genus. Authorisations for each genus will be reviewed periodically.

#### **Authorised Centralised Test Centres (CTCs)**

Following publication of applications for accreditation and ensuing public comment, the following organisations/individuals are authorised to act as CTCs. Any special conditions are also listed.

Name	Location	Approved Genera	Facilities	Name of QP	Date of accredit ation
Agriculture Victoria, National Potato Improvement Centre	Toolangi, VIC	Potato	Outdoor, field, greenhouse, tissue culture laboratory	R Kirkham	31/3/97
Bureau of Sugar Experiment Stations	Cairns, Tully, Ingham, Ayr, Mackay, Bundaberg, Brisbane QLD	Saccharum	Field, glasshouse, tissue culture, pathology	G Piperidis	30/6/97
Ag-Seed Research	Horsham and other sites	Canola	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, laboratory and biochemical analyses	P Rudolph	30/6/97
Agriculture Western Australia	Northam WA	Wheat	Field, laboratory	D Collins	30/6/97
University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute	Camden, NSW	Argyranthemum, Diascia, Mandevilla	Outdoor, field, irrigation, greenhouses with controlled microclimates, controlled environment rooms,	J Oates	30/6/97

		Ī		1	
			tissue culture, molecular		
			genetics and cytology lab.		
Boulters Nurseries	Monbulls	Clematis		M.L.unghugan	30/9/97
Monbulk Pty Ltd	Monbulk, VIC	Ciemaus	Outdoor, shadehouse, greenhouse	M Lunghusen	30/3/37
Geranium Cottage	Galston,	Pelargonium	Field, controlled	I Paananen	30/11/97
Nursery	NSW	Pelargonium	environment house	1 Paananen	30/11/97
Agriculture	Hamilton,	Perennial	Field, shadehouse,	M Anderson	30/6/98
Victoria	VIC	ryegrass, tall	glasshouse, growth	Wi Anderson	30/0/90
Victoria	VIC	fescue, tall wheat	chambers. Irrigation.		
		grass, white	Pathology and tissue		
		clover, Persian	culture. Access to DNA		
		clover	and molecular marker		
			technology. Cold storage.		
Koala Blooms	Monbulk, VIC	Bracteantha	Outdoor, irrigation	M Lunghusen	30/6/98
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay,	Aglaonema	Outdoor, shadehouse,	K Bunker	30/6/98
	QLD		glasshouse and indoor		
			facilities		
Protected Plant	Macquarie	New Guinea	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/9/98
Promotions	Fields, NSW	Impatiens			
		including			
		Impatiens hawkeri			
		and its hybrids			
University of	Lawes, QLD	Some tropical	Field, irrigation,	To be advised	30/9/98
Queensland,		pastures	glasshouse, small		
Gatton College			phytotron, plant nursery		
			& propagation, tissue		
			culture, seed and		
			chemical lab, cool storage		
Jan and Peter	Moggill, QLD	Bougainvillea	Outdoor, shadehouse	J Iredell	30/9/98
Iredell					
Protected Plant	Macquarie	Verbena	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/12/98
Promotions	Fields, NSW				
Avondale	Glenorie,	Agapanthus	Greenhouse, tissue	I Paananen	31/12/98
Nurseries Ltd	NSW		culture with commercial		
Danadic Die	Value	C 11:	partnership	I D = 1. 1.	21/12/00
Paradise Plants	Kulnura,	Camellia,	Field, glasshouse,	J Robb	31/12/98
	NSW	Lavandula,	shadehouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab		
		Osmanthus, Ceratopetalum	ussue culture 1a0		
Prescott Roses	Berwick, VIC	Rosa	Field, controlled	C Prescott	31/12/98
1 1030011 NUSES	Derwick, VIC	TOSU	environment greenhouses	CITCSCOIL	31/12/70
F & I Baguley	Clayton	Euphorbia	Controlled glasshouses,	G Guy	31/3/99
Flower and Plant	South,		quarantine facilities,		22,0,77
Growers	VIC		tissue culture		
Paradise Plants	Kulnura,	Limonium,	Field, glasshouse,	J Robb	30/6/00
	NSW	Raphiolepis,	shadehouse, irrigation,		
		Eriostemon,	tissue culture lab		
		Lonicera			
		Jasminum			
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie	Angelonia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/6/00
G 11	Fields, NSW	G 1	T: 111 1 1 1	G M C	20/5/00
Carol's	Alexandra	Cuphea,	Field beds, wide range of	C Milne	30/6/00
Propagation	Hills, QLD	Anthurium	comparative varieties	D Singh	20/0/00
Queensland	Cleveland,	Cynodon, Zoysia	Field, glasshouse,	M Roche	30/9/00
Department of Primary Industries,	QLD	and other selected warm season-	irrigation, tissue culture lab		
Redlands Research		season turf and	iau		
Station		amenity species			
Sunon	<u> </u>	amenity species	1		l .

Luff Partnership	Kulnura, NSW	Bracteantha	Field beds, irrigation, shade house, propagation	I Dawson	31/12/00
	142 44		house, cool rooms,		
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie	Petunia,			31/12/00
	Fields, NSW	Calibrachoa		I Paananen J Oates	
NSW Agriculture	Temora	Triticum, Hordeum, Avena	Field, irrigation, glasshouse, climate controlled areas	P Breust	31/3/01
Bywong Nursery	Bungendore NSW	Leptospermum	Field, shadehouse, greenhouse	P Ollerenshaw	31/3/01
S J Saperstein	Mullumbimby NSW	Rhododendron (vireya types)	Field and propagation facilities	S Saperstein	31/12/01
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay, QLD	Osteospermum, Rhododendron	Outdoor, shadehouse, glasshouse and indoor facilities	K Bunker	31/3/02
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Euphorbia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/3/02
Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd	Springwood,	Impatiens, Euphorbia	AQIS accredited quarantine facilities; glasshouse, shadehouse, field, tissue culture	B Sidebottom A Bernuetz M Hunt N Derera T Angus	30/9/02
Carol's Propagation	Alexandra Hills, QLD	Dahlia	Field beds, wide range of comparative varieties	C Milne D Singh	31/12/03
Carol's Propagation	Brookfield, QLD	Anubias	Glasshouse specifically designed for aquatic plants	C Milne D Singh	31/3/04
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Maroochy Research Station	Nambour, QLD	Ananas	Field, plots, pots, shadehouse, temperature controlled glasshouse and tissue culture lab	G. Sanewski	31/3/04
Abulk Pty Ltd	Clarendon, NSW	Dianella	Normal nursery facilities with access to micro propagation.	I Paananen	31/3/04
Proteaflora Nursery Pty Ltd	Monbulk, VIC	Plectranthus	Fogged propagation house, greenhouses and irrigated outdoor facilities	Paul Armitage	30/6/04
Berrimah Agricultural Research Centre	Darwin	Zingiber	Irrigated shadehouse, outdoor facilities, cool storage, high level post entry quarantine facility, tissue culture lab, pathology and entomology diagnostic services	D Marcsik	30/9/04
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Impatiens, Verbena	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	M Lunghusen	30/9/04
Floreta Pty Ltd	Redland Bay QLD	Bracteantha	Purpose built, secure greenhouse, access to fog house, registered quarantine facility on site.	K Bunker	31/12/04
Boulevarde Nurseries Mildura Pty Ltd	Irymple VIC	Zantedeschia	Glasshouse, shade house, propagation facilities, field areas, irrigation, cool rooms, tissue culture lab, hydroponics,	K Mullins	31/12/04

			quarantine facilities		
Buchanan's Nursery	Hodgsonvale, QLD	Prunus	Outdoor facilities including a collection of 90 varieties of common knowledge.	P Buchanan	31/12/04
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Calibrachoa, Osteospermum			30/9/05
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Southedge Research Centre	Mareeba, QLD	Mangifera	Glasshouse, shadehouse, laboratory complex including biotech, propagation, outdoor facilities	I Bally	30/09/05
Blueberry Farms of Australia	Corindi Beach NSW and optional sites Tumbarumba NSW and Tasmania	Vaccinium	Extensive irrigated growing beds. Birds, hail and frost protection. Post harvest facilities including cool rooms. Access to tissue culture laboratories.	I Paananen	15/10/07
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Kalanchoe	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	M Lunghusen	3/6/2008

The following applications are pending:

Name	Location	Genera applied for	Facilities	Name of QP
Yates Botanical Pty Ltd	Somersby and Tuggerah, NSW	Rosa	Tissue culture lab, glasshouse, quarantine and nursery facilities	I Paananen
Aussie Winners Pty Ltd	Redland Bay, QLD	Fuchsia	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen
Schreurs Australia Pty Ltd	Leppington, NSW	Rosa	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen

Comments (both for or against) either the continued accreditation of a CTC or applications to become a CTC are invited. Written comments are confidential and should be addressed to:

The Registrar Plant Breeder's Rights Office IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606 Fax (02) 6283 7999

Closing date for comment: 30 September 2010.

UPOV Variety Denomination Classes: (UPOV/INF/12/1: ANNEX I)

A Variety Denomination Should not be Used More than Once in the Same Class

For the purposes of providing guidance on the third and fourth sentences of paragraph 2 of Article 20 of the 1991 Act and of Article 13 of the 1978 Act and the 1961 Convention, variety denomination classes have been developed. A variety denomination should not be used more than once in the same class. The classes have been developed such that the botanical taxa within the same class are considered to be closely related and/or liable to mislead or to cause confusion concerning the identity of the variety.

The variety denomination classes are as follows:

- (a) General Rule (one genus / one class): for genera and species not covered by the List of Classes in this Annex, a genus is considered to be a class;
  - (b) Exceptions to the General Rule (list of classes):
    - (i) classes within a genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part I;
- (ii) classes encompassing more than one genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part II.

## LIST OF CLASSES

#### Part I

## Classes within a genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>
Class 1.1	Brassica oleracea	BRASS_OLE
Class 1.2	Brassica other than Brassica oleracea	other than BRASS_OLE
Class 2.1	Beta vulgaris L. var. alba DC., Beta vulgaris L. var. altissima	BETAA_VUL_GVA; BETAA_VUL_GVS
Class 2.2	Beta vulgaris ssp. vulgaris var. conditiva Alef. (syn.: B. vulgaris L. var. rubra L.), B. vulgaris L. var. cicla L., B. vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. vulgaris	BETAA_VUL_GVC; BETAA_VUL_GVF
Class 2.3	Beta other than classes 2.1 and 2.2.	other than classes 2.1 and 2.2
Class 3.1	Cucumis sativus	CUCUM_SAT
Class 3.2	Cucumis melo	CUCUM_MEL
Class 3.3	Cucumis other than classes 3.1 and 3.2	other than classes 3.1 and 3.2
Class 4.1	Solanum tuberosum L.	SOLAN_TUB
Class 4.2	Solanum other than class 4.1	other than class 4.1

# LIST OF CLASSES (Continuation)

# Part II

# Classes encompassing more than one genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>
Class 201	Secale, Triticale, Triticum	SECAL; TRITL; TRITI
Class 202	Panicum, Setaria	PANIC; SETAR
Class 203*	Agrostis, Dactylis, Festuca, Festulolium, Lolium, Phalaris, Phleum and Poa	AGROS; DCTLS; FESTU; FESTL; LOLIU; PHALR; PHLEU; POAAA
Class 204*	Lotus, Medicago, Ornithopus, Onobrychis, Trifolium	LOTUS; MEDIC; ORNTP; ONOBR; TRFOL
Class 205	Cichorium, Lactuca	CICHO; LACTU
Class 206	Petunia and Calibrachoa	PETUN; CALIB
Class 207	Chrysanthemum and Ajania	CHRYS; AJANI
Class 208	(Statice) Goniolimon, Limonium, Psylliostachys	GONIO; LIMON; PSYLL_
Class 209	(Waxflower) Chamelaucium, Verticordia	CHMLC; VERTI; VECHM
Class 210	Jamesbrittania and Sutera	JAMES; SUTER
Class 211	Edible Mushrooms     Agaricus bisporus     Agaricus bisporus     Agaricus blazei     Agrocybe cylindracea     Auricularia auricura     Auricularia polytricha (Mont.) Sscc.     Dictyophora indusiata (Ventenat:Persoon) Fischer     Flammulina velutipes     Ganoderma lucidum (Leyss:Fries) Karsten     Grifola frondosa     Hericium erinaceum     Hypsizigus marmoreus     Hypsizigus ulmarius     Lentinula edodes     Lepista nuda (Bulliard:Fries) Cooke     Lepista sordida (Schumacher:Fries) Singer     Lyophyllum decastes     Lyophyllum shimeji (Kawamura) Hongo     Meripilus giganteus (Persoon:Fries) Karten     Mycoleptodonoides aitchisonii (Berkeley) Maas Geesteranus     Naematoloma sublateritium     Panellus serotinus     Pholiota adiposa     Pholiota nameko     Pleurotus cornucopiae var.citrinooileatus     Pleurotus cystidiosus     Pleurotus cystidiosus     Pleurotus cystidiosus subsp. Abalonus     Pleurotus eryngii     Pleurotus pulmonarius     Polyporus tuberaster (Jacquin ex Persoon) Fries     Sparassis crispa (Wulfen) Fries     Tricholoma giganteum Massee	AGARI_BIS AGARI_BLA AGROC_CYL AURIC_AUR AURIC_POL DICTP_IND FLAMM_VEL GANOD_LUC GRIFO_FRO HERIC_ERI HYPSI_MAR HYPSI_ULM LENTI_ELO LEPIS_NUD LEPIS_SOR LYOPH_DEC LYOPH_SHI MERIP_GIG MYCOL_AIT NAEMA_SUB PANEL_SER PHLIO_ADI PHLIO_NAM PLEUR_COR PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_ERY PLEUR_OST PLEUR_PUL POLYO_TUB SPARA_CRI MACRO_GIG

<sup>\*</sup> Classes 203 and 204 are not solely established on the basis of closely related species.

#### **APPENDIX 8**

## REGISTER OF PLANT VARIETIES

Register of Plant Varieties contains the legal description of the varieties granted Plant Breeder's Rights. A person may inspect the Register at any reasonable time. Following are the contact details for Registers (1988-2000) kept in each state and territories\*

#### **South Australia**

Ms Lisa Halskov AQIS 8 Butler Street PORT ADELAIDE SA 5000 Phone 08 8305 9706

#### **New South Wales**

Mr. Alex Jabs General Services AQIS 2 Hayes Road ROSEBERY NSW 2018 Phone 02 9364 7293

#### Victoria and Tasmania

Mr. Colin Hall AQIS Building D, 2nd Floor World Trade Centre Flinders Street MELBOURNE VIC 3005 Phone 03 9246 6810

## Queensland

Mr. Ian Haseler AQIS 2nd Floor 433 Boundary Street SPRING HILL QLD 4000 Phone 07 3246 8755

## Australian Capital Territory, Northern Territory and Western Australia

ACT and NT Registers are kept in the Library of PBR Office in Canberra Phone (02) 6283 2999

<sup>\*</sup> In accordance with an amendment to section 61 of Plant Breeder's Rights Act, from 2002 the Register of Plant Varieties will be available from the Library of PBR Office in Canberra. The Register is also electronically available from the PBR website at <a href="http://pbr.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/">http://pbr.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/</a>



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